Volume 72

Bid to Curley

Slate Makes

Guthrie Ponder

on Monday or Tuesday. According to Secretary Nichols, who has directed one of the speediest jobs the Republican organization has ever been called upon to perform, the papers bear nearly 3000 signatures from six counties as against

Enrolled Republican Under Pressure as He Considers **Being Roosevelt Delegate**

By William F. Furbush

Colonel Percy A. Guthrie, Boston attorney and lifelong Republican, has become the center of interest for the time being in the Roosevelt-Smith presidential battle in this State. As an enrolled Repub-lican in Boston and under considerable lican in Soston and under considerations pressure pro and con he is putting off as long as he can, with some period before 5 o'clock tonight as the dead line, his decision whether to quit his party for the capant a place on a time in order to accept a place on Mayor Curiey's slate of delegates-atlarge pledged to the Democratic nomination of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt. If the colonel changes his enrollment, it is understood it will be only for the convention period, his aim being to return to the Republican party.

Recognized as a good campaigner and

organizer and strongly identified with the Republican party as a member of the Republican Club of Massachusetts, the organizer of the noted Black Watch regiment of Canadian kiltles in the World War, is considering Mayor Curley's tender of a position to succeed J. C. Joseph Flamand, French consul in Bos The latter was withdrawn from the Roosevelt ticket by Mayor Curley following question as to his availability, raised at the French Embassy in Washington As soon as it was learned that Colone

Guthrie was giving consideration to the Curley offer many of the younger Re publicans at once began a backfire move-ment to retain the colonel in their ranks. Throughout the day he has been listening to their importunities to remain in the fold and at the same time being urged to register his defection to the Democratic ranks. He admitted shortly after two o'clock that he was in a quandary but also that he must make a decision a reasonable time before five o'clock the time limit for filing nomination papers for certification. Meantime Mayor Curley is understood to have another man in reserve for the ticket.

Speeding Work on Papers

Republican and Democratic leaders are concentrating their efforts in whipping into final shape the mass of nomination papers. The time for filing the papers for certification of signatures with registrars of voters expires at five o'clock this evening, and the word from each camp of presidential aspirants is that the big rush job will have been properly accomplished so that the papers will be ready for filing with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook on or before the expiration time at five o'clock next Tues-

Charles Nichols, executive secretary of the Republican State Committee, an-nounced this morning that the papers of candidates for the "Big Four" slate pledged to the renomination of President Herbert Hoover are in readiness with properly certified signatures and that the spers will be filed with Secretary Cook

signatures from six counties as against the 1000 required by law for at-large candidates. These signatures were obtained in the short period between Saturday night, when National Committeman Louis K. Liggett announced the slate, and last night.

Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State Committee, who has between of the papers for candidates for

charge of the papers for candidates for the slate pledged to the nomination of Alfred E. Smith has indicated that the Smith papers would be ready on time, and the same report comes from the camp of Mayor Curley who has charge of the drive for delegates behind the candidacy of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt. Workers in both these camps are still hustling as the closing time approaches.

Some of the Smith papers already have been left with the Secretary of State by Chairman Donahue, but he plans to make the complete filing on Monday, to-gether with the power of attorney he has from the former governor to select a list of instructed Smith representatives to the convention.

Hankin, Republican, on List

Mayor Curley made an early invasion into the Republican ranks when he obtained permission from James J. Hanken of Revere, former commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, to become a candidate as delegate-at-large. According to the records of City Clerk Albert
J. Brown of Revere, Hanken formally
changed his allegiance to the Republican party last Tuesday and his enrollment as a Democrat will become effective on April 15, eleven days before the primaries.

A sort of armistice was in effect in the Rooseveit-Smith tilt during St. Patrick's Day observances, with Governor Ely, Smith leader, and Mayor Curley, battler for Roosevelt, meeting in various activities but in no political clash. The two were participants in the "open house" activities in the South Boston observ-ances, always a magnet for officeholders or candidates for office, and Lieutenant Governor William S. Youngman, who expects to oppose either Mr. Ely or Mr. Curley for the governorship, was beamingly active as he made the South Boston rounds.

Mayor Curley was greeted as both "our next governor" or cabinet member, if Roosevelt is elected, at the annual Irish night of the Tammany Club in the Vine Street Municipal Building. In a strong speech urging the Tammany forces to stand by him in his fight to elect Roosevelt delegates, the mayor, however, made no allusion to the welcome given him as a possible cabinet member or governor.

Cho13= 3/19/32

DOWD DECLARES **GOODWIN IS "COP"**

"Fin Com" Head Answers Councilor Is "Copper"

Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the Finance Commission, is a "cop" who should report illegalities to the district attorney, City Councilor Dowd told the chairman yesterday in a letter, one of a series in which Mr Dowd seeks to have Mr Goodwin stop the alleged use of city employes in the presidential primary contest. Mr Goodwin had refered Mr Dowd to the district attorney. Late restorday the Councillor wrote

to the chairman, among other things:
"May I advise you that in Boston
we have only one man, appointed by
a Republican Governor, to wear a
cop's badge and report matters to the
district attorney, and that man in Mr
Goodwin, chairman of he Boston Goodwin, chairman of he Boston Finance Commission. I believe that you are the only cop in the City of Boston receiving more than the aver-wage of a police officer.

Naturally, you hesitate to screech gainst the Mayor because of that old-ime adage: 'Birds of a feather flock time adage:

"Let me inform you that it is not my duty as an elected official to bring these matters to the attention of District Attorney or the Courts. That is what you are being paid for, so I would suggest that you shine your badge and get on the job."

Late yesterday afternoon Chairman Goodwin declared:

"I don't pay any attention to any-thing Dowd says. He is the only Cop-per I know around City Hall at the present time."

SINGARELLA TO BUILD CITY HOSPITAL LAUNDRY

Mayor Curley awarded to Joseph A. Mayor Curiey awarded to Joseph A. Singarella yesterday the contract for construction of a laundry building at the City Hospital. Singarella was lowest bidder at \$257,500. There were 11 bids, the highest \$290,000. Singarella was \$500 under the second lowest bid. Boston Woven Hose Company of

Cambridge, second lowest bidder for fire department hose, will get a contract amounting to \$14,615. The bid was \$25 higher than that of the Goodrich Company.

Donahue and Reardon of Boston has received a contract amounting to \$9646 for fire department uniforms and will use goods manufactured by the American Woolen Company.

DAUGHTER IS BORN TO MAYOR'S NIECE

A seven-pound girl was born last night at the Phillips House to Mrs. Stanton R. White, formerly Sally Curley, a daughter of John J. Curley and a niece of the mayor. Mr. White is assistant director of public celebrations for the city. Mother and baby are do-

SMITH DEFENDS

mand That He With-

IS MERELY WILLING

to pledge the Massachusetts delegates sul. to Gov. Roosevelt, had urged Smith to withdraw his name from the Massachusetts contest because of the fact that of Guthrie, who is more British than Guthrie, who is more British than the Massachusetts contest because of the fact that of Guthrie, who is more British than the Massachusetts contest because of the fact that of Guthrie, who is more British than mayor. unpledged.

Finneran that he apparently was without knowledge of the New York election laws, which provide no direct method for instructing delegates. He ignored for instructing delegates. He ignored that he withdraw the use of his name and advised him to read the law. Such investigation, mind if he accepts the invitation. An enrolled Republican, he told close friends that he had not decided definite-laws, which provide no direct method ocratic party. The statutes do not require that delegate-candidates be enfolled in the party of the candidate whose cause they are supporting. He has until next Tuesday to make up his mind if he accepts the mayor's invita-Smith stated, will disclose "that my tion. position is all right."

EXCHANGE MESSAGES

Why cause strife among us Massachusetts Democrats who gave you our electoral votes in 1928 while your fellow New York Demrats on the same day defeated you and elected a Democratic Governor, Democratic Lieutenant-Governor and Democratic United States senator?

REPLY OF SMITH

Smith's reply follows:

You are not in possession of the facts, evidently because you have no knowledge of the law. I have not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to me. Under the law of your state. I am simply required to state whether or not I will accept their support That is as far as it goes.

As to New York, we have no such statute and there is really no.

n thod of instructing the delegates fi n New York under our primary laws. It is simply an agreement. POSITION HERE

Read the law and you will probably find that my position is all right. Finneran replied that he had submitted Smith's telegram to three legal authorities familiar with Massachusetts election laws and all agreed with his interpretation that Smith is an avowed candidate.

REPLIES TO SMITH

draw Name

Tineran persisted yesterday in expressing the opinion that, Smith's compliance with the Massachusetts statutes makes him a candidate, consciously or unconsciously, in spite of the second Smith declaration more than a month ago that he is not a candidate. He so informed the 1928 standard bearer in a telegram despatched last night.

The exchange of correspondence

The exchange of correspondence, which amounted to a renewal of the which amounted to a renewal of the the use of his name on the ballot in embarrass Smith in forcing explanations was merely an expression of the situation prevailing between the his willingness to accept the support rival groups of delegate-candidates.

Mayor Curley announced that Col.

of delegates from this state at the Democratic national convention, he informed Francis J. Finneran yesterday.

Finneran, political associate of Mayor Curley and supporter of the campaign to pledge the Massachusetts delegates and provided that the Democratic national convention, he informed Francis J. Finneran yesterday.

Finneran, political associate of Mayor Curley and supporter of the campaign for alternates—at-large, which had been made vacant by the forced withdrawal of J. C. Joseph Flammand, French con-

the New York delegates would be he is French, indicates that the mayor mpledged.

The former New York Governor told Guthrie would accept the invitation.

REPUBLICAN WORKER

Col. Guthrie, organizer of the Cana-The exchange of correspondence between Finneran and Smith started he became a naturalized citizen about when the former warned the latter that seven years ago. He is a member of his participation in the Massachusetts contest invites the loss of the state in the election. The message said:

Why cause strife among the Guithrie, organizer of the Canadian Black Watch regiment, has been conspicuous in Republican citizen about the Became a naturalized citizen about the Republican Club of Massachusetts, the Canadian Club and was an active worker in the interests of Gov. Allen during the 1930 election campaign.

Guithrie, organizer of the Canadian Club and was a naturalized citizen about the became a naturalized citizen about when the former warned the latter that seven years ago. He is a member of the Canadian Black Watch regiment, has been conspicuous in Republican circles since the became a naturalized citizen about when the former warned the latter that seven years ago. He is a member of the Canadian Club and was an active worker in the interests of Gov. Allen during the 1930 election campaign.

Guthrie is an effective political worker. He was with the first contingent of Canadians to go to the front and participated in the engagement at Ypres, where the Germans first used gas. Prior to his war service he was a member of the New Brunswick Legislature and head of the Orange lodge at Frederick-

Col. Guthrie was urged by his Republican associates yesterday not to desert his party for the Roosevelt-Smith quar-rel. The mayor was reported to have

approval.

Other unauthorized Smith delegate other unauthorized Smith delegate-candidates who filed papers for certification of signatures were John J. Curran, Jr., Charles H. McMaster, Edwin A. Kelly and Dennis F. Donovan from the 11th district and Daniel Carroll of South Boston from the 12th district.

The time for filing nomination papers for certification of signatures by local.

for certification of signatures by local boards of registration expired at 5 o'clock yesterday with a flood of names being presented in various sections of the state.

1 RANSCRIPT 3/19/32

"Curley-Burly," Says New York Times of Fight Here

Mayor Curley's energetic campaign for Roosevelt-for-President delegates in Massachusetts is attracting more than Bay State interest as indicated in edi-torial comment in newspapers outside the State. Under the caption "Curley-Burly" The New York Times comments

today on the battle here as follows:
"Nothing is heard any more in Massa chusetts about stopping Roosevelt or stopping Smith. The question is—and the Boston Anti-Noise Society may have to take it up before long—can anybody or anything stop Curley? He howls into or anything stop Curley? He howls into or anything stop Curley? He howls into all microphones. He speaks from all platforms. He challenges, denounces, defies, damns. Who started wage-reduction? Governor Ely, whose job he proposes to get. Will the governor debate with him on the subject, or any subject? The governor will not. Chairman Donahue of the State Committee is prodded and comminated every day. Will he and comminated every day. and comminated every day. Will say naything? He will not. Sens Walsh and Senator Collidge betratheir country by refusing to vote for La Follette-Cost'gan bill to scatter plenty through a growling land to the tune of

\$3,000,000,000.

"They and about every other distin-quished Democrat in the State are united solely for the purpose of creating a dea lock in the convention in order that Wall Street may nominate one of its minions whom the President, the incompetent Hoover, may have little or no difficulty in deafeating. Mr. Hover is that hopeles, and helpless creature. In a world of entrenched wealth and wicked Democratic machines, Mayor Curley is about the only wise, true and honest person now visible. He is illimitably visible. He is illimitably audible. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Smith have faded from the scene. Mr. Curley is running for Governor against Governor Ely. He is running for fun and to practice his voice against two Democratic Senators, the Democratic organization and the Democratic majority.

"It might seem that there was a con-spiracy of silence against him; but the fact is that nobody else has a chance to lican associates yesterday not to desert his party for the Roosevelt-Smith quarrel. The mayor was reported to have another name in reserve in the event of Guthrie's withdrawal today or Monday.

Indications that the Roosevelt workers are prepared to make the election of Smith delegates as difficult as possible by the injection of independent candidates running as Smith supporters were disclosed today.

Conspictous among them were John L. McDonaid of Cambridge, closely allied with the original group of Roosevelt men in downtown Boston, who filed papers yesterday as a delegate candidate from the 9th congressional district voluntarily pledged to Smith. Smith leaders said his candidacy lacked their in the second strategy of shear of say anything. There is no means of say anything. There is no means of stopping him before April 26, when the primaries open, and it is hoped that he will close temporarily. His delegates at large represent something like as many ready for business. It will reverberate day and night with Curley, the forum's champion and the people's chief. For more than five yeeks Mayor Curley is going to have his busiest and happlest wonders. In response to his call, eleven ents have enrolled themselves as Demorphism of the primaries open, and it is hoped that he will close temporarily. His delegates at large represent something like as many ready for business. It will reverberate day and night with Curley, the forum's champion and the people's chief. For more than five yeeks Mayor Curley is going to have his busiest and happlest wonders. In response to his call, eleven ents have enrolled themselves as Demorphism of the people of the primaries open, and it is hoped that he will close temporarily. His delegates at large represent something like as many ready for business. It will reverberate day and night with Curley, the forum's champion and the people's chief. For more than five yeeks Mayor Curley is going to have his busiest and happlest hours. And he has already accomplished with the primaries open, a

"Poison Pens"

11----

"Poison pen"
letter to Miss
Mary Curley
makes her
father, Mayor
James M.
Curley, yearn
to meet the
anonymous
writer. The
Mayor and his
daughter are
shown here.



Mayor James M. Curley declares, with righteous wrath, that he would like to meet the man who wrote the "poison pen" letter sent to his estimable daughter, Miss Mary Curley.

It would be an unfortunate moment for the "poison pen" writer and properly so. The Mayor has the sympathy of every decent person in the community in his anger at the anonymous coward who wrote the missive.

Occasion which justifies an anonymous letter is rare. A person who knows that crime is being plotted and who is afraid to let his or her name become known, even to the police, is justified in writing an unsigned warning to the authorities. Life or property may be saved by such advance information.

But, in general, the anonymous letter is its own condemnation. They are usually written in a spirit of revenge, to terrify, to extort money or in an abnormal desire to create trouble.

The writer hides himself or herself behind the screen of anonymity, unwilling and afraid to accept the responsibility and the possible consequences.

GUTHRIE READY TO BE DRAFTED

Will Run on Curley Slate if Roosevelt Group so Decides

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Col. Percy A. Guthrie said today that he will accept the place on Mayor Curley's Roosevelt-for-President slate if no better known and better qualified man can be found to take the place.

He explained that he has placed himself in the hands of his friends in the matter, and if finally drafted to run as a delegate, will change from the Republican to the Democratic party, as he has been advised he would have to do.

standing is that Flamand will withdraw and be replaced by someone chosen by Mayor Curley, City Treasurer Dolan and Mayor Murphy of Somer-

Col. Guthrie said today: "I believe the Roosevelt cause a good cause but there are many men better qualified than I to be on the slate. I have been here a comparatively short time and there are others who have a much wider circle of friends. Although I have been identified with one party here, it has identified with one party here, it has not been a life-long, deep-rooted proposition and I believe in backing the man best qualified. We are greatly in need of good men in public office at this time and I am prepared to support them reand I am prepared to support them regardless of party.

"I intend to stand pat on my posi-

Whether the Curley group will go ahead and draft Guthrie on the basis of his present attitude has not been fully decided. It is reported the mayor has a prominent French-Canadian under consideration for use if necessary.

Guthrie was actively associated with the Frank G. Allen and Eben S. Draper campaigns as well as the Republican Club of Massachusetts.

MAYOR TO ANSWER CRITICS

As Frank J. Donohue has disturbed some of the Smith supporters in the state because he did not include them on his hand-picked slate of convenon his hand-picked slate of conven-tion delegates, Mayor Curley now finds opposition among some of the Roose-velt men to accepting his leadership. The mayor says he will reply to his critics at the opening of his Roosevelt forums at 333 Washington street Mon-

forums at 333 Washington street Monday noon, and he invites them to appear and debate his activities with them. "I shall be pleased," said the mayor, "to enlighten them as to my political aspirations and the purpose I intend to serve in this campaign."

Officers of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts, John J. Cummings, president, and John H. Merrick, secretary, wrote the mayor suggesting that he is playing too prominent a part in the Roosevelt campaign and asking him to make a definite statement that him to make a definite statement that he does not intend to be a candidate for Governor. Cummings has been a Demo-cratic nominee for high office in years

past, while Merrick was secretary to Herbert A. Wilson, when Wilson was police commissioner of Boston. This was a day of perfecting me-chanical campaign details rather than one of stump speeches. The various one of stump speeches. The various political groups checked up on their nomination papers and prepared to file the last of them by 5 o'clock Tuesday with the secretary of state's office, as the law requires. the law requires.

Donahue, the chaiman of the Democratic state committee, devoted his energies today to a luncheon which he arranged at the Hotel Bellevue for United States Senator Bulkley of Ohio. Gov. Ely was in Westfield for the week-end, resting up for strenuous campaign days ahead

Curley-Roosevelt The Curley-Roosevelt state still stands with the name of J. C. Joseph Flamand on it, although he will withdraw and his place will be filled by the committee of three which is made up of Mayor Curley, City Treasurer Dolan and Mayor Murphy of Somerville.

In correspondence with one of Curley's workers, Francis J. Finneran, former Gov. Alfred E. Smith has amplified his position with regard to his candidacy in Massachusetts. Smith says he has not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to him in Massa has been advised he would have to do.

The slate was filed for certification with the name of J. C. Joseph Flamand, French consul, on it. But the under-pledging there.

The Cummings-Merrick letter was addressed to James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor. It recited the danger of Mayor Curley "in his enthusiasm to overstep the mark a bit." It then went on to say that in the interest of the Roosevelt cause the mayor should submerge his personality and not obscure the main issue of the The Cummings-Merrick letter was ad-

PAPERS FILED

Complete papers for the Smith delegatesat-large slate were filed in the State House today by Chairman Donahue, three days ahead of the deadline

Formal consent from Governor Roosevelt to having delegates pledged to him in the Massachu-setts primaries will be filed Monday by Jamse Roosevelt, his son.

The first complete Roosevelt papers were filed today by Represen-tatives Arthur Goulart and John H Backus, both of New Bedford, candidates for delegate in the 15th dis-

Mayor Curley said an invitation to Governor Ely to appear at the forum Monday noon has been unanswered. Tuesday women's headquarters will be opened in the Hotel Touraine.

SLATE FILED BY DONAHUE

List Made Up of Democrats Pledged to Smith

The so-called official slate delegates and alternates to the Democratic national convention was filed today in the office of the Secretary of State by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State committee. The en-tire list is made up of men and women pledged to support the candidacy of Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith of New York for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency.

The slate is headed by United States Senators David I. Walsh and Marcus A. Coolidge, with Gov Joseph B. Ely. The delegate-at-large candidates,

whose papers were filed by Chairman

whose papers were filed by Chairman Donahue, are:
United States Senator David I. Walsh, Clinton; Gov Joseph B Ely, Westfield; United States Senator Marcus A. Coolidge, Fitchburg, Dist Atty William J. Foley, Boston; Congressman William P. Connery, Lynn; Congressman John J. Douglass, Boston; Congressman John J. McCormack, Boston; Congressman William J. Granfield. Longmeadow; Helen I. Mc@illicuddy, Boston; Helen G. Rotch, Lakeville; Gen Charles H. Cole, Boston; Ex-Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, Boston.
Alternates-at-large candidates filed by Chairman Donahue are:

John F. Fitzgerald, Boston.
Alternates-at-large candidates filed by Chairman Donahue are:
William G. Thompson, Newton; Edward P. Barry, Cambridge; Mayor C. Mahoney, Worcester; Mayor Chaples H. Slowey, Lowell; Mary H. Ward, Boston; Representative J. Henry Goguen, Leominster; Samuel Kalesky; Boston; Charles F. Riordan, Sharon; Mayor J. Leo Sullivan, Peabody; Senator John P. Buckley, Boston; Representative Leo M. Birmingham, Boston; Dani'l F. O'Connell, Brookline.

Cornelius F. Cronin, 344 Varnum av, Lowell, and Patrick J. Mechan, High st, Lowell, today filed nomination papers as candidates for delegates to the Democratic Presidential primary from the 5th Congressional District. Both are pledged to Alfred E. Smith of New York.

J. Frank Facey, 54 Pemberton st, Cambridge, and Daniel O. O'Dea, 109 Glenwood st, Lowell, filed papers as candidates for alternate district delegates to the Democratic Presidential primary from the 5th District delegates to the Democratic Presidential primary from the 5th District.

Papers were filel today by Celia A.

orimary from the 5th District.

Papers were filel today by Celia A. Reade Maherin, 79 Montvale av, Woburn, as a candidate for delegate from the 5th oCngressional District. Her papers state that she is pledged to

Smith.

Mabel C. Batchelder, 11 Massachusetts ev. Worcester, and Congressman George R. Stobbs, 37 Monadnock road, Worcester, filed Republican nomination papers today as delegates to the Republican Presidential primary from the 4th Congressional District. They are pledged to President Hoover, as are Charles B. Rugg, 18 Westland st, Worcester, and Harry H. Daw, Grafton, who filed papers as alternate delegates from the 4th District.

POST 3/19/32

SIDETRACKING OF CURLEY IS URGED

Ambition to Be Governor Likely to Injure Roosevelt's Cause, Say Roosevelt Club Officials

good of the cause of Franklin D. Roosevelt, and make a definite announcement of his own political aspirations, was contained in a letter sent yesterday to James Roosevelt, son of the presidential aspirant, by officers of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts.

ASK CURLEY TO QUIT

The letter was signed by John J. Cummings, president of the club, and John H. Merrick, secretary, and a class-mate of Governor Roosevelt. The two suggested in their letter that the pro-posed daily forums in the interest of the candidacy of Roosevelt should be turned over to some committee of prominent citizens, satisfactory to James Roosevelt, and that Mayor Curley state frankly that he does not intend to be a candidate for Governor.

Informed of the contents of the missive, Mayor Curley chuckled and said, "It is a very great pleasure to extend to Mr. Cummings, the distinguished president of the club, to Mr. Herrick and their associates an invitation to attend the first forum on Monday, at 12:30, when I shall be pleased to enlighten them as to my political aspirations and the purpose I intend to serve in this campaign."

What Letter Asks

In the letter the club officers stated that it would be unfortunate if the impression got abroad that Mayor Cur-ley was the beginning and the end of the movement in Massachusetts to elect Roosevelt. They also asserted there was a danger in opponents managing to make the contest appear to be a Curley, Ely, Donohue and Walsh battle. The letter addressed to Governor

Roosevelt says:
"Dear Mr. Roosevelt-All of us who are supporters of Franklin D. Roosevelt fully appreciate the great services which Mayor James M. Curley has rendered up to very recently in promoting the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt for President. We appreciate his boundless energy, the value of his genius for organization, which is second to none, and the enthusiastic and wholehearted way in which he has

"At the same time we can see some of the dangers which may arise out of the tendency of the Mayor, at times, in his very enthusiasm, to overstep the

thrown himself into the Roosevelt

mark a bit. As the Mayor himself has A suggestion that Mayor Curley said, he has been the 'stormy petrel' date for Governor.' submerge his own personality for the last 30 years and it would be very unfortunate if the erroneous impression that the Mayor is the alpha and omega of the movement in Massachusetts to elect Franklin D. Roosevelt should get

Curley's Motives Questioned

"The Mayor has, of course, like any ther vigorous personality who has other vigorous personality who has been so long in public office, aroused many powerful enemies in the com-munity. There is also the possibility munity. There is also the possibility that the impression that is getting abroad that Mayor Curley intends to be a candidate for Governor at the next primary election against Governor Ely will lead a great many people to feel that the Mayor's primary aim is to advance his own candidacy and to ride into office on the strength of the Roosevelt boom. Roosevelt boom.

"We do not believe that the Mayor is actuated by any such motive but we find that it is impossible to convince a great many of our citizens that he has no aim of personal advance-ment which he is seeking to promote.

ment which he is seeking to promote.

"The Mayor's statement recently at a
banquet at the Parker House in which
he referred to the Roosevelt slate as
'my slate and my delegates' coupled
with his claim that Governor Ely had
made a deal with him to serve only
one term has gone far to confirm this unfortunate impression.

Doubts Intent of Forums

"His proposal to hold a daily forum similar to the one which he held in the Smith campaign has caused a good many citizens to point out that his conrallies during the Smith Young's Hotel was principally intended as a preliminary campaign of his own for Mayor of Boston and that his present plan is to use the forum as a similar preliminary campaign for Gov-

"It is well known that there have been faithful Roosevelt supporters who, ever since they became satisfied that Governor Smith would not be a candidate, have been working for the nomidate, have been working for the nomination of Roosevelt, some of them before Mayor Curley came out with a public announcement of his stand. Many of these men are among our most prominent Democrats but a considerable number of them, it is safe to say, were opposed, at times at least, to the Mayor politically.

"We believe that the Mayor is big enough in character, if you present the matter to him in the proper light, to see the danger of our opponents manag-

see the danger of our opponents managing to make this contest appear to be a Curley, Ely, Donahue, Walsh battle and that under such circumstances the

main issue whether Roosevelt, the lib-eral and progressive, shall be our next President, might be obscured.

Would "Submerge" Curley

"We are sure that the Mayor would agree to submerge his personality some-what for the good of the cause and would realize that in the victory, which we all feel that with proper tactics we are sure to achieve, there will be honor for all concerned in bringing

about this happy event.

"If his Honor will do this, it will take away from Donahue the opportunity he is seeking to conduct the campaign to vent his personal hatred of Mayor Curley and to insult the Democratic voters of this State by asking them to do to Franklin D. Roosevelt, the best and most sincere friend Alfred E. Smith and most sincere friend Alfred E. Smith has in America, in 1932 what Heffin and Cannon did to Governor Smith in 1928.

We suggest that the Mayor turn over the conduct of his proposed forum to some committee of prominent citizens satisfactory to yourself and state frankly that he does not intend to be a candi-

ANIERICAN 3)19/32

PROMISES HE'

Heeds the Urging of Cummings and Merrick to Make His **Political Position Clear**

Mayor Curley announced today that he would reveal his political aspirations in a radio address tomorrow.

This was his reply to critics who challenged his intentions in organizing the Roosevelt-for-President Forum, which opens Monday at 333 Washington st.

"I'll explain my purpose in establishing the forum," he said.
"I'll be glad to enlighten my critics."

GUTHRIE ACCEPTS

Such an explanation was urged by two prominent men in the Roosevelt camp-John J. Cummings and John H. Merrick-who said that by denying he was a candidate for Governor, the Mayor could circumvent an attack planned by Chairman Frank J. Donahue.

Whether or not the Mayor intends to make such a denial is still a question.

Col. Percy A. Guthrie, war-time commander of the famous Cana-dian Black Watch, today sent the Mayor his acceptance of a place on the Curley-picked Roosevelt slate, "if no better qualified man can be found."

Guthrie replaces J. C. Joseph Flamand, the French consul, as a candidate for delegate-at-large.

Curley Bid to G. O. P. Stirs Young Group

Figure Move Through Guthrie, Basis for Warning to Keep Racial Elements Intact

By William F. Furbush

Mayor Curley's bold attempt to 'uttress his drive for the election of Roosevelt-for-President delegates by inviting Republicans to turn Democrats is looked upon as a warning by many of the younger members of the G. O. P. that renewed efforts should be made to keep their ranks intact, especially among the racial groups in the party. The impending detime Republican and member of the Republican Club, to become a delegate-atlarge on the Curley Roosevelt slate is causing concern among many of his associates in the club, who have been so far unsuccessful in their appeals to Guthrie to remain in the party.

Conspicuous in party circles since he became a naturalized citizen several years ago, Colonel Guthrie has taken the position that, while he felt that he ought to keep off the Curley slate as a matter of Republican consideration, he neverthe less will accept a position on the Roose velt list, "if the mayor needs me."

The colonel explained that his conclusion is based primarily on persona friendship with Mr. Curley extending back to World War days when Mr. Curley, in his first term as mayor, gave him valuable assistance when he came here to recruit men for the Canadian Black Watch regiment.

It was explained by Colonel Guthrie that he would go on the Curley slate, however, only if another prominent and perhaps better known representative of the French-Canadian voters of the State, now under consideration, is not found available. Meantime the name of J. C. Joseph Flamand of Cambridge, French consul in Boston remains in the Curley list. Papers for him have been filed for certification. It is the plan to withdraw Mr. Flamand's name by five o'clock, March 25, the time limit for withdrawals, and to fill the vacancy with the name of Guthrie or some other before 5 P. M., March 29, when the time limit expires for filing substitutions.

Recall Foss Victory in 1911

While friendship for Mayor Curley is declared by Colonel Guthrie to be his basic actuating motive for changing his party enrollment if necessary, he said also today that any defection to the Democrats, expected to be temporary, also would have its basis in the belief that the Canadian element in the party has not had sufficient recognition. He thus indicates that, as a good campaigner, as shown in his efforts in behalf of the candidacy of Governor Frank G. Allen

for re-election in 1930 and also as a supporter in the primary campaign of Eben S. Draper for the United States Senate nomination, he may be expected to go on the firing line to garner the Canadian yote for Roosevelt.

Older members of the Republican party profess to have no great concern over the Guthrie defection, but younger members see possible impairment of their forces in the event that there is a marked switch of allegiance by the Canadian vote, In this connection they recall that, back in 1911, the Democratic leaders of the party capitalized on the issue of reciprocity with Canadian vote was very instrumental in electing Eugene Noble Foss, the Democratic candidate for governor.

Mayor Curley now is facing opposition mong certain followers of Governor Roosevelt. Officers of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts, John J. Jummings, president, and John H. Merick, secretary, have written to James Roosevelt, son of the governor, with the dim of having the mayor play a lesser foll in the Roosevelt campaign.

er members of the G. O. P chat renewed efforts should be made to keep their ranks interact, especially among the racial groups in the party. The impending defection of Colonel Percy A. Guthrie, long-time Republican and member of the Research.

The mayor's comment on the letter was o invite the signers of the letter to appear at the forum and debate his activi-

Aside from the period of marking time, pending the scheduled opening of the Curiey forum on Monday, Democratic interest centered today in the luncheon which Chairman Donahue is giving at Hotel Bellevue for United States Senator Robert J. Bulkley of Ohio.

In an address before 150 Harvard students at a meeting of the Harvard Democratic Club, late yesterday afternoon, Senator Bulkley urged the students to undertake active participation in politics "You students and young men out of college," he said, "should ally yourselves with a party and take not a passive attitude, but bend your efforits toward making the party good."

Donahue Files At-Large List

Chairman Donahue today filed with the Secretary of State certified papers for his slate of delegates at large and alternates pledged to Alfred E. Smith, with no changes in the list as previously published. The list of Smith district delegates will be filed next week when Mr. Donahue also will formally file his power of attorney received from the former governor of New York.

Mrs. Mabel C. Batchelder and George R. Stobbs of Worcester filed nomination papers as delegates to the Republican convention from the Fourth Congressional District. They are pledged to President Hoover, as are Charles B. Rugg of Worcester and Harry H. Daw of Gratton, who filed papers as alternate delegates from the same district.

Smith Says He Has Not Insisted on Slate Here

The attempt of Francis J. Finneran, president of the Democratic Club of Massachusetts, to have former Governor Aifred E. Smith revoke sanction for the use of his name in the Massachusetts presidential primaries has failed, just as a previous similar attempt by Mayor

Curley failed. In an exchange of telegrams with Finneran the former governor ignores the request to take himself from the Bay State picture, at the same time stating that he has "not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to him"

In reply to a telegram from Finneran criticizing him for "inviting the loss of the State to the Democratic party by insisting that a slate made up by Mr. Donahue and his associates be pledged to Alfred E. Smith," and pointing out that the New York delegates to the convention would be unpledged, the party's standard bearer in 1928 wired:

"You are not in possession of the facts, evidently because you have no knowledge of the law. I have not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to me. Under the law of your State, I am simply required to state whether or not I will accept their support. That is as far as it goes.

"As to New York, we have no such statue and there is really no method of instructing the delegates from New York under our primary laws. It is simply an agreement. Read the law and you will probably find that my position is all right."

Continuing the exchange, Finneran sent another telegram to Smith stating that, after reading the law he was forced to the conclusion "that notwithstanding your original declaration that you were not a candidate, consciously or unconsciously, compliance by you with the Massachusetts law makes you a candidate."

This Finneran conclusion conflicts with the interpretation placed on Smith's position by Mayor Curley in the latter's exchange with the former governor. The mayor's last word to Smith was in effect that Smith had shown he was not a candidate, an argument which the mayor used with seeming effect in his address in Manchester on the eve of the New Hampshire primaries in which Governor Franklin D, Roosevelt swept that State, garnering all the delegates. It was the mayor's "not a candidate" conclusion, as telegraphed to Smith which evoked a telegram that the mayor was attempting to place him in a false light, that the mayor seemed to be "a bit tricky."

Thumbs Down on Nearly All **Boston Bills**

Mayor Curley Will Be Lucky to Get \$2,000,000 from Committee This Year

Will 'Travel' Monday

Only City's Heavy Welfare **Burden Likely to Influence** View on Borrowings

By Richard D. Grant

Alone of Massachusetts cities to go this year to the Legislature with requests for borrowing outside the debt limit, Boston will be exceedingly fortunate if the Committee on Municipal Finance reports favorably on much more than \$2,000,000 favorably on much more than \$30,000,000 sought by the \$750,000 in the city's loan burget for Mayor Curley for various projects. It seems likely that the need for expansion of the facilities of the Boston City Hospor the facilities of the Boston City Hospor to the committee is divided in its opinof the members are disposed and permanent school building construcin order that a beginning may be made

practically concluded and the committee tional facilities, will soon sit down in executive session

All considered practically concluded and the committee will soon sit down in executive session to take up the program as a whole. Monday of next week has been appointed for "travel," when the committee will unofficially inspect the places where the that his supporters in the Legislature will be able to substitute bills for adverse the chapter of the place where the committee will be able to substitute bills for adverse the chapter.

to be able to borrow.

One consideration that may influence the members of the Committee on Municipal Finance into being a little more generously inclined than the demands of cold business judgment might dictate is the for public welfare, necessitated by the condition of the times. It is unquestionably true, as contended by the city's representatives, that a part of the institutional and other expense that comes unfactor and, with the troubles he has been der this heading is required to take care having in balancing his own budget and

without charitable facilities.

Opposes Street Construction

The committee as a whole, however, reflected in a substantial future increase sees no reason why money should be in the Boston tax rate. borrowed outside the debt limit for the With the disposition of the Curley bills, reconstruction and maintenance of the Committee on Municipal Finance will streets. This, as a constantly recurring have practically cleared its slate of the item, its members feel, should properly important matters before it. There is, be included in the budget, financed outhowever, the question of doing something of current revenue. In fact, several ofto help some of the other cities out of the committee, discussing the city's protheir difficulties, particularly the city of posals informally this week, called atten. Lowell.

city in the Commonwealth which has sought to borrow money for such a purpose.

The committee's hard-headed attitude is influenced not only by the tightness of the money situation in general and the well-recognized trend toward economy in municipal and State expenditures, but the feeling that the city failed to "play ball" last year in several respects, notably the appropriations for improvement of the East Boston Airport and the construction of a new central girls' high school. The committee approved the expenditure of \$250,000 in borrowed money for the enlargement of the airport facilities, feeling that the city could not properly expend a larger sum under the prevailing conditions. When the matter reached the main body of the Legislature for consideration, however, \$1,009,000 was added. The members of the committee feel that their judgment was vindicated with the abandonment of the Governor's Island project.

And they were not wholly satisfied with the explanation of Chairman Reilly of the School Committee at a recent hearing that the reason the money appropriated for the new girls' high school was spent instead for an addition to the Dorchester High School was because the city authorities could not agree on a site.

May Follow Goodwin Suggestion

In considering the mayor's request for authority to borrow \$2,000,000 outside the debt limit for development of the City Hospital building program, the committee may be inclined to follow the suggestion of Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of

tion, although what appears to be a main order that a beginning may be made jority prefers to keep it at a very low on the construction of adequate approaches to the new East Boston vehicuter there appears small chance that the city lar tunnel, but the obvious trend of the legislators toward the topheavy program submitted by the mayor is "thumbs projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of sewers, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of severs, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of severs, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of severs, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of severs, and it is indebtedness by the approval of such projects as the construction of severs, and it is indebtedness by the approval of s jority prefers to keep it at a very low Hearings on the Boston bills have been Boston, or additional park and recrea-

der this heading is required to take care naving in balancing his own bugget and of needy persons who are not citizens of providing for repayment of borrowings Boston, many from the outlying districts authorized last year for building constitution, it is hard to visualize him as der this heading is required to take care having in balancing his own budget and

It has been unofficially proposed that the committee carry on an investigation of local conditions, with a view toward making recommendations for legislation that will make it easier for local municipalities to obtain the funds necessary for carrying on their ordinary activities. The recess commissions authorized to carry on such work at the close of the present session will be fewer this year than usual, but the subject of municipal finance is at least one that might well occupy the attention of such a board. Opposition to the restriction of "home rule" that necessarily would be involved by any permanent legislation to put the clamps on elected municipal officials is a stumbling block that seems too great to be circumvented at this time, as evidenced by the stand of many members of the Legislature against the proposal of the Recess Commission on Taxation for a State board for control of municipal spendings. But it is recognized that some thing ought to be done to ease loca credit and the bill signed yesterday by Governor Ely, based on the petition o Mayor Charles H. Slowey of Lowell which was redrafted by the Committee on Municipal Finance, to allow install ment payments of taxes before they ar due, was generally praised as a step is the right direction.

ChOBE 3/19/32

CURLEY M. C. O. F. RETREAT TO CLOSE TOMORROW

The annual retreat being held at the Franciscan Friary, Brookline, for the members of the James M. Curley Jr Court, M. C. O. F., will close tomor-row night. More than 35 members have been attending the retreat which opened Friday and is being given by Rev William Clancy and Rev Lucian Gallagher.

Leonard W. Dolan is chairman of the committee and was assisted by Eugene M. Quinlan, Ralph Scalley, James L. O'Connor and John Whalen.

tenant Governor and Democratic tenant Democratic United States Senator?

Ex-Gov Smith's Reply

Ex-Gov Smith's reply, also dated Thursday, reads: "You are not in possession of the

You are not in possession of the facts, evidently because you have no knowledge of the law. I have not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to me. Under the law of your sisted that any state of delegates be pledged to me. Under the law of your State, I am simply required to state whether or not I will accept their support. That is as far as it goes.

"As to New York, we have no such statute and there is really no method statute and there is really no method."

of instructing the delegates from New

simply an agreement.
"Read the law and you will probably

find that my position is all right.

Sends Copy of Law

Finneran yesterday sent the follow-

Finneran yesterday sent the following telegram in reply:
"In compliance with your suggestion that I read the law, I beg to say that I have done so. After reading the law, I was forced to the conclusion that, notwithstanding your original delegation. that, notwithstanding your original declaration that you were not a candidate, consciously or unconsciously compliance by you with the Massa-chusetts law makes you a candidate. Not content with my own conclusions as to the law, I submitted our cor-respondence to three legal authorities familiar with Massachusetts election laws and they are in agreement with me.

"With a sincere desire to prevent you from becoming the object of jus-tifiable criticism through the perform-ance of an act that is in conflict with your original declaration, I am sending you today by air mail a copy of the General Laws and I beg you direct your attention to the passage which I marked, Section 68, of Chapter 53."

ROOSEVELT CLUB ASKS THAT CURLEY PLAY LESSER ROLE

While expressing appreciation of the services of Mayor Curley to the Roose-velt cause, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts in a communi-cation signed by John J. Cummings, president, and John H. Merrick, secre-tary, sent last night to James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, suggests that young Roosevelt do what he can to remove the impression that Curley is the sole sponsor for the Roosevelt movement in this State.

The signers of the letter express apprehension lest the impression get abroad that the Mayor's major purpose is to advance his own candidacy for Governor and "ride into office on the strength of the Roosevelt boom.'

When informed of the contents of the letter last night, the Mayor promptly invited Messrs Cummings and Merrick to debate the question in the Curley-sponsored Roosevelt forum to be opened Monday.

Cummings is the former Democratic nominee for Lieutenant Governor and onetime aspirant for the Democratic Gubernatorial nomination. Merrick, who was for several years secretary of the Boston Police Commissioner, was a classmate of Gov Roosevelt at Harvard.

Commenting on their appeal, Mayor

Curley said:
"We are opening our forum next
Monday at 12:30 at 333 Washington st.
I will be very pleased to receive Mr
Cummings and Mr Merrick and such members of their organization as may see fit to attend. I will be pleased at that time to state my views and posi-tion with reference to matters political

and to answer any statements in the letter to Mr James Roosevelt."

Roosevelt Club's Letter

The Roosevelt Club letter to James Roosevelt was as follows:

"All of us who are supporters of Franklin D. Roosevelt fully appreciate the great services which Mayor James M. Curley has rendered up to very recently in promoting the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt for President. We appreciate his boundless energy, the value of his genius for organiza-tion which he has thrown himself into the Roosevelt movement. At the same time we can see some of the dangers which may arise out of the tendency of the Mayor, at times, in his very en-thusiasm, to overstep the mark a bit.

"As the Mayor himself has said, he

has been the 'stormy petrel' of politics in Democratic Boston for the last 30 years and it would be very unfortunate if the erroneous impression that the Mayor is the alpha and omega of the movement in Massachusetts to elect Franklin D. Roosevelt should get

"The Mayor has, of course, like any "The Mayor has, of course, like any other vigorous personality who has been so long in public office, aroused many powerful enemies in the community. There is also the possibility that the impression that is getting abroad that Mayor Curley intends to be a candidate for Governor at the part election against Gov Filv will lead next election against Gov Ely will lead a great many people to feel that the Mayor's primary aim is to advance his own candidacy and to ride into office on the strength of the Rooseveli

"We do not believe that the Mayor is actuated by any such motive, but we find that it is impossible to con-vince a great many of our citizens that he has no aim of personal advancement which he is seeking to promote.

"The Mayor's statement recently at a banquet at the Parker House in

which he referred to the Roosevelt slate as "my slate and my delegates." coupled with his claim that Gov Ely had made a deal with him to serve

only one term, has gone far to confirm this unfortunate impression.

"His proposal to hold a daily forum similar to the one which he held in the Smith campaign has caused a good many citizens to point out that his conduct during the Smith rallies at Young's Hotel was principally intended as a preliminary campaign of his own for Mayor of Boston, and that his present plan is to use the forum as a similar preliminary campaign for Governor.

Loyal Roosevelt Followers

'It is well known that there have been faithful Roosevelt supporters who, ever since they became satisfied that Gov Smith would not be a can-didate, have been working for the nomination of Roosevelt, some of them before Mayor Curley came out with be started at once. a public announcement of his stand. Many of these men are among our most prominent Democrats, but a con-

most prominent Democrats, but a considerable number of them, it is safe to say, were opposed, at times at least, to the Mayor politically.

"We believe that the Mayor is big enough in character, if you present the matter to him in the proper light, the matter to him the matter to him in the proper light, the matter to him in the to see the danger of our opponents managing to make this content appear to be a Curley-Ely-Donahue-Waler to be a Curley-Ely-Donahue-Walsh battle, and that under such circum-stances the main issue whether Roosevelt, the liberal and progressive, shall veit, the hoeral and progressive, shall be our next President, might be obscured. We are sure that the Mayor would agree to submerge his personality somewhat for the good of the

cause and would realize that in the victory, which we all feel that with proper tactics we are sure to achieve, there will be honor enough for all concerned in bringing about this happy

concerned in bringing about this happy event.

"If His Honor will do this, it will take away from Donahue the opportunity he is seeking to conduct the campaign to vent his personal hatred of Mayor Curley and to insult the Democratic voters of this State by asking them to do to Franklin D. Roosevelt, the best and most sincere friend Alfred E. Smith has in America, in 1932, what Heflin and Cannon did

in 1932, what Heffin and Cannon did to Gov Smith in 1928. "We suggest that the Mayor turn over the conduct of his proposed for-um to some committee of prominent citizens satisfactory to yourself and state frankly that he does not intend to be a candidate for Governor."

3/19/32 OST

HUB FIRM GETS CITY CONTRACT

Will Supply Uniforms for Fire Department

Unlike the police, the Boston firemen will be outfitted by Boston tailors, Mayor Curley announced last night, in awarding a contract for fire uniforms to Donahue and Reardon, of this city, at a price of 19646.95, the lowest bld. Police officials recently awarded the police uniform contract to a Philadelphia firm.

The Mayor also announced that he intended to award a contract of \$14,615 to the Boston Woven Hose and Rubber Company to supply the fire department with 23,500 feet of fire hose, although the Goodrich Rubber Company of Akron, O., offered to supply the hose for \$25 less.

START \$257.000 HOSPITAL BUILDING

Employment for the jobless in the building trades here was offered yesterday by Mayor Curley in awarding the contract for the immediate construction of a new laundry building at the City Hospital at a cost of \$237,000. This was the price submitted by the Joseph A. Singarella Company, the lowest of 11 bidders seeking the job. Work on the erection of the hospital plant will

his daughter, Sally, Mrs. Stanton R. White of 1949 Commonwealth avenue, gave birth to a seven-pound baby girl at the Phillips House. Mother and child

were reported doing very well.
Mrs. White was married June 20, 1 and since her marriage has made her home at the Commonwealth avenue address. White is assistant director of public celebrations. The baby was born at 10:25 o'clock.

3/19/32 Cho13E

RUMOR PERSISTS OF COMPROMISE

Have Needed Signatures

Finneran in Sharp Exchange With New York Ex-Governor

Yesterday at 5 p m, when the time expired for filing nomination papers for the certification of signatures thereon, it appeared that both the Smith and Roosevelt candidates for al convention had turned in enough signatures to make it certain that each group can have on the primary ballot next month nominees for delegates-at-large and for district dele gates in all 15 districts of the State

According to statements by leaders of the rival Democratic factions not only have the nomination papers been filed for certification, but in the ballot unless such candidate for many instances the signatures have written assent," etc. been favorably passed on by the Boston Elections Department or the again the mooted question whether or local board of registrars of voters and the papers are ready for filing with the Secretary of State, although the latter step may be taken at any time up to 5 p m, next Tuesday.

Rumors of Compromise

It would seem, consequently, that the fight is on among the Massachu-setts Democrats. Yet rumors persist that a compromise may be brought about. The time within which candidates for delegates may withdraw does not expire until 5 p m next Friday, and up to that hour the rival groups may unite and make up a slate representing both sides.

According to current stories, unofficial communications have been made from one camp to the other with the hope of bringing to an end a contast which bids fair to become so bitter that it may spoil the chances of carrying the State for the Democratic nom-inces for President and Governor in

the November election. Neither side is quite willing at the moment to do anything which may be described as "quitting," and each pretends to believe it will win a substantial victory in the primary, but an agreement may be reached within

the coming week.

Neither the Smith nor the Roosevelt leaders have filed with the Secretary of the State the official authorization of their respective Presidential candidates for the use of their names on the primary ballot.

Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the

Democratic State Committee, has in his possession the power of attorney to set in behalf of Smith, and James

noosevert has similar authority from his father. These documents will be presented early next week unless, as it hinted, the opposing groups come .o an agreement.

Finneran-Smith Letters

One of two developments of at least local interest came to light yesterday. Francis J. Finneran, president of Roosevelt, Smith Slates that somewhat mysterious organization, the Democratic Club of Massachusetts, has joined those other citizens of this State who are engaging the convergence of the state who are engag correspondence with Alfred Smith.

Finneran sent on Thursday to the former Governor a telegram saying hat the latter, by insisting that a slate pledged to him be filed in Massachusetts, was inviting the loss of he State in November. Finneran urged the Presidential candidate of four years ago to withdraw his name n Massachusetts and put himself on he same basis here as in New York, where the Democratic delegates will be unpledged.

Ex-Gov Smith sent a rather sharp reply in which he expressed ppinion that Finneran was unfamiliar with both the facts and the law. Smith said he had not insisted that delegates delegates to the Democratic nation in Massachusetts be pledged to him, quired to state whether or not he would accept their support.

Finneran, in rejoinder, calls Smith's attention to the General Laws of Massachusetts, which provides that candidates for delegates to Presidential conventions may express on the ballot their preference for Presidential candidates, but go on to say that "no such statement of preference by any candidate for delegate shall appear upon the ballot unless such candidate for

This correspondence, on Finneran's again the mooted question whether or not Smith is a candidate for Presi-dent. The latter said in his earlier statements that he was not a candi-late. Finneran's inference is that Smith became a candidate when he gave consent to the use of his name to a pledged delegation in the Mas-sachusetts primary and thus is act-ing in contradiction of his earlier statements that he was not a candi-

Ask Soft Pedal on Curley

The Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts, through John J. Cummings, its president, and John H. Merrick, its secretary, made public last night a letter sent to James Roosevelt, son of Gov Roosevelt, in which the writers urge the younger Roosevelt to put the soft pedal on Mayor Curley as the leader of the Roosevelt movement in this State.

The letter is temperate and treats the Mayor with consideration, but exmesses the hone that in view of the enemies ne has made, ne will be willing to share the leadership with others for the sake of the cause.

Cummings, one of the signers of the letter, has been the Democratic nom-inee for Lieutenant Governor and a candidate for the nomination for Governor. Merrick has been secretary to the Boston Police Commissioner and was a classmate at Harvard of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Guthrie Invited to Run

It transpired yesterday that Mayor Curley and the other Roosevelt leaders

the State for various Republican canthe State for various Republican candidates, to take the place made vacant on the Roosevelt Democratic slate for delegates-at-large by the withdrawal of J. C. J. Flamond, French consul in Boston. The latter retired because the French Embassy at Washington indicated that it objected to active participation in American politics by any representative of the French Republic. public.

Col Guthrie said yesterday that he was considering the request made to him. He is an enrolled Republican, but apparently that fact will not debar him from running as a candidate on the Democratic ticket if he wants to the Democratic ticket if he wants to do so. Moreover, until 30 days before the primary he may change his enrollment from Republican to Democratic. Most of the politicians are of the opinion that this unusual and perhaps unique attempt to swing a well-known Republican over to the Democratic side is unlikely to succeed. cratic side is unlikely to succeed.

Papers Filed

Among nomination papers filed in Boston yesterday were those in behalf of Representative Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, who proposes to run as a candidate for Democratic delegate-atlarge favorable to Smith. As Sawyer's name is not on the regular Smith delegation under the law he will not be permitted to state on the ballot that he is for Smith. A similar restriction applies to the list of "independent for Smith" delegates which was filed in the 11th Congressional District: Delegates, John J. Curran Jr. 9 Chaucer st, and Charles H. McMaster, 19 Moore st; alternates, Edwin A. Kelly,

682 Bennington st, and Dennis A. Donovan, rear of Chaucer st.
In the 11th Congressional District the following group "independent for Hoover" was filed on the Republican side. Delegated Reduced Procession 1988. Hoover was filed on the Republican side: Delegates, Edward Donnelly and Albert L. Sutton; alternates, Louis Schultz and Harry Oster. These names were not included in the regular Republican slate.

Frank L. Brier of 47 Bushnell st and Luella P. Wetscott of 24 Algonquin st, Boston, yesterday filed as candidates for delegate to the Republican national convention from the 12th Congressional District. Isodor H. Fox of 612 Morton st and Annette B. Lancaster of 31 Old Morton st filed as alternates.

These names are on the Republican

Finneran's Wire to Smith

The correspondence, by telegraph and mail, between Pres Francis J. Finneran of the Democratic Club of Massachusetts and Ex-Gov Smith includes this telegram, sent by Finneran

to Smith Thursday:
"I am reliably informed that the candidates for delegate to the national convention from New York State indorsed by the Democratic organization of New York are unpledged. If this is the case, why do you complicate matters in Massachusetts? You invite the loss of the State to the Democratic party in November by insisting that a slate made up by Mr Donahue and his associates be pledged to Alfred E.

"Your position, to say the least, is most untenable and one which you, as titular head of the Democratic party, should at once rectify by withdrawing the sanction for the use of your name in Massachusetts unless the same sanction is accorded by you in New York State.
"Why cause strife among us Massa-

chusetts Democrats who gave you our electoral vote in 1928, while your fel-low-New York Democrats on the same had asked Col Percy A. Guthrie, an low-New York Democrats on the same active Republican who has stumped day defeated you and elected a Demo-

AL SMITH IN DEFENCE OF HIS ACTION Smith, Roosevelt and Hoover Delegations Entered in Bay State Pri-

Has Not Insisted on President Hoover, Governor Roose-Pledges Here, He Declares

Former Governor Smith of New York, in a sharp reply to Francis J. Finneran, president of the Democratic Club of Massachusetts, maintains that he has "not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to him."

IGNORANCE OF LAW

Finneran wired Smith Thursday, criticising him for "inviting the loss of the State to the Democratic party in November by insisting that a slate made up by Mr. Donahue and his associates be pledged to Alfred E. Smith."

"You are not in possession of the facts, evidently, because you have no knowledge of the law," Smith wired back to Finneran. "I have not insisted that any slate of delegates be pledged to me. Under the law of your State, I am simply required to state whether or am simply required to state whether or not I will accept their support. That is

as far as it goes.
"As to New York, we have no such statute, and there is really no method of instructing the delegates from New York under our primary laws. It is siman agreement.

ply an agreement.
"Read the law and you will probably find that my position is all right."

Finneran Again Wires

Not satisfied with Smith's reply, neran last night shot back the following telegram: 'In compliance with your suggestion that I read the law, I beg to say that I have done so. After reading the law, I was forced to the conclusion that the same of the law is the same of the law. that notwithstanding your original declaration that you were not a candidate, consciously or unconsciously, ance by you with the Massachusetts law makes you a candidate.
"Not content with my own conclusions

as to the law, I submitted our correspondence to three legal authorities familiar with Massachusetts election laws, and they are in agreement with

Quotes Law to Smith

"With a sincere desire to prevent you from becoming the object of justifiable criticism through the performance of an act that is in conflict with your original declaration, I am sending you

original declaration, I am sending you today by air mail a copy of the General Laws of 1930, and I beg you direct your attention to the passages which I have marked, Section 68, Chapter 53."

Section 68, Chapter 53, in part, reads: "The ballots shall also contain a statement of the preference, if any, of each candidate for delegate as to a candidate for nomination for President, provided that such statement appears in his nomination papers; but no such statement

or preference by any candidate for dele-gate shall appear upon the ballot un-less such candidate for nomination for President files his written assent there-to with the State Secretary on or before five o'clock in the afternoon of the last day for filing nomination papers."

PAPERS FILED

maries - Challenges to Pledged Slates by Individuals

York, were the only three candidates entered in the Massachusetts presiden-tial primaries when the zero hour arrived at 5 o'clock yesterday for the filing of nomination papers for dele-gates to the Republican and Democratic national conventions.

All three had more than sufficient signatures of registered voters to qualify their pledged delegates for places on the ballots in the Bay State primary April 26.

A challenge to the Smith-pledged slate filed by Chairman Frank J. Dona-hue of the Democratic State committee, was entered by the Rev. Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, member of the House of Representatives, who will seek one of the Smith seats at the convention as an independent candidate for delegate-at-

An independent Smith slate was also An independent Smith slate was also filed at Boston City Hall to oppose the organization group in the 11th congressional district. These papers were filed for John J. Curran, Jr., of 9 Chaucer street, East Boston, and Charles H. McMaster of 19 Moore street, East Boston, as delegates, and Edwin A. Kelly of 682 Bennington street, East Boston, and Dennis F. Donovan of 35 rear Chaucer street, East Boston, giving Smith their presidential. presidential ference.
Without the consent of Chairman

Without the consent of Chairman Donahue, however, who holds the power of attorney from former Governo Smith to select the delegation, this independent East Boston group, as well as Representative Sawyer, will not be permitted to use the label "pleaged to Smith" after their name on the ballot.

A second Hoover-pledged group also filed in the 11th district, comprising Edward L. Donnelly, who represents the district on the Republican State committee; Albert L. Sutton, Louis Schultz and Harry Oster.

State Committeeman Donnelly stated that National Committeeman Louis K. Liggett had told him to file the slate, although a different Hoover-pledged group had previously been filed in this district by Hoover headquarters here.

That there had been some misunderstanding which would be smoothed out before the time for withdrawals next Friday was the opinion given out by Committeeman Donnelly.

Election officials will speed up today the examination of the signatures on the nomination papers, so that they may be filed with the Secretary of State before the closing hour, Tuesday, at

Several others all filed with the secretary of State, nomination papers as candidates for delegates in the Republican presidential primary.

Dennis T. Noonan of 146 East street, Pittsfield, and William F. Whiting, filed as candidates for delegates from the 1st Congressional district. Frank L. Brier of 47 Bushnell street, and the 1st Congressional district. Frank
L. Brier of 47 Bushnell street, and
Luella P. Westcott of 24 Algonquin
street, Boston, filed from the 12th Congressional district. Isidor B. Fox of
613 Morton street and Annette B. Lancaster of 31 Old Morton street filed as alternate candidates from the 12th Congressional district.

POST 3/20/32

ROOSEVELT FORUM

Will Be Opened Tomorrow Noon by Mayor Curley-Sessions Daily-Smith Men to Be Given Chance Each Day to Present Their Case

Having placed an entire Roosevelt slate of 84 delegates and alternates in the field, Mayor Curley will officially the field, Mayor Curiey will officially throw the presidential primary campaign here into high gear tomorrow noon, inviting the public to the Rossevelt forum at 333 Washington street, opposite Milk street, which he will conduct daily until the voters go to the polls, April 26.

National color was employed in dressing up the forum late yesterday, when the Roosevelt workers de orated the walls of the large hall with photographs of bread lines and soup kitchens in various cities of the country. Under each photograph was painted the slo-gan, "This is Hoover prosperity. Amer-ica calls another Rooseveit."

The Mayor himself will deliver the opening appeal for the election of the Roosevelt delegation tomorrow noon. Although he invited Governor Ely to attend the opening for the purpose of setting forth his reasons for taking a place on the Smith ticket, the Mayor said last night that he had received no acceptance up to that time from the Governor.

Smith Men to Get Chance

He stated that each noon he would allow 45 minutes for the Smith dele-gates to present their case to the forum audience and then he would attempt to respond to their arguments. The daily sessions are scheduled to last from noon until 3 p. m.
In order that persons unable to get

into the building may not miss the ver bal fireworks, the Mayor has arranged for the installation of loud-speaking amplifiers on Washington, facing Milk street, and an additional hall has been taken in the same building with an entrance at 24 Province street.

School Committeeman Maurice J. Tobin of Roxbury, who is seeking a Roosevelt seat in the Democratic na-tional convention from Congressman George Holden Tinkham's district, will deliver the weekly Roosevelt address this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock over the network of radio station WNAC.

ROOSFVFI T'S SON HAILS A

Mayor Will Make Plain Purpose of Support at Proper Time, He Says

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

"wholehearted" support given by Mayor Curley to the Roosevelt, candidacy and his "fine spirit of co-operation" was applauded in an open letter dictated late yesterday by James Roosevelt, son of the New York governor.

The letter was in reply to a communication sent him by John J. Cummings and John H. Merrick, officers of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts.

Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the state committee of having a "per-sonal hatred" for the mayor, and suggested that Mr. Curley turn over his forum, which he will open tomorrow at 333 Washington st., to a citizens' committee. They also urged the mayor to reveal any plans he may have to run for

governor.

"Like yourselves," the Roosevelt letter read, "I must pay my respects to Mayor Curley for his courage in standing firm for a principle in which he believes. The only way he knews how to fight is to do it whole-heartedly.

I cannot ask him to do less.

"I do know, however, that in keeping with the fine spirit of co-operation which he has displayed without, that at the proper time, the mayor will make so plain his purpose in support-ing Franklin D. Roosevelt that neither Mr. Donahue or anyone neither Mr. Donanue or anyone
else will be able successfully to
hecloud the only issue in this
presidential primary, namely:
"Is Franklin D. Roosevelt the
candidate best fitted to win and

candidate best fitted to win and to administer the public office of President of the United States?

"We also have plans in the making to unite the support of those in all parts of the state who are working for Governor Roosevelt.

"In conclusion I want to say that we have had, and will have, the full co-operation of Mayor Curley as well as others in making this campaign not a battle of any one general, but by a united army of Democratic voters all over Massachusetts. Constructive suggestions such as yours are always welcome."

A large audience is expected to attend the formal noon opening of the Curley open forum tomorrow,

which will be conducted daily until the end of the campaign on April 26.

WOMEN OPEN MONDAY

James Roosevelt will publicly read the power or attorney authorizing him to pledge a slate to the candidacy of his distinguished father. Mayor Curley and others will speak.

In the Dutch Room of Hotel Touraine, a women's headquarters will be opened tomorrow.

The first Roosevelt at-large papers were filed yesterday at the State House by Rep. Arthur Goulart and former U. S. Atty. John H. Backus of New Bedford. They contain 281 certified cignatures of contain 261 certified signatures, or 11 more than the required number from Bristol County.

On the Republican side, the taking out of withdrawal papers by Robert J. Bottomly yesterday caused a great deal of speculation. Bottomly is on the Liggett slate pledged to Hoover as an alternate in the 10th Congressional district.

The prediction that the primary here on April 26 would see victory for the Roosevelt slate was made last night by City Councillor Thomas H. Green of Charlestown, candidate for Roosevelt delegate from the 11th district.

DONAHUE ACTS

He declared that the mayor is in "unique position," in that he does Cummings and Merrick accused not need the support of the Demo-

"But they need him if they hope to carry this state for the Democratic nominee for President next fall," he stressed.

He contended that if it had not been for the mayor's efforts in the 1928 campaign, Smith would not have carried the state.

Prior to the closing of the secretary of state's office yesterday, Chairman Donahue filed complete sets of papers on the Smith slate for delegates-at-large, also for delegates from districts 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12. The balance of the districts, completed, will be filed on or before Tuesday, the deadline

date. The possibility of some changes in the slate was seen with the takwithdrawal ing out of several blanks by Donahue's office.

Celia Reed Mahern of Woburn, although not authorized by Dona-hue, filed more than sufficient signatures as a Smith delegate from the 5th Congressional district.

CAN'T ASK **CURLEY TO** LET DOWN

Roosevelt's Son Pays Respects to Mayor as a Fighter

"The only way Mayor Curley knows how to fight is to do so whole heartedly. I cannot ask him to do less."

That is the answer of James Roosevelt, son of the candidate for President, to John J. Cummings and John H. Merrick of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts, who had suggested that Mayor Curley submerge his own candidacy for Governor at this time and allow some other Roosevelt leaders to conduct the campaign for election of delegates.

FOR UNITED SUPPORT

James Roosevelt's statement was made in a letter to the president and secret..ry of the club organized to pro-mote his father's Presidential candi-

dacy, as follows:
"Your letter of the 18th is at hand.
I want to express my appreciation for your frankness, and I value your sin-

"Like yourselves, I must pay my respects to Mayor Curley for his courage n standing firm for a principle in which he believes. The only way he which he believes. The only way he knows how to fight is to do so whole-neartedly. I cannot ask him to do ess. I do know, however, that in keeping with the fine spirit of co-operation which he has displayed throughout, that at the proper time, the Mayor will make so plain his purpose in supporting Franklin D. Roosevelt that neither Mr. Donahue or anyone else will be Ing Franklin D. Roosevelt that neither Mr. Donahue or anyone else will be able successfully to becloud the only issue of this Presidential primary—namely, Ts Franklin D. Roosevelt the candidate best fitted to win and to administer the public office of President the United States?" We also have plans in the making to units the

plans in the making to unite the sup-port of those in all parts of the State who are working for Governor Roose-

who are working to deliver welt.

"In conclusion, I want to say that we have had, and will have, the full co-operation of Mayor Curley as well as others in making this campaign not a battle by any one general, but a united army of Democratic voters all was a constructive sugarrant was a second of the same ways. over Massachusetts. Constructive suggestions such as yours are always welcome."

Mayor Curley's reply to the Cummings suggestion was that he will make known his aspirations clearly at the opening of the Roosevelt Campaign Forum Monday. ChOBE 3/20/32

Roosevelt Replies to Curley Critics

Letter Says Mayor Seeks No Personal Glory

didate for Governor of Massachusetts who will run on a program of economy, of opposition to needless full cooperation of Mayor Curley in legislation and of reduction of expenditures and taxation, Alvan T. Fuller will again be a candidate for Massachusetts."

not intend to run for Governor. James Roosevelt, in his reply, said the Franklin D. Roosevelt head-quarters have had and will have "the full cooperation of Mayor Curley in making this campaign not a battle by any one general but by a united army of Democratic voters all over Governor by told the Clark." Governor, he told the Globe last

His remarks were an amplification

This statement overshadowed the his personal hatred of Mayor Curley and to insult the Democratic voters of this State."

James Roosevelt, in his reply, said ened the peace of mind of leaders of that he appreciated the frankness and both perties. Lieut Gov William S. Youngman is a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor and Mayor James M. Curley is expected to Mayor Curley for his courage in standing firm for a principle in which he contest Gov Joseph B. Ely's renomination by the Democratic party.

a Globe reporter that he doesn't expect to have to toss his hat into the political ring. It was suggested that the first statement had a significant note but Mr Fuller said. "I am not a candidate. But I do want to see a certain typ of candidate. I want to see a candidate who will run on a platform of economy, of opposition to needless legislation, of reduction of expenditures and, of course, reduction in taxes. I'm not so particular as to make a great many people feel as I'd. They have been forced to economize and retrench and naturally, they are always welcome."

The Mayor said he will reply to his critics at the opening of his Roosevelt forum, and he invited them to appear and debate his activities with them.

"I shall be pleased," said the Mayor, "I shall be pleased," said the Mayor, "I shall be pleased," said the Mayor, candidate might not present himself. I might run. But I don't anticipate that I'll have to."

Worry for Candidates

But with Mr Fuller looking over the field of candidates for Governor, there will be plenty of worry for the candidates who do not lean to his ideas of in the closest possible touch with the political situation in the State and is fully cognizant of the present situa-

With Fuller furnishing the Republi-can political fireworks for the day, the Democrats were busy with routine matters in connection with the Presidential primary campaign. Officers of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts had suggested to James Roosevelt that Mayor Curley turn over the proposed Roosevelt-for-President forum at 333 Washington st, which will be opened Monday noon, to a committee of prominent citizens and that the Mayor also state frankly that he does not appear a can-not intend to run for Governor.

Roosevelt Thanks Writers

The letter from John J. Cummings, The letter from John J. Curamings, of an earlier statement which said, "All I can say at the present time is that I have been urged to run. I am considering the matter. I will have no definite announcement to make until after the Republican convention at Chicago, at the earliest."

May Not Have to Run

The letter from John J. Curamings, president, and John H. Merrick, secretary of the Franklin J. Roosevelt that John H. Merrick, secretary of the Franklin J. Roosevelt are of Mayor Curley "in his enthusiasm to oversteep the mark a bit." It then went on to say that in the interest of the Roosevelt cause, the Mayor should submerge his personality and not obscure the main issue, the election of Roosevelt. If the Mayor did this, the letter said, it would take away from Donahue "the opportunity he is seeking to conduct the campaign to vent

nation by the Democratic party.

Lieut Gov William S. Youngman, however, that in keeping with the fine when told of the Fuller statement, spirit of cooperation which he has dissaid at he had no comment to make.

But Ex-Gov Fuller made it clear to his purpose in supporting Franklin D. a Globe reporter that he doesn't the anyon, also will be able successfully. I do into the first purpose in supporting Franklin D.

aspirations and the purpose I intend to serve in this campaign."

Guthrie Ready for Drafting

Col Percy A. Guthrie, long-time Republican, and member of the Republican Club, said yesterday that he is willing to be drafted on Mayor Curley's Roosevelt-for-President state if no better known or better qualified man can be found to take the place. He has placed himself in the hands of his friends and, if finally drafted, he will change from the Republican to

he will change from the Republican to the Democratic party.

Col Guthrie has been conspicuous in political circles since he became a citizen several years ago. He understands that he should remain off the Curley slate out of consideration for the Republican party, but he will accept the position, "if the Mayor needs me." His conclusion is based primarily on personal friendship for Mayor Curley extending back to World War days, when he was given valuable assistance by the Mayor when he came to Boston to recruit men for the Black Watch Regiment.

Regiment.

Meanwhile a prominent and well-known representative of the French-Canadian voters of the State is under consideration for the post elso. The name of J. C. Joseph Flamand of Cambridge, French consul in Boston, remains in the Curley list. Papers for him have been filed for certification. It is the plan to withdraw Mr Flamand's name March 25, the time limit for withdrawals and to substitute the name of Guthrie or someone else.

for withdrawals and to substitute the name of Guthrie or someone else.

Col Guthrie was an active campaigner in behalf of the candidacy of Gov Frank G. Allen for reelection in 1930 and also in the primary campaign of Eben S. Draper for the United States Senate Republican nomination.

DONAHUE FILES LIST OF SMITH DELEGATES

The so-called official slate delegates and alternates to the Democratic national convention was filed yesterday in the office of the Secretary of State by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State committee. The entire list is made up of men and women pledged to support the candidacy of Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith of New York for the Democratic nomination for the

for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency.

The slate is headed by United States Senators David I. Walsh and Marcus A. Coolidge, with Gov Joseph B. Ely. Cornelius F. Cronin, Lowell, and Patrick J. Meehan, Lowell, filed nomination papers as candidates for Democratic delegates from the 5th District. Both are pledged to Alfred E. Smith.

J. Frank Facey, Cambridge, and Daniel O. O'Dea, Lowell, filed papers as candidates for alternate district delegates to the Democratic conven-

as candidates for alternate district delegates to the Democratic convention from the 5th District.

Papers were filed by Celia A. Reade Maherin, Woburn, as a candidate for delegate from the 5th District. Her papers state that she is pledged to Cmith.

Smith.

Smith.

Mabel C. Batchelder, Worcester, and Congressman George R. Stobbs, Worcester, filed Republican nomination papers from the 4th District. They are pledged to President Hoover, as are Charles B. Rugg, 18 Westland st, Worcester, and Harry H. Daw, Grafton, who filed papers as alternate diagrates from the 4th District

move works to their advantage. The next election will see new records compiled in the number of Democrats who will remain away from the voting booths. The two sides are too far apart to be reconciled.

It is generally agreed that Smith will not be nominated and there are far too many Democrats who openly have declared that they would rather lose with him than win with another candidate, to permit Gov. Ely to draw the full party vote to the booths in the event he is the cardidate. If Curley were wins the nomcandidate. If Curley ever wins the nomination, the old cry of "Curley must be destroyed" will be resumed.

SAYS RELIEF COSTS MAY BE \$10,000,000

Mayor Alarmed at Mounting Welfare Demands

Welfare department costs in Boston, which have been mounting steadily for several months, reached a new peak in February, and provided basis for the conviction of Mayor Currey, that unless conditions materially change, approximately \$10,000,000 must be provided to maintain the department during the

February costs were \$949,844 in comparison with an outlay of \$790,639 in January. The expenditures for the first

two months were \$1,740,383.

Despite the optimism that there would be a downward trend during the present month, the fluctuations in the number of recipients of assistance from the city have not been appreciable and the new requests, filed daily, have frequently been in excess of the number deleted

from the rolls. As welfare costs have soared, so have the expenditures for soldiers' relief which amounted to \$138,365 in the first two months of the year. The rise in February distribution to veterans has

been worrying Mayor Curley but he is hopeful that the tendency towards a substantial monthly increase will not be maintained.

The January disbursement for soldiers' relief was \$61,083 but the February figures reveal a jump to \$77,282, which is abnormally high and indicative of a yearly expenditure of about \$800,000.

But for the downward revision of But for the downward revision of the weekly payments to sufferers from unemployment who have been com-pelled to seek public aid, the welfare department expenditures would have been from 20 to 25 per cent. greater than have been listed.

The figures are said to show that The figures are said to show that Boston is expending more per capita from the tax levy than any other American city How much the burden upon the taxpayers will be eased by the city's share of the \$3,000,000 unemployment fund has not yet been determined but the most hopeful of officials place the contribution from this source as materially below the anticisource as materially below the anticipated share of \$2,000,000.

ChOBE 3/20/32

WILL USE NEW SYSTEM IN 1932 REVALUATION

Assessors to Make Use of Blueprints Now Complete on Half of Real Estate in City

Because of its intimate relation to their pocketbooks, all Boston's property owners and taxpayers will be glad to hear that, when the Assessing Department's staff of 115 men begin next Friday their annual revaluation work, these field agents will inaugurate a scientific system for a more equitable determination of land values, thus filling a long-felt want among complaining title-holders of the city's \$1,814,789,000 worth of real estate.

When the system is fully in opera-When the system is fully in operation, its key will consist of an engineer's blueprint outlining each of the 113,000 parcels of land in the city's 5000 blocks. Outlines of about half the city's total number of parcels are so recorded on paper today, and a staff so recorded on paper today, and a staff of 55 engineers, architects and drafts-men are to aid the regular field force in assembling data about the un-finished half. These drawings will all be on the scale of 30 feet to an Inch, and noted on each is the frontage, lepth, area, and notes about buildings.

if any.
The Real Estate Exchange, Chamber of Commerce, Society of Engineers and Society of Architects, all are enthusiastically supporting Mayor Curley in pushing the plan to full realization. So operating a year hence, it will tend to cure many complained-of inequalities that have slowly crept into assessing work by reason of the character of the original cow-paths which today ere Boston's downtown highways, by reason of the haphazard growth of some of her regions, by reason of annexa-tion to the old city of such diverse communities as Charlestown, Roxbury, Dorchester, Brighton, Hyde Park.

To Create Nine Districts

Heretofore values all over the city have been fixed upon a loosely comparative basis. Henceforth the city will be divided into nine districts for valuation purposes, namely, East Boston, Charlestown, the city proper, South Boston, Roxbury, West Roxbury, Dorchester, Hyde Park, Brighton. Each district will be zened and a fixed foot value standard set up for fixed foot value standard set up for each neighborhood in each zone.

The fort-value standard will take into consideration corner predominance, gereral and special neighborhood characteristics making locations desir-

trend, industrial and commercial facil-

trend, industrial and commercial facilities, community conveniences such as transportation, or its lack—preximity to churches, schools, playgrounds, parks, parkways, etc.

Supplementing this foundation work, it is hoped to obtain complete data concerning each of this city's 75,000 buildings of all kinds, relative to the building's type of construction, age, financing, purchase, occupancy and use, so that the structural value, floor area and cubical displacement. floor area and cubical displacement

will be based upon a more complete history than heretofore.

If this proposed system can be perfected in detail, and its operation confected in detail, and its operation continued with perfection, there is no reason why foot-values in any district or zone cannot be changed to meet changing conditions. Nor is there anything to hinder revision of this data with changing market conditions. The result ought to be a reduction to minimum of grounds for dissatisfaction with assessed valuations.

Plan Launched in 1915

Principal Assessor Neal J. Holland Principal Assessor Neal J. Holland launched this new plan in operation in a small way in 1915 with Mayor Curley's cooperation, and Chairman Edward T. Kelly and Principal Assessor Henry L. Daily are today supporting the change to the new system. The records upon which the department heretofore hered its work were diverse. heretofore based its work were diverse and not always reliable.

Today individual drawings exist for

large portions of Stuart st, the North and South Ends, and the Back Bay, West Roxbury, Roxbury, Dorchester, East Boston, Brighton, Useful in the making of these and those yet to be done are photographs of whole blocks of Boston, made a few years

blocks of Boston, made a few years ago from airplanes.

Another argument for completion of this new system as a forerunner to a sane revaluation of the entire city is the underlying fact that for the past two or three years gross valuation totals for the downtown Boston have tended to stand still. Owners of these complain that, as a whole, they are bearing far too heavy a load of taxation. taxation.

Of Boston's total current, \$1,110,of \$1.814,789,000 on real estate, \$1,110,000,000 is owned or controlled by 1118
corporations and land into consideration corner predomin-ance, gereral and special neighborhood characteristics making locations desir-able or otherwise, changed environ-ment in the upward or downward house sections.

Smith-Roosevelt Fight Here Is War to Death Between Two State Democratic Factions

"Curley Must Be Destroyed," Say Ely-Walsh Forces-Recall Collins-Murphy Feud

By W. E. MULLINS

Political oblivion is the fate presently the Smith forces to produce an irreconwatching the gradual unfolding of the candidate in 1928. bitter campaign being waged between those of Gov. Roosevelt.

those who are standing by the man who was the idol of the party four years ago or on those who have cast their fortunes with his successor at Albany will not be definitely determined until the votes are counted in the presidential primary election on April 26.

The slumbering volcanoes that have been awakened will bury one of the two groups. Smith and Roosevelt have become nothing more than symbols in this struggle for supremacy by Mayor Curley on one side against the combined forces of Gov. Ely, Senator Walsh, Frank J. Donahue and Daniel H. Coakley. The mayor pictures it as a fight between soldiers and generals.

The odds are all in favor of the coalition because they have the powerful magnet of Smith's name, somewhat dimmed since the flamboyant days of 1928, it's true, but still a great advantage. The Roosevelt forces thus far have demonstrated that they have plenty of money behind them, and they are willing to spend it.

If both sides told the truth, the Democratic machine would confess that its motto is "Curley delendus est" while the mayor would revise the title of the Roosevelt slate of delegate-candidates to "Curley's campaign committee for Governor."

It was inevitable that the issues of sectionalism and sectarianism would be injected into the battle because the Smith apostles invariably have been so intense in their devotion to him that they have provoked or initiated such charges. The sectionalism will come when Curley goes through with his plan to charge Smith with being prepared to aid in giving the nomination to Speaker Garner of Texas.

With that charge he expects to divide

in store for one large group of office- cilable group who will not submit to the holding Democrats in this common-risk of having a Texan as their candiwealth. This opinion is generally shared date for President because of the knifby those observers who have been ing the Democrats of Texas gave their

Many of the young Democrats who the supporters of Alfred E. Smith and have deserted Smith to work for Roosevelt are menaced with the fate that be-Whether the finger has been placed on fell John R. Murphy whether they win or lose. A generation ago he was regarded as one of the most powerful figures in the party and he maintained his position until he engaged in a fight against Gen. Patrick A. Collins.

To the Democrats of that time Collins was the "Al Smith" of his party. The only crime that Murphy committed was to run against Collins for the nayoralty and he paid the price for battling the hero of the Democratic party in 1899 just 22 years later.

In 1921 he ran against Mayor Curley in the campaign in which former Dist .-Atty. Pelletier sought vindication. That reached one of the highest spots in political bitterness that the city ever has witnessed. Murphy had the support of practically every politician in the party, the Good Government Association, Republicans and almost the solid press.

He was waging what was generally regarded as a winning fight until well into the campaign when Mayor Curley began to turn back the pages of history. From the ancient files he reviewed Murphy's opposition to the late Gen. Collins, to whom a statue had been erected by popular subscription at the Charles-

Finally the mayor drew on his picturesque vocabulary to accuse his rival of having "sold the pass" 23 years previous. From the moment that the forgotten Collins issue was dragged into the campaign Murphy's star began to wane and when the votes were counted he was beaten by a slender margin.

Ancient animosities that had no bearing on the fight they were waging produced his downfall. In the current engagement those who are opposing Smith have exposed themselves to the same menace. Whether he wins or loses is of no consequence. Smith's name and fame will live on with Massachusetts

Democrats after he has retired from politics and their present stand will return to plague them.

Even the widest of political differences between Boston Democrats have been bridged in years gone by; but Murphy's fight against Collins cost him the mayoralty of Boston as sure as anything can be in politics, and his political hatred of Curley continues unabated.

One example of how political friendships can be broken and subsequently restored is the current status between Mayor Curley and James T. Purcell. In the 1921 municipal campaign Purcell was Curley's manager, something with which he since has dispensed. After the election they broke. Purcell was elected to the city council.

One night in the fall of 1924 when the mayor was running against Alvan T. Fuller for Governor, Purcell stood up publicly at a dinner in Young's Hotel and declared that the breach between him and Curley never would be healed and that as long as the mayor was a candidate for political office he would oppose him. Today they are bosom friends.

Mayor Curley will not have to sweep the entire Roosevelt slate to victory to emerge from this contest with fresh prestige. He has only to win a place for himself and his personal popularity will have been vindicated. He then will be in position to run against Gov. Ely for the nomination for Governor and he is convinced that he can defeat Lt.-Gov. Yourgman in the election.

NOTHING COMPARABLE

There has been nothing comparable to this impending split in the Democratic party in recent years. Back in 1930 when Curley battled Ely in the primary there were not nearly so many partisans definitely and openly placed on the line. That was a transient war which was quickly transformed into peace on the surface.

This time the issue is to destroy Curley for all time, and he is fighting with his back against the wall because the organization, in addition to having the support of the Governor, the two senators and the four congressmen, has John F. Fitzgerald, Martin Lomasney and practically every other political leader of consequence.

The weakness of the mayor's position is that he is the only demonstrated votegetter in a state-wide fight on the Roosevelt ticket. It is almost unbelievable that he has the strength to carry his associates through on his back against such solidified opposition.

He must combat the charge that he has with him many delegate-candidates who are disgruntled at having been left off the Smith slate. Councillor James H. Brennan and Councilman Thomas H. Green are conspicuous members of that group. They are Smith men at heart and would have welcomed an invitation from Chairman Donahue to join with him in the Smith crusade.

Looking over the situation from this position the Republicans need only to sit back and watch develop

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

By JOHN D. MERRILL

The Roosevelt supporters have had most of the publicity in Massachusetts recently, but the time is doubtless coming when the friends of Ex-Gov Smith will have their full share of newspaper space. Mayor Curley's earlier political campaigns show that he believes in making an early start, with the hope that before the other side gets under way he will have tied up many who are wavering or doubtful in regard to their political align-ment. He has followed that policy in the existing contest for Presidential delegates from Massachusetts to the Democratic national convention. There is one risk which the Smith

leaders must face and they probably have it in mind. If Roosevelt carries two or three additional States as decisively as he carried New Hampshire and North Dakota, the movement in his behalf may gain so much headway and impetus that it will sweep aside the opposition in Massachusetts and put this State also in line for the New York Governor.

Name Is Almost Magic

Apprehension of that result was probably in large measure responsible for the filing of a Massachusetts ticket pledged to Smith. Those Democrats who were unwilling to bind themselves to Roosevelt a long way in advance of the convention realized that they could not do much merely as his op-ponents, without a candidate of their own, and so they prevailed on Smith to permit the use of his name. It is almost a magic name here, and most of the politicians who have no special interest in the fight now going on are unable to believe that the Smith ticket for delegates-at-large can be beaten.

It is, however, almost as difficult

to believe that Mayor Curley, strong in Boston and known throughout the State, will be beaten by all of the 12 candidates for delegates at large on the Smith ticket. Something will de-pend on the places which the opposing tickets draw on the premiry ballot. If tickets draw on the premiry ballot. If the Roosevelt group, headed by Curley and James Roosevelt, has the good fortune to draw first position on the ballot, the Roosevelt slate will proct. The highest hopes of the Roosevelt supporters exist with relation to the district delegates. When the Smith

district delegates. When the Smith leaders put all of their strongest names on the delegation-at-large they names on the delegation-at-large they materially weakened their district delegations. One interesting feature of the primary is this: each of the Democratic delegates-at-large will have only half a vote in the national convention, but each of the district delegates will have one vote. If, therefore, Roosevelt carried four or five of the districts he will have a substantial minority in the Massachusetts delegation.

The Democratic Outlook

Many Democrats regret that Mrs Francis B. Sayre of Cambridge will not be a delegate to the national convention. The understanding is that she was asked to run on the Smith ticket, but that she declined because she was not satisfied with Smith's attitude on the Lesgue of Nations and

would not bind herself to support him.

would not bind herself to support him. As a daughter of Woodrow Wilson and also in her own right, she would have been a prominent figure in the convention, which she must attend now, if at all, as a spectator.

There is, of course, some dissatisfaction among Roosevelt supporters on account of the prominent part which Mayor Curley has in the campaign. The Mayor is not popular with everybody in his party, and some of the The Mayor is not popular with every-body in his party, and some of the friends of the New York Governor resent the prominence which, they say, Curley has assumed. It is not unreasonable to suppose, however, that no leader would have been wel-comed by all the Roosevelt people. Man is not made that way. Criticism of the Smith ticket began the moment it was filed and has continued ever of the Smith ticket began the moment it was filed and has continued ever since, chiefly on the part of those who did at receive places on it. The same thing has been true, and perhaps in even greater measure, in relation to the Roosevelt ticket; there are scores of Democrats who are angry because they were passed by. Nothing will please everybody.

Reaction Upon Curley

It will be highly unfortunate for the Democratic party if the fight for Presidential delegates rouses sufficient bitdential delegates rouses summent off-terness in the party to put the re-election of Gov Ely in danger. In the 1930 election he had a plurality of about 16,600 over Gov Allen; that margin is not so large that it can be safely

tampered with. The Democrats have been disposed to make light of Lieut Gov Youngman as a candidate for Covernor; that is, they have assumed it will be much easier to defeat him than it was to beat Gov Allen, and, inasmuch as Gov Ely will be in November a candidate for reelection to the office he now holds, much can be said for the Democratic philosophy. This fact should be borne much can be said for the Democratic must be presented at the same office philosophy. This fact should be borne in mind, however; the Republicans, in mind, however; the Republicans, the within which vacancies caused by withdrawals may be filled does not expire until Tuesday of next week, but the important dates are Tuesday and ering to the knowledge that the Governor elected next Fall will make scores of appointments in the State some of them very important ones. The loss of all, or most, of these party may compose their differences offices will be a serious blow to Republican domination in the State, and unite on a compromise list of delegates to the national convention. The that members of that party are making ready to forget their lack of appreciation of Youngman and get in line week. ones. The loss of all, or most, of these

for preserving their hold on the State

appointive offices.

Gov Ely will probably receive no more Democratic votes this year than he had in 1930. His election may be in denger if any Democrats desert him. Clearly he has more to lose than anyone else if the fight now going on disturbs harmony in his party.

Only Contests for Committee

The Republicans are agreed in regard to their candidate for President. Massachusetts has no candidate of its own for either first or second place on the national ticket, and the only contests in sight are those for the succession to Liggett as the Massachusetts member of the Republican national committee and for the place Mrs Thayer holds as the woman member of the committee. Both of these ber of that committee. Both of these offices will be filled by the delegates to the national convention.

It is commonly assumed that John Richardson will be chosen to succeed Liggett; no one in the State is closer than Richardson to President Hoover, than Richardson to President Hoover, and there can be no doubt that the President would like to have Richardson elected. Mrs Thayer has a hot fight on her hands; her opponent is Mrs Frank Roe Batchelder of Worcester, now vice chairman of the Republican State Committee, who has been active and from the provided the right to vote. It looks as though the contest would be close, as it was four years ago. The Republican leaders will use every means in their power to put the soft pedal on the prohibition issue. It remains to be seen whether they can convince the ardent anti-prohibitionists that it is more important to elect

ists that it is more important to elect Republican candidates for office than to get an expression of opinion on an issue which troubles the Republicans alone in this State, but plagues both

parties elsewhere.

Primary Technicalities

Four years ago, chiefly through the insistence of Gov Fuller, the primary ballot gave the voters an opportunity to express their preference among the Presidential candidates, but that privilege will not be offered this year. Fuller was devoted to the Hoover cause and, because of his official position, succeeded, against the opposition of some of the Republican politicians, in having the preferential vote put on in having the preferential vote put on the ballot. The Republicans have no need of such an expression of opinion

this year, but it would be informing it the Democratic voters had the chance to say whom they preferred for their Presidential candidate, although the delegates might not be bound thereby. thereby.

The preliminaries leading up to the primary will all but end this week. In order to have the names of candidates order to have the names of candidates go on the primary ballot, nomination papers which have been approved by local boards of registrars must be filed not later than 5 p m, Tuesday, at the office of the Secretary of State. Withdrawals, in order to be effective, must be presented at the same office not later than 5 p m. Friday.

There are those who still insist that the two factions in the Democratic party may compose their differences

HERALD 3/20/32

CURLEY TO DISCLAIM CANDIDACY AGAINST ELY FOR GOVER

Roosevelt's Son Indicates Mayor Will Renounce Ambition

DEFENDS LATTER'S PART IN CAMPAIGN

To Make Peace Move Here Today

By W. E. MULLINS

ing Gov. Roosevelt of New York for Roosevelt's complete approval. It is a the Democratic nomination for the surprise in view of the many gestures presidency, Mayor Curley will publicly that Curley has made indicating he disclaim any intention to run against plans to run against the Governor. nation for Governor tomorrow noon, when he takes the stump in the first open forum in support of Roosevelt's campaign at the headquarters he will open at 333 Washington street.

Clear indication of his intention to The original plans to have him declare himself in a statement this afternoon were vetoed in favor of the open forum appearance and young Roosevelt will take his place in the regular Sunday afternoon Roosevelt discussions which have been in progress for more than a month.

Jackson is the man who directed the Joseph B. Ely for the Democratic nomi-

Open at 333 Washington street.

Clear indication of his intention to renounce his gubernatorial ambitions was seen last night in a statement from James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, in which he predicted that at the proper time the mayor will make his purpose in supporting Roosevelt so clear that it cannot be misunderstood by any one.

Originally the mayor was scheduled to deliver an address this afternoon in support of the Roosevelt campaign to elect a full slate of delegates in the Massachusetts primary on April 26, but his place will be taken by young Roose-

his place will be taken by young Roose- sides.

Smith and Roosevelt factions, which will be made here today by James A. will be made here today by James A. Work who serves without young Roosevelt will arrive tomorrow Farley of New York, who serves without portfolio as manager of the Rooseveltfor-President campaign in the country

Farley left New York on the midnight train and will be met early this morning at South Station by Robert Jackson, leader of the Roosevelt forces in New England. Their immediate objective is a visit to Portland today, where

situation, but they will return to Boston tonight to discuss Massachusetts politics without the advice of Mayor

Farley and Jackson, with LaRue Brown of Boston, are members of the Roosevelt forces who have been opposed to Mayor Curley's belligerent operations in support of the New York Governor.

James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, released a statement last night vigorously defending the mayor's N. Y. Governor's Managers participation in the campaign to elect a Roosevelt delegation from Massachu-

*DECISION SURPRISE

The decision to have the mayor definitely eliminate himself as a rival to Governor Ely for the nomination was As proof of his sincerity in support-reached yesterday and met with young

The original plans to have him de-

reconciliation between the warring Smith and Roosevelt factions, which

young Roosevelt will arrive tomorrow noon when the mayor is expected to eliminate himself as a possible rival to Gov. Ely in the September primary beyond any speculation. Some of the mayor's political foes suggested yesterday that his anticipated stand had been decided on because of the threat from former Gov. Fuller that he will be a candidate for his old office.

Cummings and Merrick, executives of the Franklin D. Roosevelt club of Massachusetts, expressed appreciation of

sachusetts, expressed appreciation of Curley's efforts in Roosevelt's behalf, but suggested that his value to the campaign had been impaired by the

suspicion that he was background by his personal ambition to be Governor and that he was intending to use the Roosevelt campaign as means of advancing himself as some Smith supporters said he used the "happy warrior's" campaign in 1928 to ballyhoo his approaching campaign for mayor of Boston.

In their extensive survey of the situation, Cummings and Merrick maintained that Curley had succeeded in making his enemies. Rosevelt's enemies. making his enemies Roosevelt's enemies. They deplored the possible circulation of the impression that the mayor "is the alpha and omega of the Roosevelt movement in Massachusetts."

ROOSEVELT'S STATEMENT

In defence of the mayor's position young Roosevelt released the following statement:

Like yourselves I must pay my respects to Mayor Curley for his courage in standing firm for a principle in which he believes. The only way he knows how to fight is to do so wholeheartedly. I cannot

to do so wholeheartedly. I cannot ask him to do less.

I do know, however, that in keeping with the fine spirit of cooperation he has demonstrated throughout, that at the proper time the mayor will make so plain his purpose in supporting Franklin D. Roosevelt that neither Mr. Donahue nor any one else will be able successfully to becloud the only issue of this presidential campaign, namely, "Is Franklin D. Roosevelt the candidate best fitted to win and to administer the public office of President of the United States?"

We also have plans in the making to unite the support of those in all parts of the state who are work-

to unite the support of those in all parts of the state who are working for Gov. Roosevelt.

In conclusion I want to say that we have had, and will have, the full co-operation of Mayor Curley as well as others in making this campaign not a battle by any one general, but by a united army of Democratic voters all over Massachusetts. Constructive suggestions such as yours are always welcome.

setts. Constructive suggestions such as yours are always welcome. The attack directed at Mayor Curley by Cummings and Merrick and the scheduled visit here of Farley for his conference with Curley are the first indications of a lack of unanimity in the Roosevelt camp.

Thus far the mayor has been at the head of the vigorous Roosevelt movement without any interference from other sources. He was subjected to considerable criticism by Roosevelt forces for ignoring Capt. Cummings, La-Rue Brown and Whitfield Tuck in the naming of his delegation, but that was discounted when the slate was announced.

discounted when the slate was announced.

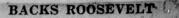
Since then he has been vigorously attacked for inviting enrolled Republicans to desert their party and join in the fight. Invitations to accept places on the slate have been publicly extended to Col. Percy A. Guthrie and Joseph H. Hanken, both enrolled Republicans. Hanken already has become a Republican apostate and enrolled as a Democrat, while Guthrie is giving earnest consideration to the procedure before he burns his party bridges behind him.

The Canadian war hero has indicated that it is his intention to return to the Republican fold after the Democratic

Republican fold after the Democratic presidential primary but he has been informed that he will not be welcomed back in the event he deserts at this

while the mayor apparently is entirely willing to renounce his gubernatorial ambitions in view of his unchallenged declaration that Gov. Ely had entered into a solemn agreement to return a first one term and support aim this year, he is not prepared to abandon his Roosevelt open forums, which will be patterned after the forums Le conducted at Young's Hotel in 1928 for Smith.

Gov. Ely thus far has ignored the



Brennan Says Sole Issue Is Who Is Best Man to Fight Hoover

James H. Brennan, member of the Governor's council and a candidate for delegate-at-large pledged to Roosevelt issued a statement yesterday in which he said that in his opinion the sole America is the question, "Who is most available and strongest man defeat Hertert Hoover?"

The statement follows: There is only a single answer to There is only a single answer to that question. The man who carried New York state for Governor by approximately 750,000 votes, who has carried Democratic primaries in New England, Democratic primaries in the Northwest, and who has pledged delegates on the Pacific seaboard as well as the Atlantic, and who is strong North, South, East and West—the universal choice of the Democracy—is the candidate I am urging the sensible, intelligent, moderate Democrats of Massachusetts to vote for, Gov.

candidate I am urging the sensible, intelligent, moderate Democrats of Massachusetts to vote for, Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt.

I may suggest to our good friends in the opposition that if Alfred E. Smith were actually and actively a candidate for President of the United States that 12 of the most obscure and humble Democratic voters in this commonwealth placed on a slate pledged to him would win decisively. Yet not a single private citizen of this commonwealth was selected to represent the common people on the opposition slate.

There are dictators in the soviet republic and other European states, now we have a new Lenin who has become dictator of the minds and consciences of the Democratic voters of Massachusetts. Yet I am inclined to believe that this is a very poor season for dictators, for title-holders, for nobility, to tell hungry men and women that they must accept their slate and accept their dictates or there is no other alternative.

Maurice J. Tobin, member of the

alternative.
Maurice J. Tobin, member of the
Boston school committee and candidate for district delegate pledged to
Roosevelt, in a statement yesterday
also urged the election of the New York

also urged the election of the New York Governor.

"To him," Tobin said, "the unemployed of America look with hope and confidence; in him those who know him best, the people of New York state, place an abiding faith, so that as a candidate for delegate from Massachusetts, I look forward with confidence to the action of the intelligent electorate of our state on April 26.

"I am satisfied that no individual either in Massachusetts or in any other part of the United States believes that Alfred E. Smith is a candidate. The true test of his candidacy is the absence of a delegation pledged to him on the New York state ballot."



WILL START **ASSESSING** IN NEW WAY

Holland Block Plan to Be Used in City This Year

The Holland block plan to standardize real estate valuations in this city will be introduced by the Boston assessors next week when they start out on their tour of the city to set taxable appraisals upon every lot and building here, April 1.

TO COVER HALF OF CITY NOW

This scientific system to obtain a more equitable determination of taxable values will be applied to half the city this year, and it is expected that next year the plan will be completed to cover all of Boston, and thus put an end to complaints against high and low assessment valuations.

During Mayor Curley's first administration the plan was launched by Principal Assessor Neal J. Holland, but it was subsequently abandoned to be re-

was subsequently abandoned to be rewas subsequently abandoned to be re-vived this year by the Mayor at the urgent demand of the Bostoa Real Es-tate Exchange, the Chamber of Com-erce, the Society of Engineers and

the Society of Architects to push it forward to its full realization.

The city is being divided into nine districts so that each district can be zoned and a fixed value per foot set up in each neighborhood or block in each zone.

In determining the standard foot value in each zone, the assessors will take into consideration several important factors, including corner pre-dominance, general and special neighborhood characteristics which make the location desirable or objectionable, changed environment in the upward or downward trend, industrial and commercial facilities, community convenience. iences such as transportation, proximity to churches, schools, parks, play-grounds, parkways and other accommo-

Street Men Get Instructions

Chairman Edward T. Kelly with Principal Assessors Holland and Henry J. Daily of the Board of Assessors have instructed their 115 street men who will go out this year to place the 1932 valua-

tions on Boston property.

They will appraise 113,000 parcels of land and 75,000 buildings which last year had a taxable valuation of \$1,814,-

Of this immense total of real estate property in Boston, fully \$1,110,000,000 is owned or controlled by 1118 individuals, corporations, land trusts, and the major part of these holdings is located in the down town business district and in the railroad and warehouse sections of

lin D. Roosevelt do not ask the support of any individual on these grounds."

velt's record of accomplishment as speed. chief executive of New York. The days, until the primaries, April 26.

Chairman Frank J. Donahue, of the Democratic State Committee arbiter of the Smith slate of dele gates, is denounced as a "new Lenin" in a statement issued by James J. Brennan, of Charlestown Democratic member of the Governor's Council.

Paying his respects to David I. Walsh and other office holders supporting Smith, Brennan, a Roosevelt delegate candidate. declared that "all the political humpty-dumpties in Massachusetts cannot deceive and hoodwink the aroused American electorate.'

BREAD THE ISSUE

Summed up in one word, he stated, the great issue of the campaign is "bread."

Brennan asserted that if Smith was an active for the nomination at the convention, he would be supporting him as enthusiastically as he did four years ago.

"When he says he is not a candidate for President, I believe he is telling the truth," he continued. "The best proof that he is sincere in this matter is the fact that in only two states of the Union has his name been used. Certainly he would seek delegates in all of the states, if he were an actual candidate.

"The conclusive proof of his non-candidacy is his own state of New York, where there is no or-ganized movement to secure delegates pledged to ex-Governor Smith. Surely New York politi-cians and the New York people are as politically wise as we are. There is no fanatical display of campaigning in New York state such as we have confronting us in Massachusetts."

CURLEY FORUM OPENS

Brennan challenged anyone "to question the fidelity of Franklin D. Foosevelt or any man on the Roosevelt delegation in Massachusetts as to their devotion to Gov-ernor Smith."

With the formal opening today of

grounds of friendship or senti- the moosevent open forum by May-ment, and the friends of Frank- or Curley at 333 Washington st.,

sachusetts.

ELY DECLINES

for being for Smith.

he tell why he advocates a 10 per the State House by able spokesmen. ployes, will not take advantage of The Massachusetts Tax Association,

A Battle to Be Won

and a women's headquarters in the Dutch room at the Hotel Tour- It should not need great battle to degrounds."

aine, the campaign for the New feat on Beacon Hill, in this year of all York governor will get into high years, bills which would plunge the city elt's record of accomplishment as speed. Speakers, in addition to the of Boston between fourteen and fifteen forum will hold meetings every day mayor, will include James Roose- million dollars deeper into debt. Already at 12:30, except Saturdays and Sundays, will include James Roosevelt, news has come that within the legisladays until the primaries, April 26. Councilor Brennan, and a number of other leaders. The younger live committee on municipal finance Roosevelt, as part of the opening there is strong opposition to Mayor Curformalities, will read the power ey's plans for expenditures carrying of attorney given him by his dis-tinguished father to place a Rooseveit delegation in the field in Mas-city's existing debt-limit. But it is good to know that on Wednesday, for a final public hearing on one of the bills, what-Mayor Curley has invited Smith ever ammunition of argument and armasupporters to appear at the forum ment of solid fact, which may still be meetings and explain their reasons needed to show the unwisdom of munici-Governor Ely, who was given the pal extravagance at this time, has been first invitation with a request that fully assembled, and will be presented at

the opportunity, it was learned to-acting in union with the Boston Real Estate Exchange and the Boston Chamber of Commerce, have already gone on record against further loose spending by the city authorities. Their positionincluding especially that of the Chamber -will be brought to pointed summary at the hearing on Wednesday. Surely such words should fall on open ears! Governor Ely, be it remembered, said in his annual message for 1932: "During the preceding years . . . we have been most generous and perhaps too generous in letting down the bars which protect against municipal extravagance. May I enjoin upon you the necessity of refus ing, except in rare instances, any legislation this year which permits city to exceed its borrowing capacity.'

To that injunction the president of the Senate, Honorable Gaspar G. Bacon, added a keynote of his own in his presidential address as this year began, when he said: "We cannot under the present law control the expenditures of cities and towns within statutory limits, but we can prevent them from borrowing outside their debt limits for projects, however meritorious, unjustified in a period of financial stringency. . . . I would therefore recommend as a policy this year that within our power we authorize no city or town to incur additional debt except possibly in the case of extrem emergency."

If such pledges by responsible leader do not constitute a complete guaran then, in the world of politics, nothing does.

HE SAYS

Leaders in Washington to Help People in Crisis

"I am not a candidate for Governor, and would not accept the nomination even though it were tendered me without a contest."-MAYOR JAMES M. CURLEY.

More than 1500 men and women jammed the Roosevelt-for-President Forum at its opening today at noon in the Privince Building, 333 Washington st., and heard Mayor Curley make this announcement in denial of the charge that he was motivated by personal am- REFUSED IN 1930. bition.

The crowd filled the meeting hall on the second floor-seats, standing room and aisles. It overflowed into the corridors and on to the stairs.

Several hundred stood outside the building, blocking traffic, to listen in on the loud speakers. Many women were in the throng.

PROPER LEADERSHIP

Traffic was routed over Franklin and Bromfield sts. during the meeting, with Traffic Commissioner Conry on hand supervising things.

Mayor Curley asserted his purpose was to see proper leadership established at Washington so the American people may be relieved of intolerable conditions.

veral times he diverted from his prepared address, with sallies at his political enemies which drew applause and laughter.

One of these remarks was

"What right has he (Smith) to come in here without a single delegate from any state, at the hehest of Donarue and under the sinister influence of Cokaley, to divide the party?"

TELLS OF 1928 PACT

Referring to the Democratic peace pact of 1928, he said:
"At that time men became unit-

ed who had not spoken to ane another for 20 years, including Fitzgerald and myself, and Fitzgerald

and Tague. All buried the hatchet, while for years they had been burying it in each other's skulls."

Reports were widely circulated today that there was still a chance of compromise between the Roosevelt and Smith cohorts here.

Mayor Curley made another di-version from his prepared speech when he invited Gov. Ely to step forward, if in the hall, to explain why he advocated a 10 per cent salary cut for state employes.

He invited the apposition to speak at the forum, if they desire to.

DEAL REFUSED, HE SAYS

He said he had been willing to support a slate of delegates to vote for Smith until it was snown ne could not be nominated, after which the delegates should turn to Roosevelt, but the opposition refused.

He declared that in his belief Smith was not a candidate, and he said the opposition was attempting Only Concern Is to See Right to prevent the people from obtaining the relief they would get under Franklin D. Roosevelt as president.

The power of attorney, given by Gov. Roosevelt to his son, James, authorizing the latter to file for him with the secretary of state as a candidate in the Democratic primaries, was read at the meet-

"At the outset," said the mayor, "I desire to state emphatically that my interest in the campaign is actuated solely by the desire to provide the necessary relief for the citizenship of America from the intolerable industrial conditions that promise to continue until proper leadership in the nation has been made possible.

"I am not a candidate for Governor, and would not accept the nomination even though it were tendered me without a contest.

Such a tender and agreement was made in 1930 through the late lamented Sherman L. Whipple, and I refused because of a promise made in the Smith campaign in 1928 to support John F. Fitzgerald for Governor when all the warring factions were brought together.
"At no time have the friends of

Franklin D. Roosevelt been unwilling to agree to an honorable compromise in the interests of party unity and I am desirous that the electorate of Massachu-setts understand our position

thoroughly.

"The proposition was submitted that if the Donahue group was agreeable that one-half the delegates and alternates at large be selected by the friends of Franklin D. Roosevelt, and that the district delegates and alternates be permitted to contest, the delegates elected would vote in the convention for Alfred E. Smith until such time as he had been nominated or, in the opinion of a majority of the delegates, had been elimi-

nated as a candidate.

LOYALTY TO SMITH

"And in the event that he was not nominated, that fater he had been eliminated, the delegation woul dvote as a unit for the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt until h ehad either been nominated or, in the opinion of a majority of the delegates, had been

eliminated as a candidate.

"In a crisis such as confronts the American nation at the present time, the concern of the American people should be as to the methods of providing relief from economic conditions rather than paying tribute of affection to any individual.

"From the standard of levalty and service to Alfred E. Smith,

when a candidate in 1924 and 1928, I yield to no man, having contributed freely of time, ener-gy and money for the promotion

of his success.

"In the present contest, it is accepted that the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt, an outprogressive, standing mean his election. A complete cross section of the country where primaries have been held emphasizes this fact.

"Under date of Feb. 9, former Governor Smith said: 'Nothing in the statement I gave out to the papers can be interpreted as an anouncement that I am a candidate. All I said was that I would accept the nomination if the convention choose me. Now a candidate is a man who seeks the support of delegates and makes a campaign. I'm not going to do either.'

"When his attention was directed not only to the inconsistentcy in the permission for the use of his name in Massachusetts, but the possibility of serious injury to Democratic unity as a consequence of such action, Mr. Smith stated he gave his assent to the use of his name here solely on the understanding that it was a 'technical requirement' to permit his friends to express their sentiment and goodwill toward him.

RESPONSIBILITY IS SMITH'S

"The group headed by Mr. Donahue, opposing Franklin D. Roosevelt, in their desire to capitalize the name of Alfred E. Smith, apparently stand ready to attempt to prevent the American people from securing the measure of relief that is possible through a courageous, constructive, pro-gressive leader in the person of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

"If the only purpose is, as for-mer Gov. Smith states it, that his name on the ballot shall serve an an opportunity for expression of sentiment and good will, and the success of the outstanding Democrat in America for the presidency is jeopardized, then he alone as leader of the party is responsible for the injury that may result to the millions in America

"Mr. Donahue and his associates have attempted not only a colossal but an impossible task in their endeavors to convince the public that former Gov. Smith is a bona fide candidate, when the delegation in his own state is an unpledged one and no serious contest with a prospect of success is being waged in behalf of Al-fred E. Smith in any other state in the Union.

With 10,000,000 persons unemployed in America, a number more than three times as great as in 1930, it is folly to ask support of a candidate for President on the 1 AANSCRIDT 3/21/32

Roose elt Rally Ties Up Downtown Traffic During Midday Rush

IVE hundred or more persons eager to hear Mayor Curley's opening address in espousal of the cause of Franklin D. Roosevelt for President caused a serious blocking of traffic in the downtown section this afternoon. The crowd filtered into Washington and Milk streets soon after noon and remained there for an hour and a half. At first the police did nothing to interfere with the Washington street northward current of vehicles; later they shut it off, diverting everything down Franklin street and up Bromfield street, or Winter street; still later they cut off the Milk street stream, forbidding a turn into Washington street at the Old South Meeting House and forcing it into Hawley street.

It was a serious situation in the middle of the day, and especially on Monday, one of the two heavy traffic days of the week. Worst of all, it came without official warning from the traffic commission. Though it had been known for days that the mayor's daily forum at 333 Washington street would have a street hearing by the use of amplifiers, the traffic authorities apparently made no move to safe-guard the interests of business. In such an emergency the police always have power to act, and act they did today, even 12087

though they realized that what they were doing would impose such extraordinary burdens upon other thoroughfares that a most serious blocking at vital points would result. Between Boylston and Franklin streets

where traffic was diverted from Washington there was congestion which increased steadily as it approached the source of the trouble. Cars were packed from curb to curb and the sidewalk corners were jammed with people in excess of any normal midday crowding, which is of any hormal initially crowding, which is always bad enough. One officer said, "It's terrible; you rotten." Another said, "It's terrible; you can't get anything through." Another can't get anything through." Another smilingly said it was the politicians talking that was causing it. One did not know the cause, and another did not know cars were being diverted and thought the trouble came from delay in setting through the crowd in the street. getting through the crowd in the street

before the loud speakers.

It was little short of remarkable that It was little short of remarkable that vehicles got through at all for an hour or more, because of the absence of police team work. There were several bad "jams" on Tremont, Court, Hawley and Bromfield streets, and in the market district and the taxioch delivers found it may be the faviors of the faviors trict, and the taxicab drivers found it im possible to make the terminals on time even though they made wide detours The corner of School and Washington streets was a jumble, for its ordinary burden was more than doubled.

3/21/32

er the depression is worse or better, or upon the respective position of the parties on prohibition, would likely at tract sufficient independent votes to

AMUSING SIDE

Politicians More Worried Than Average Voter Over Possible Battle in Democratic Primaries;
Hoover Likely to Lose State Again

The situation on the Republican end is amusing when analyzed. Most of the party leaders are opposed to Lieuten ant-Governor Youngman for the nomination.

There is no class of people more fantastic in reasoning at times than the professional politicians. For some curious reason it is figured that a fight between Gocernor Ely and Mayor Curley for the Democratic nomination for Governor would tend to disrupt the party Certainly it did not have effect in 1930. Curley went the limit in that fight against Ely. His attacks could not have been more harsh o

If Mr. Curley should be a candidate If Mr. Curiey should be a candidate this year for the nomination it would have no other result than to stimulate political interest in the Democratic have no other result than to stimulate political interest in the Democratic party. Such a contest might be a good thing for the party. The voter generally does not take the average politician at his own estimation of himself. He is not particularly concerned over extraneous issues. The question of whether or not the Democratic party supports would have little bearing on the State election in November, however, it might influence the result of the gubernatorial primaries in September. Both Mr. Ely and Mr. Curley are tails to the respective presidential kites on the sole theory that it will advance their own personal and political fortunes. Elither Rooseyelt or Smith would get the solid support of the Democratic party if nominated in the presidential election and diepending on the circumstances, wheth

G. O. P. Angle Amusing

Unless Concession Is Made to

Wets

BY ROBERT L. NORTON

There is no class of people more fanstic in reasoning at times than the stic in reasoning at times than the indebt and is finding the utnost difficulty in raising money because of the in dect and is linding the achiest dim culty in raising money because of the position taken by President Hoover as

position taken by President Hoover as the leader of the drys. Never has the party been so badly organized generally as today. The delegation to Chicago is partly wet and partly dry only determined on one delegation to Chicago is partly wet and partly dry, only determined on one thing and that is to straddle to "save its nominee, President Hoover, from embarrassment." There is a devou hope that he will make some concession to the tremendous wet sentiment of the State in the Republican party, else it is generally admitted Hoover will again lose Massachusetts.

HERIFLA

FARLEY CONFIDENT

Depends on 11 Maine Delegates to Support Gov. Roosevelt

PORTLAND, Me., March 20 (AP)—A five-hour conference with leading Democrats here today sent James A Farley back to New York tonight confident he may depend on the support of Maine's 11 delegates to the Demo-

of Maine's 11 delegates to the Democratic national convention for Gov. Roosevelt and unshaken in his conviction that Roosevelt will be nominated on the first ballot.

Farley, chairman of the New York state Democratic committee and manager of Roosevelt's campaign for the presidential nomination, described his mission in this state to be "to impress on the Democrats of Maine the desirability of the nomination of Gov. Roosevelt as the Democratic candidate for President."

Roosevelt, he said, is the "only man

velt as the Democratic candidate for President."
Roosevelt, he said, is the "only man Roosevelt, he said, is the "only man the Democrats can nominate who will be absolutely sure of election."
The 75 Democrats who greeted Farley here assured him Roosevelt's candidacy was arousing enthusiasm in this state. Farley said he would not, however, seek an instructed delegation in the Deriocratic state convention March 28 and 29. It has not been the custom of the Democratic party in Maine to instruct its delegations to the national convention, although in 1928 after a bitter fight in the state convention, the party departed from its practice by binding its delegation for Smith.
Farley expressed the opinion that Roosevelt's assured strength in the convention would be augmented this week by the presidential preference primary

Roosevelt's assured strength in the convention would be augmented this week by the presidential preference primary in Georgia, which he predicted his candidate would carry Iowa 10 to 1.

He said he expected Iowa's delegation, to be chosen on the same day as Maine's, also would favor Roosevelt.

So fer as the New York Governor's prospects for election are concerned, Farley said he saw no reason to change his judgement of several months ago that Roosevelt would carry every state west of the Mississippi, "possibly executing Iowa, Michigan and California," and that he would win in "all but four or five states in the East."

Cho13E 3/21/32

FARLEY, HERE, SILENT ON BAY STATE FIGHT

Roosevelt Aid Reports That Maine Is For His Man—Curley to Drop Out of Gubernatorial Race

Democratic State Committee of New ple had asked the Roosevelt supporters

vention in Chicago next June. Nothing that has happened has shaken Mr Farley's expectation of victory, both in the convention and at the polls in November.

Mr Farley, who met the reporters last night at the Boston home of Robert Jackson, secretary of the Democratic National Committee, had nothing to contribute about the situation in Massachusetts. "That," he said, "is in the hands of Mayor Curley and converging at the strength of the converging to the converging that the said as a unit for him until he was nominated or eliminated. This offer is exactly what the Roosevelt people made some days ago.

The time within which tickets must be filed expires at 5 o'clock Tuesday, but withdrawals may be made until so'clock Friday. Consequently hope for a compromise will not be abandoned until the latter date, even if the prespect is not encouraging at the In massacrusetts. "That," he said, doned until the latter date, even if the "is in the hands of Mayor Curley and moment.

James Roosevelt. I know little or nothing about it except what I have read in the newspapers.

Forum to Open Today

Found Maine on His Side

"I came to New England," Mr Far- of the public forum on the second floor ley went on, "to pay a visit to Maine, of 333 Washington st. The first meetand went to Portland today with Mr ing will be held at 12:30 today, and and went to Portland today with Mr ing will be held at 12:30 today, and they told us that the will not be a candidate for Governor than 60 Democrats, representing that time he will announce that he more than 60 Democrats, representing that time he will announce that he sentiment in the party in the State is this Fall. That statement will proof overwhelmingly for Roosevelt. We ably please Gov Joseph B. Ely, and talked over matters, and I came away will take the ground away from the talked over matters, and I came away will take the ground away from the talked over matters, and I came away will take the ground away from the talked over matters, and I came away will take the ground away from the cause is in good hands there and does not want or need interference from the outside. I do not know whether or not the Maine delegates will be pledged to Roosevelt, but I was assured that they will vote for Roosevelt in conducting the forum.

The large room in which the meetings will be held has been prepared and decorated, and a great crowd is expected at the opening today. The forum will be carried on every day, and invitations to speak will be expected at the opening today. The forum will be carried on every day, and invitations to speak will be expected at the opening today. The forum will be carried on every day, and invitations to speak will be expected at the opening today. The forum will be carried on every day, and invitations to speak will be expected at the opening today.

Mr Farley had no appointments with Maine Leaders See Farley.

the first ballot.

Mr Farley had no appointments with Massachusetts Democrats, but met James Roosevelt, who went to Mr Jackson's house late in the evening.

Jackson's house late in the evening.

These three men conferred for an hour or more until the New York visitor had to take the midnight train for home.

Maine Leaders See Farley

PORTLAND, Me, March 20 (A. P.)

Democrats here today sent James A.

Farley back to New York tonight con-

By JOHN D. MERRILL

James A. Farley, chairman of the Democratic State Committee of New ple had asked the Roosevelt supporters.

York and one of the most important of the leaders in the movement to nominate Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt for President, was in Boston for a few hours yesterday, just as confident as he was last Summer that his candidate will be nominated on the first ballot in the Democratic national convention in Chicago next June. Nothing that has happened has shaken Mr

In the meantime Mayor Curley is

Compromisé Is Rumored

Stories were afloat yesterday to the effect that the two wings of the Democratic party would get together within

in has conviction that Roosevelt will be nominated on the first ballot.

Farley, chairman of the New York State Democratic Committee and leader in Roosevelt's campaign for the Presidential nomination, described his mission in this State to be "to impress upon the Democrats of Maine the desirability of the nomination of Gov Roosevelt as the Democratic candidate for President.

Convention Next Week

The 75 Democrats who greeted Farley here assured him Roosevelt's candidacy was arousing enthusiasm in this State. Farley said he would not, however, seek an instructed delegation in the Democratic State convention March 28 and 29. It has not vention March 28 and 29. It has not been the custom of the Democratic party in Maine to instruct its delegations to the national convention, although in 1928, after a bitter fight in the State convention, the party departed from its practice by binding its delegation for Smith.

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He said he expected Iowa's delegation, to be chosen the same day as Maine's, also would favor Roosevelt. So far as the New York Governor's prospects for election are concerned, Farley said he saw no reason to change his judgment of several months ago that Roosevelt would carry every State west of the Mississippi, "possibly excepting Iowa, Michigan and California," and that he would win in "all but four or five States in the East.

HERALD

LEAVES BOSTON WITHOUT SEEING BACKERS OF 'AL'

Action Implies Approval of Curley Leadership—'Will Not Interfere'

SON OF GOVERNOR DIRECTS FINANCES

Strength Obtained for His Father Throughout Nation Cited

By W. E. MULLINS

All hope of avoiding a serious party conflict between the Smith and Roosevelt forces in the Massachusetts presidential primary April 26 vanished last night when James A. Farley of New York, unofficial campaign manager for Roosevelt, left Boston without making any attempt to meet the Smith supporters in a move for peace.

His policy of non-interference provoked speculation as to whether he was convinced that it would be useless to attempt to persuade the Smith group to change its aggressive stand or that the picture painted for him was one of complete confidence that the Roosevelt slate will emerge from the contest for delegates successfully. The decision, however, was clearly for war.

The two Democratic factions now stand committed to engage in a devastating conflict to which the torch will be applied early this afternoon when Mayor Curley is expected to consolidate his position as a Roosevelt worker by making a public disclaimer of any intention to unseat Gov. Ely at the opening of the Roosevelt forums at 333

Washington street. Farley's attitude gave the impression that Gov. Roosevelt has given his approval to the set-up of the local situation which sees Mayor Curley controlling the campaign and prepared to hit the trail in a furious attack on the Smith supporters which he hopes will concentrate attention on the candidate

The mayor, it was learned, will conhe is supporting. tinue to lead the Roosevelt campaign in Massachusetts, but James Roosevelt, son of the Governor, will have an active share in the management and, in addition, will be in charge of the financial

Farley's visit to New England was arrangements. largely to survey the Democratic situation in Maine, and he was entirely optimistic as the result of a visit to Portland, where he discussed party affairs

with a group of ou Deigocrats representing 13 of the 16 counties.

His only Boston contacts with the Roosevelt forces were with Robert Jackson, executive secretary of the national committee, who directed the successful contest for delegates in New Hampshire, and with James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor.

that no conferences had been engaged in with the Smith leaders and they expressed contentment with the prosvinced that the Roosevelt campaign will vention. This total represents six from pects of the Massachusetts outlook, contedly strong Smith sentiment now pre-

Farley was emphatic in divorcing vailing here. himself from the Massachusetts situahimself from the Massachusetts situation. "It is not my purpose," he said, "to interfere in the Massachusetts campaign in any particular. I have made appointments with those who are conducting the affairs here and I am content with the manner in which they have been conducted."

His ready acceptance of the charac-

His ready acceptance of the charac-His ready acceptance of the character of the campaign that is being conducted by Mayor Curley was regarded as giving Gov. Roosevelt's stamp of approval to the decision to fight to the finish in the hope of gathering some delegate support here with the idea of delegate support here with the idea of the support that the election in November to permitting the election in November to take care of itself.

He expressed confidence in the loyalty of the Democrats of Massachusetts to their party and predicted that there their party and predicted that there would be no scars at the conclusion of the primary. Gov. Roosevelt, in his the primary. Gov. Roosevelt, in his cap convention on the first ballot. His cago convention on the first ballot. His confidence in making that prediction, confidence in making that prediction. Roosevelt sentiment he has found run-Roosevelt sentiment he has found run-Roosevelt sentiment he has found run-ring in various sections of the middle west and the East.

"In Maine," he said, "I found that "In Maine," he said, "I found that avorable to Roosevelt. Their state convention meets a week from Tuesday, yet we have made no attempt to obtain an apprendicted delegation. We have been He expressed confidence in the loyalty

vention meets a week from Tuesday, yet we have made no attempt to obtain an instructed delegation. We have been emphatic in our insistence that there be no pledges unless the sentiment is strong for Roosevelt.

strong for Roosevelt.

"I am satisfied that Jim Roosevelt, in his operations with Mayor Curley, has worked with the full knowledge and consent of his father. I cannot speak with any positive authority in regard to his accomplishments here because I to his accomplishments here because I have made it a point to adopt a hands off policy in regard to Massachusetts. "I don't know that Gov. Roosevelt has given his son power of attorney to has given his son power of attorney to his pame on the Massachusetts ballot, but if Jimmy has said he has then

lot, but if Jimmy has said he has then you can bank on it. It's so or else he wouldn't say it was.

"NO SUGGESTIONS"

"I have had no suggestions to offer in regard to the conduct of the Massachusetts campaign for delegates because I am convinced that it is in excel-

lent hands."
In giving his approval to the Curley-Roosevelt collaborations here he took a definite position against the attitude of Capt. John J. Cummings and John Grapt. Roosevelt workers who result demanded that Curley retire from his position of leadership lest he transfer his political enemies to the Roosevelt cause and thus needlessly injure it.

ckson, executive secretary of the nanal committee, who directed the sucnal contest for delegates in New
ampshire, and with James Roosevelt,
ampshire, and with James Roosevelt,
and three joined in the declaration
All three joined in the declaration
hat no conferences had been engaged
hat no conferences had been en

Gov. Roosevelt already has 64 votes pledged to his nomination in the con-26 that its momentum will be sufficiently strong to overcome the admit- and 24 from Minnesota. Farley expects row and will be surprised if Roosevelt's total does not exceed 200 pledged delegates when the Massachusetts Demogrates vot; in their primary five weeks

This strong demonstration of strength, ne believes, will carry great influence with the Massachusetts Democrats, impressing on them in his opinion the oressing on them, in his opinion, the fact that Roosevelt is practically im-

fact that Roosevelt is practically impregnable.

Jackson cites the fact that Farley's public predictions have not yet been public predictions have not yet been wrong in a single instance, accordingly wrong in a single instance, accordingly he attaches considerable significance to his willingness to be placed on record his willingness to be placed on record that Roosevelt will be nominated on the first ballot.

The Roosevelt workers do not share the pessimism of many of their partisans that the local fight will engender such deep bitterness that its results will discount the general belief that it will discount the general belief that it will be the field against Curley here, relying as they say, on the intelligence of the as they say, on the intelligence of the Jemocrats to refuse to be deceived.

Democrats to refuse to be deceived.

The opening of the Roosevelt forum this noon at 333 Washingtor. street will be accompanied by the greatest bally be greatest and the companies of the campaign thus far.

time Curley will announce the few re-blacements in his delegation-at-large which will see the withdrawal of the name of Col. Percy A. Guthrie from the

slate of alternates.

Mayor Curley was not prepared last night to announce the name of the candidate he will place in the alternates to didate he will place in the with-

didate he will place in the alternates to fill the vacancy created by the withcrawals of J. C. Joseph Flamand, French consul, and Col. Guthrie. He did indicate that the new candidate will be a French-Canadian of prominence.

The opening of the forum this noon will see the Roosevelt campaign launched full speed ahead. The forums launched full speed ahead. The forums will be continued daily until the election. Meanwhile the Smith workers have been practically inactive, watching developments and making their ing developments and making their ing developments inkling of what to electaration of Frank J. Donahue that declaration of Frank J. Donahue that of last week will be made a prominent of last week will be made a prominent

of last week will be made a prominent issue.

Farley, because of his position as chairman of the New York state committee, steadfastly refused to discuss the Ecosevelt-Smith situation in his the Ecosevelt-Smith situation in his own state, but it is believed that the own state, but it is believed that the last own for city and probably will not lack for supporters in that area.

Farley arrived in the city early yesterday morning and after taking breakterday morning and after a brief discussion with the press and young Roosevelt he left for New York on the midnight train. He did not york on the midnight train. Boston again prior to the presidential primary, election.

1 RANSCRIOT

Text of Curley's Address at **Opening of Roosevelt Forum**

today of the Roosevelt-for-President Fo. also has Washington on the Pacific rum on the second floor of 333 Washing-

should be made as to my reason for not Franklin D. Roesevelt, while on March 29 acceding to the orders of Mr. Donohue, the Maine delegation can be depended and those associated with him, in the upon to do likewise.

"The neighborin" State of New Hampgates to be elected in the primaries on shire, where a delegation pleaged to April 26. At the outset I desire to emphatically state that my interest in the desire to the electorate of campaign is actuated solely by the desire to provide the necessary relief for the Governor Roosevelt carried 230 out of citizenship of America from the intolerations of the state of Panna and the state of the sta gates to be elected in the primaries on shire, where a delegation pledged to provide the necessary rener to the Governor Roosevelt carried 250 out of citizenship of America from the intolera-235 cities and towns. The State of Pennble industrial conditions that have observational will vote in the primaries upon tained during the past three years and that the same day as Massachusetts and it is

would not accept the nomination even Roosevelt. So that, provided Massachuthough it were tendered me without a setts supports the candidacy of Franklin though it will a tender and agreement D. Roosevelt on the twenty-sixth day of was made in 1930 through the late la April, it will mean more than 200 delemented Sherman L. Whipple and I re-gates pledged to him with not a single fused because of a promise made in the delegate pledged to any candidate other Smith campaign in 1928 to support John than to a favorite son as a complimentary warring factions were brought together. Oklahoma.

"At no time have the friends of Frankthat the electorate of Massachusetts unde tand our position thoroughly. The proposition was submitted that if the Donahue group was agreeable that one half the delegates and alternates at large be selected by the friends of Franklin D. Rooseve.t and that the district delegates and alternates be permitted to contest. the delegates elected would vote in the convention for Alfred E. Smith until such

me as he had been nominated, or, in the pinion of a majority of the delegates, nad been eliminated as a candidate, and in the event he was not nominated that after he had been eliminated the delegation vote as a unit for the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt until he had of Franklin D. Roosevelt until he had was that he (1) was not a candidate; (2) either been nominated, or, in the opinion would not seek delegates; (3) would make of a majority of the delegates, had been eliminated as a candidate

Previous Loyalty to Smith

"In a crisis such as confronts the American nation at the present time and which has resulted in the unemployment of approximately 10,000,000 persons, the concern of the American people should be as to the methods of providing relief from economic conditions that are in

fection to any individual. From the tandard of loyalty and service to Alfred 2. Smith when a candidate in 1924 and 928 I yield to no man, having contribted freely of time, energy and money, or the promotion of his success.
"In the present contest it is accepted

hat the nomination of Franklin D. loosevelt, an outstanding progressive, vould mean his election. A complete ross-section of the country where primaies have been held emphasizes this fact. Alaska, the extreme northern section of our country, has instructed its delegates for him; North Dakota and Minnesota, The following is the text of Mayor for him; North Dakota and Minnesota, James M. Curley's address at the opening the farm belt, have done likewise, as Coast. Georgia will hold its Democratic preference primary on March 23, and it "I believe it but proper at the outset is reasonably certain that the delegation full and complete explanation from Georgia will be found supporting be made as to my reason for not Franklin D. Roesevelt, while on March 29

give promise of continuing until such conceded, by those in a position to know, time as proper leadership in the nation that fifty-six out of the sixty-two delections. "I am not a candidate for governor and will be found favorable to Franklin D. F. Fitzgerald for governor, when all the vote in the first ballot in the case of

"It must be apparent to every citizen lin D. Roosevest been unwilling to agree of Massachusetts that the declarations of to an honorable compromise in the inter- former Governor Smith have been acests of party unity and I am desirous cepted as expressed by him, namely, that he is not a candidate for the presidency. Under date of Feb. 9, in a statement published in the press, former Governor Smith said: 'Nothing in the statement I gave out to this morning's papers can be interpreted as an announcement that I am a candidate. All I said was that I would accept the nomination if the onvention should choose me. Now, a candidate is a man who seeks the support of the delegates and makes a campaign before the convention. I'm not going to do either. I'm trying to do the manly thing.

> 'So that on Feb. 9 and thereafter Mr. Smith's position, as explained by himself, no pre-convention fight: (4) as the leader of the party would keep his hands off.

"Technical Requirement"

"When his attention was directed not only to the inconsistency in the permission for the use of his name in Massachusetts, but the possibility of serious injury to Democratic unity as a consequence of such action, Mr. Smith stated hat he gave his assent to the use of his name in Massachusetts solely on the understanding that it was a technical requirement and in order to permit his friends in Massachusetts to express their sentiment and good will toward him. The group headed by Mr. Donahue opposing Franklin D. Roosevelt in their desire to capitalize the name of Alfred E. Smith apparently stand ready to attempt to prevent the American people from securing the measure of relief that is possible through a courageous, constructive, pror ssive leader in the person of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

If the only purpose that it is proposed

of hau, the ir through the expression of that sentiment and good will the success of the outstanding Democrat in America for the presidency is jeopardized, then he alone, as leader of the party, is responsible for the injury that may result to the millions in America who for three years have looked to the return of the Democratic party in control nationally for relief from the economic wrongs responsible for national depression, unemployment and suffering.

'Mr. Donahue and his associates have attempted not only a colossal but an impossible task in their endeavors to convince the public that former Governor Smith is a bona fide candidate, when the delegation in his own State of New York is an unpledged one and that no serious contest with a prospect of success is being waged in behalf of Alfred E. Smith in any other State of the union. With ten millions of persons unemployed in America, a number more than three times as great as in 1930, it is folly to ask support of a candidate for the office of President upon the grounds of friendship or sentiment, and the friends of Franklin D. Roosevelt do not ask the support of any individual upon those grounds.

"It is our firm belief that if the issue were based on those grounds and the intelligent electorate of Massachusetts were permitted to pass judgment thereon, a majority would be found favorable to Mr. Roosevelt. They do not overlook the fact that, notwithstanding physical handicaps, in 1924 Franklin D. Roosevel labored incessantly in the Madison Square convention for the nomination of Alfred E. Smith; that in 1928 in the Texa: convention he did likewise and that against advice of physicians, friends and family, with a view to aiding the election of Alfred E. Smith, he stood as a candi date for governor and while Smith failed to carry his own State of New York Roosevelt was elected by upwards of 150,000 majority; that these two men have enjoyed the most cordial personal rela tions for a long period of years; and that the policies promulgated by Smith as governor have, in most cases, been car ried to a successful enactment by Frank lin D. Roosevelt,

Claims Support of Labor

"As governor of the State of New York Franklin D. Roosevelt has enjoyed at all times the confidence and the support of organized labor. In the field of social welfare work no man in the history of our country has labored with greater zeal and intelligence or accomplished as much in behalf of the wards of the State. His program of \$50,000,000 in a single year for the proper housing and care of the insane is an enduring memorial to his interest in his fellow We in Massachusetts have a peculiar claim upon Franklin D. Roosevelt for it was here that he was educated both in preparatory school and at Har vard College. During his service as assistant secretary of the Navy he was a welcome and frequent visitor at our Boston Navy Yard which, during his term of service, gave employment to the largest number of men ever known in the history of the Yard.

"New York State, in common with every other State in the Union, has experienced the problem of industrial de-perssion and the necessity for provid-ing relief for the unemployed, but New York State has met its obligation with courage and vision furnishing an example to every State in the Union and which example if followed by every State in the Union would result in more employment and less misery throughout the nation.

"Firm in the belief that his God-given attainments as statesman and adminisby former Governor Smith that his name upon the ballot shall serve, as he states it, is that opportunity for expression of some conditional and good will towards him over the candidacy of Frankin D. trator are essential to the well being of

Curley Not Aspirant For Ely Post, He Says at Roosevelt Forum

Would Not Accept Governor- heard the forensics as relayed by amplifiers from the forum. ship "Even Though Tendered Without Contest"

Reads "Al" Smith Out

Brands Donahue's Slate Impossible Attempt - Compromise Talk Still Persists

By William F. Furbush

'I am not a candidate for Governor and would not accept the nomination even though it were tendered me without a contest. Such a tender and agreement was made in 1930 through the late lamented Sherman L. Whipple, and I refused because of a promise in the Smith campaign in 1928 to support John F. Fitzgerald for governor, when all the warring factions were brought together."-Mayor Curley.

Thus did Mayor James M. Curley eliminate himself today as a prospective contender against Governer Joseph B. Elv for the Democratic nomination for governor in the coming primaries. It is the mayor's answer to speculation which has 1932 and came as a dramatic feature of his formal opening at 333 Washington employer to do likewise." street of his forum in behalf of the Mr. Curley amused the gathering by candidacy of Governor Franklin D. referring to the hatchet buried by him-

Mr. Curley plars out comment in these columns several weeks ago immediately after his hurried and secretly planned. The Roosevelt champion advised his

date of March 9, to place a slate of been accepted as expressed by him, name-pledged delegates in the field, Mayor ly, that he is not a candidate for the John J. Murphy, who has said that the presidency."

Roosevelt slate is not anti-Smith, and Thomas Cassidy of Chesire, one of Colossal, Impossible Task the Curley delegates, who introduced the speakers of the day.

day of this week in recognition of Holy Week. Tomorrow will be service men's day and Wednesday will be given over to the Italian Democrats.

The Governor Smith is a bona fide candidate."

Further attacking the Donahue leader-to the Italian Democrats.

The mayor departed from his prepared speech to attack Governor Ely again for recommending a 10 per cent wage cup for State employees and did not miss an

"What right has Smith to come here at the behest of Donahue under the siniter influence of Coakley to divide the

"Under No Conditions"

The mayor was frequently cheered throughout his speech, especially when he announced that he would not be a candidate for governor, and amplified his prepared remarks by stating:

"Under no conditions will I be a can-didate for governor—this year."

He referred laconically to the fact that Governor Ely was not present in response to the invitation extended to him as a courtesy by virtue of his office, been rife for nearly two years that he present reasons for advocating a 10 per would aspire to the executive chair in of the State," a recommendation which, cent reduction in the wages of employees he said, "gave authority to every private

Roosevelt for the Democratic presidential nomination.

By his announcement definitely taking gerald in the 1928 campaign, remarking.

By his announcement definitely taking in not only gave up the opportunity of the company of the c himself out of the gubernatorial picture, being governor in 1928, but I shook

visit to Albany for a conference with auditors that they should not look upon the "array" of leaders in the Smith camp stated that the mayor, to show the singular that the mayor, the singular that the mayor that the m

candidacy, was prepared to site parts assurancy that he was not a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination if by that assurance he would relieve the Rosevelt cause of any embarrassment. As was the case when he conducted his one-man campaign for Smith in 1928 in old Young's Hotel, the mayor proved himself a good "showman." attracting a crowd of nearly 1000 men and women who taxed the capacity of the secont-floor suite of offices and the approaching corridors. Another large gathering which caused diversion of sireet traffic at Washington and Milk streets, likewise at Washington and Milk streets, likewise

betrayal of the true Democracy of Massachusetts.

"I asked permission of my father to join with Mayor Curley to defeat the small group of men who are playing on the sacred word of friendship in order that they may trade your votes on the convention floor."

In his prepared speech, more or less mild in comparison with his recent utterances, the mayor repeated his contention that former Governor Alfred E. Smith for whom a pledgd slate of delegates has been placed in the field under a Smith power of attorney by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State Com-Among the speakers, besides the may mittee, is not actually a candidate. It or, were James Roosevelt, son of Gover must be "apparent to every citizen of nor Roosevelt, who read the power of at Massachusetts," he said, "that the dectorney received from his father under larations of former Governor Smith have

He declared that "Donahue and his as-The forum sessions will be daily, the sociates have attempted not only a colosmayor announced, but will be omitted feavors to convince the public that for-on Thursday, Friday. Saturday and Sun-mer Governor Smith is a bona fide candi-

desire to capitalize the name of Alfred E. Smith," they stand ready "to attempt to prevent the American people from securing of relief that is possible through opportunity to take a fling at his arch enemy, Daniel H. Coakley. Concerning the latter he said:

| Courageous, constructive, progressive eader in the person of Franklin D. Roosevelt." He expressed assurance of Roosevelt's nomination and election.

Talk of a compromise persisted a mayor got under way with the for opening of his drive against the

Week-end advances by certain of the Roosevetl forces in attempts to avoid a devastating Democratic battle State are reported to have been sistent as to raise the question among the Smith leaders whether Governor Roosevelt would release the power of attorney giving his permission to place a pledged list of del gates in the field. The time for filing this slate, and the candi date's written consent, expires at 5 o'clock

Much advance significance was attached to the visit here yester v James A. Farley, chairman of the cratic State Committee of New Y manager of the Roosevelt campa. in, ror conferences with Robert Jackson, secretary of the Democratic national om tee and New England manager of the Roosevelt candidacy. Mr. Farley was here twice during the day, before and subsequent to a trip to Portland, and left for New York without having conferred with any of the Smith whom he was expected to meet.

Mr. Farley had nothing to offer with

relation to the Massach setts situation, which, he said, is in the hands of Mayo' Curley and James Roosevelt, son of the

tomorrow nigfiht.

New York governor.

The stand of the Smith supporters is declared be adamant as heretofore against any impromise, it being considered that any compromise now would be in the nature of ar sult to former Govcroor Smith specially since his ex-change of telegrams with Mayor Curley which was marked by the closing wire of Smith to the effect that he considered the mayor was attempting to place him in a false light and seemed "a bit tricky."

should save his Massachusetts friend from further humiliation. If he doe not act now, he alone will be responsible for the injury that may result to the interests of those Massachusetts people who look forward next November to relief by the Democratic party through Mr Roosevelt, from the intolerable industrial conditions which prevail under Mr Hcover.

"In this connection, I invite you

vail under Mr Hoover,
"In this connection, I invite you attention to those photographs on you der wall, of breadlines and soup kitch ens, photographs made in large American cities, due to conditions that have developed under Mr Hoover.
"When Massachusetts and Pennsyl yania hold their primaries on April

vania hold their primaries, on Apri 26, Roosevelt will have won victories that will give him over 200 dele gates for the Democratic national convention. At that time Ex-Got Smith will have no New York State delegate, nor any from any other

State.

"What right has Alfred E. Smith then, at the behest of Donahue and under the sinister influence of Coakley, to divide the democracy of Massachusetts? Why, he must figure that every Democrat in the Bay State is non composimentis!"

He referred to "the dog-like devotion of Frank Roosevelt to Gov Smith." then alluded to the "array of office-holders" on the Ely-Walsh-Donahue ticket, and repeated his criticisms of Gov Ely for the latter's proposed decrease in State employes' salaries. aries.

James Roosevelt Introduced

Then Mr Curley asked his audience Then Mr Curley asked his audience if anyone in it cared to defend State Committee Chairman Donahue, saying: "Do you of his friends who may be in the audience care to defend any possible injustice that may have been done him, 'Daisy' Donahue—they tell me Judge Donahue after next Wednesday—possibly?"

Mr Curley concluded by announcing that veterans' organizations would conday-possibly?" duct tomorrow's rally, and that on Wednesday, Italian groups will conduct it. No other rallies will be held there during Holy Week, the Mayor

James Roosevelt, son of Gov Roosevelt, was introduced, and he read a power of attorney from his father conveying authority to put a pro-Roosevelt candidate into the field here.

Ex-Senator Thomas F. Cassidy of Cheshire, Roosevelt delegate-at-large candidate, called the Empire State's

candidate, called the Empire State's Governor "the one candidate who may best reconcile and harmonize whatever discordancy there is in the national Democracy."

After reviewing the old friends

Democracy."

After reviewing the old friendship between Roosevelt and Smith, Cessidy asked: "Since when have ingratitude and disloyalty been attributes of the Democracy of Massachusetts of Massachusetts? Thank God, they never have been and never will be!"

CURLEY LAUDS ROOSEVELT IN HARVARD CRIMSON

IN HARVARD CRIMSON

Bestowing unstinted praise on the New York Governor as an "alert and progressive mind," Mayor James M. Curley of Boston has written an article for the Harvard Crimson in which he finds that America "sorely needs" a man of the Roosevelt type.

The Crimson, undergraduate daily at Cambridge, is to conduct a Presidential poll among the students next week, and is printing articles by various political authorities on the candidates, who are Calvin Coolidge, President Hoover, Gov Roosevelt, Alfred E. Smith, Newton D. Baker Albert C. Ritchie, Gov William H. Murray of Oklahoma, Senator Hobert J. Bulkley of Ohio, and Senator James A. Raed of Missouri.

DEMOCRATIC LOYALTY

To the Editor of the Transcript:

Permit me, please, a few lines of space to reply to Mr. John J. O'Brien, chairman of the town Democratic committee, Canton, whose letter dated March 15 ap-

Canton, whose letter dated March 15 appears in today's issue of the Transcript.

There is a saying, "None are so blind as those that will not see," which it would seem aptly applies in Mr. O'Brien's case. Mr. O'Brien charges Mayor Curley in his championing of the cause of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt for President with "being armed with the dull sword of jealousy." Also Mr. O'Brien says, "Mayor Curley was never a whole-hearted supporter of Governor Smith." Actions speak louder than words. If this latter is true, then Mr. O'Brien is refuted, for no one in the State gave more unselfishly or more wholeo'Brien is retuted, for no one in the State gave more unselfishly or more whole-heartedly of himself and his substance than did Mayor Curley in the cause of Alfred E. Smith in 1928.

It was admitted everywhere during that campaign and afterward that it was Mayor Curley who put Alfred E. Smith over in Massachusetts; conceded even by those who disliked such an admission.
To any sane or fair-minded man, Mr.
O'Brien must stand hoist by his own
petard when he mentions jealousy, for those who oppose Mayor Curley now, as those who oppose Mayor Curley now, as then, by their own actions, proved to be motivated by the emotions of jealousy. In 1923 they were jealous, but could not help themselves. Any sane review of facts since then will convince that jealousy has prompted the makers of the Smith slate to attempt to elbow Mayor Curley out of the political picture in the State of Massachusetts.

State of Massachusetts. As for the rank and file of Massach setts Democrats being with Governor Smith to the bitter or glorious end, that remains to be seen. No one forsakes the principles for which Governor Smith sto when they work for and advocate the no ination and election of Governor Rooseve Rather do they make more sure the possi bility of putting into practice those princi-ples by the nomination and election of man who stands the best chance and who will surely be elected the next President of the United States. No surer way to have those principles put into operation can be had than by seeing that Governor Roosevelt is nominated and elected to the

high office of the presidency. Mr. O'Brien would have the voters o Massachusetts bump their heads against the same stone wall in 1932 that wrecked Governor Smith's chances in 1928. And all for what? Not because of undying loyalty to Alfred E. Smith so much as because of the emotion charged to Mayor Curley—jealousy. If loyalty to Governor Smith transcends loyalty to the Demo-cratic party and to Democratic principles then the voters will follow the dicates of Mr. O'Brien and those who dicated the Smith ticket. We honor and rivere Governor Smith for the man he is and the battle through which he passed, but 1932 is not 1928 and Democratic success in 1932 d'etates that common sense and sound logic prevail.

JOSHUA H. JONES, JR.

Boston, March 18.

ChoBE 3/21/32

OPENS ROOSEVELT RALLY SERIES

Assails Good Faith of Ely-Walsh-Donahue Movement



MAYOR CURLEY SPEAKING AT ROOSEVELT FORUM James Roosevelt, son of Gov Roosevelt, in foreground.

In an address in which he assailed the good faith of the Ely-Walsh-Donahue movement and declared that he himself is not a candidate for Governor, Mayor Curley opened this afternoon a series of pro-Roosevelt rallies at 333 Washington st, to be held daily, except Saturdays and Sundays, at 12:30, from now until the April 26

Presidential primary.

Eight hundred men and women packed the upstairs auditorium and frequently interrupted Mr Curley with applause

and cheers. He said, in part:
"I am not a candidate for Governor
and would not accept the nomination
for Governor even though it were tendered to me without a contest. Such a tender and agreement was made in 1930 through the late lamented Sher-man L. Whipple and I refused because of a promise made earlier in the Smith campaign, to support Mr Fitzgerald for Governor.

"I am not acceding to the orders of Mr Donahue, and those associated with

him in the movement to secure control of the delegates chosen in the April 26 primary.

campaign is actuated solely by the de-sire to provide relief for American cit-zens from intolerable industrial con-ditions existing during the past three years. These bad conditions are likely to continue until the proper leadership in the Nation has been made possible

"Impossible Task"

"Mr Donahue and his associated have attempted not only a colossal, but an impossible task in their endeavors to convince the public that former Gov Smith is a bona fide candidate. The delegation in his own State of New York is an unpledged one and no serious contest with a prospect of success

York is an unpledged one and no serious contest with a prospect of success is being waged in behalf of Mr Smith in any other State of the Union.

'With ten millions of persons unemployed in America, a number more than three times as great as in 1930, it is folly to ask support of a candidate for the office of President upon the grounds of friendship or sentiment, and the friends of Franklin D. Roosevelt do not ask the support of any velt do not ask the support of any individual upon those grounds.

"It is our firm belief that if the is-

sue were based on those grounds and the intelligent electorate of Massachusetts were permitted to pass judgment thereon a majority would be found favorable to Mr Roosevelt."

favorable to Mr Roosevelt."

Mr Curley announced that the title of this rallying headquarters is Roosevelt forum, and that contrary to custom, he will invite each day some member of "Mr Donahue's hand-picked slate" to take the platform at the meeting and present their claims for support of their candidate.

Announcing that he means in these

support of their candidate.

Announcing that he means, in these rallies, to give the Ely-Walsh-Donahue group a chance each day to explain why they are opposed to Roosevelt. Mayor Curley got a big laugh when, early in his own address, he

said:
"I particularly invited Gov Ely him
"I particularly in this rally today and self to appear in this rally today and to present his reasons for advocating a 10-percent reduction in the salary and wage of State employes. If His Excellency is in the audience I invite him to come forward."

Then, after a considerable pause Mr Curley said: "Well, it looks as though the Governor was detained or is not coming."
The Mayor continued:

"At no time have the friends of Mr Roosevelt been unwilling to agree to an honorable compromise in the in-terests of party unity, and I am de-sirous that the electorate of Massachusetts understand our position thou

oughly. oughly.

"The proposition was submitted that if the Donahue group was agreable one-half the delegates and alternates at-large be selected by the friends of Roosevelt and that the district delegates and alternates be permitted to contest, the delegates elected would vote in the convention for Alfred E. Smith until such time as he had been nominated or, in the onic was submitted Alfred E. Smith until such time as he had been nominated, or, in the opinion of a majority of the delegates, had been eliminated as a candidate, and in the event he was not nominated that after he had been eliminated that delegation vote as a unit for the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt until he had either been nominated, or, it the majority opinion, has been eliminated as a candidate.

Offer Until Tomorrow

"Mr Donahue and his associates still have opportunity to avoid taking licking in the April primary, by accepting this compromise offer, whise expires automatically tomorrow also at 5.

motion of his success. In the present contest it is accepted that the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt, an outstanding progressive, would mean his election.

election.

"A complete cross-section of the country where primaries have been held emphasizes this fact; Alaska, the extreme northern section of our country, has instructed its delegates for him; North Dakota and Minnesota, representing the farm belt, have done likewise; as has also Washington on the Pacific coast. Georgia will hold its Democratic preference primary upon Pacinic coast. Georgia will love Democratic preference primary upon March 23, and it is reasonably certain the delegation from Georgia will be March 23, and it is reasonably certain the delegation from Georgia will be found supporting Franklin D. Roosevelt, while upon March 29 the Maine delegation can be depended upon to do like-

LEADING CANDIDATE

"The neighboring state of New Hamp-The neighboring state of New Hampshire, where a delegation piedged to Smith appeared upon the ballot, is of particular interest to the electorate of Massachusetts, in that it is contiguous territory, and yet in this particular section Gov. Roosevelt carried 230 out of 235 cities and towns

235 cities and towns.

"The state of Pennsylvania will vote in the primaries upon the same day as Massachusetts and it is conceded, by those in a position to know, that 56 out of the 62 delegates from Pennsylvania to be elected will be found furnishing. to be elected will be found favorable to Franklin D. Roosevelt. So that, providing Massachusetts supports the canviding Massachusetts supports the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt upon the 26th day of April, it will mean more than 200 delegates pledged to him with not a single delegate pledged to any candidate other than to a favorite son as a complimentary vote in the first ballot in the case of Oklahoma.

ballot in the case of Oklanoma.
"It must be apparent to every citizen of Massachusetts that the declarations of former Gov. Smith have been accepted as expressed by him, namely, that he is not a candidate for the presidency. Under date of Feb. 9, in a statement published in the press former. Gov. Smith said: Nothing in the statement I gave out to this morning's papers can be interpreted as an announcement that I am a candidate. All I said was that I would accept the nomination if the convention should choose me. Now, a candidate is a man who seeks the support of the delegates and makes a campaign before the convention. I'm not going to do either. I'm trying to do the manly thing.'

SMITH'S POSITION

"So that on February 9th and thereafter Mr. Smith's position, as explained by himself, was that he.

"(1) was not a candidate;
"(2) would not seek delegates;
"(3) would make no preconvention '(4) as the leader of the party would

keep his hands off.

"When his attention was directed not only to the inconsistency in the permission for the use of his name in Massachusetts, but the possibility of se rious injury to Democratic unity as a consequence of such action, Mr. Smith stated that he gave his assent to the use of his name in Massachusetts solely on the understanding that it was a "technical requirement" and in order to permit his friends in Massachusetts to express their sentiment and good will toward him.

"The group headed by Mr. Donahue opposing Franklin D. Roosevelt in their desire to capitalize the name of Alfred desire to capitalize the name of Alfred E. Smith, apparently stand ready to attempt to prevent the American people from securing the measure of relief that is possible through a courageous, constructive, progressive leader in the person of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

PLACES RESPONSIBILITY

only purpose that it is pro

posed by former Gov. Smith that his name upon the ballot shall serve, as he states it, is that opportunity for expression of sentiment and good will towards him may be had, and if through the expression of that sentiment and good will the success of the outstanding Democrat in America for the presidency is jeopardized, then he alone, as leader of the party, is responsible for the injury that may result to the millions in America who for three the millions in America who for three years have looked to the return of the Democratic party in control nationally for relief from the economic wrongs responsible for national depression, unemployment and suffering.
"Mr. Donahue and his associates have

attempted not only a colossal but an impossible task in their endeavors to convince the public that former Gov. Smith is a bona fide candidate, when the delegation in his own state of New York is an unpledged one and that no serious contest with a prospect of success is being waged in behalf of Alfred Smith in any other state of the

Union

"With ten millions of persons unemployed in America, a number more than three times as great as in 1930, it is folly to ask support of a candidate for the office of President upon the grounds of friendship or sentiment, and the friends of Franklin D. Roosevelt do not ask the support of any individual upon those grounds. It is our firm belief that if the issues were based on those grounds, and the intelligent electorate of Massachusetts were permitted to pass judgment thereon, a majority would be found favorable to Mr. Roosevelt.

RECALLS 1928

"They do not overlook the fact that, "They do not overlook the fact that, notwithstanding physical handicaps, in 1924 Franklin D. Roosevelt labored incessantly in the Madison Square convention for the nomination of Alfred E. Smith; that in 1928 in the Texas convention he did likewise and that, against addice of physicians triands and form vention he did likewise and that, against advice of physicians, friends and family, with a view to aiding the election of Alfred E. Smith, he stood as candidate for Governor and while Smith failed to carry his own state of New York, Roosevelt was elected by upwards of 150,000 majority; that these two men have enjoyed the most cordial personal have enjoyed the most cordial personal relations for a long period of years; and that the policies promulgated by Smith as Governor have, in most cases, been carried to a successful enactment by Franklin D. Roosevelt. "As Governor of the state of New

"As Governor of the state of New York Franklin D. Roosevelt has enjoyed at all times the confidence and the support of organized labor. In the field of social welfare work no man in the history of our country has labored with greater zeal and intelligence or accomplished as much in behalf of the wards of the state. His program of \$50,000,000 in a single year for the proper housing and care of the insane is an enduring memorial to his interest an enduring memorial to his interest in his fellow man.

BAY STATE'S CLAIM

"We in Massachusetts have a peculiar claim upon Franklin D. Roosevelt for it was here that he was educated, both in preparatory school and at Harvard College. During his service as assistant secretary of the navy he was a welcome and frequent visitor at our Boston navy yard, which, during his term of service, gave employment to the largest number of men ever known in the history of the yard. "New Yor

"New York state, in common with every other state in the Union, has experienced the problem of industrial depression and the necessity for providing relief for the unemployed, but New York state has met its obligation with courage and vision furnishing an example to every state in the Union and which example if followed by every state in the Union would result in more employment and less misery throughout the nation." York state, in common with

attainments as statesman and administrator are essential to the well-being of the people of America I urge every individual in the commonwealth to support the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt in the primaries on April 26."

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS SILENT ON CURLEY ACTION

Democratic leaders generally were somewhat slow to comment today on Mayor Curley's announcement that he

would not be a candidate for Governor.
Gov. Ely, at his office in the State
House, announced that he did not care
to make any comment. Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic state committee and, like Gov. Ely, a leader of the Massachusetts Smith forces, said that he had nothing at all to say on the matter.

Robert Jackson, secretary of the Democratic national committee and a leader of the Roosevelt forces in New England, declined to comment. Apparently his attitude is that the matter is a local one between Curley and Ely

RANSCRIDT

Curley Clears the Track

The announcement by Mayor Curley hat he is not a candidate for governor his year and will not accept the nomnation if it is offered him removes one andicap under which the Rooseveltfor-President movement has been workng in this State. Too many persons have had the impression that while the mayor was campaigning so vigorously, almost noisily, in favor of the governor of New York, he was striking two blows for Curley for each blow he struck for Roosevelt. That impression was not a good one to have in the public's mind and no doubt had the effect of braking somewhat the progress of the Roosevelt candidacy. Whatever else may be said of the American electorate, it does prefer that its leaders, self-appointed or otherwise, shall be unselfish. It wants them to work for the cause and, not even ndirectly, for themselves.

The Curley dictum should offer no small relief to Governor Ely. He now stands unopposed for the nomination. There is no likelihood, moreover, that anyone will rise later to provide him with opposition in the primaries. But it will not be plain sailing in the election. Whereas a few months ago Republicans were feeling and saying that the governor was almost sure of re-election, they are today convinced that his position is not impregnable. A real contest is now in sight for this fall and daily the Republican chances are gro ag better. There are weak points in Mr. Ely's armor and the Republicans know it. Before the campaign is over the voters will know it, too, even if they haven't already formed their own opinion of the administration of the State's affairs during the past year and a half.

MAYOR STATES HIS STAND AS HE STARTS FORUM

Leader of Roosevelt Movement in Bay State Holds Al Smith Is Not Really a Candidate—Insists Governor of New York Is the One Man to Defeat Hoover and G. O. P.—Cites Primary Results

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Mayor Curley stated definitely today he is not a candidate and would not accept the nomination for Governor "and would not accept the nomination even though it were tendered without a contest."

The mayor made the statement in speaking this afternoon at the opening of the Roosevelt forum, which he is sponsoring the Smith campaign in 1928 to support at 333 Washington street, Boston.

ROOSEVELT MEN PLEASED

Some political observers had professed to see in the mayor's activity on behalf of Roosevelt a desire to run against Gov. Ely for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massachu-setts this year. The mayor's pronouncement today sets at rest such reports and indicates that Curley intends to finish his term as the chief executive of the city, which runs until the end of next year.

The mayor said an uncontested nomination for Governor was tendered him in 1930 by the late Sherman L. Whipple but he refused it because of a promise he had made in 1928 to support John F. Fitzgerald in 1930.

A number of nomination papers were filed at the office of Secretary of State Cook today. The time for such filing expires at 5 o'clock tomorrow.

The Smith forces in Massachusetts, under Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the state committee, Gov. Ely and Senator Walsh, are not expected to start their retaliatory campaign until after March 29, the last day for filling vacan-

cies caused by withdrawals.

Roosevelt backers welcomed the mayor's statement today as a proof of his sincerity in working for the New York Governor. The suggestion that the mayor should make such a statement was contained in a communica-tion to James Roosevelt, son of the Governor, by John J. Cummings last

THOUSANDS AT FORUM

A gathering of 2000 filled the forum quarters. There was a gathering of 1000 outside on Washington streett, "The Roosevelt forum, opened who heard the address of the mayor day at 333 Washington street, Be

and others by means of amplifiers. It was necessary to divert traffic as the

crowd outside grew in numbers.
Thomas F. Cassidy, former state senator of Cheshire, presided. Applause greeted the remarks of the mayor, also of James Roosevelt, son of the Goyernor, who followed him. Mayor Murphy of Somerville met with a bit of heckling at the hands of a woman in the front row and for a moment or two matters waxed warm, with other women in the gathering somewhat vociferously demanding that the heckler be put out. The heckler finally was silenced and left the hall.

Mayor Curley departed from his prepared copy at several stages, attacking Gov. Ely for his project of wage reduc-tions, and speaking of Daniel H. Coakley as "a sinister influence" in the cam-paign. His remarks met with approval of the gathering and he was applauded

James Roosevelt read the power of at-James Roosevelt read the power of attorney from his father allowing the use of his name in the primary. "We realize the obligation it imposes," he said, "and we have no selsh interests." Roosevelt attacked those who would "obscure the real issues of the campaign" and declared that the real fight is to prevent the "betrayal of the Democratic party." Pledge cards were distributed to the gathering and it was announced that

gathering and it was announced that tomorrow will be Servicemen's Day, with a number of representatives of the veterans' organizations telling what Gov. Roosevelt has done for the vet-

The text of Mayor Curley's prepared address is as follows:

MAYOR'S SPEECH

"The Roosevelt forum, opened this

will hold meetings every day at 12:30 P. M., Saturdays and Sunday excepted, P. M., Saturdays and Sunday excepted, until the primaries upon April 26. The purpose of the forum is to acquaint the electorate of Massachusetts with the issues of the primary contest and, contrary to established custom, it is the purpose of the friends of Franklin D. Roosevelt to permit the supporters and friends of Mr. Donahue's handpicked slate to present their claims for support of their candidate.

"The speakers who will address the gathering from day to day will be selected from the candidates for delegates and alternates upon the ticket pledged to the support of Franklin D.

gates and alternates upon the ticket pledged to the support of Franklin D. Roosevelt with such other outstanding economists and public spirited citizens as may be determined upon by the committee in charge.

"I believe it but proper at the outset that a full and complete explanation that a full and complete explanation should be made as to my reason for not acceding to the orders of Mr. Donahue and those associated with him in the movement to secure control of the delegates to be elected in the primaries on April 26. At the outset I desire to emph; atically state that my interest in the campaign is actuated solely by the desire to provide the necessary relief for the citizenship of America from the for the citizenship of America from the intolerable industrial conditions that have obtained during the past three years and that give promise of continuing until such time as the proper leadership in the nation has been made possible.

NOT A CANDIDATE

"I am not a candidate for Governor even though it were tendered me without a contest. Such a tender and agree-John F. Fitzgerald for Governor, when all the warring factions were brought

to gether,
"At no time have the friends of
Franklin D. Roosevelt been unwilling to agree to an honorable compromise the interests or party unity and are desirous that the electorate of Massachusetts understand our position thoroughly. The proposition was submitted that if the Donahue group was agreeable that one-half the delegates and alternates at large be selected by the friends of Franklin D. Roosevelt and that the district delegates and alternates be permitted to contest, the delegates elected would vote in the convention for Alfred E. Smith until such time as he had been nominated, or in the opinion of a majority of the delegates, had been eliminated as a candidate, and in the event he was not nominated that after he had been eliminated the delegation vote as a unit understand chusetts our position eliminated that after he had been eliminated the delegation vote as a unit for the nomination of Franklin D Roosevelt until he had either been nominated or, in the opinion of a majority of the delegates, had been eliminated or according to the control of the delegates. nated as a candidate.

ROOSEVELT THE MAN

"In a crisis such as confronts the American nation at the present time and which has resulted in the unemployment of approximately 10,000,000 persons, the concerns of the American people should be as to the methods of providing relief from economic con-ditions that are intolerable rather than paying tribute of affection to any in-

"From the standard of loyalty and service to Alfred E. Smith when a candidate in 1924 and in 1928 I yield to no man, having contributed freely of time, energy and money for the nite.

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ROOSEVELT AIDE MUM ON HUB CALL

Refuses to Discuss Prospects of Battle in Bay State---Still Predicts N. Y. Governor on First Ballot

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

"Roosevelt on the first ballot" was the prediction made last night by James A. Farley, chairman of the New York Democratic State committee and manager of the campaign for Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt of that State for President.

Mr. Farley was in Boston on his way to and from Portland, where he conferred with Maine supporters of Roosevelt, and received such encouraging reports that he expressed supreme confidence that the votes of

SILENT ON BAY STATE

Manager Farley was perfectly willing to talk with enthusiasm about the chances of Roosevelt throughout the country, but he was silent as the tomb so far as public statement was con-cerned with reference to the Massa-chusetts situation. He insisted that his visit to Boston was nothing more than a stop-over on the way from New York to Portland, that he had no appoint-ments with any of the political leaders, other than Robert Jackson, at whose home he spent the evening until he left for New York on the midnight, and James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, who called at the Jackson house to pay his respects and, of course, talk over the campaign generally.

Every effort to get Farley into a discussion of the battle between the Smith and Roosevelt forces in Massachusetts failed. He insisted that he had taken no part in the battle here, that he knew little or nothing about it and that he intended to keep out of the primary jam.

"Not Interfering"

He definitely refuted suggestions that have been made that he might seek to effect a compromise on some ami-cable basis between the Smith and Roosevelt people on this end.

"The Roosevelt campaign in this State is entirely in the hands of Mayor Curley and James Roosevelt," he said, "and I am not interfering in Massachusetts in any way.'

He bases his claim to a Roosevelt nomination on the first ballot on his canvass of the situation in the South and West. Roosevelt has 92 delegates already elected. There are 44 of the 72

from Pennsylvania, which holds its pri-mary on the same day as Massachu-setts, for Roosevelt without any opposi-

To "Win Easily"

Farley believes that, exclusive of Massachusetts, concerning which he would express no public opinion, the New Engand delegations will be strongly for Roosevelt. There are about 300 delegates to be elected between now and the time of closing the polls in Massachusetts on April 26, and Farley believes that the overwhelming majority of those will be for Roosevelt.

"I hope I can persuade you," he said, "that it is my honest judgment, based on the canvasses which have been made, that we are going to win easily, and that I am not merely indulging in that State will be for Roosevelt in campaign talk and predictions for effect. My opinion is based on the estimates we have had from leaders in all of the States of the Union—men who ought to be in a position to know of ought to be in a position to know conditions within their respect respective States.

Confident of Maine

"I went to Portland today with Robert Jackson, secretary of the national committee and the New Hampshire leader, whose prophecy regarding the outcome in his State was more than justified. We talked today in Portland with more than 60 men and women from 13 counties. From the reports I received at that meeting I feel confident that the sentiment in Maine is practically unanimous for Governor Roosevelt. We made no attempt Roosevelt. We made no attempt to suggest what action the Maine State convention should take in the matter of pledging its delegates or sending them uninstructed. The convention there will meet on March 29, and we were content to leave the decision in that matter antirely to the Maine that matter entirely to the Maine leaders."

Although Mr. Farley declined to comment on the Massachusetts situation however, it was apparent from this dis-cussion by Jackson and James Roose-velt that the followers of the New York Governor are counting on the Roosevell "band wagon" to help them gather strength for their delegates here. In view of Farley's statements that the Roosevelt strength will be shown perceptibly in the battles in other States between now and the date of the Massa-chusetts primaries, they believe that the steady growth of the Roosevelt vote will show the Democrats of Massa-chusetts that the New York Governor is a sure winner and that there will be a scramble to get on the Roosevelt wagon before April 26.

Forum Open Today

The Roosevelt Forum on Washington

street will open at 12:30 today, with Mayor Curley making the principal speech, in which some of his friends believe the Mayor will definitely take himsolf out of consideration as a candidate for Governor against Governor Ely in the September primaries and announce his intention to devote himself entirely to the Roosevelt cause. have been suggestions that Curley may be given a cabinet place, in the event of Roosevelt's election, and it is believed by some of his friends that he is counting so heavily on such a happening that he is prepared to forget any possible change of prepared to forget any possible chance of running for Gov-

Maurice Tobin, member of the Boston school committee, took the assignment on the radio in the Roosevelt campaign yesterday, which was originally to be filled by Mayor Curley. Tobin made no criticism of Alfred E. Smith, but devoted his whole time to an earnest appeal for Roosevelt on his record as Governor of New York.

James H. Brennan of Charlestown, member of the Governor's Council, last night issued a statement, justifying his presence on the at-large Roosevelt delegate slate, on the ground that Smith is not a genuine candidate and that he has been used by the Ely-Walsh-Dona-hue group in the State to their own selfish purposes.

Break With Governor

His statement indicated a complete break with Governor Ely, in whose council Brennan is the only Democrat and who has supported the Governor in the matter of appointments and confirmations up to date.

Declaring that ne was enthusiastically for Smith four years ago, Brennan takes the position that Roosevelt is the most available candidate this year. In his criticism of the Massachusetts

Smith group, Councillor Brennan said:
"I have complete confidence and full faith in the high degree of intelligence of the Democratic voter of this Commonwealth, and they can easily pene-trate the shallow manifestations of certain Democratic leaders in this State, who have presented for the bewilder-ment of the honest electorate of this State an imposing array of title-holders and job-holders, many of whom we have heard pleading and begging for votes in the highways and byways of this Commonwealth within a few months. In other words, those whom we elected as our public servants have suddenly

tried to become our masters.
"The very weakness of the opposition slate is the overwhelming array of grandiose titles. Why the multiplicity of title holders? It is an old adage in courts of law that numerous witnesses prove the weakness of a litigant's case. Truth does not rely upon numerous tiles, forms or figures. Truth prevails Truth prevails

thes, forms or ligures. Truth prevails even when standing alone.
"I may suggest to our good friends in the opposition that if Alfred E. Smith were actively and actually a candidate for President of the United States 12 of the most obscure and humble Democratic voters in this Commonwealth placed on a slate pledged to him, would win decisively. Yet not a Yet not a single private citizen of this Common-wealth was selected to represent the

common people on the opposition slate.
"I confidently expect that the next
President of the United States will be
Franklin D. Roosevelt. Massachusetts should be in the vanguard and not trailing in the dust-miles behind-while the dictators are trading and swapping the delegates from this State to those who would enrich their own political fortunes."

Council Probes Soldiers' Relief; Lydon Is Attacked Democrats. Curus ocnounced the recent purchase of land adjacent to the airport for \$107,000 and asserted that the assessed valuation was not more than \$30,000. He accused the park commission of bad faith, charged that the council approved an appropriation of \$1,250,000 last year upon representations which

Commissioner Ordered to Report Aid Extended Since Jan. 1-Charge "Fakers" and Beggars on Welfare Lists

An investigation of soldiers' relief disbursements in Boston was started by the city council yesterday when an order was passed that Soldiers' Relief Commissioner John J. Lydon be com-manded to submit to the council a detailed report of aid extended, by voting

precincts, since Jan. 1.

The council named a committee on welfare and relief which will function principally as an investigating board. Councilman Joseph McGrath will head the committee and the other members will be Councilmen Hein, Murray, will be Councilmen Hein, Murray, Ruby, Green, Donovan and Burke. That the council has become antago-

nistic to Commissioner Lydon, who has nistic to Commissioner Lydon, who has been characterized as too autocratic because of his open challenge of the possession by the council of any control over him, has been evident in recent

CALLED BEGGARS

Discussion yesterday of appropriation orders of \$3,600,000 for the welfare department and \$300,000 for the soldiers' relief department included the statement of Councilman Thomas H. Green of Charlestown that "25 per cent. of the recipients of public aid are pro-fessional beggars, fakers and racketeers, who have been building up a political organization which was known in the last council campaign as the woodpeckers.'

Green urged an investigation of disbursements and was supported by Councilman Roberts. Because available relief funds will be exhausted this week the council frowned on suggestions of postponement of action on the appro-priation orders and the money was

made available.
Councilman McGrath voiced his objection to the treatment accorded him by Lyden and Assistant Corporation Counsel Hale Power expressed his disagreement with the legal opinions of Power, and asserted the conviction that the program will convince both Lyden a showdown will convince both Lydon and his adviser that the council has much authority over the management of the soldiers' relief department.

This flare-up was but one of many at a protracted meeting. An attack by Councilman Dowd on the Women's Educational and Industrial Union, during which he displayed two sandwiches purchased at the Lewis school lunch-room counter yesterday, preceded the adoption of an order asking the school committee to investigate the school lunch business to determine if prices charged are fair.

SHOWS SANDWICHES

Dowd showed a sandwich, consisting of two thin slices of buttered bread, a leaf of lettuce streaked with mayonleaf of lettuce streamed with mayon-naise, for which he said he had paid 6 cents, and he dis-layed a similar sandwich, bought for a like price, con-taining a thin slice of ham. He argued that there has been gross misrepre-sentation by the promoters of the lunch counters in the school and asserted counters in the schools, and asserted that the milk for which 4 cents a half pint is charged has been the common grade retailed in stores at 8 cents a

defended the

Councilman Norton defended the Women's Union, out after viewing the sandwiches, he offered the order for an investigation by the school committee.

Councilmen Curtis and Norton vigorously objected to an appropriation of \$6000 for additional radiotone pictures of Boston's world war dead. They argued that the price of \$30 per picture is exorbitant and Norton charged that the company holding the contract won the award because of its standing with Mayor Curley. The additional funds were asked by the mayor in order that payment can be made for 180 more pictures than were originally intended, Instead of 990 photographs the number stead of 990 photographs the number which has been reproduced has reached 1180. The order was passed with Norton and Curtis in opposition.

In urging adoption of his order calling on the park commission to submit definite plans for the improvement of definite plans for the improvement of the East Boston airport, Councilman Curtis took a fling at the use of the City Record for political purposes. He specified a recent issue in which the leading article was devoted to the Democratic controversy and to Mayor

Curley's address to New Hampshire Democrats.

proved an appropriation of \$1,250,000 last year upon representations which were false, and demanded a frank explanation of the purposes for which money is to be expended this year.

In assailing the land purchase from the Bester Perulament Comment.

In assailing the land purchase from the Boston Port Development Company, Curtis was interrupted by Councilman Dowd who said: "Don't you know that it isn't so much how much the land was worth as who owned it? In this case the principal owner was William J. McDonald, an intimate friend of Mayor Curley."

An order presented for Councilman

Mayor Curley."
An order presented for Councilman Kelly, who was absent called upon the mayor to refrain from deducting a day's pay from the wages of any city employe, without specific permission, and to eliminate from deductions for unemployment relief all employes earning less than \$17.50 weekly. The order was tabled. was tabled.

In observance of Good Friday, the council approved the closing of City Hall from noon to 3 o'clock.

MR. CURLEY'S DECISION

Some months ago the Post expressed the hope that Mayor Curley would decide not to oppose Governor Ely this year for the Democratic nomination. The statement that he is not a candidate under any circumstances is therefore gratifying. No doubt, unless he assumes an office more attractive to him, Mr. Curley will be heard from when the 1934 candidate is to be chosen. By that time his term as Mayor will have expired. This year, it seems, Governor Ely is entitled to united support. The fact that he espouses the cause of one candidate for the presidential nomination, while others of his party favor another candidate, should not be the cause of friction in the battle for State office. The Republicans will make a desperate effort to recapture the governorship this year. The rumors of half-hearted support of Lieutenant - Governor Youngman, should he be nominated, may largely be discounted. With Governor Ely certain to be the standard bearer once more plans for the battle can be laid well in advance.

Smith in 1928, Democrats been burying their hatchets in one another's skulls, buried them for good. Tague and Fitzgerald joined hands in the cause and so did Curley and Fitzgerald. I personally waived the opportunity to be elected Governor and shook hands with men, some of whom it was hard to shake with, to carry the state for Smith."

At the outset he announced that he had invited Gov. Ely to address the opening of the forum and give his reasons for having advocated a 10 per cent. reduction in the wages of state employes. "Is his excellency in the hall?" the mayor asked. Receiving no answer, he said: "Either he has been detained or he is not coming."

The mayor declared that his sole interest in supporting the Roosevelt can-

terest in supporting the Roosevelt can-didacy was to provide relief for the country from intolerable industrial conditions. After eliminating himself as a contender for the gubernatorial

nomination he said that the late Sherman L. Whipple had offered to clear the field for him in 1930 but that he refused because of a pledge made during the 1928 campaign to support Fitzgerald. He declared that the friends of Roosevelt have been willing at all times to accept any honorable compromise in the contest for delegates but that no agreement could be reached. He predicted Roosevelt would have

agreement could be reached.

He predicted Roosevelt would have 200 delegates to none for Smith by April 26. He insisted that it should be apparent to all that Smith is not a genuine candidates, based only on his own personal statements.

own personal statements.

He charged that the Donahue group is merely attempting to capitalize the Smith name but that obtaining an expression of sentiment and good will in that manner will jeopardize the chances of electing a Democrat to the presidency. He dismissed the task of attempting to convince the public that Smith is a bona fide candidate as impossible, particularly in view of the fact that the New York delegates to the convention will not be pledged to him.

In praising Gov. Roosevelt's current administration he compared it with Gov. Ely's as he charged that "every wage reduction in Massachusetts traces to Gov. Ely's recommendation for salary decreases which was an invitation to private employers to do likewise."

"BANKERS ASKED CUT"

"The bankers asked me to reduce the wages of municipal employes. I told them I'd resign as mayor of Boston before I'd cut wages. Any man who advocates wage reductions at this time advocates a return to the old standard of wages and is unworthy of the title of American citizen."

James Roosevelt told the audience that he would not stand for what he believes is a betrayal of the Democrats of Massachusetts. A small group of men here, he charged, is playing with



Mayor Curley delivering address for New York Governor, William Barker of East Boston, city councilman, is standing behind the mayor. Seated, left, James Roosevelt and Joseph H. Hanken, former state commander of V. F. W.

the sacred word of friendship in making a plea for votes for Smith. "These votes," he continued, "would be traded on the convention floor."

He read the power of attorney sent him by his father to be used on the ballot by the Roosevelt candidates.

Mayor Murphy told his audience of his deep devotion and admiration for Smith. He would be found foremost among the Smith workers, he declared, if Smith were actually a candidate. He expressed the opinion that Smith is not a candidate and that when the time comes he will be found nominating Smith at the convention. He paid no attention to the woman who attempted to heckle him.

to heckle him.

Gov. Ely has an egagement in connection with the launching of a ship tomorrow at Camden, N. J. He will visit Smith while in New York, merely to acquaint him with the local situation. His associates said he would not invite Smith to participate in the campaign, as such a move might be interpreted as indicating lack of confidence in their ability to carry the ticket to victory without him.

Coakley's answer to Curley follows in parts

In this instance I'm willing to take the mayor's word that he's not going to run for Governor be-cause I always knew the fact. In November in the press I said he

would withdraw before the spring primary and now he's done it. Ithen stated that I expected to be Governor before he was and now that he says he's out I suppose I should announce that I won't run, so that makes it unanimous for Gov. Fly Gov. Ely.

Gov. Ely.

As to the personal allusions to me in his speech they only show that Jimmy hasn't learned anything by experience. One would believe that the frightful licking he took when Gov. Ely won would help to reduce his head, but perhaps it's a disease and he can't help it.

He's got the blackjack out again He's got the blackjack out again and he verbally assaults Frank Donahue as he physically assaulted him in the Elv fight when he kneed the boy with his gang of thugs behind him. As I've had frequent occasion to remark, I know Jimmy very well, very well indeed. I might say I can predict his every move in advance. I know what his next move is and am prepared to next move is and am prepared to

reply.

He's at his old trick again. To me, every foul word he utters against me is a boost. I'm sorry against me is a boost. Im sorry that such honorable men as Gov. Ely, Senator Walsh, Mr. Donahue and Alfred E. Smith should be the object of his rancor. These men are gentlemen who can only deal with Curley at arm's length.

3/22/32

SMITH BACKERS **PLAN VIGOROUS COUNTER DRIVE**

Will Retaliate for Curley candidate for the governorship this candidate for the governorship this year. I would not accept the nomination were it tendered me without a contest."

To supplementing the mayor's dis-Roosevelt Forum

QUALIFY COMPLETE SLATE FOR PRIMARY

Traffic Blocked by Crowd At Mayor's Rally—

By W. E. MULLINS

Supporters of Alfred E. Smith were preparing a counter offensive last night to be launched against Mayor Curley some time this week in retaliation for the blackpared that the mayor again has "the blackpack out and he you hally assaults Donahue as he physically assaults Donahue as he physically assaulted him in the Ely fight when he kneed the boy with his gang of thugs behind him."

Coakley declared that Curley knows, in spite of his accusations, that Coakthe blistering arraignment of them and ley had nothing to do with making

some time this week in retaliation for the blistering arraignment of them and their candidate yesterday at the public opening of the mayor's Roosevelt forum.

First to reply to the mayor and to defend Smith will be John R. Murphy, one of his bitterest foes, who has promised to prove to the Democrats that Curley is engaged in a campaign entirely characteristic of his political methods.

Following him, William G. Thompson will explain why he is convinced that Smith can win the election this year in spite of his defeat in 1928. Gov. Ely successful that Cakradiates, in spite of his accusations, that Coakley had nothing to do with making up the Smith slate of candidates. The mayor spoke to a capacity audience at his Washington street hall. Loud speakers carrying the address to the street attracted so large a crowd that police were forced to divert traffect from Washington street. The high spots in Curley's speech were a denunciation of Gov. Ely's wage reduction proposal, an indictment of Smith as an ingrate, his positive withdrawal from the contest for the governorship and an inferential request that a primary fight be avoided by a peace treaty before the expiration of the time.

smith can win the election this year in spite of his defeat in 1928. Gov. Ely and Frank J. Donahue, who has Smith's power of attorney, believe that there is plenty of time in the five weeks their fight, convinced, as they are, that their task is easy because of Smith's reputation and popularity.

Well in advance of the election, April 26, both will take the stump in a vigorous campaign to be waged against Cur-

ous campaign to be waged against Cur-tures. ley, with Roosevelt, according to current plans, being eliminated from the picture

tary of state.

This procedure apparently was the Daniel H. Coakley at the opening of the left the hall without further trouble.

Daniel H. Coakley at the opening of the left the hall without further trouble.

At the weekly meeting of the city public forum he will conduct daily in Council man John F. Dowd of Roxbury, candidate for delegate on the

"Don't fire until you see the whites of their eyes" seems to be the policy to comply with the provisions of a city ordinance which prohibits salaried officials and employes of the city from solution to compare the major's renunciation of any intention to compare the major.

Smith slate, unsuccessfully sought approval of an order calling on the major to comply with the provisions of a city ordinance which prohibits salaried officials and employes of the city from holding membership in political committees or conventions. any intention to oppose Gov. Ely for a renomination in the September pri
Countie Galvin, clerk in the municipal employment bureau, and Julian D.

In supplementing the mayor's dis-claimer of gubernatorial ambitions as a gesture of the sincerity of the Roosevelt contest for delegates, James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, pledged that the Roosevelt organization would be permanently disbanded the day after the primary election.

The mayor's sharp arraignment of the forces backing the Smith campaign drew a sharp retort from Coakley. He was referred to as a "sinister figure" and linked up with Donahue in what the mayor interpreted as an unjustifiable intrusion into the Massachusetts

WOMAN HECKLES MURPHY

Other speakers at the Curley rally because of their admittedly high regard were former Senator Thomas J. Cassidy of Cheshire, James Roosevelt and Mayor A complete list of candidates pledged Manphy of Somerville. The Somerville to Smith for places on the Massachu-mayor was heckled by a woman whose setts delegation to the Democratic devotion to Smith apparently was too national convention qualified for the great to resist the temptation to stand presidential primary ballot late yester-by silently while her hero was being day afternoon at the office of the secre-assailed as an interloper in the Massachusetts contest.

Standing in front of the platform she only official reply of Smith supporter uttered her protests which were muffled to the furious barrage laid down earlier of "throw her out" from a feminine in the day by Mayor Curley on their Roosevelt supporter quickly drew a candidate, Gov. Ely, Donahue an coterie of ushers to her side and she

mary.

He took himself out of that contest Without any qualification. "Under no succeeded in having the order tabled until opportunity is provided to examine the payrolls.

Mayor Curley last night expressed regret at the invocation of the ordnance and characterized it as subterfuge for a direct attack on Mrs. Galvin and Rainey.

The mayor declared that Mrs. Gal-The mayor declared that Mis. Salvin was granted leave of absence without pay until May 1, starting last Friday and that provision had been made to provide for a substitute for Rainey in the event the question was raised

the event the question was raised against him.

He said "the assault on Mrs. Galvin constitutes in my opinion a direct attack on the 60,000 members of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters of which she is vice high chief ranger and will unquestionably result in the rallying to her support of the good women and men in the organization who have known her during a lifetime as a conscientious and honorable citizen. able citizen.

"The Negro race which has borne with equanimity and cheerfulness every conceivable hardship that might come to an individual can survive this base, contemptible attack on Rainey and it should serve to solidify them in the movement for the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

In making his single reference to the possibility of avoiding a contest the mayor told his forum audience that "Donahue still has opportunity to avoid a licking by accepting a compromise before Friday afternoon."

ASSAILS SMITH'S ENTRY

In the fury of his attack on Smith ie demanded to be told "What right has Smith got to come into Massachuetts at the behest of Donahue and with the aid of the sinister influence of Coakley to divide the Democratic party?

"The Massacusetts Democrats are too intelligent to be deceived by such tac-tics. They are not going to allow Wall street to name a stick for their candidate for President. Not a single delegate in the country will be pledged to Smith when the Massachusetts primary will

be held.
"In only one state has his name appeared on the ballot and that was in

New Hampshire where Roosevelt got all the delegates and Smith not a solitary one. In fact he carried only five cities and towns in that primary. One of the cities he carried by 100 votes, in one of the towns only seven votes, we cast and in another only four.

"Why doesn't he do the manly thing and save his Massachusetts friends from the humiliation they are sure to be given? I challenge any one to produce a single case comparable to the ties of friendship that existed between Smith and Roosevelt. The dog-like devotion of Roosevelt for Smith is unparalleled in political history.

or Roosevelt for Smith is unparameted in political history.

"In 1924, stricken by the Almighty, he left his bed of pain, hobbled on crutches from delegation to delegation in the heat of Texas summer, pleading, be-sieging, praying, begging for votes for Smith and this is the gratitude he receives.

CITES 1928 SUPPORT "Why, to carry Massachus-14 Post 3/22/32

HUB TAXPAYERS CAN SAVE MONEY

By Paying 1932 Levies in Advance Will Collect 6 Per Cent Interest on Money From City

Boston taxpayers can now pay their 1932 taxes in advance and collect 6 per cent interest on their money from the city, as a result of the City Council's action vesterday in adopting the special legislative act recently enacted for this purpose.

HOW THEY CAN PROFIT

Although the new tax bills will not be sent out by the city until the middle of August at the earliest, taxpayers may turn into the city collector on account an amount equal to 90 per cent of their 1931 tax bills. When they actually receive the 1932 bills, they can pay the remainder due, but they will be allowed interest for the money already paid in at the rate of 6 per cent, more than they would receive by leaving their money in the banks.

In the event that the taxpayers take advantage of the new law, it may unnecessary for the city to borrow from the bankers about \$20,000,000 to meet payrolls and municipal bills until the September tax receipts come in.

Approves \$3,900,000 for Poor Aid

Already the city has obtained \$4,000,000 from the bankers at from 5½ to 5½ per cent interest payable during the first week in October. By paying their taxes in advance, Boston holders of real estate would obtain more than that paid the bankers.

Because of the delay in the setting of a tax limit for Boston by the Legisla-ture and prospects that the budget will not be passed until the end of April, the public welfare and the soldiers' relief departments had virtually exhausted their funds for this week, making it necessary for the Council to approve relief appropriations totalling \$2,900,000 for the jobless and the needy during the first four months of the year. not be passed until the end of April,

Raps Many Getting City Aid

Of this amount, \$2,000,000 is for the poor and the jobless, who in the first three months of the year are drawing a total of \$2,511,000 from the city treasury. In approying the appropriations the councillors protested that they had been denied information by the public welfare and soldiers' re ef departments and insisted that as municipal trustees, they were entitled to know how the money was being spent. That 25 per cent of the recipients of city aid were "professional beggars, takirs, bums and agitators" was the Of this amount, \$3,600,000 is for the

charge advanced by Councillor Thomas H. Green of Charlestown, who con-tended that they were building up a fakirs' political organization which participated in the last campaign under the name of the "Woodpeckers" from the Chardon street woodyard, operated by the city.

Committee to Investigate

At the request of Councillor Ruby, President Edward M. Gallagher ap-pointed a Council committee of seven members to obtain information regarding the administration of municipal re-lief. To this committee, which will start work immediately, he named Councillors Joseph McGrath, chairman; James Hein, Peter A. Murray, Israel Ruby, Thomas H. Green, George P. Donovan and Thomas Burke.

Councillor Laurence Curtis, 2d, of the Back Bay, severely criticised the administration for paying \$107,000 to the Boston Port Development Company for land adjoining the East Boston airport.

Raps Spending \$6000 for Radiotone

He also opposed the expenditure of \$6000 for the purchase of radiotone. imperishable portraits of Boston's war heroes to be placed in the schools and public buildings on Memorial Day, charging that the cost was extravagant. But the Council passed the appropria-But the Council passed the appropria-tion order with a vote of 17 to 2, as Councillor Clement A. Norton of Hyde Park also recorded his opposition, claiming that the contract should have been given to a local firm.

Seeking to sidetrack the pictures, Norton presented an order requesting that the Art Commission be directed to inspect the portraits, but the Council sidetracked his order instead to the executive committee which will not meet again until next week.

"Under a Misapprehension"

In opposing the city purchase of East Boston land for the extension of the airport, Curtis claimed that the property was assessed for about \$20,000, or probably in the '30's, but that the city paid \$107,000 on the ground that it would prevent the erection of high buildings beside the airport. The Countries of the cou cil had appropriated the \$1,250,000 for airport purposes "under a misappre-hension," he said, explaining that the Council was given to understand that the city was to take over Governor's Island instead of buying nearby land. Curtis finally secured the passage of an order requesting the Park Commis-sion to explain what was to be done with the rest of the airport appropria-

Again Hits School Food Prices

City Hall will be closed Good Friday from 12 o'clock noon until 3 p. m., under

an order adopted yesterday by the Council at the request of Councillor Albert L.

Fish of Dorchester.
Councillor John F. Dowd of Roxbury drew a cheer from the gallery, yesterday, when he threw to the overhead listeners a couple of sandwiches which, he said, he had purchased in a lunch-room of one of the Boston public schools.

Renewing his attack upon the prices charged and the amount of food provided for the pupils by the Women's Educational and Industrial Union, Dowd claimed that the sandwiches which were sold in the schools for six cents cost no more than two or two and a quarter

Ordinary Milk, He Says

He also contended that the milk provided in the schools at four cents a half pint was ordinary milk, which sold in the stores for eight cents a quart. "It is not Grade A milk," he said. "I had it tested and found that it was the same as store milk."

Dowd said that a Boston chain lunch Dowd said that a Boston chain luner system offered to pay the city \$50,000 a year for the concession of providing the pupils in the school lunch rooms with wholesome food at fair prices, but that the school authorities were giving the concession for nothing to "this high-

brow outfit, which does not know what a good sandwich looks like."

Dowd alleged that the Women's Educational and Industrial Union started on nothing in 1914 and had amassed property assessed for \$800,000 since then. Records at the State House, he said, showed that the organization was controlled by non-residents of Boston.

HERALD 3/22/32

MAY ASK ADVANCE TAX PAYMENTS

Boston City Council Approves Recent Law

Boston taxpayers may be invited to make advance payments of their 1932 taxes if difficulty is met in borrowing in anticipation of taxes.

The city council, yesterday, speedily concurred with Mayor Curley's recom-mendation of the recently enacted state law which authorizes certain cities to accept advance payment of taxes.

Under this plan, with the 1931 tax as the basis, taxpayers are permitted to make payments equal to 90 per cent. of the bills of last year. The city pays them interest of 6 per cent. for the use of the money.

Whether Mayor Curley will take advantage of the law is unknown. To date no trouble has been experienced in date no trouble has been experienced in borrowing on tax anticipation notes. None is expected, and of late City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan has been optimistic that future leans would be made on an interest charge substantially less than the 5.75 rate which has been paid on the temporary borrowings of the current year.



CROWDS JAM OPENING OF ROOSEVELT FIGHT

The photo shows the overflow crowd at the opening of the Roosevelt Forum, 333 Washington street, jammed in the street to hear Mayor Curley launch the fight for Roosevelt delegates to the Democratic national convention.

> 3/22/32 HERHLD

SEEK TITLE OF "MISS BOSTON"



Five of the girls who will be present at the Easter charity ball and beauty pageant in the Copley-Plaza, March 26. Left to right: Mabel MacDonald, Dorothy Stanky, Victoria Armstrong, Emma Kutz, and Lillian Bornstein of the Shepard stores.

MISS BOSTON TO BE SELECTED SATURDAY

city indicate that almost every Boston will be represented at the offi-fund.

cial selection of Miss Boston for 1932, a feature of the Easter charity ball and beauty pageant at the Copley-Plaza

SELECTED SATURDAY

Almost Every Concern in City to Be
Represented at Beauty Pageant
Sales of employes tickets divided among the large business firms of the city indicate that almost every Boston ectrogram will be represented at the officials of employes' associations of Boston will be represented at the officials of employes' associations of Boston will be represented at the officials of employes' associations of Boston will be donated to the Boston welfare

CURLEY REPLIES

Calls Dowd's Action Attack on "60,000 Members of M. C. O. F." of Which Woman Named Is Official; Also Defends Choice of

Commenting on the action of Councillor Dowd at yesterday's meeting of the City Council, Mayor Curley last night said:

"It is to be regretted that the Bur rage ordinance is invoked as a sub-terfuge for a direct attack upon a leading woman official of the Massa-chusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, Vice High Chief Ranger Mrs. Helen County Galvin, and the foremost representative of the Negro race in Massachusetts, Julian D. Rainey, assistant corporation counsel for the city

of Boston.
"Anticipating that the most despicable that the support-"Anticipating that the most despicable tactics would be used by the supportion of Mr. Donahue's slate, leave of absence without pay was granted upon Friday last to Mrs. Helen County Galvin, until May, and in the case of Mr. Rainey, provision was made to whatitute in the event that the questions. of Mr. Rainey, provision was made to substitute in the event that the ques-tion was raised. In the opinion of the corporation counsel it was never in-tended that the Burrage ordinance should apply to other than municipal offices, and it is unfortunate that the question has been raised, for the rea-son that one of the delegates upon the opposition slate is a municipal office-

holder. "The assault upon Mrs. Helen County Galvin constitutes, in my opinion, a direct attack upon the 60,000 members of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, of which organization she is vice high chief ranger, and will unquestionably result in the rallying to her support of the good women and men in the organization who have known her during a lifetime as a conscientious and honorable citizen of the

"The Negro race which has borne with equanimity and cheerfulness every conceivable hardship that might come to an individual can survive this base contemptible attack, and it should serve to solldify them in the move-ment for the nomination of Franklin D, Roosevelt."

COMPLETE LIST FILED **FOR SMITH**

Papers of Delegates Must Be In by 5 P. M. Today

CURLEY GETS OUT OF RACE FOR GOVERNOR

All Efforts in Behalf of Roosevelt, He Asserts

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

A complete list of candidates for Smith delegates and alternates, at large and for each of the 15 congressional districts, was filed with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook before 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

TIME UP TODAY

The power of attorney given by Smith to Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State committee to authorize each of the men and women on the slate to use Smith's name on the pri-mary ballot will be filed with the Sec-retary of State before the time limit for filing delegate nominations expires a 5 this afternoon.

The action of Chairman Donahue in filing his complete slate came within a few hours after Mayor Curley, speaking at the opening of the Roosevelt Forum at 333 Washington street, indicated that efforts towards peace between the warring factions might be continued up to next Friday afternoon, when the time for withdrawals of candidacies expires.

Taken as Rebuff

It was taken as an emphatic "no" by the Smith people to the suggestion that any further compromise arrangement might be made with the Curley forces advocating the Roosevelt cause.

Up to the time of closing the office of the Secretary of State last night, the only Roosevelt delegate and alternate papers on file there were those which were presented by the Roosevelt people from the 15th Congressional district last

The Curley forces were certain last night, however, that they will have a

complete slate at large and in every congressional district before the barrier falls at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

In the meantime, while Curley and his Roosevelt followers were continuing their speech-making campaign on behalf of Roosevelt, the Smith leaders pursued a policy of silence, as they have with slight exception since the opening of the Curley drive a week or more ago.

The principal activity of yesterday

was the announcement of Mayor Curley that he has no intention of seeking the Democratic nomination for Governor this fall, and that he "would not accept the nomination even though it were tendered me without a contest."

tendered me without a contest."

Bringing, as it did, practically a guarantee of an unopposed renomination for Governor Ely in the September primaries, the Governor was expected to break his silence. When the Curley statement was called to his attention, however, the Governor merely smiled and refused to make any comment whatever. Governor Ely has not yet said that he will be a candidate for renomination, but the leaders of his party generally have assumed that he party generally have assumed that he will be the standard bearer again.

Throng at Forum

The opening of the Roosevelt Forum at 333 Washington street yesterday was an enthusiastic and a largely attended affair. The crowd packed every inch of arry the Roosevelt banner.

Dowd then sent City Messenger Edan enthusiastic and a largely account of affair. The crowd packed every inch of available space in the building and overflowed on Washington street in such numbers that traffic had to routed away from that section of Washington street from Franklin to School. Loud speakers brought to the crowd on the street the speeches of Mayor Curley, James Roosevelt, Mayor Gurley, James Roosevelt, Mayor Hat both of them were on the former State Senator Thomas F. Cassidy of Cheshire, who introduced their names on the nomination papers, and so he has broken the ordinance."

The so-called Burrage ordinance, comtaining the company of the street of the service of the law department and employment to the law department and employment to the law department and employment to the law department and employment with the information that the payrolls would not be available until today.

"Whether they have been given leaves of absence or not, I'll say," contended town the law of the law department and employment with the information that the payrolls would not be available until today.

"Whether they have been given leaves of absence or not, I'll say," contended their names on the nomination papers, and so he has broken the ordinance."

The so-called Burrage ordinance, com-

Asks for Governor

In opening the forum, Mayor Curley announced that he had invited Governor Ely to attend to explain why he or advocate before the Legislature, any had asked for a reduction of 10 per cent in the salaries of certain State officials and employees. When he asked if the Governor was present and heard no response, he remarked with a smile:

"Well, it looks as though the Governor was detained or is not coming."

Then, after making formal announcement that he will not be a candidate mittee or convention, nor shall any officer or employee of the city, not electary, not electary proposed by popular vote, apply for, object to, or advocate before the Legislature, any special act relating to the city of Boscontinulary of the mayor or the City Council."

Alternates at Large

Both Mrs. Galvin and Mr. Rainey, who were appointed to the city service by Mayor Curley two years ago, are listed as alternates-at-large on the ment that he will not be a candidate

for Governor under any conditions, and that Mrs. Galvin was chosen for the that his only interest in the Roosevelt taket as representative of candidacy is his desire to aid the people of the country to get back to a sistant Corporation Counsel Rainey was sound economic basis through the defeat of President Hoover, Curley of colored voters who had been ignored launched into an attack on Ely, Donahue and Daniel H. Coakley, whom he described as a sinister influence, who had aided in deluding Smith into alticulated into an aided in deluding Smith into alticulated into an aided in the political fortunes of the men in the other delegate group. The only retort to any portion of the Curley speech, yesterday, came from Coakley. Coakley last night issued a reply, in part as follows:

reply, in part as follows:
"Of course, I had as much to do with making up a list of delegates for the State as Curley's friend, Omar Khayam. Curley knows that as well as he knows that Roosevelt can't win a single delegate in Massachusetts under Curley. When the line of battle is drawn we'll have it out in this State. The issue will be clear-cut:

"Curley or Smith-which?"

TWO RAP MAYOR

Councillor Dowd Says Curley Broke City Ordinance by Putting Appointees on Roosevelt Slate: Curtis Protests Political Use of City Record

Charging that Mayor Curley broke the old Burrage ordinance by placing two old Burrage ordinance by placing two appointed city officials on the Roosevelt slate, City Councillor John F. Dowd of Roxbury late yesterday demanded the removal of Assistant Corporation Counsel Julian D. Rainey, leader of the Equal Rights League, and Mrs. Helen Countia Galvin, deputy high chief anger of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters from the presidenorder of Foresters, from the presiden-

ial primary ballot.

Dowd's order was tabled by the City Council by a vote of 17 to 2, when only Councillor Albert L. Fish of Dorchester ided with Dowd for immediate action, after Councillor Israel Ruby of Dor-hester appealed for further time to nvestigate facts in the case, pointing out that Mrs. Galvin had obtained a eave of absence from her post in the city employment bureau in order to

The crowd was enthusiastic for Mayor Curley and for the others, except
that one well-dressed woman sought
to ask some questions of Mayor Murphy, but left the building before disof the city ordinances, as read by Dowd, proto ask some questions of Mayor Murphy, but left the building before disof the city, not elected by popular vote,
closing her identity shall be an officer of any political caucus or a member of any political committee or convention, nor shall any of-

Then, after making formal announce-listed as alternates-at-large on the ment that he will not be a candidate Roosevelt slate. The Mayor explained for Governor under any conditions, and that Mrs. Galvin was chosen for the

shall not be barred from their franchise. The Mayor's Roosevelt campaign also came under the fire of Councillor Laurence Curtis, 2d. Back Bay Republican, who protested that the Mayor had used full pages in the City Record, the official city publication, to boom Roosevelt. He also warned that city He also warned that city employees should not be forced to take part in the campaign.

campaign.

Holding up a copy of the publiclyprinted municipal paper, Councillor
Curtis read the headlines: "Former
Governor Smith Not a Candidate.
Mayor Curley Champions Cause of Governor Roosevelt."

He then insisted that the municipal
weekly should not be used for campaign
purposes, though he said that as a Republican, he processed.

SMITH SLATE PUT IN, PEACE WANES

Donahue Acts While Curley Renews Offer

Mayor Declares He Will Not Be **Candidate for Governor**

Ely - Roosevelt Meeting Today Thought Possible

Almost simultaneously with the last gesture of compromise by Mayor Curley in the Smith-Roosevelt dele-Democratic party in Massachusetts, bolstered by the Mayor's dramatic statement that under no consideration would he seek Gubernatorial honors this year, the complete list of Ely-Walsh-Donahue delegates pledged to Ex-Gox Alfred E. Smith was filed yesterday afternoon with the Secretary of the Commonwealth at the State House.

The filing by the Donahue wing of gate fight within the ranks of the

The filing by the Donahue wing of the party of certified nomination pspers in the face of Mayor Curley's until 5 o'clock this afternoon to accept his compromise offer was construed by some political followers as the death knell of any hope of the

last night that Gov Ely and James Roosevelt, son of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt, who holds the power of attorney of his father to make up a slate of delegates pledged to Roosevelt, would get together before to clock next Friday, the final hour for withdrawals of delegates.

It was learned on reliable authority that such a conference was impending

that such a conference was impending Roosevelt said that he had been in-formed Gov Ely wanted to see him but that he had no direct communication with the Chief Executive.

Some nolitical followers scoff at any idea of a compromise after the aggressive opening of Mayor Curley's campaign for Roosevelt delegates yesterday noon at his Roosevelt Forum, and believe that the die is cast and the contest will be a finish fight.

Roosevelt Slate Today

Yesterday Chairman Donahue of the Democratic State committee filed the names of all the candidates he announced a week ago as pledged to Smith. He did not file his power of

attorney from Ex-Gov Smith as required by law but said last night that his failure to file the power of attorney with the list of candidates has no significance, as he plans to file it today before the closing time for nomination papers at 5 o'clock.

The Roosevelt forces had filed certified nomination papers only for the

delegates and alternates at large in Bristol County and the candidates from the 15th Congressional District from the 15th Congressional District up to 5 o'clock yesterday. However, it was learned from Charles H. McGlue, active Roosevelt worker, that they have all the papers checked and they will be filed today along with the power of attorney held by young Roosevelt.

Inless withdrawals are made from

Roosevelt.

Unless withdrawals are made from the respective slates by Friday at 5 o'clock, there will be no opportunity for changing the ballot, but in the event of such withdrawals opportunity is afforded until a week from today at 5 o'clock to fill vacancies. 5 o'clock to fill vacancies.

Curley's Statement

Mayor Curley was at his best yester-day noon when he opened the Roosevelt Forum with 800 men and women crowded into the upstairs auditorium at 333 Washington st. His announcement that he would not be a candidate for Governor, while expected, was the feature of the internal conflict of the Democratic party to date.

control of the delegates chosen in the April 26 primary, because my interest in this campaign is actuated solely by the desire to provide relief for Amerideclaration that the opposition had conditions existing during the past three years.

Mayor Repeats Offer

Mayor Curley endeavored to clear up party getting together before the primaries.

Mayor Curley endeavored to clear up any claim of the Smith forces that he was actuated by selfish motives in campaigning for Roosevelt. There was immediate hope that this move would lead to the hoped-for compromise Rumor Persists

November 1 the primary supplies the supplies that he was actuated by selfish motives in campaigning for Roosevelt. There was immediate hope that this move was leaded to the hoped-for compromise that the was actuated by selfish motives in campaigning for Roosevelt. However, rumors were persistent mise, but such hope was dashed a short time later when it was learned that Donahue had gone ahead and filed his complete slate.

Mayor Curley repeated his offer of compromise, closing with this state-

ment:
"Mr Donahue and his associates still have opportunity to avoid taking a licking in the April primary, by ac-cepting this compromise offer, which expires automatically tomorrow night at 5."

Donahue Plans No Move

Mr Donahue said last night that he Mr Donahue said last night that he does not propose to make any further moves in the delegate fight except to file his power of attorney, and any compromise apparently will have to come through Gov Ely in his possible conference with young Roosevelt.

The chances of such a compromise were also diminished by the aggressive manner in which Mayor Curiey assailed the Ely-Walsh-Donahue movement and also Ex-Gov Smith himself.

self.

The Mayor had invited Gov Ely to speak at the opening meeting of the Forum years and the the

Governor was in the audience. The Governor had previously indicated he would not accept the invitation.

Curley Assails Smith

Referring to Ex-Gov Smith, the Mayor said: "I myself think that Ex-Mayor said: "I myself think that Ex-Gov Smith should save his Massachu-setts friends from further humlia-tion. If he does not act now, he alone will be responsible for the in-jury that may result to the interests of those Massachusetts people who look forward next November to relief by the Democratic party through Mr Roosevelt from the intolerable industrial conditions which prevail under Mr Hoover.'

Mr Hoover."

He also asked: "What right bas Alfred E. Smith at the behest of Donahue and under the sinister influence of Coakley, to divide the Democracy of Massachusetts? Why, he must figure that every Democrat in the Bay State is non composiments."

He referred to the "Capatitation of the state of the

mentis."

He referred to the "dog-like dovo-tion" of Franklin Rooseveit to Cov Smith and then alluded to the "array of office-holders" on the Ely-Walsh-Donahue ticket.

Other speakers included James Roosevelt and Ex-Senator Thomas F. Cassidy of Cheshire.

Ely Will Go to New Jersey

Mayor Curley said that veterans' organizations would conduct the Forum today and Italian groups tomorrow. No other meetings will be held on Holy Week, but it is expected that they will be resumed next Monday.

If the conference between Gov fly and James Roosevelt does not materialize today, it is believed that the last hope of an agreement will be gone, inasmuch as the Governor said he plans to leave tomorrow for New York and thence go to Camden, N J, where and thence go to Camden, N J, where with Governors of other States he will attend ceremonies incidental to the launching of a steamship to be used in the Panama and South American

In addition to the official Smith delegates filed by Chairman Donahue yesterday, Philip J. Russell of Fall River filed nomination papers to run unpledged in the 14th District, and Peter Donahue of Lynn and Michael J. Dougherty of Lynn filed papers to run as delegate and alternate, respectively, from the seventh district, pledged to

Republican Candidates

Republican candidates who filed were as follows:

as follows:

First District—Markaret B. Barnard, Greenfield, alternate, pledged to Hoover.

Second District—Mary P. Bailey, Northampton, and Joshua L. Brooks, Springfield, delegates, and Anthony J. Stouina. Onlicopea and Samuel Fein, Springfield, alternates, pledged to, Hoover,

Third District—Katherine V. Parker, Lancaster, and Clyde H. Swan. Barre, delegates, and Helen B. Howland, North Brookfield, and Emerson J. Long, Palmer, alternates, pledged to Hoover.

Eighth District—Eugene A. F. Burtnett, Somerville, and George S. Miller, Medford, delegates, and Lottie W. Buxton, Everett, and Emma L. Schofield. Malden, alternater, pledged to Hoover.

Tenth District—Christian A. Herter and Walter H. Meins, Boston, delegates, and Robert J. Bottomly and Edna S. Goodell, both of Boston, alternates, pledged to Hoover.

Tenth District—Charles H. Seales and Charles Knott. Boston, delegates, and J. B. Cisco and Charles Baglione, Boston, unpoledged

Cahorse 3/22/32

CURLEY DENOUNCES DONAHUE TACTICS

Replies to Dowd's Charge That Two City Employes Break City Ordinance as Delegates

Charges made by City Councilor John F. Dowd on the floor of the Boston City Council yesterday, that two city employes are violating a city ordinance by allowing their names to be used on the Roosevelt slate of delegates, were met last night by Mayor Curley, who issued a statement denouncing what he called "the most despicable tactics" of the supporters of the Donahue slate, and denying that the law is being violated.

The city employes involved are Mrs Helen Countie Galvin, deputy chief ranger of the M. C. O. F., and Asst

Corporation Counsel Julian Rainey. leader of the Equal Rights League.
Councilor Dowd, who is a district alternate on the Smith slate of delegates, charged they were violating the so-called "Burrage ordinance," which forbids such participation of city employes.

ployes.

Mr Rainey is a delegate and Mrs Galvin an employe of the City Employment Bureau, is an alternate. At the meeting Councilor Ruby declared that Mrs Galvin does not come within the ordinance, as she is on a leave of absence, but Dowd demanded that the payroll be produced tomorrow.

Curley Statement

Mayor Curley, in his statement, said that Mrs Galvin has been on leave since last Friday and that provision was made to substitute a candidate for Rainey in the event question had been raised. The Mayor later issued a

statement, saying:

"It is to be regretted that the Burrage ordinance is invoked as a subterfuge for a direct attack upon a leading woman official of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, Vice High Chief Ranger Mrs Helen Countie Galvin, and the foremost representative of

vin, and the foremost representative of the Negro race in Massachusetts, Julian D. Rainey, assistant corporation counsel for the city of Boston.

"Anticipating that the most despicable tactics would be used by the supporters of Mr Donahue's slate, leave of absence without pay was granted upon Friday last to Mrs Helen Countie Galvin, until May 1, and in the case of Mr Rainey, provision was made to substitute in the event that the question was raised.

Called Unfortunate

"In the opinion of the corporation counsel it was never intended that the

Burrage ordinance should apply to other than municipal offices, and it is other than municipal offices, and it is unfortunate that the question has been raised for the reason that one of the delegates upon the opposition slate is a municipal officeholder.

slate is a municipal officeholder.

"The assault upon Mrs Helen
Countie Galvin constitutes in my opinion a direct attack upon the 60,000
members of the Massachusetts Catholic
Order of Foresters, of which organization she is vice high chief ranger, and will unquestionably result in the rallying to her support of the good women and men in the organization who have known her during a lifetime as a conscientious and honorable a conscientious and

as a conscientious and honorable citizen of the Commonwealth.

"The Negro race, which has borne with equanimity and cheerfulness every conceivable hardship that might come to an individual, can survive this base, contemptible attack, and it should save to salidify them in the should serve to solidify them in the movement for the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt."

State Law Differs

It was said last night that the city ordinance on the subject is at variance with a State law which says that no city employe because of his employment shall be barred from participating in any election function.

Budget Commissioner Charles Fox told the Council that welfare costs had put the department "under," and asked for \$3,600,000 to carmy the Wel-

asked for \$3,600,000 to carry the Welfare Department until the end of April when the budget will be available. The appropriation is to cover from Jan 1 to May 1, and indicates the tremendous expense of the city.

the tremendous expense of the city.

He also asked for \$300,000 to carry
the Soldiers' Welfare Department for
the same period. The orders, which
were recommended by Mayor Curley,

were recommended by Mayor Curiey, were passed.

Councilor Laurence Curtis 2d was active during the council session. His order passed which called upon Park Commissioner Long to inform the City Council what the plans are for the expenditure of \$1,250,000 voted for air-

port purposes.

Mr Curtis charged that of the amount, \$107,000 already had been spent for a strip of land which he said was only assessed for \$20,000 to \$30,000. He said the land was assessed at 4 to 7 cents a foot and that the city paid 17 cents a foot.

Last week Councilor Dowd charged that excessive prices were being Curtis charged that

that excessive prices were being charged high school students for sandwich, which he claimed were not

worth the six cents each that was charged.

charged.

As regards the milk for which students pay four cents a half-pint, Councilar Dowd said he had it analyzed and that he was informed it was the same type of milk that the councilor uses in his home and which costs him eight cents a quart.

Calls It "High-Brow"

The food is supplied by the Women's Educational and Industrial Union, which Councilor Dowd termed a "highbrow outfit." Councilor Norton said the feeding of the children by the union was a philanthropic feature of the many activities of the organization and that as a high school student for and that as a high school student for four years he never found the prices

As amended by Councilor Norton, the Council voted to have the School Committee investigate the situation and inform the Council if the prices being aboved work feir.

being charged were fair.

Councilor McGrath, who played a prominent part in the long struggle to obtain from the Public Welfare Department a table showing the number of cases, award for her every presinct. partment a table showing the number of cases cared for by every precinct, yesterday sought the same information as pertains to those on the rolls of the Soldiers' Relief organization.

Various Councilors were indignant of inability to get information from

various Councilors were indignant at inability to get information from the department and Councilor Norton, though favoring everything that was proper and fair for veterans, suggested some pressure by refusal to vote appropriations

The appropriations, however, were passed, but on order of Councilor Ruby, Pres Gallagher named the following members as a committee on Public welfare and Soldiers' Relief: Councilors McGrath, Hein, Murray, Ruby, Green, Donovan and Brannan. It will be their job to learn whether unworthy persons are obtaining relief.

Says Price Too High

An item of \$6000 necessary to pay for the remainder of the imperishable for the remainder of the imperishable photographs of soldier and sailor dead met opposition from two Councilors who believed the price too high.

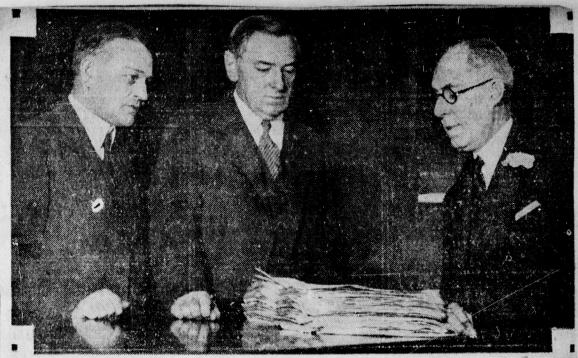
Already the School Committee has expended \$22.000 and the city \$14,000, but additional here dead had been dis-

but additional hero dead had been disbut additional nero dead had been covered and the city's share of the bill to complete the work would be \$6000. The order passed after con-

siderable discussion.

siderable discussion.

The Council gave its approval to a Legislative act permitting property owners to pay in advance of tax payment time 90 percent of their tax and receive 6 percent interest for the time the city had the use of the money. The Legislative act is the same as an order introduced some time ago by Councilor introduced some time ago by Councilor



DANIEL J. HANLON

MAYOR CURLEY

SEC. OF STATE COOK

potential delegates, handing to Secretary of

State Frederic Cook the thousands of signed

petitions. This act puts the Roosevelt slate

formally and officially into the contest held

Here's how Mayor Curley, in person, today filed the papers for the Roosevelt slate of delegates to the Democratic national convention at Chicago in June. He is shown escorted by Daniel J. Hanlon of Malden, one of the

Mrs. Galvin is in the city employment bureau and Rainey is an assistant corporation counsel.

"It is to be regretted that the Burrage ordinance is invoked as a subterfuge for a direct attack upon a leading woman official of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Forresters. Vice High Chief Ranger Mrs. Helen County Galvin, and the foremost representative of the Negro race in Massachusetts, Julian D. Rainey, as-sistant corporation counsel for the City of Boston," the Mayor declared.

'Anticipating that the most despicable tactics would be used by the supporters of Mr. Donahue's slate, leave of absence with out pay was granted upon Friday last to Mrs. Galvin, until May 1. and in the case of Mr. Rainey, provision was made to substitute in the event the question was raised

"In the opinion of the corporation counsel it was never in-tended that the Burrage ordi-nance should apply to other than nunicipal offices and it is un-fortunate that the question has been raised, for the reason that one of the delegates upon the opposition slate is a municipal office holder.

SEES ATTACK ON FORESTERS

"The assault upon Mrs. Galvin constitutes in my opinion a direct attack upon the 60,000 memhers of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, of which organization she is vice high chief ranger, and will unquestion-ably result in the rallying to her

in April. (Staff photo.) support of the good women and men in the organization who have known her during a life time as a conscientious and hon-erable citizen of the Commonwealth.

Negro race, which has borne with equanimity and cheerfulness every conceivable hard-ship that might come to an individual, can survive this base, contemptible attack, and it should serve to solidify them in the movement for the nomina-tion of Franklin D. Roosevelt."

Roosevelt's Son Sees Victory in 10 States

New York, March 22 (AP)— James Roosevelt, son of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt, in a longdistance telephone conversation from Boston with Roosevelt headquarters today, said he was confident his father would win in 10 out of 15 districts in the Massachusetts presidential primaries April 26. He said he felt certain his father would win in Boston and Cambridge, but he expected opposition in the sec-ond strict, taking in Springfield; the fifth, Lowell, and the seventh, Lawrence and Lynn.

He denied rumors of an impending compromise between himself, as his father's representative, and Governor Ely, ardent supporter of Alfred E. Smith for the presidential nomination.

GLOBE 3/22/32

TEXAN BOOMS ROOSEVELT

Fires Two Revolvers in Curley's Office

The Roosevelt campaign boomed in the office of Mayor Curley today, when Texas Jack Sullivan struck a n.w. note. He arrived with Milt Hinkle, ex-Texas Ranger, director of the Texas Rangers Rodeo, coming to the Boston Arena, April 8 to 16.
Sullivan, a former Boston man, and

Hinkle were wearing the typical Western 10-gallon hats. They attracted much attention on arrival, but they were not in the Mayor's office long telephones rang and the corri-

dor filled with excited men and women.

Texas Jack unbuckled a pair of oldfashioned .44 caliber single action Colrevolvers and after telling the Mayor how the Roosevelt boom was spreading in the West he fired his weapons in display of quick drawing.

a display of quick drawing.

The boom of the revolvers started City Hall workers and there was a concerted rush for the Mayor's office.

After calm was restored the visitors presented Mayor Curley with a 10-gallon hat fresh from the makers in Pendleton, Or, and then accompanied Mayor Curley to the Roosevelt-for-President Forum at 233 Washington at

CURLEY FILES ROOSEVELT SLATE

36,000 Signatures in Suffolk: Veterans Cheer War Record New York Governor Made

Picture on Page 5

Mayor Curley today personally filed the Roosevelt slate of delegates with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook, and Boston drydock constructed. announced that 36,000 signatures had been gathered in Suffolk County cone.

The Smith ales had been filed previously by Rate Chairman Frank J. Donahue, and the Hoover Republican slate was to be filed late today by Louis K. Leggett.

Drawings between the Smith and Roosevelt groups for first place on the Democratic ballots will take place March 30 at 10:30 a. m. in Secretary Cook's office.

WAR RECORD PRAISED

The Roosevelt slate filed by Mayor Curiey was complete for delegatesat-large and district candidates except for the eighth district which was to be filed before the "zero-5 p. m.

For candidates for delegate-atlarge, 250 signatures are required from each of four counties. Mayor Curley said that the papers filed today bore more than this number from every county in the state except Dukes.

The war and peace record of Roosevelt was extolled by prominent veterans of American wars from the Civil to the World War before another overflow crowd today at the Roosevelt Forum, 333 Washington st.

Maj. Paul Hines, an American Legionnaire, also lauded the as sistance to veterans by Mayor Curley, organizer of the forum and leader of the Roosevelt slate on which Hines is a candidate for delegate-at-large.

'RED TAPE BE DAMNED!'

Thunderous applause followed Hines' declaration:

"Every soldier that trod the soil of France of Flanders owes it as his sacred duty to support the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt, for when Congress failed to provide ships and auxlliary craft, it was Roosevelt who declared:

'Red tape be damned; the na-

tion is at war! We must have material for battles-now!"

While today's forum was in progress, reports were current of conferences that might take place tween James Roosevelt, son of the Governor, and Gov. Ely, leader on the Smith slate, regarding a compromise

Although the Smith slate has been filed, and Mayor Curley was about to file the Roosevelt slate, the deadline for withdrawals is not until 5 p. m. Friday.

Despite the rain, there was a street crowd listening to the amplifiers from the hall where the Roosevelt forum convenes.

VETERANS ARE SPEAKERS

Mayor Curley opened the meeting by calling attention to Governor Roosevelt's services to the Boston Navy Yard when he was Assistant Secretary of the Navy, overcoming obstacles and making it possible to build ships here.

He also gave him credit for helping in great degree to have the government take over the Cape canal and for having the big South

The gavel was turned over to Joseph H. Hanken, past commander, V. F. W. Speakers for the "Veterans' Day" rally included James F. Flynn, G. A. R.; David King, Kearsarge Naval Veterans; Edward McNeil, Spanish War Veterans; Brig.-Gen. John H. Dunn. past national commander, V. F. W .; John F. Sutherland, YD veteran, and School Committeeman oJseph J. Hurley.

Hurley said there were Roosevelt candidates in every state except where favorite sons were being put forward, and it was only natural he should have candidates in this state. He attacked Senator Marcus Coolidge, one of the Smith slate, for voting 103 times for McAdoo in 1924 and said Smith's name was being used for state purposes.

Maj. Hines said:

"The service men of Massachusetts, representing all wars, desire at the time to express their sincere a preciation for the courageous, constructive work of Mayor Curley in behalf of a square deal for service men, both in the present emergency and in that of 1922

"Since the close of the war, during the Curley administrations, more than 90 per cent of the men appointed to positions in the city service have been ex-ser-Vice men.

"Mayor Curley secured enactment of legislation providing an expenditure of more than \$2,000,-000 for extension of the East Boston tunnel and construction of the present Maverick sq. station with a proviso that preference be

given service men.
"In 1930 with a view to safeguarding the welfare of the service men he sought authority for expenditure of \$5,000,000 for extension of the subway at Governor sq., with the result that for nearly two years 1500 men have been employed on three shifts,

with preference to service men.

"The service men of all America recognize in Franklin D. Roosevelt not only a great leader

but the best friend of national defense that this nation has known since the days of Theodore Roosevelt.

"He proved his devotion to the service men of his state in re commending payment of \$500,000 to men whom compensation had not been paid.

PROVED HIS COURAGE

"As assistant secretary of the navy, during the period prior to our entry into the war, it was Franklin D R.oosevelt's initiative and courage that resulted in scrapping the military cliques and cutting red tape and paving the way for a fighting force.

"He had the courage to speak out when others adopted a policy of silence. He bared the lack of ships and compelled the adoption of a construction program which made possible the transfer of our soldiers overseas when the time for action came.

It was Franklin D. Roosevelt who gave character and standing to the men wearing the uniform of the navy when he protested against the practice of certain judges in suspending sentences on condition the prisoners would enlist.

"The wages paid the men in the naval service when he became Assistant Secretary were so low that it was difficult to get men to serve, and it was Franklin D. Roosevelt who led the successful movement for higher wages for the entire naval personnel.

"During the war it was his earnest wish, conveyed to President Wilson, that he be permitted to resign and enlist as an or-dinary seaman, thus furnishing an incentive to others to do likewise, and only the insistence of the President prevented his doing that very thing.

"He went overseas and few men saw more of the battlefield than did Roosevelt. Into the muck of the trenches and into the very edge of 'No Man's Land'

he went visiting the soldiers.
"And history will ultima will ultimately record that Franklin D. Roosevelt more than any her nan was responsible for be ting the U-boats, since it was he, against the protests of the allied government, who put through the program of the American mine-laying craft under his direct con-

Maj. Hines also told how Roosevelt took charge of the Smith campaign in 1924 and fought for his nomination, and how he again fought for Smith in 1928. An attempt by City Councilor

An attempt by City Councilor John F. Dowd to force through an order barring Mrs. Helen C. Galvin and Julian D. Rainey, two city employes, from the Roosevelt slate, was branded as "most despicable tactics" in a statement issued by Mayor Curley.

MRS GALVIN ON LEAVE

The Dowd order, which cited the so-called "Burrage ordinance," forbidding city employes to take part in elections, was tabled by the council.

Loud Speakers to the Left May Pay Taxes, of Us

The Lord God of Hosts took the place this noon of Police Commissioner Hultman and Traffic Commissioner Conry. Yesterday the loud speakers at the Roosevelt Forum in the Province building attracted so great a crowd that traffic was blocked in downtown streets, notwithstanding the efforts of humble policemen to keep it moving. But today a higher power intervened. The cold and the drizzle offset the warmth even of the oratory of our eloquent mayor. Against the dampness and the chill the soprano voice chanting the immortal air to which John Brown's body is sometimes recalled while it did not fall upon deaf ears fell on ears pitifully few in number compared to those which were loaned to the orators of the day before. This noon oratory and music were alike powerless to block the street.

But there will be sunny days. Are we to see Washington street each pleasant noon turned into Main street? Main street of the good old days was quite accustomed to being blockaded under the spell of eloquence and melody. The banjo twanged and the player indulged in vocal effort at the same time. Then appeared the doctor to extol the virtues of the remedy he offered. But Main street and Traffic Rules Hold Good the medicine show belong to the storied past. Might it be proper to suggest to the Roosevelt boomers that their own performance as conducted might similarly be relegated to the things the community can do without? In deference to the needs of a complex civilization, let it be from the back windows of the Province Building rather than from the front. Province street is not a main-traveled highway. There the admiring throngs may collect without disturbing the flow of traffic through the city's chief arteries.

Our readers will not, we trust, misunderstand us. We utter no protest against these rallies. We recognize them as a necessary part of our political life. But can it be 'at Mayor Curley's hitherto infalli. judgment has failed him? Has he chosen the best possible place for his campaigning? Either he has a crowd before his headquarters or he doesn't. If the former, as yesterday, he puts the police under the necessity of closing part of Washington street and To the Editor of the Transcript: imposing such a strain on all other downtown highways, upper Washington and Tremont streets included, that movement of traffic is seriously impeded. If the latter, as today, the rallies do him little good and he is wasting his time, money, and oratory. And this is an era of economy.

Collect Interest

By acceptance of the legislative enactment just recorded the city council has made it possible for Boston taxpayers to pay their 1932 taxes in advance and collect 6 per cent interest.

Although the new tax bills will not be sent out by the city until the middle of August at the earliest, taxpayers may turn into the city collector on account an amount equal to 90 per cent of their 1931 tax bills. When they actually receive the 1932 bills, they can pay the remainder due, but they will be allowed interest for the money already paid in at the rate of 6 per cent, more than they would receive by leaving their money in the banks.

request of Councilor Ruby, At the President Edward M. Gallagher appointed a council committee of seven members to obtain information regarding the administration of municipal relief. To this committee, which will start work immediately, he named Councilors Joseph Mc-Grath, chairman; James Hein, Peter A. Murray, Israel Ruby, Thomas H. Green, George P. Donovan and Thomas Burke.

Councilor Laurence Curtis, Jr., severely criticized the administration for paying \$107,000 to the Boston Port Development Company for land adjoining the East Boston airport. He also opposed the expenditure of \$6000 for the purchase radiotone, imperishable portraits of be the sand public buildings on Memo-

rial Day, charging that the cost, cost extravagant. But the council passed the appropriation order with a vote of 17

City Hall will be closed Good Friday from 12 o'clock noon until 3 P. M., under an order adopted by the council at the request of Councilor Albert L. Fish of Dorchester.

Councilor John F. Dowd of Roxbury drew a cheer from the gallery when he threw to the overhead listeners a couple of sandwiches which, he said, he had purchased in a lunchroom of one of the Boston public schools.

Renewing his attack upon the prices charged and the amount of food provided for the pupils by the Women's Educa-Industrial Union. tional and claimed that the sandwiches which were sold in the schools for six cents cost no more than two or two and a quarter He also contended that the milk provided in the schools at four cents a half pint was ordinary milk, which sold in the stores for eight cents a quart. "It is not Grade A milk," he said. "I had it tested and found that it was the same as store milk.

Dowd said that a Boston chain lunch system offered to pay the city \$50,000 a year for the concession of providing the pupils in the school' lunch rooms with wholesome food at fair prices, but that the school authorities were giving the concession for nothing to "this highbrow outfit, which does not know what a good sandwich looks like."

Dowd alleged that the Women's Educational and Industrial Union started on nothing in 1914 and had amassed property assessed for \$800,000 since then. Records at the State House, he said, showed that the organization was controlled by nonresidents of Boston.

Despite Roosevelt Rally

Red, red and yellow and green lights ruled the audience and traffic on Washington street, today, instead of the crowd ruling the lights as was the case yesterday, at Milk and Washington streets, below the Roosevelt-for-President headquarters. Four traffic officers on foot and one mounted kept two lanes of cars moving this noon in accordance with the lights, and the sidewalks also were kept

The crowd, on account of the weather, and traffic direction, was about half the size of the gathering of 500 or 600 yesterday. Those remaining for any length of time grouped along the Transcript side of the street and at the corner of the Old South Meeting House. The crowd trickled off beyond the church and the same distance up Washington street and into Milk street. Standing in the drizzle even with umbrellas was none too comfortable and the listeners changed from time to time.

The Committee on Municipal Finan will take up the petition of Mayor Curley that the city of Boston be authorized to borrow money for the construction of a new street from Merrimac and Portland streets to Handver street and for the re construction of a part of Causeway street; the petition of Representative Felix Marcella that Boston be authorized to borrow money for the widening of a portion of Beverly street and for the construction of a new street from Washington street James A. White, a member of the Plymnorth to Atlantic avenue and petition of outh board of selectmen, that the town be authorized to appropriate money for providing facilities for the State conven-tion of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, which will be held in that town during the current year.

SEES CURLEY AS LEADER

Mayor Curley has not walked out on Smith. He is convinced that the popular former governor of New York cannot be elected. He is also convinced that a little ring of Massachusetts politicians are trading on the magic name of Al Smith to sweep them into office in the fall. Joseph B. Ely knows Alfred E. Smith will not be the next President. David I. Walsh also is wise enough and experienced enough to realize this fact but with a view to their own political fortunes they are shouting "Smith" from the housetops.

Curley is not without his human failing. But he is a fighter and he is keen enough and brave enough to take a stand for a man he believes can be elected.

We had the mayor of Boston as our guest here last week and from the comment of Republicans and Democrats he seems to have convinced New Hampseems to have share the state real leader of the Massachusetts Democracy.

T. A. BASTARIS

Manchester, N. H., March 18.

ROOSEVELT SLATE PAPERS ARE FILED

Mayor Curley Says Delegates Have More Signatures Than Required



Left to Right—Daniel J. Hanlon, Mayor Curley and Secretary of State
Frederic W. Cook

Carrying a large sheaf of nomination papers, Mayor Curley today went to the election division of the Secretary of State's office to file papers for alternates and delegates to the Democratic national convention, pledged to support the candidacy of Gov Franklin D. Rosevelt of New York for the

port the candidacy of New York for the D. Rossevelt of New York for the Presidency.

Mayor Curley was accompanied to the division by Daniel J. Hanlon of Malden, in charge of the nomination papers for the Roosevelt forces. The papers were received over the counter by Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook and turned over to William Hardy, director of the division.

According to Mayor Curley the nomination papers contain more names than required by statute in all counties with the exception of Dukes Counties with the exception of Dukes Counties with the exception of Dukes Counties of Somerville, Malden, Medford, Eving Somerville, Malden, Medford, Eving Somerville, Malden, Medford, Eving Somerville, Malden, but are expected to be brought in later in the day by the brought in later in the day by Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville. The list of delegates and alternates The list of delegates and alternates the same as recently announced in the newspapers by Mayor Curley. The papers contained, he said, 36,000 signatures from Suffolk County alone and more than 500 from each of the other districts except Dukes.

TRAVELER

3/22/32

MISS BOSTON TO BE **CHOSEN SATURDAY**

Many Concerns to Be Represented at Beauty Pageant

Sales of employes tickets divided among the large business firms of the city indicate that almost every Boston concern will be represented at the official selection of Miss Boston for 1932 a feature of the Easter charity ball and

beauty pageant at the Copley-Plaza Saturday night.

Mayor Curley and other state and city officials are expected to be present. The affair is in charge of the Boston pageant committee, consisting of officials of employes' associations of Boston firms. Proceeds of the ball and pageant will be donated to the Boston welfare fund.

CAPACITY RALLY AT ROOSEVELT HEADQUARTERS

Another capacity audience alled Roosevelt headquarters, 333 Wash ton st, today to hear speakers, led Mayor Curley, outline reasons why Massachusetts should return a delegation pledged to the Empire State's Goviennor in the April 26 Presidential primary.

Today's rally was mainly for and by veterans of the World War, the Spanish Wa rand the Civil War. Mayor Curley himself, in the opening address, curley himself, in the opening address, strongly emphasized the point that as war-time Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Franklin D. Roosevelt has been a staunch friend of the navy yard in Charlestown.

Charlestown.

"Through the intercession of Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt,
fighting ships were constructed at Boston Navy Yard in 1913, in 1916, and
ton Navy Yard in 1913, in 1916, and
ton Navy Yard in the Aggregate number of men employed in the Navy Yard
in the Hoover Administration has,
in the Hoover Administration has,
in the Hoover Administration with the Hoover Administration
through the past two years, been about
2500, and only about 2000 are employed
now. By contrast, when Mr Roosevelt,
was Assistant Secretary of the Navy,
4500 were employed there at the outbreak of the war, and throughout the

4500 were employed there at the outbreak of the war, and throughout the war, the Navy Yard game employment to 12,000 men!" Mr Curley said.
"Through Mr Roosevelt's advocacy, "Through Mr Roosevelt's advocacy, the largest drydock in the world was located at East Boston, and the total Governmental expenditure for the Governmental expenditure for the Savy Yard in his time in office was \$16,000,000. eBsides, Assistant Secrestic Navy Roosevelt early advocated the development of Cape Cod Canal, as a welopment of national defense and as an advantage to development of the meradvantage to development of the meradva means of national defense and as an advantage to development of the merchant marine."

Texas Jack With Roosevelt

The Mayor now presented stalwart, big-voiced "Texas Jack" Sullivan, present in Boston today as advance green for a rodeo show. "Texas agent for a rodeo show. "Texas berro, got a big hand for his recitabrero, got a big hand for his recitabrero got a big hand for his recitabrero got a big hand for his recitabrero. Ganyou with Franklin Roosevelt, as his guide. Seeing the Roosevelt, as his guide. Seeing the current Presidential campaign as "a fight of Franklin Roosevelt against big international bankers," Texas Jack said he is betting heavy odds on Roosevelt.

School Committeeman Joseph J. Hur-ley said: "Ex-Gov Smith's followers in Massachusetts see mto be forgetting that we are these days trying to elect a Democratic President. Smith carried Massachusetts and lost the Nation in 1928. ried Massachusetts and lost the Nation in 1928, when Hoover lost Massachusetts and carried the Nation. Roosevelt is made of the stuff that soldiers are made of, and Mr Smith's name is being prostituted here for State political purposes," Hurley said. Brig Gen John H. Dunn, retired, said: "We men who are for Roosevelt here in Massachusetts seem to be up against a sort of Hindenburg line-

against a sort of Hindenburg line—but we'll break it! If those who insist wrongly that Smith is a candidate really have the best interests of the Massachusetts Democracy at heart, they will accept the compromise that they will accept the compromise that has been offered them—and there can then be no doubt that Massachusetts' 36 votes will be cast finelly for a winner—Roosevelt."

ner-Roosevelt."

Past Commander James J. Hanken, presiding officer, now presented Maj Paul H. Hines, who dwelt at length upon the activities of Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt in behalf of the Navy Yard at Charlestown and of service men, and warmly present of the Navy Yard at Charlestown and of service men, and warmly praised Mayor Curley's decent treatment of service men, as evidenced mainly by his pushing shead great public improvements like those transit jobs in East Boston and at Kanmore station, upon which he found carries.

3/22/32

Curley Goes On

With Service Men He Recalls Candidate's Accomplishments for the Navy

By William F. Furbush

nation papers for his slate of delegates pledged to Roosevelt. together with the Roosevelt power of attorney, the mayor Chairman Donahue's action was taken ticipated in by service men.

able candidate for war veterans because Roosevelt power of attorney.

tures of the rally as he recalled meeting with the late Theodore Roosevelt "on the trail" in the West and then said he There have been many very said the trail of the recalled meeting with the late. There have been many very said the said he trail of the rally as he recalled meeting with the late. who is "not a white collar, high hatter," but one with whom he would like to be on the trail. As an advance man for a rodeo and wearing picturesque accoutrements, "Texas Jack" said that, while he was not a politician, he could assure his auditors that "the entire Southwest is going heavily for Roose elt." He was given an ovation as he stepped from the rostrum and twirled a pearl-handled longbarrelled revolver by way of accepting the acclaim.

Nearly 800 at Forum

Nearly 800 persons crowded the secondfloor forum headquarters and another large gathering assembled in Washington street in front of the Transcript offices to hear the addresses relayed from loud speakers. Unlike the congestion which resulted in seriously disarranging traffic at the forum's opening yesterday, Washington street conditions were in order today under the supervision of a special Reports 36,000 Suffolk Names detail of police.

By way of entertainment, besides the which the country has figured.

Mayor Curley, who contrasted the falling erville, Medford, Malden, Everett and two off of activities at the Boston Navy Yard Cambridge wards. Papers for this disoff of activities at the Boston Navy Yard Cambridge wards. Papers for this diswith the activities there when Roosevelt troct, he said, would be filed before five was in the Navy Department, included o'clock, the time limit, by Mayor John J. Dave King, "Fighting Dave," commodore Murphy of Somerville.

of the Kearsarge Naval Veterans; Joseph J. Hurley of the School Committee, at the Suffolk County district bore 36,000 World War veteran; Brigadier General

John H. Dunn, past national commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Major Paul H. Hines, one of the dele-cates at large on the Roosevelt ticket. with His Forum at the speakers, including John J. Hanken past commander of the Veterans of ten, past commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and also at at-large Rooseand entitled to their support.

Commodore King sounded the keynote for his fellow-speakers when he declared: at-large, pledged to the renomination of "We want another Roosevelt and we President Herbert Hoover. Mr. Liggett want him bad. that will build up the Navy, who will give of attorney he has from the President. employment for men of Massachusetts."

was given an ovation as he was escorted behind the national colors to a place on since Saturday the rostrum.

Donahue of the Democratic State Com-Undaunted by the rejection to date of mittee to the mayor's challenge yester tions in behalf of Roosevelt. Even the compromise advances made to the Bay day to accept a Roosevelt compromise by State leaders of Alfred E. Smith's candidacy for the Democratic presidential with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook nomination, Mayor Curley is continuing his list of district delegates pledged to his list of delegates Smith. Mr. Donahue, on Saturday, filed the slate of delegates at-large, headed by leave the slate of delegates it. Governor Ely and Senator David I. position to renomination, if he seeks it Walsh, and today he will file with the as expected, was called to his attention. Having filed at the State House nomi- Secretary of State the power of attorney

Chairman Donahue's action was taken resumed his anti-Smith program in the as indicating that nothing would come second day of activities of his forum at of the advances from the Roosevelt camp 333 Washington street in a program par- for a compromise, but rumors persist that at least one more effort will be made Speakers, representing branches of the in a possible conference between Gov-country's service in all recent wars, ernor Ely and James Roosevelt, son of placed emphasis on Roosevelt as an avail- the New York governor, who has had the of the program of accomplishments he cision from such a conference would have advocated when Assistant Secretary of to be reached before five o'clock Friday the Navy in the administration of the afternoon, the closing time for withlate President Woodrow Wilson.

"Texas Jask" Sullivan appeared as a substitution of delegates before 5 P. M. surprise speaker and was one of the feaon March 29.

There have been many versions of the considered Franklin D. Roosevelt another conference story, some to the effect that Governor Ely made the advances, others that Mr. Roosevelt took the initiative. To have the record "straight," as he expressed himself, Governor Ely made the following statement to the Transcript:

A certain individual, whose name I shall not mention, called me yesterday and asked me if I would be willing to see Mr. Roosevelt, stating that the latter had indicated a desire

I said that I had nothing to say to Mr. Roosevelt, but was always glad to see him. I suggested that I would be at the hotel (the Copley-Plaza) at six o'clock and I was there well into the evening, but Mr. Roosevelt did not appear.

Mr. Roosevelt's comment on the governor's statement was, "No third party was authorized by me to call the governor whom I am always glad to see."

When Mayor Curley appeared at the forensics, the mayor presented a musical State House to file papers for his slate program, with Mme. Rose Zulalian giving he was accompanied by Daniel J. Hanlon several solo numbers, songs appropriate of Malden, who has had charge of circuto the periods of the various wars in lating the papers. The mayor said that the papers covered delegates from all but Speakers, besides "Texas Jack" and the Eighth District, which includes Som-

signatures, with more coming in and that a full list of signers had been obained in every county, except Dukes, where no attempt had been made to get signatures.

National Committeeman Republican Louis K. Liggett, accompanied by Charles for Roosevelt as a friend of the veterans committee, this afternoon formally nied with the secretary of state nomination papers for the "Big Four" delegates-We want a Roosevelt also at the same time filed the power Papers for the Republican district candi-James Roosevelt, son of the governor, dates already have been filed, the various as given an ovation as he was escorted groups having been active in this respect

Governor Ely, like other leaders of the The answer of Chairman Frank J. Smith faction, continues his silence with onahue of the Democratic State Com-relation to the Curley anti-Smith declarar's dramatic assertion yesterday "under no conditions" will he be a mayor's dramatic assertion that candidate for governor-this year, failed

Silent on Fuller

The governor also has maintained silence with reference to former Governor Alvan T. Fuller's declaration that as a result of the fact that he is being urged o run for governor, he is giving consideration to the subject, but will make no definite announcement until after the Republican convention in June, for which he has been selected by Committee eeman Liggett as a candidate in the

'Big Four" group.
Incidentally Mayor Curley denies that
the possible return of Mr. Fuller into
the political arena influenced him in arriving at his decision not to be a candidate for governor this year.

"No," said the mayor, "Governor Ful-ler and I are the best of friends. In fact, he told me two years ago that he would never oppose me for public office."
Politicians recall that, previous to the

last mayoralty campaign, Mr. Fuller perdicted the election of Mr. Curley, whom he had previously overwhelmingly defeated for the governorship, although the Curley vote was surprisingly large Mayor Curley always has expressed high respect for Mr. Fuller's vote-getting pow-

"Bob" Washburn Says:

Washbarn's Weekly

ORAH the Big of Boise writes: "Dear Washburn-I am informed that the La Follette Brothers, the senator and the Wisconsin governor, are to appear before the Roosevelt Club in Symphony Hall on April 8, next. They are two of the most remarkable young men now in public life. Knowing them as I do and knowing you as I do, I am sure that the house will be jammed. Those who remain away will be the heavy losers." This will be the first appearance in Boston of the La Follette who is governor. Incidentally it might be added, that the best section of the hall will be reserved for the members of the Roosevelt Club as of April 1, next. Now turn from the Grand Circuit to the political half-mile tracks of Massachusetts.

"The strangest pair that ever firelight shone upon," as Charles Dickens, who lived in London and is now dead, wrote of Dombey & Son. But Dombey & Son are no longer the strangest pair that ever firelight shone upon. For there is another pair, now the strangest pair that ever political firelight shone upon, now allied in the Roosevelt cause. them is James Michael Curley, the Jewel of the Jamaicaway, and a grizzled political veteran. The other is James Roosevelt, the Colt of Cambridge, who nests in Coolidge Hill road, tempted thither doubtless by the political connotation of the name. As these two men play the principal parts in the plot of tonight and were both christened James at the altar, the mayor of Boston is hereinafter identified simply as Jim, and the youth as

+ + +

Yes, they doubtless are the strangest pair that ever political firelight shone upon and doubtless will remain so. Each is diverse, not only in his once start but also in his now status. Jim is a graduate and a symbol of Knocks Academy. What he is, he alone has made of himself, saving one exception What he is, he alone has only, a wife of high purpose, loyal and effective, the only master he ever recognized. He is thus a symbol of the ap-peal of America to the democracy of the earth, a country where men may hope to park themselves on their own gasoline. On the other hand, James is a symbol of Groton School and of Harvard University, and as yet to be tried out in the fires of fortune. These facts as to him are herewith asserted with hesitation, and in confidence to the readers of this Weekly, for it would be the last to harm him. Nevertheless, such intellectual and social training schools are looked upon amid determined democracy as more of a political liability than an asset.

Of Jim it may be said that he took root in and bloomed out of the sidewalks of Boston. This he did with all the tenacity of the twig which sprouts and leaves out of some stone embank-ment, a symbol of triumph over adversity. Of James it may be said, on the other hand, that he is a product of the hothouses, out of which he was transplanted at some risk into the pastures of politics when he was graduated from Harvard in 1930. Then, with keen political foresight, he married into the family of a noted surgeon and brain specialist, recognizing doubtless the value of such an ally amid democracy where it is said by loyal Republicans that many are troubled by disordered minds. And, incidentally, the story is told of a patient of one of these experts whose brain unwittingly was not re-turned to his head after an operation. This gave him no concern, he said, for he had found a place upon the public payroll.

Yes, they are the strangest pair that ever political firelight shone upon, not only in the atmospheres from which they came but also in the atmospheres where they now find themselves. The infant Jim in his earliest days was washed by a fond mother. On the other hand, the infant James was bathed, not by his mether but by a Hessian. James sprang out of a wicker perambulator and is a Llant which has always been sprinkled and nurtured. He took root in carefully fertilized fields and has bloomed sunny slopes. Jim has always thrived smid a tempest of tomahawks.

And yet their political nets are far and effectively spread. Each in his own diverse way is fitted for close and politically productive contacts. For Jim has lcarned to live with all sorts of citizens. from those who ride on leopards at Revere Beach to those who sit complacently in dinner-jackets or decollete. But as for James, his horizon has ever stopped with those who are as much at home in by his own wash-line. To Jim the counevening dress as the children of the plain try is not bounded on the west by Jamaica people are at home in the democratic people are at home in the democratic people are at home in the democratic Pond before him. To James the sun does waters of the Frog Pond. Because of not set in Coolidge Hill road, though he which considerations, Jim will turn in lives in temporary vicinage to Joseph not only quantity but also quality of Buell Ely. votes for the Roosevelt cause, while the contribution of James will be confined pretty much to quality only. Thus topretty much to quality only. Thus to-gether they sit upon the bank, angling for the electorate, as elusive as the most sportive trout, Jim baiting his hook with it is wet everywhere. She forgets that the democratic worm while James casts the artificial and aristocratic fly.

+

haps in thus turning from Al to Frank Massachusetts continues to stand, the he hopes thereby patriotically to make discriminating, like Jim and James, are out of Massachusetts a Yankee Free looking for seats where they may sit. State. And great are they who dare to Because of all of which, the Republican be inconsistently right rather than conbe inconsistently right rather than con-tent to be consistently wrong. So to-der his greatest obligation, not his gether this strange pair joins in the duet; own party, but to the Democratic or-A presidential cheer for Al is the presignization and the Jim-James, in that dential chair for Herbert. And no one wonders where Jim is going but some they are now turning the State into a ask why. Some question his present purpose but fewer its effect. Nevertheless the elite can no longer fasten their fire upon him, for, with the skill of the sav-age, he holds before him as a protecting shield a white papoose, and him a Roose-

And now for an interpolation, leaving the lighter notes of the treble, temporar-ily, for the substance of the bass. There appears to be an analogy between the po-litical conditions of 1908-12 and those of 1928-32. In 1908 T. R. was for Taft. In 1912 he was against him. In 1928 Curley was for Smith. In 1932 he is against him. The parallel continues. In 1912 him. the Republican national organization, to save itself, decided to lose with Taft rather than to win the presidency with In 1932 the Democratic State organization, to save itself, and Ely and Walsh, decides to lose the presidency with Smith rather than to attempt to win the nomination with Roosevelt.

+ + +

It is a good guess that the State is, that is at present, for Smith. It is a fervid fact that both Ely and Walsh are reconciled to continuing in their present high public trusts. These two propositions are the key to the situation. These considerations control the present policy of the Democratic State organization, and it would sooner play with Ely and Walsh than with Curley under any considerations. Thus it clings to them and to the brown derby as rounds in the ladder of safety, for it and for them. Why should it care, it reasons, about a chance for the presidency as against what it is satisfied it can be sure of in the State? +

+ In contrast sharp, Jim and James are more concerned in the presidency than they are in any red-ribbon State prize. It is a political proposition with Jim, and Pa with James. They feel, and with reason, that the Democratic State organization and Ely and Walsh should be sub jugated to the presidency. In this they are right. Thus their first consideration is to back for the presidency one who in their opinion may win as against one who in their opinion must lose. Great is that man whose horizon is not bounded

A man under an umbrella thinks that is wet everywhere. Massachusetts. which knows that it is wet, thinks that Congress is not wet; that is, as yet. Massachusetts, which thinks that it is for Smith, concludes that the country is for Smith. She forgets that, while she was for Smith in 1928, the country was fine lines of the greyhound! And yet they are held loyal to the cause, though by diverse considerations. James is stimulated by the bond of kinship. And Jim shows a fine discriminating sense and tourage as he turns from the Smith sufficient, like the Democratic organization and its allies. Nevertheless, while hans in thus turning from Al to Frank Smith. She forgets that, while she was Democratic bear garden. Hence let the meat axes continue to fly

BAVE LER B/22/32

Mayor Curley in Person Files Roosevelt Slate



Cook at the State House today. Left to right: Daniel J. Hanlon of Malden, executive in charge of the Roosevelt papers; Mayor Curley and Secretary Cook.

Power of Attorney Also Goes in—List Includes

Hundred more were on Washington street listening to the broadcasting.

Mme. Rose Zulalian sang. "Texas Jack" Sullivan, in the city as an advance agent of the rodeo, appeared with two guns, boots and sombrero, and leclared that Roosevelt is the type of ne-man with whom he'd like to be on the open trail. James Roosevelt parad-

Delegates at Large and Those by Districts, Except in the Eighth—Smith Slate in

By DONALD R. WAUGH

The Roosevelt slate of delegates to the Democratic national convention, to be voted on at the presidential primary on April 26, was filed today with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook by Mayor James M. Curley in person.

The mayor also filed, as required by law, the power-of-attorney from Gov. Roosevelt allowing the use of his name.

SMITH SLATE FILED

The list filed included the slate for delegates-at-large, also the slate for districts, with the exception of that for the 8th district, which, it was announced, would be filed before the time limit expired today.

Frank J. Done bug, chairman, of the

Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic state committee, and one of the leaders in the Smith campaign for

Signatures on the slate filed by Mayor Curley in behalf of Gov. Roosevelt were from all counties excepting Dukes and Nantucket. The law requires signatures from four counties only. In

Suffolk county alone 36,000 signatures were obtained, it was stated.

The Roosevelt slate contained several names, among them that of J. F. C. Flamand, French consul in Boston. about which there has been some question. Friday at 5 o'clock is the last time for filing withdrawals and filing substitutions.

There was nothing today to indicate that any compromise was being attempted between the Smith and the Roosevelt leaders. Hope that was in evidence a week or 10 days ago has folded. faded.

AT THE FORUM
The Roosevelt Forum, at 333 Washington street, in the Province building, held its second session today, given over to a tribute to Gov. Roosevelt in

over to a tribute to Gov. Roosevelt in his efforts for the service men.

The speakers were Maj. Paul H. Hines of the American Legion, who is a delegate on the at-large slate; Comdr. James F. Flynn, president of Suffolk County G. A. R., who served throughout the civil war; Comdr. David King, one of the three surviving members of the crew of the old frigate Kearsarge; Mrs. Agnes H. Parker, past national commander-in-chief Women's Relief Corps; Gen. John H. Dunn, past national commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars; Joseph J. Hanken, also a past commander, Veterans of Foreign Wars.

Wars.

Gov. Roosevelt was characterized as not only a great leader but the best friend of national defence that the nation has known since the days of his illustrious namesake, Theodore Roose-relt.

Tomorrow's session of the forum will be addressed by leaders of the Italian-American citizens. There will be no further sessions, in view of Holy Week, until Easter Monday.

he open trail. James Roosevelt parad-id into the hall between speeches, scorted by a color guard, to the tunof martial music.

delegates, who had previously filed the power of signed by the agents of the building attorney from the former Governor of were posted telling the public not to the Empire state, allowing the use of loiter in the corridors. The presiding his name.

National Committeeman Louis K. Curley rallies for Al Smith.

Liggett and Executive Secretary Charles Nichols of the Republican state com-at the forum.

National Committeenan Edus Nichols of the Republican state com- at the forum.

Mitchols of the Republican state com- at the forum.

Mitchols of the Republican state com- at the forum.

Mittee filed the nomination papers for James Roosevelt said today he is continued the state of the Hoover-pledged delegates, together fident his father will win in 10 or of the Hoover-pledged delegates, together fident his father will win in 10 or of the Hoover-pledged delegates, together fident his father will win in 10 or of the Hoover-pledged delegates, together fident his father will win in 10 or of the Hoover-pledged delegates, together fident his father will win in 10 or of the Hoover-pledged delegates, together fident his father will win in 10 or of the Hoover delegates.

It was hinted that the Republicans mitted strong opposition in Springfield, might allow a contest in the 9th dis-Lowell, Lawrence and Lynn.

He denied rumors of any likely compremise between himself and represent-promise between himself and represent that he had authorized no third person 30 at the office of Secretary of State to approach Gov. Ely in his and his father's behalf. The Governor said to-choice of positions of the Smith and cay that a third man asked him yester-flowed day to arrange to see Roosevelt and unal drawings will be made for the various districts.

Compromise Still Rumored

Rumors are still heard that the rival groups in the Democratic party may come to an agreement and unite on a single group of delegates-at-large, but these reports have little credence now although there is still time for mutual concessions. The die will not be cast until 5 p. m. Friday.

concessions. The die will not be cast until 5 p m Friday.

A Democrat, whose name is not given, called on Gov Joseph B. Eiy yesterday and asked him whether he would have a talk with James Roosevelt. The Governor replied that of course he would be glad to see the younger Roosevelt. The incident ended there, as Roosevelt did not call on the there, as Roosevelt did not call on the Governor and afterwards said he had authorized no one to ask for a confer-

Both Gov Ely and Mayor Curley will go today to Camden, N J, where a large steamship designed for use in the Panama-South American trade will be launched Thursday. The Governors of all the States and other prominent, members of the community minent members of the community have been invited. The two distinguished Massachusetts Democrats will thus have the securetary of the security thus have the opportunity-although they may not seize it—to discuss the political situation and determine whether or not there is ground for believing the two factions in the party may get together. Gov Ely said yes-terday that he expected to see Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith at the exercises in Camden.

Another Crowd at Forum

The Roosevelt Forum was filled by another capacity gathering at 333 Washington st, yesterday, when war veterans staged the program. Mayor Curley opened the meeting and strongly emphasized the point that as wartime Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Gov Roosevelt had been a staunch friend of the Navy Yard here. School Committeeman Joseph J. Hurley, a World War veteran, declared, "Roosevelt is made of the stuff that soldiers are made of."

Brig Gen John H. Dunn, veteran of two wars, declared, "If those who insist wrongly that Smith is a candidate really have the best interests of the Massachusetts democracy at heart, they will accept the compromise that The Roosevelt Forum was filled by

they will accept the compromise that has been offered them-and there can then be no doubt that Massachusetts' 36 votes will be cast finally for a win-ner-Roosevelt."

Maj Paul H. Hines told of the ac-Assistant Secretary of the Navy. Past Commander James J. Hanken of the Veterans of Foreign Wars presided.

Mayor's Office "Shot Up"

The real fireworks in the campaign occurred in the Mayor's office at City Hall yesterday when Texas Jack Sullivan, a former Boston man, unbuckled van, a former Boston man, unduckted a pair of old-fashioned single action 44-caliber pistols and demonstrated how the Roosevelt boom was spreading in the West by firing his weapons.

The shooting startled City Hail workers and there was a rush for the Mayor's office. Sullivan was accompanied by Milt Hinkle, formerly a Texas Ranger and director of the Texas Rangers Rodeo coming to the Boston Arena April 8-16. They wore 10-gallon hats, gave Mayor Cur-ley a hat like theirs and accompanied him to the Forum meeting.

OPPOSE DONAHUE AND CURLEY SLATES

Two Fall River Men to Run As Independent Candidates

[Special Dispatch to The Herald]

FALL RIVER, March 22-Charging that Mayor Curley of Boston, and Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic state committee, have chosen rival slates of delegates principally to "pro-mote themselves," two Fall River Democrats today announced themselves independent candidates for delegates from the 14th district to the party's national convention.

James M. Moran; former securetary of

HMERICAN 3/23/32 HE CRIES AT

Bitter Fight Looms on Curley Bill to Borrow \$4,500,000 for Tube Approaches

Martin Lomasney caused a sensationa t a legislative hearing today when he advised Rep. George P. Anderson to consult his friends, "Bob Bottomley and Charlie Innes," regarding the ownership of property the city may take in developing Haymar-, two weeks hence. ket sq.

The hearing was before the committee on municipal finance, chairmaned by Anderson, on Mayor Cur-Boston to borrow \$4,500,000 outside the debt limit for construction and improvements in the vicinity of the improvements in the vicinity of the land absolutely necessary if the harbor tunnel is to serve its purpose. The

one of Boston's most colorful political figures, rose to comment upon the plan and Anderson asked him if he knew who owned any of the property that might be affected.

"THE ABC BOYS KNOW"

Pointing his finger at Anderson and shaking his head Lomasney shouted:

"Ask him who own litt" floor

the Democratic city committee. Both are pledged to Alfred E. Smith, with Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt as second choice in the event Smith's cause ap-pears hopeless after early ballots. The candidates, who have been

prominent in Fall River politics for the past decade, issued a joint statement, reading in part:

Many Democrats in Fall River and elsewhere in the district will refuse to vote for either of the two refuse to vote for either of the two hand-picked slates, because they do not want to get mixed up in hit-ter personal and political feud be-tween James M. Curley and Frank J. Donahue.

We do not have to call Boston every day to find out what to do. There is no Boston boodle of money to push us onto the voters. know that the Democrats in this district are smart enough to see through Curley and Donahue. They are hiding behind Al Smith and Roosevelt and are promoting themselves as usual

Curley and Gov. Ely can use their axes on each other in the fall, but there is no reason why they should use an axe on the Democratic party now. Personally, we hold nothing against any of the candidates on the Donahue and Curley slates, but we object to their selection by the Boston politicians, and so do the meanle of this district.

tinuing, to the chairman, he said: "Ask your friend Bob Bottomley who owns it. Ask your friend Charlie Innis who owns it, and who has owned it for a long time. The ABC boys own it!"

Anderson laughed and Lomasney did not further explain.

The West End leaded said he neither favored nor opposed the bill, but that "those who oppose it are as short-sighted today as they were years ago.

He said he proposed similar development of Haymarket sq. in 1897 when the work would have cost

only \$1,000,000.

Joint committees of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Real Estate Exchange were expected to present opposition to certain features of the plan.

FOR TUBE ENTRANCES

Boston seeks the money for construction necessary to open up the approaches to the \$16,000,000 vehicular tunnel now under construction and scheduled to be finished

Enlargement and widening of Haymarket sq., construction of a new street from Hanover to Merrimack and Portland and reconstruction of two blocks in Causeway st., near North Station, are contem-

now he said.

Fred H. Fay, chairman of the Boston planning board, presented maps and drawings of the changes planned.

The present island in Haymarket sq. would be enlarged and a circle smillar to that in Charles st., with a pedestrian underpass, would be built, so there would be no essent ShOBE 3/23/32

WHITING OMITS HOOVER PLEDGE

Coolidge's Cabinet, has refused to run in the coming Republican primary as a candidate for district delegate Two Hoover Slates in 9th pledged to vote for Hoover in the Republican national convention next June.

Whiting will be an unpledged candidate in the 1st Congressional District and harry B. Putnam of Westfield has been authorized by Louis K. Liggett, the Massachusetts member of the Republican National Committee, to take Whiting's place as a candidate pledged to Hoover.

There is a third Republican candidate in that district, Dennis P. Noonan of Pittsfield. It is uncertain whether or not he can carry the words 'pledged to Herbert Hoover" on the primary ballot, although he now want to do so.

Words Left Off Papers

Ten days or so ago, when Liggett made public the list of candidates whom he had authorized to run pledged to Hoover in the Republican primary, Whiting and Noonan were the ones selected in the 1st District, but when they filed their nomination papers with the Secretary of State neither had written on them "pledged to Herbert Hoover." Liggett subsequently got in touch with the candiquently got in touch with the candidates, and, as a result, Noonan sent to the State House a telegram asking that he might be pledged to Hoover on the ballot. There is doubt, however, whether the Secretary of State can now authorize Noonan to be pledged, and the question will be referred to the Ballot Law Commission.

Whiting declined to be pledged.

There the matter rests for the present. Unless one of the three candidates withdraws—and all have filed their nomination papers—there will be a contest among the Republicans in that district.

Prefers to Use Judgment

Interviewed at his home in Holyoke last night, Mr Whiting said: "The reason why I did not pledge myself in the first place was that I felt that a delegate could best serve his district by exercising his own judgment at the convention. A pledge is binding and any deviation is considered illegal."

Mr Whiting cited instances where delegates in the past have deeply regreted the fact they were pledged, but they could do nothing else and had to stay pledged against their best judgment.

In discussing the situation, Mr Whiting was apparently greatly su. prised at the interest shown in his refusal to go to the convention pledged to President Hoover.

"I am not an off-horse," he explained.

When he had his papers circulated, he declared, nothing was said to him about being pledged.

short notice that he did not comply, as he thought it would offend some of those who signed his papers. However, Mr Whiting stated, he tried to impress on these representatives that he was a regular Republican and had no desire to foment discord.

Mr Whiting added that he had no idea of health and head no idea.

idea of challenging the action of Lig-

An interesting situation has developed also on the Republican side in the 9th District. Liggett has authorized two slates of delegates and alternates 9th District. to run pledged to Hoover in that disto run pledged to Hoover in that district, and the Republican voters may choose between them One group is made up of Representative C. N. Luitwieler of Newton and Prof T. N. Carver of Harvard College for delegates, and Alton L. Miller of Brookline and Mattie C. Crawford of Watertown for alternates; these four conditates for alternates; these four candidates may be described as drys. The other slate consists of Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton and Representative Albert F. Bigelow of Brookline as delegates, and Henrietta M. Cazmay of Cam-bridge and Ella M. Vaughan of Watertown as alternates. This group of candidates is wet. Consequently, the prohibition issue may be fought out in the 9th District.

Congressmen Robert Luce and Frederick W. Dallinger, sitting members of Congress, now represent parts of that district, and it has been assumed that one or the other will be the Republican nominee in the new district next Fall. Both recently voted in Congress against the plan to submit the 18th amendment to the States. It is believed that if the wet delegation wins in the Presidential primary there will be a wet candidate for the Congressional

Rival Democratic Slates

nomination in the Fall.

Except for these two instances, nothing out of the ordinary happened yesterday at the office of the Secre-tary of State when the time expired for filing nomination papers for elec-tion as delegates to the coming na-tional conventions. The Republican State organization filed a list of delegates and alternates-at-large and district delegates and alternates all the rest were pledged to Hoover. Two complete Democratic slates were filed—one pledged to Alfred E. Smith and the other to Franklin D. Roosevelt.
Liggett filed with the Secretary of

State the documentary power of attorney from President Hoover, which gave Liggett authority to designate the candidates who might run pledged to Hoover. Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the December 18 that. man of the Democratic State Committee, presented a similar document in behalf of Ex-Gov Smith, and Mayor James M. Curley performed the corresponding duty for Gov Roosevelt.

There will be some changes in the list of Roosevelt delegates-at-large

list of Rooseveit delegates-at-large before the time for withdrawals expire, at 5 p m Friday. J. C. J. Flamand, the French consul in Boston, was on the original slate and is still there, but he will withdraw because the French Embessy in Westert the French Embassy in Washington has expressed the opinion that it would be improper for any representative of that Government to take an active part in politics. It is believed that another representative of the French voters will be substituted for Flamand. It looked at one time as though Percy A. Guthrie, a Republican who support-The first request that he pledge himself to President Hoover was made to him recently by representatives of the Republican State committee. He said the request was made on such

To Replace City Employes

Also, new alternate delegates-at-large will be put on the Roosevelt slate in the places of Mrs Helen C. Galvin and Julian D. Rainey, who, it appears, are technically disqualified because they are employes of the city of Boston As her because they of Boston. As has been said, these withdrawals must be brought about before 5 p m Friday. The vacancies so caused may be filled at any time up to 5 p m next Tuesday.

Representative Roland D. Sawyer of Ware filed papers yesterday as a Democratic candidate for delegate-atlarge. He fayors the nomination of

large. He favors the nomination of Smith, but, since he was not on what may be termed the regular Smith slate, he cannot state his preference on the ballot. Sawyer is the only candidate for delegate-at-large except those on the Republican and the two Democratic slates

The list of candidates for delegates who will run unpledged, unless they withdraw before Friday, is small. The Democrats have more than the Republicans. Almost all of the former say they are for Smith. but, as they lack his permission, they cannot use his name in any way on the ballot. A few, like John J. Smith and James M. Moran, both of Fall River, in the 14th District, would like to advertise the fact that Smith is their first choice and Roosevelt their second choice, but that information cannot be put on the primary ballot.

The list of unpledged district delegates, in addition to the two just The list of candidates for delegates

in addition to the two just mentioned, follows:

DEMOCRATIC

DEMOCRATIC

1st—James F. Cleary Jr. Holyoke.
2d—Thomas F. Moriariy. Springfield.
5th—John F. Leavitt. Loweli: Celia A. R.
Mahern, Ex-Mayor Philip J. Gallasher, both
of Woburn.
7th—Charles M. Boyle. Pesbody; Peter
Donnelly, Lynn.
8th—George J. Moran. Somerville.
9th—Margaret M. Warren. Brookline;
John L. McDonald and Hynan Pill, both of
Cambridge.
11th District—John J. Curran Jr. Charles
H. McMaster, both of Boston.
12th—Daniel Carroll. Boston.
13th—Ex-Mayor Frank A. Manning, Brocktoll.

ton. 14th—Philip J. Russell. Fall River.

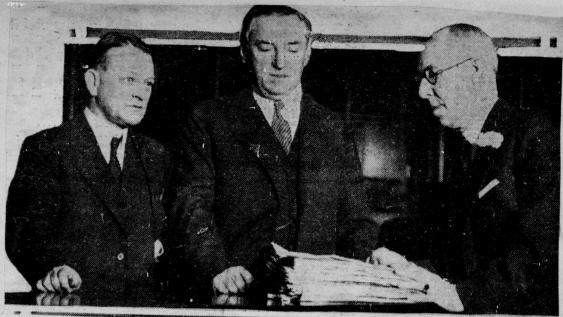
8th—Edwin P. Bliss, Malden.
10th—Charles H. Searles, Charles H.
Knott, both of Boston.
11th—Edwin L. Donnelly, Albert L. Sutton, both of Boston.

Drawings in Few Days

An advantageous position on the primary ballot will be a great asset in this, as in every other political contest. The candidates whose names are arranged in groups, that is, the delegates and alternates at large and the sairs who are primary who delegates and alternates-at-large and the pairs who are running together in the Congressional districts, will in a few days draw their places by lot at the office of the Secretary of State. Those candidates who are running singly will be arranged in alphabetical

Each of the Democratic slates of delegates and alternates-at-large is made up of 12 candidates. Massachusetts is be entitled to six delegates-atlarge in the Democratic national convention-two for each United States Senator, and two additional because in 1928 the State cast its electoral vote for the Democratic nominee for Presifor the Democratic nominee for President. The policy of the Democratic State committee is, however, to elect twice the number of delegates-at-large to which the State is entitled and to authorize each delegate-at-large to cast a half vote. The Democrats will elect two delegates are cash entitled. elect two delegates, each entitled to one vote, in every Congressional dis-

Massachusetts Republicans will elect four delegates-at-large and two delegates from every Congressional district. Each of the Republican delegates will cast one vote in the national Conymics.



Curley Puts Roosevelt on State's Slate

The Roosevelt delegates, led by Mayor Curley, and the Smith delegates, led by U. S. Senators Walsh and Coolidge and Governor Ely.

squared off for battle yesterday following the filing of a complete slate for Roosevelt for President at the State House.

Mayor Curley personally went to the secretary of state's office with the list and announced that the papers in Suffolk county alone bore 36,000 signatures. There were no changes in the list from those previously announced. The Smith slate was completed the

slate was completed the day before.
Louis K. Liggett, Republican national committeeman, filed the list of candidates for delegates on the Republican ticket, announcing all were pledged to Hoover. Two sets of delegates will run in the ninth district, one led by Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton with Rep. Albert F. Bigelow of Brookline.

The other group consists of Prof.
Thomas N. Carver of Cambridge
and Rep. Clarence S. Luitweiler of
Newton. In the 10th and 11th districts there will be independent,
unpledged candidates.

Castle Island to Be Seaplane Base

Historic Fort Independence on Castle Island will shelter under its antiquated guns this summer, the largest and most modern amphibians in the world, flying on an international air line from Boston to Halifax, if the present plars of Pan American Airways are completed. Mayor Curley announced today that he had granted permission to Pan American to use Castle Island for the service and added that Pan American eventually planned to extend this service across the Atlantic. This service is expected to start on June 1, and is a resumption of the Boston and Halifax air mail service operated by Pan American here last summer.

The choice of Castle Island came as a surprise in local aviation circles, although it has been known for some time that the temporary seaplane ramp at the Bostor Airport was unsuited for the huge passenger planes which Pan American wanted to use. Pan American engineers told Mayor Curley that the Castle Island location was ideal, as a run of nearly two miles could be obtained from the island to the President roads. A temporary building on the island will be used as a waiting room and a floating landing will be constructed.

No decision has been reached as to whether Pan American Airways will again operate the Boston-Maine Airways line to Portland and Bangor, nor is it known who will operate in place of Pan American if a change is made. Whether Bangor or Rockland will be eliminated or whether both will be included in the service this summer is also uncertain. It is expected, however, that the Boston & Maine Railroad and the Maine Central will make some decision on this matter part week.

Roosevelt slate was personally filed yesterday by

Mayor James M. Curley at State House, with 36,000 signers in Suffolk County alone. Delegates and delegates-at-large are named. Shown are, left to right, Daniel J. Hanlon, in charge of nomination papers; Mayor Curley, Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook.

(Daily Record Photo)
(Daily Record Photo)

Lomasney Scores Foes of City's \$24,000,000 Borrowing Plan

West End Leader Presses Need of Improving Causeway St. and Haymarket Square-Reminds of Harriman's Central Artery Scheme

Opponents of legislation for widening Causeway street and Haymarket square were attacked today by Martin Lomasney at a State House hearing at which authority for the city of Boston to borrow \$24,000,000 for various projects was opposed with minor exceptions by the Boston Chamber of Commerce and the Boston Real Estate Exchange.

CITES ARTERY SCHEME

Lomasney's attack centred about the petition of Mayor Curley to borrow \$4,-500,000 outside the debt limit for the Causeway street and Haymarket square improvements. A hearing was held by the legislative committee on municipal finance on this and other bills seeking approval of the city to borrow approximately \$24,000,000.

Lomasney said that introduction of legislation several years ago by a group of prominent business men headed by Henry I. Harriman, former president of the chamber of commerce, calling for construction of a central artery through the down-town section of Bos-

through the down-town section of Boston was defeated largely through efforts of the West end leader.

He said: "If that legislation calling for an expenditure of \$50,000,000 had been approved, I leave it to you to judge what would be the financial condition of the city of Boston today." He dition of the city of Boston today." He declared that, due to increased traffic by the widening of Nashua street, Causeway street is now congested to an unusual extent. He thought action should be taken at once despite any opposi-

He went on: "They opposed me back in 1897 when in the state Senate I in 1897 when in the state Senate I sought to have an improvement brought about in Haymarket square similar to the one now under consideration. Remember that only a few years ago they were before you crying for the expeditures of \$50,000,000. Now all they talk is accome. This proposition is great is economy. This proposition is a good one and will eb a money maker to the city instead of an expense."

A. B. Casson, legislative agent of the

city, representing Mayor Curley, appeared in behalf of the bill.

The exceptions, to which there was

no opposition today, were provisions for construction and furnishing of new school buildings and improvement of streets as approaches to the East Bos-ton tunnel. In these cases substantial changes were suggested.

POWERFUL OPPOSITION

Claude L. Alter, counsel for the chamber of commerce, said:

"In a year when economy should be the watchword and every attempt the watchword and every attempt should be made to eliminate unnecessary expenses, we find before your committee for hearing some 14 biils, most of them on the petition of his honor, the mayor, seeking authority for the city of Buston to borrow outside the debt limit for various purposes an aggregate sum of approximately \$20,000,000. In addition to this, the city proposes to borrow within the debt limit approximately \$4,000,000. "The Boston Chamber of Commerce views with apprehension this extravagant program and believes that it is time to put on the brakes and at least postpone to a time when business conditions have righted themselves, the major portion of this extensive pro-

CHANGES SUGGESTED

"The chamber desires to be recorded in opposition to all of the so-called Boston borrowing bills, which have been heard before your committee, with the exception of House 1020, providing for the construction and furnishing new school buildings, and House 1021, providing for the laying out, widening and relocation of streets as approaches to the East Boston tunnel. On these two matters, the chamber believes that sub-stantial changes should be made in the bills as presented by his honor the mayor, and material reductions effected in the amount proposed to be expended

for these purposes.

"On the bill for schoolhouse borrowings, the chamber is of the opinion that the program for expenditures can be reduced to \$1,000,000 this year, and that only one-half of that sum should be borrowed outside the debt limit, the balance being borrowed inside the debt

The chamber believes that in ordinary The chamber believes that in ordinary times schoolhouses should be built on the pay-as-you-go policy out of the tax levy. A partial departure from this program has been made in the past two years and is probably necessary to a limited extent this year, but we should proceed with extreme caution in building up the funded debt for the city in ing up the funded debt for the city in these times of shrinking values.

AS TO STREET WIDENING

As to House 1021, on street widening, providing for the borrowing of \$4,500,-000 outside the debt limit, the chambler believes that this program should be strictly limited to the preliminary steps under the alternative method for acquiring indispensable approaches to the East Boston tunnel, which includes

the East Boston tunnel, which includes a traffic circle in Haymarket square and the widening of Cross street from Hanover street to Haymarket square.

"It is believed that if this work is done under the alternative method of taking land by eminent domain, it can be accomplished for \$2,500,000 or less and alternative would be presented. and no borrowing would be necessary earlier than 1933.

"The chamber, in conjunction with the Boston real estate exchange, has prepared a brief with much carefully prepared data dealing specifically with each one of these bills, which we are pleased to submit with the hope that it will be helpful to your committee.

"We would especially call your atten-tion to the chart and table in the brief which show that the net city and county debt and appropriations for debt requirements are increasing rapidly, while the assessed valuation is decreasing. Under such conditions extensive borrow-ings which would add to the debt, are

clearly unwise.

THE REALTY VIEW

Speaking for the Boston real estate exchange, R. Ammi Cutter said:

"The city of Boston has before this committee petitions for leave to borrow \$14,950,000 outside the debt limit. In addition, the Suffolk county court house bill (Senate bill No. 283) seeks authority for the city to borrow \$3,500,000 more, outside the debt limit.

"The Boston real estate exchange op-poses granting authority to the city of Boston to borrow outside the debt limit for these purposes at this time, except to a very limited extent for school pur-poses and except in an amount much

below that suggested by the city and subject to very rigid restrictions, for the purpose of preparing an adequate access from Haymarket square to the new East Boston vehicular tunnel entrance. All other proposals, the Boston real estate exchange opposes at this time, either on the ground that the projects can be postponed or because they should, we believe, be financed from the tax levy or

believe, be financed from the tax levy or from borrowing inside the debt limit.

"At the present time the taxpayers of Boston are faced with the prospect of paying higher real estate taxes from greatly reduced incomes. We hope, of course, that the better times are in prospect, but reliable statistics give us no assurance that the taxpaying capacity of the citizens of Boston will be increased for some time. While business conditions remain as they are, it is, we believe, unwise to authorize borrowings outside the debt limit for non-essential or postponable expenditures, rowings outside the debt limit for non-essential or postponable expenditures, for the amounts borrowed will be re-flected in the increased charges for debt service which must be raised in the tax levies of the immediate future. While the business outlook remains uncertain, we urge that a policy of retrenchment should prevail."

HIVIERICAN 3/23/32

noon to 3 p. m. and the stock mar-ket and Superior Criminal Court will be closed all day on Good Friday-but otherwise the business of the city will be conducted, for the most part, as usual, it was indi-cated today.

Mayor Curley issued an order today for closing of City Hall during the three hours in the afternoon of the world's most solemn anniver-

sary observance.

With exception of Superior Criminal Court, all courts and the dis-trict attorney's and clerks' offices will function as usual.

All State House employes will re-

main at their posts during the day, and the House of Representatives will conduct its regular short Friday session, as it did last year.

The Boston Stock Exchange will

be closed all day Friday.

HERALD IS BADLY SPLIT

Large Group of Independent Supporters File as Candidates

BACKERS CHALLENGE SINCERITY OF MANY

The task of electing a full slate of delegates to the Democratic national convention pledged to vote for Alfred E. Smith's renomination was complicated yesterday by the procedure of a large group of Smith sympathizers who qualified for places on the presidential primary ballot as independent Smith primary ba

Chief among the intruders was Dist.-Atty. Thomas F. Moriarty of Spring-field who qualified for a place from the 2d congressional district. He resented the inclusion of the name of Mayor Dwight R. Winter of Springfield on the official Smith delegation to his exclu-

The sincerity of many of the Smith The sincerity of many of the Smith unofficial supporters was challenged by the former New York Governor's official backers here. The intrusion in many instances was regarded as a hostile movement inspired by friends of Gov. Roosevelt in the hope that a division of Smith strength will result in the election of district delegates pledged to Roosevelt. Roosevelt.

Roosevelt.
Gov. Ely admitted yesterday that James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, had sought an interview with him through a third person for the purpose of effecting a compromise. Es said that although he could see no ground for a compromise he would welcome a conference with young Roosevelt. The young man made no attempt to establish any contact with the Governorm.

come a conference with young Roose-veit. The young man made no attempt to establish any contact with the Governor yesterday.

In addition to Moriarty the professed Smith supporters who are seeking election as delegates are: Representative Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, at-large; James F. Clearly, Mary E. Driscoll and John S. Begley in the first district; John F. Leavitt, Celia A. Reade Mahern and Phillip J. Gallagher in the fifth district; Peter Donnelly, Michael J. Dougherty, Charles M. Boyle, Julia Feeney, Oliver F. Green and James F. Connelly in the seventh district; George J. Moran in the eighth district; Margaret M. Warren, John L. McDonald and Hyman Pill in the ninth district; J. Moran in the eighth district; Margaret M. Warren, John L. McDonald and Hyman Pill in the ninth district; John J. Curran, Jr., Charles H. Mc-Master, Edwin A. Kelly and Dennis F. Donovan in the 11th district; Daniel Carroll in the 12th district; Frank A. Manning in the 13th district; Philip J. Russell, John J. Smith and James M. Moran in the 14th district.

Frank J. Donahue, national committeeman, and Mayor Curley presented to Secretary of State Cook the respective powers of attorney from Al Smith and Gov. Roosevelt.

Earlier in the day the mayor opened the daily Roosevelt forum at 333 Washington street with a brief address in support of Gov. Roosevelt. It was designated as "serviceman's day" and the meeting was presided over by Joseph Hanken of Revere, a registered Republican who recently changed his enrolment to Democrat.

enrolment to Democrat.

Among the other speakers were Maj.
Paul H. Hines, Edward McNeil, School
Committeeman Joseph J. Hurley,
"Texas Jack" Sullivan, Brig.-Gen. Joan

H. Barker and Mrs. Agnes H. Parker.
McNeil, a former department commander of the Spanish War Veterans, took his audience up San Juan hill with Teddy Roosevelt and concluded by portraying Gov. Roosevelt as just such a man as T. R. was.

He charged that the Smith supporters were engaged in a plot to re-elect Pres-

were engaged in a plot to re-elect President Hoover, who, he declared, had attempted to swap their pension for a

pauper's oath.

Cowboy Sullivan delivered the entire votes of the Democrats of the South-west to Gov. Roosevelt in his pictur-esque address, the climax to which saw him waving a six-shooter around his CURLEY CANNOT ATTEND KEARNY, N J, LAUNCHING

Mayor Curley will be unable to go to Kearny, N J, for the launching to-morrow of the new Grace Line ship. He said today that the company would launch a new liner, the San Paulo, early in May and that he hoped to be able to attend on that occasion.

ChoBE 3/23/32

WOULD RESTRICT BORROWING **OUTSIDE BOSTON DEBT LIMIT**

Finance Commission Recommends Cutting or Rejection of Bills Proposed by Mayor Curley

Senator Samuel H. Wragg, Senate chairman of the Legislative Committee on Municipal Finance, received yesterday afternoon from Chairman Frank A. Goodwin of the Boston Finance Commission the commission's opinion on nine bills of Mayor Curley for authority to borrow outside the debt limit.

The members of the Finance Commission are of the opinion that the right to borrow outside the legal limit of indebtedness should be given by your honorable body very sparingly,"

says the report.

On three of the bills the commission believes the amount called for should be provided within the debt limit. On three others it recommends certain changes in the amounts and provi-sions. On one it says there should be further information, on another it be-lieves action should be deferred and on still another it registers its opposi-

commission's analysis of the

nine bills is as follows:
"House 472—This bill provides for the widening of Porter st in East Boston. The commission believes that authorization for this work should be de-ferred until the tunnel is completed.

"House 473-This bill provides for the purchase of a parcel on the waterfront purchase of a parcel on the waterfront to be used as a public works yard. The commission believes that if there is sufficient need for the purchase of this site during the present year, it should be provided for from within the legal limit of indebtedness.

"House 474 This turn."

limit of indebtedness.

"House 474—This bill provides for the purchase of a parcel at Nashua and Leverett sts in the West End for park purposes. The Commission believes that if there is sufficient need for this improvement this year, it passage of any such bill."

should be provided for from within the debt limit.

"House 475—This bill provides for the development of an addition to the Charlesbank. The Commission believes this should be financed from within the debt limit.

"House 476—This is a bill to author-

within the debt limit.

"House 476—This is a bill to authorize a loan of \$1,000,000 outside the debt limit for surface drainage. The Commission believes that your committee should favor a bill to provide a sum not in excess of \$500,000 outside the debt limit for this purpose, in the fact that the City consideration of the fact that the City is using \$1,000,000 of its right to borrow within the debt limit for sewerage

"House 477—This bill authorizes an appropriation of \$2,000,000 outside the debt limit for a building program at the City Hospital. The Commission be-lieves it proper to provide \$1,000,000 outside the debt limit, if the other \$1,000,000 needed is obtained from with-

in the legal limit of indebtedness.

"House 1021—This bill authorizes an appropriation of \$4,500,000 for street widenings as an approach to the traffic tunnel. The Commission feels that it is not possible to obtain sufficient information on the ultimate necessity of this approach until the tunnel is completed.

"House 1022-This bill authorizes an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for reconstructing and repairing accepted streets. The Commission favors a bill authorizing an appropriation of \$500,000 outside the debt limit, in consideration of the fact that the city authorities and the fact that the city authorities and the fact that the city authorities are supported in the city authorities. outside the debt limit, in consideration of the fact that the city authorities are planning to use \$500,000 of the borrowing capacity within the limit for the same purpose.

"House 1134—This bill authorizes the city to borrow an unlimited amount outside the debt limit for severage.



Back Home Again

Harry A. Higgins, traffic commissioner; Connie Reardon, secretary to Mayor Curley, and Frank T. Piedmont of mayor's office, l. to r., are shown on their arrival in Hub yesterday, returning from Havana sojourn. It was a great trip!

PECORD

3/23/32

His Honor Gets Another Western Chapeau



Mayor James M. Curley, second left, was presented at City Hall yesterday with a real cowboy 10-gallon sombrero when George Swartz, Milt Hinkle and "Texas Jack" Sullivan, left to right, called on him. They are bringing the Texas Rangers Rodeo to Boston Arena April 8-16. Mr. Hinkle made the presentation.

[RANSCRIDT 3/23/32

Goodwin Would Cut Outside Borrowings

Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the Boston Finance Commission, is in favor of permitting the city of Boston to borrow only \$2,000,000 outside the debt limit this year. Mr. Goodwin yesterday sent a letter to Chairman Saumel H. Wragg of the legislative Committee on Municipal Finance in which he analyzed the \$32,000,000 program of Mayor Curley, except for school appropriation proposals, voicing the opinion that in most cases the city should be made to either provide for the various projects inside the legal debt limit or forego them altogether for the present.

In the judgment of the Finance Commission, nothing should be done about widening approaches to the East Boston vehicular tunnel until the tunnel is completed. Goodwin's letter stated that \$500,000 might be authorized for borrowing outside the debt limit on the bill to provide for surface drainage, instead of the \$1,000,000 asked, in view of the appropriation of \$1,000,000 in this year's Boston budget for sewerage works. Another \$500,000 would be borrowed outside if the Goodwin recommendations are followed for reconstructing and repairing accepted streets for which the city officials are planning to use \$500,000 of the inside borrowing apacity this year, and the Finance Commission favors giving permission to borrow \$1,000,000 outside for City Hospital improvements, provided the city will appropriate a similar sum inside the debt limit.

Ely and Donahue CURLEY EXPLAINS MAKEUP Hit by Curley Italian Group

Governor Scored for Withholding Promotions, Latter feat service to the Democratic party at all times. for Smith Slate-Making "There has been no intention to restrict the choice of delegates to those who would be arbitrarily given the use

Washington street developed into a program of resentment against both Governor Ely and Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State Committee for their alleged exclusion of Italian voters from proper recognition by the Democratic

criticism of Donahue, ignoring the fact that the State chairman, in the preparation of his Smith slate, included Vincent Brogna, a recognized leader in the Italian

group as a district delegate.

Dr. Joseph A. Santosuosso, chief speaker, besides condemning Chairman Dona-hue for "ignoring the Italians of Massa-chusetts in the selection of a slate of at-large delegates" turned his guns against Governor Ely whom he accused of refusing to promote Anthony A. Bonzagni from his position as deputy registrar of motor vehicles to registrar. He also said that "the governor of Massachusetts denied recognition of our people when he ignored Special Justice Frank Leveroni of the Boston Juvenile Court and appointed "a man named Perkins from his own law firm" as justice to succeed the late Justice Frederick P. Cabot, instead of promoting Judge Leveroni.

Other speakers included James Roosevelt, son of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt; Joseph A. Tomasello, who presided; Charles E. Leonardi, assistant corporation counsel for Boston, and former assistant corporation counsel Nicholas Pe-

trocelli.

The activities took on the form of a music festival in certain stages of the meeting, with solo selections by Giuseppe Grozzi, who commanded so much applause that he was obliged to give two encores, and by John McCormack and Michael Ahearn, also loudly applauded.

1-08+ 3/28/32

PISTOL PRACTICE IN MAYOR'S OFFICE

Sounds of pistol shots coming from the office of Mayor Curley on the second floor yesterday startled hundreds of junicipal employees and visitors to City Hall. But it was only Texas Jack Sullivan of San Antonio showing the Mayor with blank cartridges how the Hub police should shoot from the hip instead of waiting to take straight-arm

Texas Jack, a former Boston boy, dropped in on the Mayor with Milt Hinkle, former Texas ranger, to explain their plans to stage a real Texas rodeo at the Arena from April 8 to 16.

OF ROOSEVELT SLATE

Mayor James M. Curley, in a statement issued today explained by the Roosevelt list of delegates is composed of just the required number of delegats at large and in the 15 districts. The statement was as follows:

"I think it is only fair to state that in the selection of all the delegates atlarge district delegates and determine the selection of the selection o

large, district delegates an dalternats dlegates in each district, every effort was made to choose men and women who have shown willingness to be of

The session today of Mayor Curley's rimary ballot. Anybody who wished Roosevelt-for-President forum at 333 to run as a Roosevelt-pledged delegate was welcome to use his name. Several prominent Democrats asked if they could use the Roosevelt name and when they were told yes, they immediately decided that it would be for the best interest of Gov Roosevelt to enter upon one harmonious slate in each under a keynote speech by the mayor, who declared that the Italians had been "ignored" in the delegate slate for Alfred E. Smith, "made up by the politicians," the several speakers registered bitter criticism of Donahue, ignoring the fact for a cause and not for their own per-

HEARLU 3/24/02 **CHAMBER FIGHTS CITY BORROWING**

Real Estate Exchange Also Protests Going Outside Of Debt Limit

OPPOSES ALL BUT 2 OF 14 MEASURES

Representatives of the Boston Chamher of Commerce and the Boston Real Estate Exchange appeared before the legislative committee on municipal finance at the State House yesterday and voiced strong opposition to all but two of the 14 bills before the committee sceking authority for Boston to borrow outside its debt limit. The borrowings proposed total approximately \$20,000,-000, and of this amount a total of \$14,-950,000 has been petitioned for by Mayor Curley, in behalf of the city. In addition, the Suffolk county courthouse bill seeks authority to borrow \$3,500,000 outside the debt limit.

The chamber, represented by Claude L. Allen, and the real estate exchange, represented by R. Ammi Cutter, were placed on record as opposed to all the bills, except as to borrowings to a limited extent for schoolhouse purposes and for acquiring and laying-out, in the vicinity of Haymarket square, applicaches to the East Boston vehicular tunnel now under construction. Martin M. Lomsney launched a vig-orous attack on opponents of the bill of the mayor which provides for borrow-ing \$4,500,000 outside the debt limit to widen Causeway street and enlarge Haymarket square.

Lomasney concentrated his plea on the widening of Causeway street between Lowell and Nashua streets, which would cost \$500,000. This part of Causeway street, he said, is now congested by traffic to an unusual extent as the result of the widening of Nashua street. The project would make money for the city through increased.

money for the city through increased taxation receipts, he said.

Representative George P. Anderson of the committee asked Lomasney if of the committee asked Lomasney if he was speaking in favor of the entire bill, including its provisions for improvements in the Haymarket square district or merely for the Causeway street program. Lomasney replied that he was speaking only for the latter widening, and he declared that certain persons interested in the larger poject were "collecting or trying to collect."

Anderson asked if he knew who the property owners were who would be

property owners were who would be affected by the land takings in the Hay-

affected by the land takings in the Haymarket square district.

"You know, all right," said Lomasney. "I'll tell you a few of them, however," he continued. "One is Charles
Innes and another is Bob Bottomly."

Mr. Allen, speaking for the chamber
of commerce, said that organization
"views with apprehension the extravagant program" embraced in the 14
bills. The chamber, he said, "believes it
is time to put on the brakes and at
least postpone to a time when business
conditions have righted themselves the
major portion of this extensive program.

Frederic Fay of the Boston planning board, who was among those represent-ing the city, said that for the improvement to be completed in time for the opening of the tunnel the enabling legislation must be passed this year. The Dorchester Board of Trade, the United Improvement Association, the Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange and the Boston Society of Architects were among the organizations to be placed on record as favoring the tunnel approach project.

POST 3/24/3L **CURLEY HAS** HEAVY COLD

Ordered to Bed to Rest by His Physician

Suffering from a severe cold, Mayor

Suffering from a severe cold, Mayor Curley was ordered to bed late yesterday at his Jamaicaway home by Dr. Martin J. English, family physician, who insisted the Mayor should rest up for a couple of days.

Signs of the cold were evidenced in the Mayor's voice Tuesday in his address at the Roosevelt-for-President noonday forum, and yesterday he was obliged to confine his speaking activity at the forum to a few introductory remarks.

Try the New Power

When the new vehicular tunnel to East

Boston reaches completion, improved

street facilities permitting an easy flow

of traffic to and from the tunnel no

doubt will be needed. Cross street should

be widened from Hanover street to Hay-

market square, and there a traffic circle

should be provided. The existence of

these needs-on which expert opinion

has long been agreed—both the Chamber

of Commerce and the Boston Real Estate

Exchange admit in an important memo-

randum just filed with the legislative

committee on municipal finance. Indeed,

in this masterly document, reviewing all

the bills for new public works by the

city of Boston now pending in the

General Court, the plan for improving

the tunnel approaches is the only pro-

posal in the whole expensive list which

these two organizations think worthy of

present action, even to the extent of

borrowing outside the debt limit a sum

To this endorsement the Chamber and

the Real Estate Exchange attach three

stringent provisions. All three, in our

opinion, are excellent; but one holds especial significance. In the taking of

land for the tunnel improvements, the city of Boston should be under an imperative order to employ the new method

provided by Chapter 80A of the General Laws. The principal advantage given by

this alternative way-new in Massachu-

setts but old and tried in many other

States and in Federal undertakings-is

that if the city encounters "hold-up" prices for any of the parcels of land de-

sired, it can draw back from the whole

project at very small cost, and be free

of compulsion to proceed with any of the

takings whatever. Under the old stand-

ard procedure, the city does not have this right. It can on no account draw

back. It is forced to go ahead; and very

often this means, as the public knows to

its cost, that the city is driven straight

into the hands of real estate speculators

Chapter 80A, all the city has to do is to

give notice, when proposing land takings,

that he authorities intend to proceed

on the basis of the new law. Despite this simplicity, not once to our knowl-

To invoke the better freedom given by

and other avaricious promoters.

of not more than \$2,500,000.

3/24/32

The experience of the United States Government and of many other States under this method has proved its worth.

Boston has delayed much too long in

following so good an example. Officials

should wait no longer. Not only does the

present time supply conditions very

favorable to the experiment; but also it

is a year when the Legislature ought

not burden the taxpayers with one single

project of which the cost cannot be

exactly known in advance. Under the

old method of land takings, the total

cost is never foreknown, and usually

runs very far over the estimates. The

new power permits an exact determina-

tion of cost, before the city is called upon

to issue a single bond.

Clerk Suesfor One Day's Pay Mayor Held Up

PECORD 3/24/82

Clerk Francis A. Campbell of Suffolk Superior Civil Court, who has been in controversy with Mayor Curley over the right of the City of Boston to take a day's pay from city employes each month for the benefit of the unemployed, filed suit against the city yesterday to recover \$18.89, or a day's pay deducted from him.

The action was filed in the smal claims session of the Municapal Court. Campbell said later:

"I have contributed for many years to my less fortunate relatives, friends and neighbors and to the unemployed.

"The City of Boston owes me for my labor. I hope to get it by legitimate appeal to righteous justice. If a mayor of a city, by a tyrannical usurpation of authority, may withhold a day's pay from city, county or court em-ployes, he may withhold two or more days' pay as he arbitrarily decides."

3/24/32

CURLEY IS CONFINED

on Jamaicaway with a cold, it was learned last night. His physicians have ordered him to remain at home for at least two days but said his cold was not serious.

Chope

SUIT FOR DAY'S PAY

Court Clerk Wants \$18.89 Held Back by City

Charging that one day's pay was

from me without my consent and rights of contract violated by a reca-less and criminal disregard of con-

"Personally, I may say, I have contributed for many years to my less fortunate relatives, friends and neighbors. I have contributed to the unemployed of today and other days, and shall for days that may come. I like the thrill of pleasure that the proverbial giver gets and am salish enough. the thrill of pleasure that the proverbial giver gets and am selfish enough not to want to be deprived of that joy by 'unofficial ambassadors' giving of my bounty. I am no bandstand philanthropist, giving to others what belongs to others, but one who gives of his own means for the pleasure of giving and not for the notorious exploi-

tation of the unfortunate.

"The city of Boston owes me for my labor. If a Mayor of a city, by a tyrannical usurpation of authority may withhold a day's pay from city county or court employes, he may withhold two or more days pay as he may arbitrarily decide. The pri-

TO HOME BY COLD

Mayor Curley is confined to his home

should be relieved by the contributior of a day's pay. Unscrupulous concerns might think it a good method of advertising by giving newspaper pub-licity in the firm's name of such charitable donation. It is a vicious, un principled, underworld standard o ethics, far-reaching in evil effect. "Diplomatically speaking, the con-troversy between Mayor Curley and myself may be called an 'amicable rupture.' He represents the soul of

withheld from his last month's salary over his protest, Francis A. Camppell, clerk of the Suffolk Superior Civil Court, yesterday filed suit for \$18.89 against the city of Boston. The action against the city of Boston. The action was brought by Mr Campbell in the Small Claims Division of the Boston Municipal Court, and notice that the matter has been set down for hearing on April 26 was sent to the city clerk.

"I find the fruits of my labor taken

ing, and not for the notorious exploi-

such a service comes to pass it would be a three-day trip from Castle Island via the Azores. The service to Newfoundland and Halifax is expected to start on June 1 and is a resumption of the Boston and Halifax air mail service operated by

imperialism, I the spirit that Lafayette

in 1825, at a banque, in his honor here in Boston, toasted in these words: 'Resistance to tyranny is a duty.'"

Castle Island, off the tip of the peninsula in South Boston, on which is located the historic Fort Independ-ence, will be used as a base this Sum-

mer by the Pan-American Airways for

and Newfoundland, Mayor Curley said

yesterday. He gave permission for the use of the island and the largest and most modern amphibians in the

world will take off and land there. Mayor Curley said that the Pan-American company hopes eventually to extend this service to Europe. If

USED AS AIRWAY BASE

between Boston

CASTLE ISLAND TO BE

hydroplane service

Pan-American here last Summer. Pan-American engineers who dis-cussed the matter with Mayor Curley said that the Castle Island location is ideal, as a run of nearly two miles could be obtained from the island to the President Roads.

A temporary structure will be erected on the island for the accommodation of passengers, the Mayor said and a floating landing to the said.

vate employer may do the same ining **CAMPBELL ENTERS** to his employes if he decides that the financial needs of this institution or that quasi-charitable organization

In a statement issued following the filing of the suit, Mr Campbell said in part:

tractual obligation.

tation of the unfortunate.

edge nas City Hall made any attempt to give the taxpayers the benefit of this improved system ever since the chapter was passed several years ago. Certainly the plan ought to have decent trial. Giving the city the opportunity to withdraw altogether, when land owners refuse to talk reason, constitutes a threat that has a real tendency to discourage

excessive claims for damages, both the Chamber and the Exchange are

convinced.

COMPROMISE **SOUGHT IN VAIN** BY ROOSEVELT

Governor Blames Donahue for Split Here

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York said today that the power of attorney which he gave for the use of his name in Massachusetts was approved on the basis that it would be used only if attempts at compromise failed.

The statement of the New York Governor was in the form of a letter to the Traveler from Albany, which read:

"I found your telegram on my return here, too late to send you a telegraphic reply. Some time ago I gave my son, James, the definite authorization, to be used only in the event that Mr. Donahue was unwilling to go along with some kind of a formula which would have made a contest wholly unnecessary."

The letter was interpreted locally to mean that Gov. Roosevelt blames Chaircratic state committee for failure to reach any compromise and the resulting split in the Democratic party. Donahue, in reply, issued a statement today in which he said tat "Whatever ill-feeling may be caused in Massachusetts is due to the attitude of Gov. Roosevelt and his supporters here."

The inquiry of the Traveler was sent to Gov. Roosevelt several days ago, when there were strong reports in local circles that a compromise might be reached between the Smith and Roosevelt forces and that James Roosevelt might not use the power of attorney which he had said he had.

This inquiry read:

"Some doubt has arisen in Massachusetts political circles as to whether you Ely and a couple of them talked to me definitely will authorize use of your two weeks ago. The week before last I power of attorney here so that candispendicular to the company of the compa dates for convention delegates may run pledged to you in presidential primary. no authority to talk for Gov. Roosevelt we would greatly appreciate telegraphic reply as to your exact position on this crete proposition as a basis of compromise.

power of attorney was made public in Boston and before the power of attorney was filed with Secretary of State Cook, it did not reach the Traveler

until today

The letter was the first personal statement from Gov. Roosevelt on the

Massachusetts situation.

This pronouncement from Gov. Roosevelt himself was taken to mean today that he wanted it clearly understood that he was willing to compromise in Massachusetts on reasonable grounds and that Chairman Frank J. or the Democratic state committee, and leader of the Alfred E. Smith forces in Massachusetts, was unwilling to be

FIGHT TO FINISH

Coupled with the announcement from Gov. Ely that no compromise is now possible, the attitude of Gov. Roosevelt is taken to mean that the fight to the finish is now on.

Roosevelt's statement indicates he feels a contest in Massachusetts was unnecessary and could have been avoid-ed if the Smith forces were only reasonable.

SIFT WITHDRAWALS

The only activity in the political circles that mattered today was the work of finally determining what withdrawals would be made from the various slates by the deadline of 5 o'clock tomorrow.

J. C. Joseph Flamand of Cambridge,

French consul in Boston, named on the Curley-Roosevelt slate for delegate-atlarge, filed his withdrawal today with the secretary of state. The text of Donahue's statement in

reply to Gov. Roosevelt today follows:
"If Gov. Roosevelt's letter to the
Traveler is intended to convey the impression that I am responsible for what the Traveler calls the 'split' in the Democratic party in Massachusetts, the Governor's statement conveys an tirely erroneous impression. But this is not strange. For the past two weeks the alleged Roosevelt leaders in Massachusetts have been trying to convey the impression that the Gov. Smith forces are responsible for the fight in Massachusetts.

'As a matter of fact, there is no split in the Democratic party. There isn't, nor will there be, any contest worthy of the name. Smith's victory will be over-whelming. Whatever ill feeling may be caused in Massachretts is due to the attitude of Gov. Roosevelt and his supporters here. This is a Carrier of the carrier of t porters here. This is a Smith state.

WARNED ROOSEVELT

"Gov. Roosevelt's own friends advised man Frank J. Donahue of the Demo- him as early as last November to keep out of Massachusetts, that the sentiment for Smith here was so over-whelming that Roosevelt would have no chance; that he would be better off if chance; he took his chances on getting votes from the Massachusetts delegation when and if they should cease voting for Gov. Smith, and that the effect of a fight here would be to create a situation whereby he would never get any votes from Massachusetts at any stage of the

convention.
"I suppose that the short answer to his letter would be, that at no time has his young son ever asked for a conference with me in regard to any compromise. Half a dozen different persons, purporting to represent Gov. Roosevelt, have talked to Senator Walsh and Gov.

matter and statement as to how power "Every proposal that I have heard of attorney will be used, if at all." of has contained a demand that the Although Gov. Roosevelt's letter was Massachusetts delegates, pledged to written the day that the text of the Gov. Smith, should agree to support Gov. Smith, should agree to support Gov. Roosevelt as a second choice. I could not, of course, agree to that on behalf of the Smith delegates. They pledged themselves to Gov. Smith and I cannot deliver them to any other man.
They are all outstanding men and
women and I am confident that the
Democratic voters of Massachusetts are
willing to trust their judgment.

"What has Gov. Roosevelt to say to the fact that as long ago as Feb. 15 his young son marched up to the State

House with Mr. Strabo Claggett to beard Gov. Ely in the executive offices and tell His Excellency that a pledged Roosevelt slate was going to be filed in Massachusetts and that sanction for the way of Gov. Posseveltin pann would arrive in Massachusetts on the following day?" use of Gov. Roosevelt's name

ELY IS ATTACKED BY CURLEY AIDS

Discrimination Against Italians Charged at Forum

An attack on Gov. Ely for alleged discrimination against Italian-Americans, reflected by his failure to name Anthony Bonzagni registrar of motor venicles or to elevate Judge Frank Leveroni to the superior bench, was the outstanding feature of Itailian day, yesterday, at the Roosevelt forum.

Dr. Joseph A. Santosuosso, candidate for delegate-at-large on the Roosevelt slate, sharply criticised the Governor for disregarding numerous opportunities

in the past 15 months to give a guber-natorial appointment to a person of Italian ancestry.

Joseph A. Tomasello presided at the meeting, which brought forth the larg-est attendance of the week. The hall was packed and at least 2500 gathered in Washington and Franklin streets and listened to broadcasts of the speeches.

listened to broadcasts of the speeches.

Tomasello asked "all persons of Italian extraction to stand by Roosevelt now as they stood by Smith in 1928."

Other speakers were Mayor Curley, who opened the meeting; James Roosevelt, Charles E. Leonardi, assistant corporation counsel, and P. Nicholas Petrocalli former assistant components. celli, former assistant corporation coun-

sel.

The noonday meetings of the forum will be temporarily abandoned because of holy week. Monday noon organized labor will have charge of the meeting

Mayor Curley announced the opening meeting at the Hotel Touraine, Sunday evening at 8 o' ock, of the women's division of the Roosevelt campaign workers.

CURLEY CONFINED O HOME BY COLD

May or Curley is confined to his home on Jamaicaway with a cold, it was learned last night. His physicians have ordered him to remain at home for at least two days but said his cold was not serious.

CURLEY'S WORK IN 1928

To the Editor of the Transcript:

I feel that I cannot allow the letter of John J. O'Brien, chairman of the Democratic Committee of Canton, to go unanswered, in the interest of fairness. In his letter Mr. O'Brien says that Mayor Curley of Boston was not a whole-hearted supporter of Gevernor Smith, in the campaign of four years ago. The intlmation is that Governor Ely was a loyal Smith man and that Mayor Curley was not. As one man familiar with the facts in the case, may I state them briefly, for the benefit of all the Democratic voters of Massachusetts.

James M. Curley was a delegate to the Houston convention. He attended the convention, accompanied by his son James. Joseph B. Ely, although a delegate, failed to attend the convention. Had his presence in Houston been needed to nominate Smith, the governor of New York would never have been nominated.

At a meeting of the Boston College Club of West Roxbury, which I attended, Hon. B. Loring Young, law partner of Joseph B. Ely, spoke for Hoover, and Mrs. Colin McDonald spoke for Smith. In the open forum that followed, the best speech made for Smith was a ten-minute address by James M. Curley, Jr., then president of the Fulton Debating Society of Boston College.

Everybody in Massachusetts knows of the inspiring meetings that were conduced by Mayor Curley at Young's Hotel. Every leading Democrat in Massachusetts came to speak There was nothing said at that time about any disloyalty. On every hand we heard about the wonderful meetings that were doing so much for the Smith cause. I did not see Joseph B. Ely at the meetings, but he may have been there. If not, he was the only prominent Democrat in the State of Massachusetts who failed to show up and be counted.

Riding downtown with Mr. Curley the Sunday before election, he outlined the possibilities of the Smith campaign. "This campaign is going to surprise them," he said. "I would not be surprised if Smith carried Pennsylvania. He will sweep New York and Massachu-I have seen Mayor Curley in setts." many campaigns, but in none of his own campaigns have I ever seen him so carried away with enthusiasm.

It is all very well to discuss issues and to take exception to the campaign for Governor Roosevelt, but no man should try to minimize the marvelous work done for Smith in Massachusetts by James M. Curley.

WILLIAM H. MCMASTERS

Car widge, March 19.

CURLEY LOOKS TO A PAY DAY

[From the Springfield Republican]

This elimination does not remove Mayor Curley from the battlefield. He will remain the dominating figure on the Roosevelt side, whether at the Washingtonstreet forum or elsewhere, even strengthened in popular favor perhaps. If his "renunciation" of the governorship has cost him something—which may be doubted—he has placed Roosevelt under heavier obligations to him, and Mr. Curley is not the man to let other men's obligations to himself go unsatisfied and unredeemed. In case Roosevelt becomes President, there will be a pay day for James M. Curley.

With all thoughts of peace gone, the Roosevelt-for-President forces lashed out at Gov. Ely today in answer to the latter's statement in New York that "there is no sincere sentiment for Gov. Roosevelt in Massachusetts."

Gov. Ely made the statement while en route to a launching at Camden, N. J., at which he will meet former Gov. Alfred E. Smith, whose forces he heads in this state.

William H. McMasters, secretary of the national Roosevelt-for-President League, charged today that Ely "has ostracized himself from true Democratic sentiment ever since he has become Governor.'

"The sentiment for Governor Roosevelt is just as sincere as in other states where Democrats are rolling up a vote of 10 to 1 for Roosevelt," McMasters said.

BRENNAN ON RADIO

In sharp contrast to the strenuous campaign being put on by the Roosevelt forces, the Smith adherents continue to be inactive insofar as rallies and the radio are concerned. In fact, Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the state committee professes to see no occasion for embarking on such activities at the present time.

James H. Brennan of Charlestown, member of the governor's council and the Roosevelt at-large slate, speaking over the radio for Mayor Curley, contended that public as a whole clearly accepts these statements of former Governor Smith as truthful:

1-That he is not a candidate. 2-That he would not seek dele-

3-That he would make no pre-

convention fight.

4—That he, as leader of the party, would keep his hands off.

LARGE GAINS CITED

In no State in the Union, Brennan emphasized, not even in his own State in New York, does Smith's name appear on the ballot.

"In every state in which primaries or conventions have been held up to the present time," he continued, "with the exception of one state in which votes were recorded for a favorite son, every vote cast and pledged has been for Franklin D. Roosevelt.
"The indications are that by

the 26th of April, when the primaries are held in Massachusetts. that Franklin D. Roosevelt will have recorded in his favor more than 200 votes, or nearly one-third of the vote necessary to nominate. It is apparent like-wise that, notwithstanding the feeble and futile failure of President Hoover in meeting the eco-nomic depression of the past three years, he will again be the Republican standard bearer."

SPEAKS FOR CURLEY

Councillor Brennan Assails Smith Slate. Declaring It "Flagrant Abuse of Principles" of Party

Mayor Curley was scheduled to go on the air last night in an appeal for the nomination of Roosevelt, but in the late afternoon he was ordered home by Dr. English, while Governor's Councillor James H. Brennan of Charlestown stepped to the microphone as a candidate for delegate on the Roosevelt slate.

Declaring that former Governor Smith was not a candidate, Councillor Bren-nan charged that "the self-seeking politicians who insisted upon putting a Smith delegation in the field" were guilty of "the most flagrant abuse of the principles upon which the Democracy was founded. Their action constitutes an insult to the intelligence of

the Democracy of Massachusetts."

Referring to the friendship between Smith and Roosevelt during the last 20 years, Councillor Brennan said: "Personally, however, I cannot discover any logic that would institute the control of the logic that would justify any individual, in the light of present economic con-ditions, to permit his decision to be ditions, to permit his decision to I swayed upon the score of friendship."

Italian Day Programme

The Smith slate-at-large to the Democratic national convention was termed "an insult to the Massachusetts citizens of Italian blood" by a number of prominent Italian leaders, addressing a ca-pacity crowd at the Roosevelt Forum, yesterday, at 333 Washington street.

Among the corps of speakers who appealed for the nomination of Roosevelt were Dr. Joseph A. Santosuosso, president of the Foresters of America; Joseph A. Tomasello, recently made a Commander of the Crown of Italy by King Victor Emmanuel; Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles E Leonardi and Nicholas Petrocelli, former assist-

ant corporation counsel.

As a special "Italian Day" feature
Mayor Curley presented at the forum musical programme, provided by Giuseppi Grozzi, opera baritone; Michael Ahearn, Irish radio tenor; John McCormack of radio fame, and Representative William H. Barker, Roosevelt district delegate of Fact P. trict delegate of East Boston.

CARROLL WITHDRAWS IN DELEGATE RACE

Daniel Carroll of 79 Tudor street, South Boston, has announced that he will withdraw his name as a candidate for election as delegate to the Demo-cratic national convention from the light congressional district. He filed his nomination papers March 11, with the signatures of a sufficient number of registered voters to qualify him for a place on the ballot at the coming presidental primary, writing in the name of Alfred E. Smith of New York as his choice, for President.

Donahue Hits Roosevelt on Compromise

Will Be Responsible for Any "Ill-Feeling" Here

"This a Smith State"

Warning Executive Recalls Might Not Get "Anv" Bay State Convention Votes

By William F. Furbush

Aroused by implications-the latest from Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt himself-that he is responsible for failure of compromise efforts to avoid a partysplitting Smith-Roosevelt battle here, Frank J. Donahue, head of the Bay State forces of Alfred E. Smith, today flatly placed at the door of Governor Roosevelt and his Massachusetts supporters the blame for any ill-feeling that may develop here. Caustically declaring that Massachusetts "is a Smith State," the fiery chairman of the Democratic State Committee recalled a previous warning that the New York governor is jeopardizing the chances of getting "any votes" from Massachusetts at the national convention, if and when Smith is eliminated for the presidential nomination.

The Donahue statement, which breaks his studied silence in the face of the on-slaughts of Mayor James M. Curley and others leading the Roosevelt cause in Massachusetts, is in answer to a pub-lished communication from Governor Roosevelt explaining that he had given his power of attorney for filing a pledged slate of delegates here to his son, James Roosevelt, to be used only in the event that Chairman Donahue was "unwilling to go along with some kind of a formula which we ld have made a contest wholly unnecessary.

By his statement Donahue now very definitely sets at naught any chances of compromise, unless some unforeseen development arises bringing about a substitution of slates of delegates already on file at the State House by both the Smith and Roosevelt camps. The time for with-drawals of candidates for delegates expires at 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and substitutions must be entered by 5 o'clock next Tue day afternoon.

The stand taken by Donahue, supple-

ments the remarks made in New York ments the remarks made in New York last night by Governor Ely that no com-promise was likely and that Massachu-setts was "all Smith." A battle royal now appears inevitable and indications are that the Smith forces will open their campaign within a few days. No definite program has been announced but it is expected that headquarters will be opened in Boston, possibly Monday, for the di-rection of campaign details as they de-

Recalls Claggett Announcement

The text of the Donahue statement, in which he reviews compromise efforts in so far as they concerned him and recalls the announcement on Feb 15 by Strabo V. Claggett, who in company with the younger Roosevelt, told Governer Ely at the State House that a pledged Roose-Says Governor and Supporters velt slate was to be placed in the field,

> For the past two weeks the alleged Roosevelt leaders in Massachusetts have been trying to convey the impression that the Governor Smith forces are responsible for the fight in Massachusetts. As a matter of fact there is no split in the Democratic Party. There isn't nor will there be any contest worthy of the name. Smith's victory will be overwhelm-

> ill-feeling caused in Massachusetts is due to the attitude of Governor Roosevelt and his supporters here. This is a Smith State.

> Governor Roosevelt's own friends advised him as early as last November to keep out of Massachusetts, that the sentiment for Smith here was so overwhelming that Roosevelt would have no chance, that he would be better off if he took his chances on getting votes from the Massachusetts delegation when and if they should cease voting for Governor Smith, and that the effect of a fight here would be to create a situation whereby he would never get any votes, from Massachusetts at any stage of the convention.

I suppose that the short answer to Governor Roosevelt would be, that at no time has his young son (James Roosevelt) ever asked for a conference with me in regard to any compromise. Half a dozen different persons, purporting to represent Governor Roosevelt, have talked to Senator Walsh and Governor Ely and a couple of them talked to me two weeks ago. The week before last I spent four days listening to talk of compromise, most of which emanated from Roosevelt supporters who could show no authority to talk for Governor Roosevelt and none of whom ever made any concrete proposition as a basis of compromise.

Every proposal that I have heard of has contained a demand that the Massachusetts delegates, pledged to Governor Smith, should agree to support Governor Roosevelt as a second choice. I could not, of course, agree to that on behalf of the Smith dele-They pledged themselves to Governor Smith and I cannot deliver them to any other man. They are all outstanding men and women and I am confident that the Democratic voters of Massachusetts are willing to trust their judgment.

What has Governor Roosevelt to say to the fact that as long ago as Feb. 15 his young son marched up to the State House with Mr. Strabo V. Claggett to beard Governor Ely in the executive offices and tell his excellency that a pledged Roosevelt slate was going to be filed in Massachusetts and that sanction for the use of Governor Roosevelt's name would arrive in Massachusetts on the following day?

While no official information has been given cut, it is understood that efforts for a compromise gave promise of favorfor a compromise gave promise of lavorable results at the conference several days ago at the Hotel Lenox between Chairman Donahue and Senator David I. Walsh, for the Smith group, and La Rue Brown and Robert Jackson, New England leader of the Roosevelt forces. It is understood that the compromise in effect would have resulted in a slate which would be first for Smith at the convention, but with the unit rule waived if and when it was indicated that Smith was eliminated as a candidate.

Smith Wire Ended Parleys

How near this asserted agreement came to being adopted has not been disclosed. but whatever chance it had of prevailing evaporated when, in the midst of the conference, there arrived word of former Governor Smith's caustic wire to Mayor James M Curley, declaring that the mayor appeared to be attempting to place Smith in a false light and asserting that the mayor seemed to be "a bit tricky."

Since then the reaction in the Smith camp to all advances from the Roosevelt forces for a compromise has been in effect that they could not accept peace overtures, that, to do so, would be in the nature of an insult to former Governor Smith.

This position is supplemented by the declaration by Governor Ely, when in New York for the launching at a nearby New Jersey port of the liner Santa Rosa, that "Massachusetts is all for Smith and there is no compromise in view.

This declaration incidentally bears out the governor's statement to the Transcript on Tuesday to clear up various versions of the compromise story. He then said that a third party had called him to arrange for a conference with James Koosevelt. He said that while he had "nothing to say" to Mr. Roosevelt, he would be glad to see him then and always. He indicated a time for an appointment, but Mr. Roosevelt did not appear, subsequently explaining that no third party had authority from him to ask for the conference. Mr. Roosevelt now takes the position that the governor's state-ment has put an end, so far as he is concerned, to any overtures.

Forum Closed Rest of Week

Barring unexpected developments there is every indication that the promised fightto-the-finish is ahead as between the Smith and Roosevelt forces, with Mayor Curley's forum at 333 Washington street still the center of activities for the time being, although the forum will be quiet today, tomorrow and Saturday in recognition of Holy Week.

Flamand Withdraws from Slate

The first of the withdrawals from the slates of candidates for delegates came this morning when J. C. Joseph Flamand of Cambridge, French consular agent in Boston, deleted his name from the slate of Roosevelt delegates-at-large filed by Mayor Curley. The Flamand withdrawal has been discounted, having been anticipated because of the attitude of the French embassy in Washington. Mayor Curley has until next Tuesday to substi-tute a name for that of Flamand, the choice to be some prominent Franco-American voter, or, in the event that the man under consideration is not available, Colonel Forcy A. Guthrie, who has expressed his willingness to change his enrollment from Republican to Democratic "if the mayor as

PREDICTS SWEEP FOR SMITH IN STATE PRIMARY

Thinks N. Y. Governor Can Get Only Three Delegates at Most

COMPROMISE TALK DECLARED FUTILE

Executive Convinced 'Al' Can Be Renominated, He Tells Interviewers

By W. E. MULLINS [Special Dispatch to The Herald]

NEW YORK, March 23-There is absolutely no "sincere sentiment" for Gov. solutely no "sincere sentiment" for Gov. an compete in New England by making Roosevelt in Massachusetts, Gov. Ely soston a port of call. Solution in the predicted that Alfred E. In his mission of good will he will in tomorrow morning with Govs. Pintot of Pennsylvania and Moore of New ersey in launching the new \$5,000.000

His mission in this city is to attempt Associated Press.

to persuade the Grace steamship lines He came over from Boston with Adjt.to make Boston a port of call in their Jen. Agnew aboard the Knickerbocker
freight and passenger service to Central arrived a few minutes before him on a
coast of the United States.

He was "ganged" on his arrival at Governor's military staff.

the Grand Central station by a group of New York newspaper camera men and political reporters. Reluctantly he agreed to sit down with the reporters at his hotel later to discuss the current political situation in the Bay state.

DISCUSSES SITUATION

In his discussion with the reporters he said:

There is no sincere sentiment now for Gov. Roosevelt in Massachusetts. I concede the possibility of his supporters picking up a delegate here and there because of the participation in the contest for delegates by some overzealous Smith candidates who are grieved because no place could be found for them on the official slate.

Bear in mind that I say that it's only a possibility. It's all Smith back home and it's useless to try to sweep back the tide of sentiment that has been in increasing volume since the Roosevelt adherents opened their campaign.

I didn't come here to talk polities and I am doing it very much against my will. You insist upon

hearing my views on the situation and so I am giving them to you. The Smith sentiment is so strong that even if Gov. Roosevelt succeeds in obtaining a large number of pledges in other states between now and primary day, I'm sure it will make no great difference in the outcome.

In those districts where there are some Smith candidates running independently I see the possibility of Roosevelt candidates winning through a split in the vote, but in every district Smith will have a ma-

Repeatedly I have been asked about the chances of effecting a compromise. Frankly speaking, I know of no compromise now in view. There is nothing to compromise as far as I can see. The Democrats of Massachusetts want Smith and they apparently will not accept any one else. For myself, I have no second choice because I am

In which he predicted that Alfred E. Smith would sweep the state in the contest for delegates to the Democratic national convention in the presidential primary election on April 26.

His mission in this city is to attempt Associated Press.

He came over from Boston with Adjt.

The signal for the launching of the Santa Rosa tomorrow morning will be she fluttering of a flag from one of its masts. It will be released by the flicker of an electric current transmitted from the White House by President Hoover, who will use a gold key which has been used for similar purposes by five of his predecessors and previously by himself to start the presses when The Boston Herald-Traveler opened its new home.

PARRIES THRUSTS

PARRIES THRUSTS

In his interview with political reporters the Governor parried all thrusts in their endeavors to have him tell them to which candidate the Smith delegates to the convention would go in the event of the elimination of the "Happy Warrior." That would be up to the delegates, he said, and probably would be largely influenced by the progress of the Massachusetts primary contest.

The Governor has no formal engage-The Governor has no formal engagement listed for tomorrow with Gov. Smith, but he intends to make a call at the Empire State building to pay his respects to the man whose cause he is championing at the risk of his own political success

accept any one else. For myself, I have no second choice because I am still convinced that we can renominate him.

The Governor was armed with sheaf of statistics to present to the can compete in New England by making an compete in New England by making In his mission of good will he will not of Pennsylvania and Moore of New expressed for an estimation as to the Republication of Pennsylvania and Moore of New expressed for an estimation as to the number of votes the Roosevelt delegates smith primary vote, the Governor set will be carried with a possibility of President Hoover carrying massachusetts in the November electrons in the Boston campaign, sevexpressed disagreement with him. They around would be almost certain to recan fold in the event of the nomination of Gov. Roosevelt.

Pressed for an estimation as to the number of votes the Roosevelt delegates smith primary vote, the Governor set His current opinion is that it will Although Gov. Ely scoffed at the possibility of President Hoover carrying

the figure at three.

His current opinion is that it will be reminiscent of the old HarvardPrinceton football series with the score obviously he sees the possibility of the court of the count to 33 to 3.

Campbell Files Suit for \$18.89 To Test Curley's Pay Deduction

A suit to recover \$18.89 from the city, filed in the small claims division of the municipal court yesterday by Clerk Francis A. Campbell of the superior civil court, jeopardizes the plan of Mayor Curiey to add \$600,000 to the funds of the welfare department by assessing every city and county employe one day's pay monthly for a period of

Campbell seeks in his first judicial nove to establish the illegality of the mayor's act. His subsequent procedure, following the deduction of a similar mount from his salary check due order restraining the mayor from companding further deductions from Campanding further deductions from Campandi nanding further deductions from Camp-

Though it has been repeatedly admit-Though it has been repeatedly admitted that no legal justification exists for the arbitrary order compelling all persons on the city and county payrolls to mayor in lieu of a wage reduction. Cornight that it is not income.

city may take the issue raised by Campbell to the supreme court. Silverman denied that such a procedure would be a gesture. "I will exthe action. If it appears that the interests of the city require, I shall take the "Will you seek to transfer the case to the supreme court."

"Will you seek to transfer the case to the superior court and ask for a jury trial in view of the fact that the ning judges of the municipal court are losing a day's pay a month and might be considered to be prejudiced?" was asked of Silverman.

Shverman.

"The city will defend the action, bu just what procedure will be followed had not yet been determined," was Silver man's reply.

The municipal court instance.

man's reply.

The municipal court justices are reported to have "done some grumbling about the deductions from their salary but no formal protest has ever been an astement Campbell stressed by willingness to contribute.

3/25/32

ELY ENDS TALK OF COMPROMISE

At New York, Predicts Smith Victory Here

Governor Meets Smith Today--Situation Here Is Quiet

Brennan Reviews Efforts for Roosevelt on Radio

By ROGER BATCHELDER NEW YORK, March 23-"Massachusetts will be solid for Smith."

Gov Joseph B. Ely, arriving here tonight preliminary to the launching tomorrow at Kearney, N J, of the new Grace Line steamship Santa Rosa, at which he and Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith of New York will be guests, swept Tomasello, who denounced as "an in-aside in a sentence the suggestion sult" the omission of the name of a New York might capture the national convention delegation in his Commonwealth.

"There will be no compromise," added the Governor in his suite at the

Smith Leaders Happy

Smith leaders here were gleeful at his blunt statement. If Gov Ely, recognized here as the nominal head of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, with Senator Walsh and Senator Coolidge as the Washington representatives, had agreed to a compromise, the New York Smith contingent would have been ready to fold its political pack of cards.

No matter what happens throughout the country in primary contests, the statement of Gov Ely was taken to mean that Smith will go before the convention as the choice of Massachusetts. The Governor believes that the mere mention of the name of Smith will throw the convention hall into a furore which will render ineffective the carefully laid Roosevelt plans.

Gov Ely maintained that Gov Roosevelt, despite Mayor James M. Curley's efforts and organization, would annex only a few primary votes.

No Appointment With Smith

Gov Ely has no definite appointment with Ex-Gov Smith, he said tonight, but there is no doubt that the two will meet and confer before the Massachusetts Governor leaves for home Friday.

He indicated that he would tell Smith that there has been no growth in the

Roosevelt sentiment, despite the enorts of the Curley organization, and would urge him to make a quiet battle for the nomination, with Massachusetts as the bulwark of his popular strength.

No move was made yesterday by either faction in the Roosevelt-Smith contest for Democratic delegates to effect a compromise here. The limit for withdrawal of delegates is 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and unless withdrawals are made, it will be impossible to keep either slate off the ballot at the

to keep either slate off the ballot at the Presidential primaries.

Meanwhile Mayor Curley, leader of the Roosevelt group, is leading a strenuous campaign in contrast to the complete inactivity of the Ely-Walsh-Donahue forces. Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic State committee, said last night that he could mittee, said last night that he could see no necessity for rallies and meetings.

"We don't consider this a campaign" he said. "It's just a rout."

Italian Folk at Forum

The daily Roosevelt Forum, a statement by Mayor Curley on the makeur of the Roosevelt slate and a radio address for Mayor Curley by James H. Brennan, Governor's Councilor, furnished the political fireworks of the

day.

The Roosevelt rally at the Forum rooms, 333 Washington st, was arranged by and for persons of Italian blood and the principal speakers were Joseph Santosuosso and Joseph A. that Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt of representative of Massachusetts citizens of Italian backgrounds from the Ely-Walsh-Donahue Smith slate of

delegates-at-large.

Mayor Curley announced that the purpose of the meeting was to voice the protest of Italo-Americans against exclusion from the Smith slate. Tomasello presided at the meeting and urged all persons of Italian extraction to "stand by Roosevelt now" as they "stood by Smith in 1928."

Mr Santosuosso declared that Gov Ely ignored people of Italian extraction and said that in his 15 months in office has "not yet seen fit to ho; or a person of Italian birth, although he had excellent opportunities to promote Anthony Bonzagni from the post of first assistant registrar to the registrarship and to promote Judge Frank Leveroni to a Superior Court va-

James Roosevelt, son of Gov Roose-elt, also spoke. The Forum will be velt, also spoke. The Forum will be discontinued for the remainder of Holy

Brennan Reviews Row

Mayor Curley, in his statement on the makeup of the Roosevelt slate, said that everyone was welcome to use the name of Roosevelt and the slate was the result of a decision of Roosevelt followers that it would be for the best interest of the New York Governor to enter one harmonious slate in each district.

Councilor Brennan, in giving Mayor Curley's message by radio last night, repeated the developments in the Smith-Roosevelt controversy to date. He told of Mayor Curley's announce-ment that he would not be a candi-date for Governor in order to clear up rumors that he had an ulterior

up rumors that he had an ulterior motive in supporting Gov Roosevelt. He predicted that Gov Roosevelt will have recorded in his favor more than 200 votes, or nearly one-third of the vote necessary to nominate, hefore the primaries are held in this State.

He said that in no State in the Union, not even in New York, has ex-Gov Smith allowed his name to appear on the ballot.

Mayor Curley is so immersed in the Roosevelt campaign that even Republicans, calling on him in his official capacity as Mayor, are wise enough to take advantage of the situation. Yesterday ex-Atty Gen J. Weston Allea and a group of other prominent Republicans called on Mayor Curley in connection with a public hearing on a proposition for a subway station in Beacon st, all wearing Roosevelt buttons. Even Mayor Curley smiled when he saw the buttons.

Th arrangements for the hearing were made satisfactorily and Mr Allen then remarked, "Well, so long as I got what I wanted, I suppose I can take the button off now."

Alternates Suggested

SPRINGFIELD, March 23-At the request of Mayor Curley the names of two available candidates for alternate delegate pledged to Roosevelt in the coming Democratic primary were forwarded to Boston today. Mayor Curley will make a selection of an alternate to replace John J. Caldron Jr of hate to replace John J. Caldron Jr of Agawam, who withdrew from the 2d District slate. John Hall, formerly County Commissioner, of West Springfield, and Lawrence F. O'Brien of this city are candidates for delegates. It is understood that Mr O'Brien forwarded the names to Boston, although the manual transfer of the manua

though he declined to name the men

HERALD 3/20/32

Curley Will Present Herald Medals Tuesday

Next Tuesday at 11 A. M., in his office at City Hall, Mayor Curley will present the trophies and medals to the winners of the recent Boston Herald duck pin bowling tournament.

Joe Bonigli of Boston and Louise Hamilton of Jamaica, the new champions, will be the recipients of the beautiful Herald trophies, which they will hold for one year. They also will be included in the 41 to be presented with medals.

The odd number is accounted for by a triple tie for the last two places in the ladies' division.

PECORD 3/25/02

Pins Prosperity Hope on Roosevelt

Real hope for return of prosperity must be entrusted to Franklin D. Roosevelt, Executive Councillor James H. Brennan said last night in a radio address in behalf of the New York Governor's candidacy for the Democratic nomina tion.

Brennan substituted for Mayor Curley, the latter being prevented by a cold from making his sched-uled broadcast. He declared the mayor looks forward to the April 26 primary confident his Roose-velt slate will be elected as dele3/25/32

LOMASNEY ASKS FOR WIDENING

Fay and Harriman Favor Haymarket-Sq Plan

Real Estate and Chamber's Speakers Oppose Big Loan

Martin M. Lomasney appeared before the Legislative Committee on Municipal Finance yesterday to urge legisla-tion to bring about the widening of Causeway st and Haymarket sq. an improvement he advocated in the State Senate in 1897.

The committee had before it a number of Mayor Curley's bills for borrowing outside the debt limit of the city, one calling for borrowing of \$4,500,000

one calling for borrowing of \$4,500,000 for the improvements favored by Lomasney. The West End leader assailed opponents of the legislation and declared they were "shortsighted."

Lomasney urged the committee not to be concerned about the "talk relative to expense which will be made against this legislation." "Remember." he went on, "that only a few years ago, they were before you crying for ago they were before you crying for the expenditure of \$50,000,000. Not all their talk is economy. This proposi-tion is a good one and will be a moneymaker to the city instead of an ex-pense."

Tunnel Approaches

A. B. Casson, legislative agent of Boston, appeared in favor of the bill, in behalf of Mayor Curley. Mr Casson said the East Boston tunnel will be completed early in 1934 instead of 1935 and that if proper access is to be had to the Boston end near Haymarket sq it will be necessary to make improvements asked for by the Mayer.

Frederick H. Fay, chairman of the City Planning Board, described the features of the bill, which in brief calls for widening Haymarket sq by "snipping off" the ends of the various streets which enter it and construction of a traffic circle around which traffic can pass without being stopped by the red lights, as is now the case.

The complete improvement would

entail an expenditure of \$4,500,000, of which \$500,000 would be used for making the widening indorsed by Lomasney on Causeway st.

Arguments of Harriman

Henry I. Harriman, chairman of the Boston Elevated trustees, urging a compromise plan embodying expenditures of \$3,000,000, said: "It would be a disaster if the East Boston tunnel, involving an outlay of \$16,000,000, were considered without proper approaches proop ned without proper approaches provided. Unless proper approaches to the tunnel are provided we wouldn't be able to get all possible income from the \$16,000,000 expenditure."

Mr Harriman expressed the

Mr Harriman expressed the belief that it was essential to construct the widening to Haymarket sq and the circle at the square and in addition carry the widening of Cross st to

"I believe," said Mr Harriman ! at these improvements are desirable at this time but I would not urge them

if it were not for the \$16,000,000 'nvestment in the East Boston tunnel.'
Mr Harriman said he did not think
the widening of Merrimac st was "a:
essential as the other improvements.'
If his plan were to be followed, he suggested that the East Boston Tun-net act be amended to provide for an increase of \$3,000,000 in the appro-

"It is possible," he continued, "if the revenue comes up to expectations, that this additional \$3,000,000 may be borne from the tolls received from the operation of the tunnel. Work on the tunnel is progressing rapidly and un-less action is taken during the cur-rent session of the Legislature the tunnel may be opened without ade-quate approaches."

Cutler Gives Real Estate View

R. Ammi Cutter, legislative counsel for the Boston Real Estate Exchange, pointed out, in opposing the measure, that the bills called for leave to borrow \$14,950,000 outside the debt limit and that, in addition, the Suffolk County Courthouse bill seeks authority for the city to borrow \$3,500,000 more outside the debt limit.

He declared that the exchange opposed granting authority to borrow outside the debt limit, except to a very limited extent for school purposes and for the purpose of preparing an adequate access from Haymarket sq to the new East Boston vehicular tunnel outronce. This latter should be tunnel entrance. This latter should be,

in the opinion of the exchange, subject to very rigid restrictions and in an amount much below that suggested

by the city.

He said further that there was no assurance that the tax-paying capacity of the citizens of Boston will be increased for some time. Mr Cutter added, "While the business outlook remains uncertain, we urge a policy of retrenchment."

Allen Speaks for Chamber

Claude L. Allen, legislative counsel for the Boston Chamber of Commerce, said: "The Boston Chamber of Commerce views with apprehension this extravagant program and believes that it is time to put on the brakes and at least postpone to a time when business conditions have righted themselves the major portion of this ex-tensive program."

He said that the Chamber opposes

all bills except those providing for the construction and furnishing of new school buildings and the laying out, widening and relocation of streets and approaches to the East Boston vehicular tunnel. The Chamber further feels, said he, that there should be substantial changes made in these bills.

F. A. CAMPBELI ASSAILS MAYOR

Files Suit to Recover Reief Quota Taken from Pay

Filing suit in the small claims court ate yesterday for the recovery of \$18.89, which was taken from his pay envelope in the city treasury as a contribution to Boston's unemployment relief fund, Clerk Francis A, Campbell of the Suf-folkk Superior Civil Court yesterday

Clerk Francis A, Campbell of the Sulfolkk Superior Civil Court yesterday issued a public statement in severe criticism of Mayor Curley.

In ordering a day's pay a month for five months taken from the pay of city and county employees for the relief fund the Mayor, he protested, displayed a "tyrannical usurpation of authority" and a "yicious unprincipled underand a "vicious, unprincipled under-world standard of ethics."

world standard of ethics."

Not only did the order strike over 20,000 employees for a total contribution of \$570,000 to the relief fund, but it also reached nine judges of the municipal court, who, Clerk Campbell protested, "should not be subject to the whim, caprice or injustice of a P. T. Barrum Mayor."

Clerk Campbell gave warning that if a day's pay is taken out of his March envelope next week, he will go to the higher court to seek an injunction against the fiscal officers of the city.

city.

URGE CUT IN CURLEY PLAN

Realty and Business Men Oppose \$20,000,000 Loan

On the ground that Mayor Curley's proposals for borrowing some \$20,000,000 outside the debt limit for various improvements within the city of Boston are far in excess of what is necessary at this time of high taxes, the Boston Chamber of Commerce and the Boston Real Estate Exchange yesterday urged the legislative committee on municipal finance to cut the amounts to approximately \$3,500,000 in the aggregate.

The Mayor has before the committee

14 bills. The position taken by the two business organizations, practically the same, was presented by the committee by R. Ammi Cutter on behalf of the Real Estate Exchange and by Claude Real Estate Exchange and by Claude L. Allen for the Chamber of Com-merce. The position of these bodies is that all of the Mayor's proposals for borrowings, except some for construc-tion and furuishing of new school build-ings and for necessary approaches to the new East Boston traffic tunnel, be eliminated:

DEMOCRATS RENEW ROW OVER STATE

Curley Offers 'Enemy' Final Chance to Have Peace

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

The Smith-Roosevelt delegate battle in this State warmed perceptibly yesterday, with Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State Roosevelt their second choice. committee accusing Governor Roosevelt personally of being responsible for the row, and James Roosevelt, Donahue's statement of the situation Curley, James Roosevelt and LaRue is untrue.

CURLEY PROPOSAL

Mayor Curley, in a statement last night, backed up James Roosevelt's assertions that Donahue has persistently refused to enter into any peace negotiation with the Roosevelt forces, and as apparent proof of his own sincerity announced that the way for peace is still or up to 5 o'clock this afternoon, w n the time for withdrawal of canlidates for delegates and alternates ex-

The peace proposal upon which Curley would still negotiate, according to his announcement last night, is the same one he put up to Senator Walsh, March 5—that Curley be given a place on the Smith delegation, agreeing to vote for Smith as long as his name is before the convention, and that thereafter the entire Massachusetts delegation vote for Roosevelt until he is nominated

No Chance, Donahue Says

Chairman Donahue said last night that there is no chance of any agree-ment between the Smith and Roosevelt groups before 5 o'clock tonight on any such basis as that contained in the latest Curley ultimatum.

In his statement earlier in the day,

Donahue said that Governor Roosevelt himself had been advised not to put a slate of delegates in the State, but that

slate of delegates in the State, but that James Roosevelt, the Governor's son, and Strabo V. Claggett, a few days later, had served notice on Governor Ely at the executive office that the Roosevelt men intended to fight for delegates at large and in every district. "This is a Smith State," said Donahue in his statement yesterday. He then said that while some persons purporting to speak for Governor Roosevelt had suggested that there be peace conferences, and that some of them had talked with others of the Smith group, nobody conferred with him, although they had stated that they intended to do so.

do so. Wrong, James Roosevelt Says

In his reply last night James Roose-velt said that all of Donahue's statements of alleged facts were contrary to the record, and he cited a telegram which he sent to Donahue last Saturday night asking Donahue if he would talk with him up to 12 o'clock of the following day.

LaRue Brown of the Roosevelt forces also issued a statement last night in which he said that he had made definite proposals to the Smith men, although he did not say to whom they were made, and that there was no suggestion of having the Smith men make

Donahue States His Case

Chairman Frank J. Donahue last night summarized the negotiations between the Smith and Roosevelt forces son of the Governor, replying that and replied to the statements of Mayor

"There is nothing in the statements of Mr. Brown and Mayor Curley that contradicts what I said today, which was in effect that at no time had anyone, who could show any authority to speak for Governor Roosevelt, ever made to me any concrete proposal as a basis of compromise and that every proposal that I had heard of had contained a demand that the Smith delegates should agree to support Roose-

velt as a second choice.
"While I have not the honor, which Mayor Curley so graciously bestows upon me, of being the owner of the Democratic party, I have had for some time the authority to act for Governor Smith in the selection of delegates, and I also have the power of substituting for any Smith delegates who may be withdrawn.

"I have been willing at all times to talk with anybody with authority to speak for Governor Roosevelt. I have met young Mr. Roosevelt in the past three weeks and at no time did he discuss or seek to discuss the matter of delegates. The young man makes no claim of ever trying to get in touch with me on the matter until last Saturday night, when he says he tele-graphed me."

Curley Congratulates Roosevelt on Triumph

Mayor Curley, from his home in the Jamaicaway where he was confined with a cold and sore throat, yesterday

sent telegraphic congratulations to Gov-ernor Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, on his victory in the Georgia primaries for delegates to the Dem-ocratic National Convention.

AS AID TO SMITH

Several Delegate and Alternate Who Have Candidates, Papers as Favorable to Smith Expected to Withdraw as Move to Help Regular Approved Candidates for Smith in Response to Plea by Gov. Ely

It is anticipated that in response to letters from Governor Ely several of the delegate and alternate candidates who have filed papers as favorable to Chith, although without the right to use Smith's name opposite theirs on the primary ballot, will withdraw be-fore the time for withdraw: expires at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Fear that the presence of extra Smith

candidates on the ballot might cat into the vote for the regular appre I Smith the vote for the regular appre I Smith deligates in certain congressional districts prompted the Governor to address a letter to each of the additional candidates asking them to withdraw in favor of the candidates approved by Donahue and carrying the formal Smith plages on the ballet.

Smith pledge on the ballot.

Hyman Pill of Cambridge last night sent a letter to Governor Ely saying that he will withdraw as requested. said he was a member of the Smith delegation to the Houston convention four years ago and filed this year early. H vever, he is anxious to bring about the election of a Smith delegation in the State and will withdraw his name in the 9th district and support the candidates approved by Donahue.

It the 11th district, where a complete slate of delegates and alternates favorable to Smith had filed in addition to the Donahue slate, an offer is to be made to withdraw any two of their slate if two of the Donahue slate will withdraw. Charles H. McMasters and John J. Curran of East Boston filed as delegates on this extra slate, and the candidates for alternates are Dennis F. Donovan and Edwin A. Kelley.

HERALD

CURLEY IN TRIBUTE TO LABOR ORGANIZER

In addition to a telegram of condolence to William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, yesterday, because of the death here Wednesday of Frank H. McCarthy, labor or -. ganizer, a letter of sympathy was sent by Mayor Curley to Mrs. McCarthy. His message to Green was:

"Will you extend the leaders of or-ganized labor an assurance of my pro-found sorrow and sympathy in the death of Frank H. McCarthy, for 41 years one of the most brilliant leaders our coun-try has known in behalf of those who toll."

CURLEY MAKES LAST OFFER TO

Compromise for Second a contest wholly unnecessary." Choice Pledge Must Be Accepted Today

JAMES ROOSEVELT DISPUTES DONAHUE

Chairman Accused of Misstating Facts About Peace Overtures

Mayor Curley last night delivered a final ultimatum to the Smith forces in this state, allowing them until 5 o'clock tonight to accept the terms of a compromise offer under which delegates pledged to former Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York would promise to vote for Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt after they found that Smith had no chance of carrying the Democratic convention.

The mayor's statement was inclosed with a hot denial from James Roosevelt, son of the Governor, who is representing his father here, of the charge LaRue Brown, prominent Roosevelt that he had made no overtures to Chairworker, in which he said: velt, son of the Governor, who is repthat he had made no overtures to Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic state committee, for a compromise conference, as alleged in a statement issued earlier in the day by Donahue. Donahue was replying to an even earlier letter from Gov. Roosevelt.

CURLEY'S STATEMENT

"It is unfortunate for the self-confessed owner of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, Mr. Donahue, that both the papers and the radio are mediums for the transmission of information," began Mayor Curley in his statement, intimating that Chairman Donahue's statement was contrary to the facts.

"Under date of March 5 I submitted the compromise proposal to Senator Walsh and he agreed to confer with Mr. Ely and Mr. Donahue and give me at, answer within 24 hours. Failing to locate him for the six succeeding days either in Boston or Washington, I made public a statement covering the facts in the case. It was printed in the papers and a copy of it was sent through the mail to every one of the delegates and also to the owner of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, Mr. Donahue.

"That proposal, so far is I am aware, still holds and if the owner of the Democracy and the denverer of an the people of the commonwealth is still desirous of party unity in November, there is time until 5 P. M. Friday to complete negotiations by communicating with Mr. James Roosevelt."

Gov. Roosevelt in a letter yest-rday SMITH FORCES said that he had given his son definite authorization to act for him here "only in the event that Mr. Donahue was unwilling to go along with some kind of a formula which would have made

> Chairman Donahue in reply said: I suppose that the short answer to his letter would be that at no time has his young son ever asked time has his young son ever asked for a conference with me in regard to any compromise. Half a dozen different persons purporting to represent Gov. Roosevelt have talked to Senator Walsh and Gov. Ely and a couple of them talked to me two weeks ago. me two weeks ago.

The week before last I spent four days listening to talk of compromise, most of which emanated from Roosevelt supporters who could show no authority to talk for Gov. Roosevelt and none of whom ever made any concrete proposition as a basis of compromise.

James Roosevelt last night declared: James Roosevelt last night declared I regret that I am forced to say that every single alleged statement of fact in Mr. Donahue's statement is contrary to the record. As one example, I call attention to a telegram which I personally sent Mr. Donahue last Saturday night and to which I was not accorded the courtesy of an acknowledgment: If you would care to sit down and

If you would care to sit down and If you would care to sit down and talk with me I would appreciate your telephoning me at Regent 5095, care Dr. Harvey Cushing, at any time tomorrow, Sunday, morning before 12 oʻclock. I will be glad to set my convenience to yours. Regards.

JAMES ROOSEVELT.

I do not wish to add complica-tions to what seems to me a most unfortunate and unnecessary situunfortunate and unnecessary situation by entering into any controversy with Mr. Donahue. I think, however, that it is only fair to Gov. Roosevelt to say that Mr. Robert Jackson and I submitted certain proposals with Mr. Roosevelt's full authority and that these proposals were so concrete that they were reduced by me to writing. They did not contain a demand that Roosevelt be declared to be the second choice of the Smith delegation. The discussions were supposed to be con-fit ential and I do not feel warrant-ed in going into further detail. Chairman Donahue, in his statement

yesterday, said:

If Gov. Roosevelt's letter is intended to convey the impression that I am responsible for what is that I am responsible for what is called the "split" in the Democrat-ic party in Massachusetts, the Gov-ernor's statement conveys an en-tirely erroneous impression. But this is not strange. For the past two weeks the alleged Roosevelt leaders in Massachusetts have been trying to convey the impression that the Gov. Smith forces are responsi-

the Gov. Smith forces are responsible for the fight in Massachusetts.

As a matter of fact, there is no split in the Democratic party. There is not nor will there be any contests worthy of the name. Smith's victory will be overwhelming. Whatever ill feeling may be caused in Massachusetts is due to the attitude of Gov. Roosevelt and his supporters here. This is a Smith state.

of has contained a demand that the Massachusetts delegates pledged to Gov. Smith should agree to support Gov. Roosevelt as the second choice. I could not, of course, agree to that on behalf of the Smith delegates. What has Gov. Roosevelt to say to the fact that as long ago as Feb. 15 his young sop marched up to

15 his young son marched up to the State House with Mr. Strabo Claggett to be heard Gov. Ely in the executive offices and tell his excellency that a pledged Roosevelt slate was going to be filed in Massachu-setts and that sanction for the use of Gov. Roosevelt's name would arrive in Massachusetts on the following day?

Mayor Curley enclosed with his ultimatum last night a copy of the statement issued March 11 by Mayors James M. Curley, Boston; John J. Murphy, Somerville; John H. Burke, Medford; Correct Street Gerbare, Garden and James George C. Sweeney, Gardner, and James Roosevelt.

In it they accused Chairman Dona-

Roosevelt.

In it they accused Chairman Donarue with falling to keep three engagements with the Roosevelt supporters prior to March 11, and with announcing a slate of hand-picked Smith delegates.

They quoted Mayor Curley as saying:

I informed the senator (Walsh) that the only purpose such a prol gram could serve would be in the nomination of a weak candidate acceptable to Wall street, whom Hoover, with stock market prosperity preceding election and the old battle cry of "Don't swap horses crossing the stream," would experience no difficulty in defeating. I stated that I was agreeable to accepting a place upon the Smith cicket, for whom I have profound admiration, provided the slate makers, headed by Mr. Donahue, would agree that when Alfred E. Smith no longer had any prospect of being nominated, the delegation from Mr. chusetts would vote for Franklin D. Roosevelt Smith. M. chusetts would vote for Franklin D. Roosevelt. Senator Walsh informed me that he did not believe the Ely-Donahue group would agree to such a proposition.

CURLEY FELICITATES ROOSEVELT ON GEORGIA

Calls Outcome of Primary "Beautiful Testimonial"

Mayor Curley yesterday congratulated Gov. Roosevelt on the outcome of the Georgia primary in the following tele-

Kindly accept my sincere congratulations in your magnificent victory in the state of Georgia.

Your wonderful labors for suffering humanity in providing that the healing waters of Warm Springs might be extended to every one within the shadow of ill health result in the people of Georgia extending you this beautiful testimonial. There is no service in this life that is greater than providing for the relief and prevention of human suffering, and in this righteous philosophy you are recognized as our country's leader.

sent to those candidates.

It is assumed that Ex-Mayor Philip
J. Gallagher of Woburn, who withdrew yesterday as a district delegate in the 5th Congressional District, did so on account of Gov Ely's letter. Hyman Pill of Cambridge, a candidate for district delegate from the 9th District, sent word he would withdraw today. In the 11th D'strict the Smith slate

consists of Vincent Brogna of Boston, consists of Vincent Brogna of Boston, and Lawrence F. Quigley of Chelsea, delegates, and John F. Dowd and William H. Hearn, both of Boston, alternates. The unpledged group is made up of John J. Curran Jr and Charles H. McMaster, both of Boston, delegates and Edwin A Kelly and Dennis gates, and Edwin A. Kelly and Dennis F. Donovan, both of Boston, alternates

When Gov Ely's suggestion that they withdraw was made to the unpiedged group they made the counter proposal that one of the delegates and one of the alternates be withdrawn from the pledged group, and a delegate and an from the unpledged group substituted.

Barry Doubts Smith Will Win

Ex-Lieut Gov Edward P. Barry of this city made some amusing and interesting comment yesterday on the Democratic situation. He is one of the alternates delegates-at-large on the

Smith ticket.
"I did not ask to go on the Smith ticket." Barry said yesterday, "and I thought it would be ungracious to withdraw after they had put my name on it. Of course, being on a ticket pledged to Smith, if I am called on to vote in the convention I shall vote for him as long as there is a chance of his nomination, but I do not believe any sensible, well-informed person thinks there is any probability that Smith will be nominated. I may be voting for Roosevelt before the convention

"The situation in Massachusetts amuses me. I feel sure there will be no party quarrel to spoil our chances of carrying the State, for Roosevelt will be nominated for President and he will sweep Massachusetts and carry with him the rest of the Democratic

ticket.

"These leaders who say they fighting for Smith are really fighting Mayor Curley. If Curley had come out early for Smith, they would have gone for Roosevelt. That's the way I look

J. C. J. Flamand, the French Consu in Boston, whose name was in the original group of Roosevelt candidate. for delegates-at-large to the coming national convention of the Democratic national convention of the Democratic party, yesterday withdrew as a candidate. His action was due to the fact that the French Embassy had expressed its disapproval.

Time within which withdrawals may be made expires at 5 p m today. Vacancies thus made may be filled until 5 p m next Tuesday.

PECORD 3/26/32

ROOSEVELT-SMITH WAR OF DEMOCRATS STILL ON

Charges and counter-charges, accusations and denials flew back and forth between the Smith and Roosevelt wings of Democratic chieftains, yesterday, with Mayor Curley renewing his offer of compromise, the olive-branch offer to expire at 5 p. m.

Frank J. Donahue, chairman of @ the state committee, denied any overtures toward compromise had been made by anyone authorized to speak for Gov. Roosevelt and Roosevelt's son, James, said this statement was "contrary to the rec-

Donahue declared "at no time has James Roosevelt asked for a con-ference with me," and Roosevelt countered by publishing a telegram he said he sent personally to the state chairman Saturday night.

The telegram:
"If you would care to sit down and talk with me I would appreclate your telephoning me at Regent five naught nine five care Dr. Harvey Cushing anytime to-morrow Sunday morning before twelve o'clock. I will be glad to set my convenience to yours. Re-gards. James Roosevelt."

Donahue expressed doubt that Roosevelt could get any votes from Smith delegates, if they were elected, because of the feeling that has

been created.

"Every proposal that I have heard of has contained a demand that Massachusetts delegates, pledged to ex-Governor Smith,

Post 3/26/3L DOWD WANTS **GOODWIN FIRED**

Governor Ely

City Councillor John F. Dowd of Rox-bury, carrying his fight against Mayor Curley and Frank A. Goodwin, chair-man of the Boston Finance Commission, to the State House, despatched an open letter to Governor Ely yesterday, asking the immediate removal from office of Goodwin.

The Councillor contended "practically every department head, every contrac tor, and persons or corporations doing business with the city of Boston during the past two years, have become bold in their operations, feeling that they would be protected to a certain extent by the Finance Commission."

Dowd then proceeded to list "facts which indicate very clearly that the present Finance Commission is not fulfilling its duties as outlined by the State statute creating it." "As a matter of fact," he added, "the chairman, in trying to throw a smoke screen around his own city activities, has been attacking State departments unjustly."

should agree to support Governor Roosevelt as second choice. I could not agree to that on be-half of the Smith delegates," he said.

Curley replied to Donahue's statement by a reissue of his statement of March 11, in which he set forth terms for a compromise. He declared the proposal still holds.

"There is time until 5 p. m., Friday, to complete negotiations by communicating with James Roosevelt," he said.

ORGANIZE FOR NEW SUBWAY STATION

Audubon-Beacon Improvement Association, dedicated to the welfare and improvement of the Audubon circle district, was organized yesterday. Representatives of the association have already asked Mayor Curley for a date on a public hearing on their petition for an intervening underground station halfway between the Kenmore station and the new St. Mary street stop of the Kenmore subway extension. Or-ganizers of the association include former Attorney-General J. Weston Allen, Register of Deeds W. T. A. Fitzgerald, Jay I. Moskow, Meyer Moskow, Charles A. Newhall, Dr. Augustus Riley and Chauncey Williams.

Sends an Open Letter to CURLEY AT HOME WITH BAD COLD

Mayor Curley did not appear today at Mayor Currey and not appear today at City Hall, being confined to his home with a bad cold and a sore throat. He had been suffering from this aliment for some days. He did not abandon all his activities, however, but held some conferences of political significance. 3/26/32

ROOSEVELT MEN **ANSWER DONAHUE**

Chairman Blames Them for Party Dissension

Governor's Son, Curley and **Brown Say They Made Offers**

Who is responsible for the dissensions now prevailing in the Democratic party in Massachusetts? The correct and proven reply to that question will probably have important bearing on the election of delegates from this State to the Democratic national convention in Chicago.

Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic State committee, reopened the discussion on the subject yesterday by giving out a statement in which he said, in effect, that the Roosevelt supporters have talked a good deal publicly about party harmony, but done little to maintain it; the committee chairman alleged that James Roosevelt never requested a conference with him and that those who did talk with Donahue or the other Smith leaders on that subject apparently had no authority from their principal.

Three Answer Donahue

Three Democrats made answer to Donahue last night. James Roosevelt said he was sorry to say that every alleged statement of fact in Donahue's letter to the newspapers was contrary to the record and, as an instance in point, quoted a telegram he had sent to Donahue asking for a conference.

Mayor Curley called attention to a

proposal for an agreement he made to

Senator Walsh on March 5.

And finally, La Rue Brown, well-known lawyer and supporter of Roosevelt, stated that he and Robert Jackwho is regarded as the Roosevelt leader in New England, submitted in writing certain proposals with Gov Roosevelt's full authority and that those proposals did not contain the demand that Roosevelt be declared the second choice of the Smith delega-

Gov Roosevelt's Reply

It was to be expected that Donahue's letter would bring replies from Mayor Curley and James Roosevelt, for the latter two are in charge of the Roosevelt campaign here, but the state-ment from Brown was a surprise. Everybody familiar with politics knows that Brown is a supporter of the New York Governor, but everbody knows also that Brown has disapproved many things Mayor Curley has done during the campaign. Apparently, however, Brown could not keep silent after reading Donahue's statement.

Gov Roosevelt himself was the immediate cause of yesterday's discussion. A newspaper asked him, sev-

eral days ago, whether he had given, or intended to give, authority for the use of his name in Massachusetts as a candidate for the Presidency. His answer, printed yesterday forenoon, was

was.
"Some time ago I gave my son,
James, the definite authorization, to be used only in the event that Mr Donahue was unwilling to go along with some kind of a formula which would have made a contest wholly unnecessary."

Donahue Denies Charge

This intimation that Donahue was responsible for the differences of opinion among Massachusetts Demo-crats was plainly distasteful to him,

and he quickly gave out the following reply to Gov Roosevelt's statement:

"For the past two weeks the alleged Roosevelt leaders in Massachusetts have been trying to convey the impression that the Gov Smith forces are responsible for the fight in Massachu-

"As a matter of fact, there is no split in the Democratic party. There split in the Democratic party. There isn't nor will there be any contest worthy of the name. Smith's victory will be overwhelming. Whatever ill-feeling may be caused in Massachusetts is due to the attitude of Gov Roosevelt and his supporters here.

Roosevelt and his supporters here.
This is a Smith State.
"Gov Roosevelt's own friends advised him as early as last November to keep out of Massachusetts, that the sentiment for Smith here was so over-whelming that Roosevelt would have no chance, that he would be better off it he took his chances on getting votes from the Massachusetts delegation when and if they should cease voting for Gov Smith, and that the effect of a fight here would be to create a situation whereby he would never get any votes from Massachusetts at any stage of the convention.

Says Son Asked No Conference

"I suppose that the short answer to his letter would be that at no time has his young son ever asked for a conference with me in regard to any compromise. Half a dozen different persons, purporting to represent Gov Roosevelt, have talked to Senator Walsh and Gov Ely, and a couple of them talked to me two weeks ago. The week before last I spent four days listening to talk of compromise, most of which emanated from Roosevelt supporters who could show no au-thority to talk for Gov Roosevelt, and none of whom ever made any concrete proposition as a basis of compro-

"Every proposal that I have heard of has contained a demand that the Massachusetts delegates, pledged to Gov Smith, should agree to support Roosevelt as a second choice. I could not, of course, agree to that on behalf of the Smith delegates. They pledged themselves to Gov Smith, and I cannot of the Smith delegates. deliver them to any other man, are all outstanding men and women, and I am confident that the Democratic voters of Massachusetts are willing to trust their judgment.

"What has Gov Roosevelt to say to the fact that as long ago as Feb 15 his young son marched up to the State House with Mr Strabo Claggett to beard Gov Ely in the executive offices and tell His Excellency that a pledged Roosevelt slate was going to be filed in Massachusetts, and that sanction for the use of Gov Rocsevelt's name would arrive in Massachusetts on the following day?"

James Roosevelt made the following

'I regret that I am forced to say "I regret that I am forced to say that every single alleged statement of fact in Mr Donahue's statement is contrary to the record. As one example, I call attention to a telegram which I personally sent Mr Donahue last Saturday night and to which I was not even accorded the courtesy of a salvantagement. an acknowledgement:

"'If you would care to sit down and talk with me I would appreciate your telephoning me at Regent 5095, care Dr Harvey Cushing, any time tomorrow, Sunday, morning before 12 o'clock. I will be glad to set my convenience to yours. Regards, James Roosevelt.'"

Mayor's Statement

Mayor Curley said last night: "It is unfortunate for the self-confessed owner of the Democratic party In Massachusetts, Mr Donahue, that both the papers and the radio are mediums for the transmission of information. Under date of March 5 1 submitted the proposal to Senator Walsh, and he agreed to confer with Mr Ely and Mr Donahue and give me

an answer within 24 hours.

Failing to locate him for the six Falling to locate him for the six succeeding days, either in Boston or Washington, I made public a statement covering the facts in the case. It was printed in the papers and a copy of it was sent through the mail to every one of the delegates and also to the owner of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, Mr Donahue. "That proposal so far as I am

"That proposal, so far as I am aware, still holds, and if the owner of the Democracy and the deliverer of all of the people of the Commonwealth is still desirous of party unity in November, there is time until 5 p m Friday to complete negotiations by communicating with the chairman of the committee. Mr James Roosevelt, at room 49, Park Square Building, Boston: telephone Hancock 8260. ton; telephone Hancock 8260.

Brown Tells of Proposals

Mr Brown made the following brief statement:

"I do not wish to add complications to what seems to me a most unfortunate and unnecessary situation, by entering into any controversy with Mr Donahue. I think, however, that it is only fair to Gov Roosevelt to say that Mr Robert Jackson and I submitted certain proposals with Mr Roosevelt's full authority and that these proposals were to concrete that they were reduced by me to writing,

"They did not contain a demand that Rocsevelt be declared to be the second choice of the Smith delegation. The discussions were supposed to be confidential and I do not feel warconfidential and I do not feel war-ranted in going into further detail."

Ely Asks Unpledged Quit

Another interesting development which transpired yesterday discloses the fact that letters signed by Gov Ely have been sent to the unpledged Democratic district candidates, asking them to withdraw so that the Smith forces in the State may be united in the primary. Sixteen such delegates had filed papers when the time expired last Tuesday, and all of them stated on their papers that they favored Smith.

But, as they are not on the Smith slate, they cannot use his name in any way on the primary ballot; their names will appear, unless they are withdrawn, without descriptive words of any kind. Gov Ely's lotters were

HERALD 3/26/3L

Smith Forces Ignore Curley And His 5 O'clock Ultimatum

Independent Delegate Candidates Yield to Ely's Plea and Withdraw from

Contest

Battle lines between the Smith and the Roosevelt factions within the Democratic party became more tightly drawn last night, as the expiration of the time limit for filing withdrawals for delegates to the national convention found both sides ignoring compromise talk and devoting their efforts solely to strengthening their picked slates of pledged candidates.

The time limit set on Mayor Curley's There were eight withdrawals from

The time limit set on Mayor Curley's "ultimatum" to the Smith forceso'clock last night, which was the last minute for filing withdrawals—came and went without even the slightest and went without even the siightest notice by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic state committee, leader of the Smith forces, to the Curley demand for a "compromise" as the only alternative to a war to the

finish.

Under Curley's plan, such a battle would be averted if the members of the Smith slate picked by Donahue, Gov. Ely and Senator Walsh would agree to vote for Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt, if and when Al Smith became eliminated as the presidential chairs of the conas the presidential choice of the con-

Chairman Donahue of the state committee, who on Thursday had engaged in a hot exchange of statements with Curley and James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, over the disputed point of whether any overtures for a compromise had ever been made to him, chose yesterday to ignore completely the Curley ultimatum, and last night indicated he had no comment to make on the situation, with which he appeared to be fully satisfied. James Roosevelt, speaking for the opposing forces, said there was "nothing to say except that

we are prepared to go ahead."

The last day for filing withdrawals of candidates for delegates to both the Democratic and Republican conventions bemocratic and Republican conventions brought one important change in the Smith slate and a somewhat more extensive revision of the Roosevelt slate. On the Republican side, there were four withdrawals, but of independent candidates only, so that the Hoover-pledged slate remained intact.

The single official candidate of the Smith-pledged slate to withdraw was Dr. Helen I. Doherty McGillicuddy of Boston, candidate for delegate-at-large.

There were eight withdrawals from the official Roosevelt slate during the day, including one candidate for delegate-at-large, four for alternate delegates-at-large, one for district delegate, and two for alternate district delegates.

Earlier in the week one other member of the official Roosevelt slate, J. C. Joseph Flamand, French consul here, who had been named as a delegate-at-large, had withdrawn from the contest.

The withdrawals from the Roosevelt slate, as recorded in the office of Secre-tary of State Frederic W. Cook, were in every case followed or accompanied by substitutions of other candidates by the Roosevelt committee, so that at the end of the day all nine vacancies had been filled and the slate again made

MRS. McGILLICUDDY'S REASON

Joseph H. Hanken of Revere, national chief-of-staff of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was named to the Roosevelt slate as a candidate for delegate-at-large in place of Hale Power of Boston, who withdrew. Prime Robichard of Gardner, head of the Jean Baptiste Society of Massachusetts, was put on the slate to replace Consul Flamand for delegate-at-large. In explanation for the comparatively large number of withdrawals from the Roosevelt slate, representatives of the organization said that sevtives of the organization said that several persons previously named had been designated temporarily while workers were engaged in obtaining the necessary number of signatures for others to be put in the contest.

Mrs. McGillicuddy, the Smith-pledged delegate-at-large candidate, who withdrew, said last night that her preference for Smith as the logical choice of the party had not undergone any

the party had not undergone any change, but that she had withdrawn as a step toward eliminating herself from

Curley Transacts City Business from Bed

Mayor Curley yesterday transacted pressing municipal business from his bed in his home in Jamaicaway. Fear that a bronchial ailment, from which he has been suffering for several days, might develop into a serious trouble led the mayor's physician, D. . Martin J. English, to insist that he remain

With ice bags affording him relief, the mayor kept his hands on the reins of the Roosevelt campaign in Massachusetts and signed official papers which had to be approved. He is not expected to be able to return to City Hall before Monday.

participation in dissension within a 'certain fraternal society.'

The society, she said, has been "brought into politics," and with one of the governing board "on the opposite side," and being herself a formulation side," and being herself a former high official of the organization, she chose to eliminate herself from the Democratic contest rather than unwillingly be a party to the continuance of the strife within the society, of which Sen-ator David I. Walsh is also a mem-

Dr. McGillicuddy, the Smith-pledged candidate who has withdrawn, is past high chief ranger of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Forresters. Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, who remains in the field as a Roosevelt pledged delegate, is at present vice chief ranger of the same order.

Mrs. McGillicuddy is vice-president of the Democratic state committee, and as a doctor is widely known in the field of public health.

Chairman Donahue of the Demo-cratic state committee said last night he was not yet prepared to make known the identity of the candidate to be selected in Dr. McGillicuddy's stead. The time for naming substitute candidates to fill vacancies in slates expires at 5 P. M. next Tuesday.

In addition to Hanken and Robichard, the list of candidates named to the Rossevelt slate together with those

the Roosevelt slate, together with those

who withdrew, included:
Arthur W. Heide of Boston, in place of Julia O'Connor Parker, as alternate delegate-

at-large. Mabel R. Worthy of Boston, in place of Julian D. Rainey, as alternate delegate-at-

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M. Grace Barry of Malden, in place of Edmund L. Dolan, as alternate delegate-at-large.

Mathew P. Maney of Lawrence, in place of Dr Frederick L. Good of Brookline, as alternate delegate-at-large.

Joseph P. Vincelette of Chicopee, in place of John J. Caldon Jr., of Agawam, as alternate in the 2d district.

Raymond H. Favreau of Southbridge in place of John B. Shay of Gardner, as alternate delegate in the 3d district,

Charles C. Lucey of Brockton, in place of John H. O'Connell of Brockton, as delegate in the 13th district.

The unpledged Democrats to withdraw included:

The unpledged Democrats to Withdraw included:
Phillo J. Gallagher, for delegate, 5th district; Daniel Carroll, for delegate, 12th district; Daniel Carroll, for delegate, 12th district; Celia A. Reade Mahern for delegate, 5th district; Celia A. Reade Mahern for delegate, 5th district; Margaret M. Warren, for delegate, 5th district; Julia Feeney, alternate delegate, 7th district; Charles M. Boyle, for delegate, 11th district; Charles H. MacMaster, for delegate, 11th district; Edwin A. Kelly, for alternate, 11th district; Edwin A. Kelly, for alternate, 11th district and Dennis F. Donovan, for alternate, 11th district. The unpledged Republican candidates to withdraw were:

to withdraw were:

Charles H. Searles, for delegate, and Charles H. Knott, for delegate, both in the 10th district, and Charles Baglione and Janey E. Cisco, candidate for alternate in the 10th district,

Bay State Democrats in for Fight to Finish

'All Moves for Peace Between Smith and Roosevelt Camps Fail—G. O. P. Campaign Facing Bit of Rough Weather

By DONALD R. WAUGH

With the lines now definitely drawn tions of the party and prove a stronger campaign candidate than Youngman? the Massachusetts primary campaign will pick up momentum next week.

This is the lull before the political storm with the rival Roosevelt and Smith groups girding themselves by making final preparations for their electioneering. The primary is April 26.

DRAWINGS WEDNESDAY

The time for filing withdrawals has come and passed, and there can be no further changes in the ballots, except that substitutions for those already that substitutions for those already drawn may be made up to 5 o'clock Tuesday. The important drawings for places on the ballot will be made by Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook personally, in his office in the State House, Wednesday morning at 10:30.

There was some interest today in seeing who Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic state committee, local leader of the Al Smith forces, would decide to put on his slate of delegates-at-large in place of Dr. Helen I. Doherty-McGillicuddy. Hers was the only withdrawal from the Smith slate. In most places where withdrawals were made, and substitutions intended, such substitutions have already been accom-

SMITH'S ATTITUDE

Other recent developments along the political rialto are that former Gov. Smith has announced in New York that Smith has announced in New York that he does not plan to come to Massachusetts to take personal part in the local Smith-Roosevelt campaign, and that he does not expect to spend or have his New York friends spend any money in the Massachusetts fight; and reports from Maine indicate selection of any unpledged national convention delegation there, in spite of strong Roosevelt sentiment.

Many political observers feel that it

Many political observers feel that it would be a decided sign of weakness on Smith's part for him to come up to Massachusetts to campaign before the primary.

Chy. Ely returned to Massachusets today after talking with Smith in New York and informing him of Massachusetts conditions. The Governor will be in Westfield for the week-end and back at the State House early in the week. He made no statement as to the nature of his long talk with the political idel litical idol.

litical idol.

Among the Republicans there is talk of trying to shelve Lt.-Gov. William S. Youngman and get him to agree to run for his present office again this year so as to clear the way for a candidate for Governor wno would have the more united support of his party. As yet Youngman nasn't shown much enthusiasm for this plan and he isn't likely to fall for it. It would require fixing matters up with the several candidates who have already announced themselves for the lieutenant-governorship, and, after all, who is there among the Republicans who could bring the support of all fac-

MRS. McGILLICUDDY'S REASON

Joseph H. Hanken of Revere, national chief-of-staff of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was named to the Roosevelt slate as a candidate for delegate-at-large in place of Hale Power of Boston, who withdrew. Prime Robichard of Gardner, head of the Jean Baptiste Society of Massachusetts, was put on the slate to replace Consul Flamand for delegatereplace Consul Flamand for delegate-at-large. In explanation for the com-paratively large number of withdrawals from the Roosevelt slate, representa-tives of the organization said that several persons previously named had been eral persons previously named had been designated temporarily while workers were engaged in obtaining the necessary number of signatures for others to be put in the contest.

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GLOBE 3/26/32

CURLEY'S HANDS OFF MAINE CONVENTION

Mayor Ill at Home, Not Interfering, He Says

Informed of a story in the Portland Evening Express, which said that Mayor Curley was sponsoring a move o have Maine Democrats send a deleration instructed for Roosevelt to the Democratic national convention, the Mayor said last night that he is "not nterfering in the Maine situation."

Mayor Curley is confined to his Janaicaway home with a bad attack of aryngitis. After denying any connecion with a Maine move, he said: "I am still engrossed in the campaign here at home."

The Portland paper said that it had reliable information that delegates to the Democratic State convention at Portland on Tuesday and Wednesday were to be urged to instruct their na-tional delegation for Roosevelt as a result of moves made by Mayor

Curley. Curley.

The Express story said that Curley had arranged with contact men, including both Maine residents and Roosevelt supporters from out of State, to conduct a campaign for Roosevelt delegates during the days before the convention. It was reported that emissaries would open headquarters Sunday.

headquarters Sunday.

There seems to be little doubt that
Maine Democracy will support Roosevelt for the Presidential nomination
at the national convention, but it has not been the custom for Maine Demo-

not been the custom for Maine Demo-crats to send instructed delegations to the national conventions.

The 1928 delegation was instructed for Smith, but that was a marked exception. James A. Farley, leader of the Roosevelt movement, was in Portland last Sunday to confer with Democratic leaders, but he said at that time the Roosevelt supporters did

not intend to seek an instructed delegation from Maine.

Mayor Curley indicated that he is confining his efforts to Massachusetts.

He plans to return to his desk at City Hall Monday and on that day he will resume his leadership of the daily rallies at the Roosevelt headquarters, 333 Washington st.

HERALD 3/26/32

SMITH REFUSES right to intrude in the Massachusetts presidential primary, now only four weeks distant. No attempt will be made, TO TAKE HAND IN of Roosevelt money in Massachusetts. He had plotted his announced course CAMPAIGN HERE

Neither Will He Spend Any Money to Elect Slate Pledged to Him

LONG CONFERENCE

Sticks to Decision to Remain Passive-Will Not Answer Curley

Time for withdrawal of candidates for delegates to the national conventions expired at 5 P. M. yesterday without any response from Chairman Donahue of the Democratic state committee to Mayor Curley's offer to withdraw the Roosevelt-for-President slate if Donahue, as Smith le.der, would agree to permit the Massachusetts delegates to vote for Roosevelt if and when Smith should be eliminated at the Democratic convention. This means that the battle must now be carried for a

Smith will play no part and will spend no money in the campaign his friends and clearly indicated that none of them are waging in Massachusetts to elect a has been forgotten in the turmoil of full slate of delegates pledged to vote for his renomination as Democratic candidate for President at the party's national convention next June.

This decision to maintain a hands off policy in the increasingly bitter Massachusetts contest will be rigidly adhered to, regardless of the extent to which Mayor Curley may go in assailing him in the fight the mayor is directing to elect a delegation pledged to support Gov. Roosevelt at the convention.

During a visit with Mr. Smith this afternoon in his office on the 32d floor of the gigantic Empire State building, he told this reporter that he is content to leave his cause in the hands of the Democrats of the state he likes best next to his native New York.

Under no conditions, he said, would he be diverted from his original decision to remain passive in the contest, even to answer Mayor Curley's charges that he is a "minion of Wall street" and has no he indicated, to match the outpouring He had plotted his announced course

even before Gov. Ely had told him earlier in the afternoon that the Smith slate could be elected without his personal assistance. Gov. Ely was in conference for almost an hour with the man whose cause he is championing at the risk of his own political fortunes.

The Governor was unusually closemouthed about his conference. His only comment on the prolonged visit was that he had told Mr. Smith that he would have the backing of a full Massachusetts delegation at the convention. WITH ELY IN N. Y. that they discussed the character and progress of the campaign that will be

waged in his cause starting next week.

Mr. Smith agreed to see The Herald reporter only on condition that he be excused from granting a published interview on the political situation in Massachusetts or elsewhere. During the course of the conversation however here. course of the conversation, however, he conceded a point in agreeing to permit me to state for him that he has no intention of going up to Boston to plead his cause. He has complete faith in his Massachusetts friends.

Gov. Ely told your correspondent that he had been informed by his office attaches at the State House that his appeal to the unofficial Smith candidates for places on the Massachusetts delegation to retire from the contest had been fruitful.

been fruitful.

To each of the 25 intruders he dispatched a personal letter asking him to retire and support the official list of candidates. He admitted that the selection of the slate had been made in an arbitrary manner, but he defended the procedure as being impossible for the procedure as heing in th ed the procedure as being imperative for success under the circumstances. asked the bona fide candidates to make a personal sacrifice for the cause to which they are committed and predict-

decision to the presidential primary
April 26.

By W. E. MULLINS

[Special Dispatch to The Herald]

NEW YORK, March 25—Alfred E
Smith will play no part and will spend in the amaging the huge enterprise represented by the towering sky-scraper in which his offices are located, was amiable as usual. He reminisced for some time on the many enjoyable visits he has made to Boston.

politics and business which has intervened since.

Strangely enough, it is neither the 1928 nor the 1930 tumultuous receptions to him which stand out most vividly in his memory. The one he likes best to remember is the enthusiastic greating he received on a relayed on

best to remember is the enthusiastic greeting he received on a rainy day in 1924 when he spoke in Mechanics hall in support of the campaign John W. Davis was waging against Calvin Coolidge for the presidency.

Mr. Smith is phiosophical about political conflicts. Although he has been obviously grieved by the harsh attacks that Mayor Curley has fired in his direction since he began to espouse Gov. Roosevelt's cause the former Governor apparently harbors no animosity toward the mayor and has no desire to wreak vengeance on him. vengeance on him.

vengeance on him.

The "happy warrior" works in unusually pleasant surrouncings. Seated in the chair occupied by him at Albany during his four terms as Governor of the Empire State, he merely has to swing around to gaze out over the towering structures in the immediate neighborhood to see Brooklyn bridge in the distance the distance.

On a table directly opposite his desk are framed portraits of each member of his immediate family, as well as group pictures of his grandchildren. On his desk are several insignia of the Tammany tiper whose adherents were so obviously guilty of treachery to his campaign in this city during the 1928 campaign. The presence of the miniature striped tigers indicates his enduring loyalty to the political organization, many of whose members are were accounted.

working for Gov. Roosevelt.

Naturally, Mr. Smith is keenly interested in the developments of the Massachusetts contest, but in refraining from public comment on the controversy that is raging he indicated that he merely is following out his original decision to permit his friends to decide whether or not he will make the run against President Hoover.

He was outspoken, however, in his admiration for Gov. Ely. although he was silent in regard to their conference.

Gov. Ely will leave New York tomorrow for Westfield, where he will pass Easter Sunday with his family. A wide smile was his only reaction to the procedure of the Senate in voting favorably on the bill to make a 10 per second ably on the bill to make a 10 per cent. reduction in the salaries of the members of the Legislature.

HMERICAN

Curley Sees Building Costs Cut 40 P. C.

A 40 per cent reduction in building construction costs was claimed yesterday by Mayor Curley in awarding the contract for the construction of a \$1,000,000 addition to the new Public Latin school building in the Fenway for a price of \$672,000.

"Now is the time to build," advised the mayor.

The contract was awarded to the John Bowen Co, Inc., the lowest of 14 bidders.

3/26/32

Curley Gets Best of a Severe Cold

The condition of Mayor Curley, who has been confined to his home in Jamaica Plain since Wednesday with a cold, was reported today as considerably improved.

The mayor will be able to leave the house tomorrow, the report said, and probably will be back at City Hall on Monday.

Curley Appears Certain to Cut Smith's Slate

Compromise Off, Mayor Believed Sure of at Least A Few Positions

By William F. Furbush .

All efforts for a compromise having been in vain, as predicted, the Smith-Roosevelt forces are set for a pitched battle in Massachusetts, with much speculation rife as to how much Mayor Curley, as leader here for Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt, will cut into the Ely-Walsh-Donahue slate of delegates pledged to the Democratic presidential nomination of Alfred E. Smith. Predictions vary from a "rout" for Smith, as seen by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State committee, to a Roosevelt victory in ten or fifteen districts, as claimed by the mayor, who will resume his forum activi-ties at 333 Washington street on Mon-

Aside from the total of delegates elected by each side, interest in the primaries will be centered in Mayor Curley's personal contest for a position in the at-large group of twelve, each with half The mayor is running against vote. the field, headed by such proved vote-getters as Senator David I. Walsh, Governor Ely and former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald in what amounts to a test for leadership of the party in the State, with the Boston voters holding the whip hand. The vote here incidentally will determine in large measure how near right antitions that he has slipped in prestige since assuming his present term of office.

Observers recall that it was the may or's one-man campaign in Boston which unquestionably resulted in Smith carry- the suggestion, pointing out his past ing Massachusetts in 1928, the Boston vote-getting strength, and inviting sugvote wiping out the heavy lead given to President Hoover by the rest of the State. By repeating for Roosevelt in 1932 what mary, or, as he analyzes the situation, he did for Smith in 1928, the mayor would in the election. very likely prevail individually over his present opposition. The politicians figure that the mayor, by selecting as his atlarge colleagues candidates who are declared not to compare with himself or the Smith candidates as vote-getters has placed himself in the position of being an assured beneficiary of any strong development of Roosevelt sentiment.

Chance of at Least Few Delegates

Those who figure that Roosevelt is certain to pick up some of the district candidates base their conclusions in the belief that the contests will savor more of attempts to prevail as individual local leaders than concern over the selection of either Smith or Roosevelt. This presumably is the basis for Governor Ely's admission that Roosevelt may possibly get two or three district delegates, though he says he does not expect such a result. Fending developments, the chances seem to be that Roosevelt will garner at least a few Bay State delegates, though Massa-chusetts is conceded to be generally

strong for the "Happy Warrior" of 1928.

Meanwhile, the Republicans are more or less smugly watching the Democratic row, believing that the enemy camp will be so sorely split in the coming weeks before the primaries on April 26 as to buttress materially their increasing hopes that the State will go for President Hoover in November, although they realize that hard fighting, which they are prepared to stage, is necessary to return Massachusetts into its old place in the party fold,

With minor exceptions, the Republi-ns, under National Committeeman cans, under National Committeeman Louis K. Liggett have placed their pledged-to-Hoover slate in the field as the Democrats were exchanging their compliments. There is, however, some smoldering under the surface caused by feeling among some in the party that Lieutenant Governor William S. Young-man is not the man to lead the State ticket for governor against what now appears to be the very probable candidacy of Governor Ely for re-election in the light of Mayor Curley's announcement this work that "index announcement this work that the state of t ment this week that "under no condi-tions" will he be a candidate for Beacon Hill honors—"this year."

By including former Governor Alvan T. Fuller in the list of "Big Four" delegates pledged to President Hoover's renomination in the Chicago convention, Committeeman Liggett caused immediate speculation whether Mr. Fuller would enter the arena to oppose Mr. Youngman for the gubernatorial nomination. Mr. Fuller's subsequent statement that he was being urged to run, that he was considering running on an economy platform, if nobody adopted such a platform, and his statement that he would make known his position only after the convention has given impetus to a movement by certain of the party leaders looking to the "drafting" if necessary of some candidate against the lieutenant governor for the nomination.

Youngman Would Refuse

While nothing official has been announced there is a chance that Mr. Youngman may be called upon to yield Curley men have been in their declara- in his long-time ambition and run again for lieutenant governor. If such a proposal is made to Mr. Youngman, it appears to be a safe prediction that Mr. Youngman will flatly decline to abide by gestion of any other candidate with sufficient strength to defeat him in the pri-

In fact, Joseph F. Ward, secretary to the lieutenant governor, declared today that Mr. Youngman has every intenion of running.

Another smouldering fire in the Rerublican camp is the contest of Mrs. Frank Roe Batchelder against Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, who is a candidate for another term as national committee-woman, the selection to be made by the delegates to the convention. test, a delicate one as concerns the party leaders who are refraining from taking any part, takes on more or less bitterness because of the claim of Mrs. Batchelder and her supporters, vigorously denied by Mrs. Thayer, however, that there was understanding four years ago that the post would go to Mrs. Batchelder this year after the spirited contest in 1928 when she lost to Mrs. Thayer by one vote.

Intensive canvassing of the proposed Intensive canvassing of the proposed delegates to the convention has been going on since definite announcement of the slate and there are unofficial predictions that a majority of the delegates

will be found pleaged to lars. Descending some going so far as to say that she already has at least twenty-one of the thirty-four delegates pledged.

Dr. Doherty Withdraws

The Democratic battle was assured when at five o'clock yesterday afternoon, the closing time for withdrawal of candidates from the various slates of delegates, no concessions had been made to the Rooseveltians by Chairman Donahue. Doherty, who withdrew as an at-large filed with the exception of Dr. Helen I. Doherty who withdraw as an at-large delega'e, the substitution to be made by Mr. Donahue by five o'clock next Tues-

Governor Ely's request that various candidates who had filed as independent for Smith withdraw in favor of the pledged-to-Smith group brought favorable response from several delegates and alternates, but some remain as independents verbally pledged to the former governor, though not allowed to have the Smith pledge under the power of attorney filed by Chairman Donahue.

Reports from the Roosevelt camp that Dr. Doherty's withdrawal was in repudiation of the Smith candidacy were quickly denied by Dr. Doherty, who said that she did not wish to have a fraternal organization with which she is prominently affiliated involved in any way in a political controversy

Dr. Doherty is past high chief ranger of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters. Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, who now holds that office, was named a delegate-at-large on Mayor Curley's Roosevelt slate and will continue in that list. She also has charge of the Roosevelt forum for women which will begin activities Monday at headquarters in the Dutch Room, Hotel Touraine.

The withdrawals include eight from the Roosevelt slate, all replaced. Joseph H. Hanken of Revere was named delegate-at-large, to replace Hale Power of Bos-ton, who withdrew. Prime Robichard of Gardner, one of the supreme directors of L'Union St. Jean Baptists, was sub-stituted to fill the vacancy caused in the at-large group by the withdrawal of J. C. Joseph Flamand of Cambridge, French consul in Boston.

Various Slate Changes

Substitutions in the Roosevelt slate, together with those who withdrew, in-

cluded:
Arthur W. Heide of Boston, in place of Julia O'Connor Parker, as alternate delegate-at-large. Mabel R. Worthy of Boston, in place of Julian D. Rainey, as alternate delegate-at-large. M. Grace Barry of Maiden, in place of Edmund L. Dolan, as alternate delegate-at-large. Mathew P. Maney of Lawrence, in place of Dr. Frederick L. Good of Brookline, as alternate delegate-at-large.

Joseph P. Vincelette of Chicopee, in place of John J. Caldon, Jr., of Agawam, as alternate in the second district.

Raymond H. Favreau of Southbridge in place of John B. Shay of Gardner, as alternate delegate in the third district.

Charles C. Lucey of Brockton, in place of John H. O'Connell of Brockton, as delegate in the thirteenth district.

The unpledged Democrats to withdraw

included:

Philip J. Gallagher, for delegate, fifth district; Daniel Carroll, for delegate, twelfth district; Plyman Pill, for delegate, minth district; Celia A. Reade Mahern for delegate, fifth district; Margaret M. Wärren, for delegate, ninth district; Julia Feeney, alternate delegate, seventh district; Charles M. Boyle, for delegate, eventh district; John J. Curran, Jr., for delegate, eleventh district; Edwin A. Kelly, for alternate, eleventh district; Edwin A. Kelly, for alternate, eleventh district, and Dennis F. Donovan, for alternate, eleventh district.

The unpledged Republican candidates to withdraw were:

Charles H. Searles, for delegate, and Charles H. Knott, for delegate, both in the tents detrict, and Charles Barlione and Janey B. Market and Charles Barlione and Janey B. Market Barlione and Janey B. Market Barlione and Janey B. Market Barlion and Janey B. Market B.

Democrats Resigned to **Bitter Bay State Contest**

Abandon Hope for Smith-Roosevelt Truce as Convention. Time Limit for Withdrawals Nears and Nobody Takes Action

By DONALD R. WAUGH

As today, the last day for withdrawals of those who have filed nomination papers as national convention delegates, wore on, no developments had occurred to indicate any hope of compromise between the Roosevelt and Smith forces.

READY FOR POLITICAL WAR

The last minute gestures of compromise by the Roosevelt forces seem to have fallen on deaf ears.

There seems no hope but the war is on, a Democratic family squabble running until the presidential primaries April 26.

There have been a few minor with-drawals, some due to a letter from Gov. Ely to unpledged Smith Democrats asking them to give way, and J. C. Joseph Flamand was pulled off the Roosevelt slate as expected. Substitutions for those withdrawn may be made at the secretary of state's office up to 5 o'clock

Precipitated by the letter of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt to the Traveler and published yesterday, the Smith-Roosevelt factions have unleashed a barrage of statements, each group blaming

the other for failure to compromise.

Gov. Rooseveit said: "I gave my son
James the definite authorization (for
use of his name in Massachusetts) to be used only in the event that Mr. Don-ahue was unwilling to go along with some kind of a formula which would have made a contest wholly unneces-

This brought a sharp retort from Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic state committee and leader of the Smith forces. Donahue said that any failure to compromise should be laid at the door of the Roosevelt men.

ANSWER DONAHUE

In reply to Donahue a series of state-

In reply to Donahue a series of statements have been issued by Roosevelt supporters, by Mayor Curley, James Roosevelt and LaRue Brown.
"It is unfortunate for the self-confessed owner of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, Mr. Donahue, that both the papers and the radio are mediums for the transmission of information," began Mayor Curley in his statement, intimating that Chairman Donahue's statement was contrary to the facts.

Donahue's statement was
the facts.
"Under date of March 5 I submitted
the compromise proposal to Senator
Walsh and he agreed to confer with
Mr. Ely and Mr. Donahue and give me
an answer within 24 hours. Falling to
locate him for the six succeeding days
cither in Boston or Washington, I made
public a statement covering the facts cither in Boston or Washington, I made public a statement covering the facts in the case. It was printed in the papers and a copy of it was sent through the mail to every one of the delegates and also to the owner of the Democratic party in Massachusetts, Mr. Donahue.

"That proposal, so far is I am aware,

velt be declared to be the second choice of the Smith delegation. The still noids and if the owner of the De-mocracy and the deliverer of all the people of the commonwealth is still de-

sirous of party unity in November, there is time until 5 P. M. Friday to complete

is time until 5 P. M. Friday to complete negotiations by communicating with Mr James Roosevelt."

James Roosevelt last night declared:

I regret that I am forced to say that every single alleged statement of fact in Mr. Donahue's statement is contrary to the record. As one example, I call attention to a telegram which I personally sent Mr. Donahue last Saturday night and to which I was not accorded the courtesy of an acknowledgment:

If you would care to sit down and

the courtesy of an acknowledgment:
 If you would care to sit down and
talk with me I would appreciate
your telephoning me at Regent
5095, care Dr. Harvey Cushing, at
any time tomorrow, Sunday, morning before 12 o'clock. I will be glad
to set my convenience to yours. Regards. JAMES ROOSEVELT.

A separate statement was issued by

A separate statement was issued by LaRue Brown, prominent Roosevelt worker, in which he said:

I do not wish to add complica-tions to what seems to me a most tions to what seems to me a most unfortunate and unnecessary situation by entering into any controversy with Mr. Donahue. I think, however, that it is only fair to Gov. Roosevelt to say that Mr. Robert Jackson and I submitted certain proposals with Mr. Roosevelt's full authority and that these proposals were so concrete that they were rewere so concrete that they were reduced by me to writing. They did not contain a demand that Roose-

discussions were supposed to be confidential and I do not feel warranted in going into further detail.

1RAUSCRIFT 3/26/32 Smith Has No Intention

at Present to Come Here

New York, Merch 26 (A.P.)—Former Governor Alfred E. Smith is said by his associates to have no intention at present of going to Massachusetts in furtherance of the campaign in his behalf for delegates to the Democratic National

Governor Joseph B. Ely of Massachusetts vicited Mr. Smith for an hour yes-terday, but said afterwards the question of Mr. Smith making an address in Massachusetts was not discussed. He told Mr. Smith, he said, that he would carry every district in the State at the primary with the possible exception of one or two, that may be awung to Governor Frnaklin D. Roosevelt, under the primary campaigm leadership of Mayor Curiey of Boston, although he did not expect that to be the case.

FROM GAEL COAKLEY

To the Editor of the Transcript:

An article in your paper yesterday by Richard D. Grant seeks to connect me with certain phases of the road-building controversy. May I say that I have not even a remote connection with politics save as I was projected into the limelight by an unprovoked assault by Mayor Curley in a radio broadcast during the

Ely campaign. I organized in 1930 the Roadbuilders

Service, Inc., which leases very expensive road machinery to high class contractors. In no single instance has any contractor using our machinery ever bid for or received any contract from the State. In his story Mr. Grant takes my name from the charter of our company and writes around it a story of inefficient and irresponsible contractors being awarded contracts and refers to me as the son of "Daniel H. Coakley, one of the powers in the Ely administration."

I am inordinately fond of that sonship. My father has been slandered by the newspapers plenty, and has borne it with his chin up, like the gallant gentleman he is.

GAEL COAKLEY

Newton, March 25.

HMERICAN 3/26/32

SAME AS MOTHER

The little daughter born recently to Mrs. Stanton R. White, wife of the municipal director of public celebrations, is to be called Sally, after her mother, the former Sally Curley, niece of Mayor Curley, and daughter of Former City Treasurer John J. Curley.

CURLEY GETS CARDS

Mayor Curley's many friends never forget him at Easter, and as a result several thousand greeting cards have been received at City Hall during the past 48 hours. They were forwarded to the mayor at his home in Jamaicaway, where he is now confined because of a heavy cold.

WOMAN QUITS SMITH SLATE; 2 OTHERS OUT

Unwilling to drag into the Smith-Roosevelt fight the name of the Catholic Order of Foresters, of which she was a high officer, Dr. Helen I. Doherty McGillicuddy, pledged to Smith as a candidate for delegate-at-large to the Democratic convention, withdrew from the race yesterday.

Others withdrawing from the delegate contest were Atty. Julian D. Rainey and Edmund L. Dolan, both Roosevelt-pledged men who dropped out because they are city office holders. Arthur W. Heidke will replace Julia O'Connor Parker on the Roosevelt slate at the request of German societies for a representative on the slate.

STILL LOYAL TO SMITH

To the Editor of the Transcript:

If ever there was a time when clear thinking was a necessity, it is the present time. And clear thinking in politics it just as important as it is in any other subject. We see the results of muddy thinking in the situation in Massachus setts today. A handful of wilful men and women, ignoring the lessons of the past contemptuous of experience, placing expediency before principle, attempt to bepediency before principle, attempt to be-little the intelligence of the Democratic

electorate of Massachusetts.

Imagine, if you can, the mental processes of men who forsake a leader and the principles for which he stands, because that were not asked to be delegated. because they were not asked to be dele-sates to the National Convention. Im-agine the stability of character of men the measure of whose loyalty is equal to the favors they receive and the flattery

Are there no fixed principles, no standards which demand fixed loyalty and support? Has any party or faction in a party Has any party or faction in a party the right to set a limit on the funda-mental constitutional rights of an American citizen? Shall the Democratic party grant the right of veto to a section or group within the party? These questions must be answered in this campaign.

No man or woman who supported Alfred E. Smith in 1928 should oppose him What change in the man or his principles or in the situation would principles or in the situation would prompt a thinking man or woman to leave his standard? Battles for great ideals are not won by defeatists.

Cut away all the meaningless phrases, and the suberfuges and

the half-truths, and the suberfuges and eliminate the high-sounding clap-trap from the speeches of the anti-Smith slate and the naked truth stands forth, and what is the naked truth? They oppose Alized E. Smith for two reasons: First, there are those of his own race and creed who oppose him because they fear he might be defeated, if nominated, because of his religion. Second, there are those who are bigoted and oppose him because they fear he will be elected, if nominated.

Will any candidate for delegate or alternate on the anti-Smith slate publicly declare to the Democrats of Massachusetts, first, that Alfred E. Smith is not entitled to the Democratic nomination for the presidency; second, that Massachusetts should rebuke Alfred E. Smith and repudiate his leadership.

Make these statements and the Democrats of Massachusetts will say to you: We voted for Alfred E. Smith in 1928. We gave him the electoral vote of this State. We still believe he is the ablest man in public life in this country. shall give him a full-strength Smith delegation. We honor him for his integrity, we respect him for his courage, and we love him for his kindliness and human sympathy. We can trust Alfred E. Smith and know that our trust is not

There is just one statement in Mr. Joshua H. Jones's letter of March 18 which interests me, and that is: "Mr. O'Brien would have the voters of Massachusetts bump their heads against the same stonewall in 1932 that wrecked same stonewall in 1932 that wrecked Governor Smith's chances in 1928." What, may I ask, was that stonewall? Does he mean the stonewall of intolerance and forenoon. mean the scoreward that I say bump that wall and bump it hard. taken a few stones out of that wall since taken a few stones out of that wan since 1928. Simmons and Blease, Heffin and Cannon, and thousands of lesser size have toppled to the ground. The wall is not We have near so high, and four years of hard times have taken the grip out of the mortar between the stones JOHN J. O'BRIEN

HIMERICAN

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

Up to 5 p. m. today, the time limit for filing withdrawals at the office of Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook, the compromise offer from the Rousevelt group to the Smith supporters is open.

That offer calls for the inclusion of Mayor Curley on the slate and an agreement under which the Massachusetts delegation will vote for Roosevelt for second choice.

DOOR STILL OPEN

That the door still is open for the compromise is made plain by Mayor Curley in refuting the charge made by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the state committee that none of the Roosevelt spokesmen had made any concrete proposition as a basis for an agreement.

The mayor, after restating his own efforts to bring about party own ellorts to bring about party harmony, with particular reference to his conference with Senator Walsh on March 5, said:

"That proposal so far as I an:
aware still holds, and if the owner of the Democracy and the deliverer of all of the people of the Commonwealth (Donahue) is still desirous of party unity in November, there is time until 5 p. m., Friday, to complete negotiations by communicating with the chairman of the committee, Mr. James Roosevelt, at room 49, Park Square Bldg., Boston, telephone Hancock 8260."

James Roosevelt, son of the New York governor, in a supplementary statement, takes sharp issue with the statement made by Donahue that at no time had the younger Roosevelt "ever asked for a conference with me in regard to any compromise.'

CONTRARY TO RECORD

"I regret that I am forced to say that every single alleged statement of fact in Mr. Donahue's statement is contrary to the record," the holder of the Roosevelt power of attorney de-

"As one example, I call attention to a telegram which I personally sent Mr. Donahue last Saturday night and to which I was not even accorded the courtesy of an acknowledgment."

The gist of the message, as given out by the son of the New York governor, was a request for conference the following Sunday a conference the following Sunday

Added testimony to the efforts of the Roosevelt backers to bring about harmony was given by Atty. LaRue Brown of Boston.

"I do not wish to add complications to what seems to me a

most unfortunite and almost sary situation by entering into any controversy with Mr. Donahue," said Brown, "I think, however, that it is

only fair to Governor Roosevelt to say that Mr. Robert Jackson and I submitted certain proposals with Mr. Roosevelt's full authority and that these proposals were so concrete that they were reduced by me to writing.

SUBSTITUTIONS PLANNED

"They did not contain a demand that Roosevelt be declared to be the second choice of the Smith delegation. The discussions were supposed to be confidential and I do not feel warranted in going into further details."

Several substitutions will be made on the Roosevelt ticket today. Prime Robichaud of Gardner, counsellor of L'Union Saint Jean Baptiste D'Amerique, it is understood, will be placed on the delegate-atlarge slate to fill the vacancy caused by J. Joseph Flamand, instead of Col. Percy Guthrie, originally picked to succeed Flamand. Arthur W. Heidke, of Boston, it is said, will also be given a place.

MAYOR IS KEPT

Mayor Curley will be confined to his Jamaicaway home for several days, due to a severe cold in his chest, it was announced today at

The mayor was kept from his of-fice yesterday by the cold, which developed congestion in his chest and throat and which, the previous evening, had forced him to call on James H. Brennan of the Governor's Council to substitute for him in a radio address.

Democrats See No Hope Ahead for Compromise

Donahue Remains Adamant to Rooseveltian Advances as Zero Hour Approaches

By William F. Furbush

The zero hour for any possible compromise in the Smith-Roosevelt melange in Massachusetts approaches with increasing indications that the word "com-promise" has come to mean "fight" in the bright lexicon of the Democrats. Perusal of the immediate exchanges among the leaders of Alfred E. Smith and Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt as presidential nomination candidates evokes the surmise that only a necromancer can bring about any major changes in the slates of convention delegates on file with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook that savor of a compromise by the closing time for withdrawals at five o'clock tonight.

The caustic statement yesterday by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State committee, attributing to Roosevelt himself and his Bay State supporters the blame for any ill-feeling that may arise in Massachusetts Democracy has brought the expected retorts from Mayor James M. Curley and James Roosevelt. Donahue, however, remains adamant against the best the Roose-veltians have to offer, and there is question whether even a legerdemainist could bring about a situation which means anything other than a bitter battle from now on until the last vote is registered

in the primaries on April 26.

Meanwhile, the politicians are watching the results of a move by Governor Ely to clarify the situation by calling upon several of the delegates and alternate candidates who have filed papers as favorable to Smith, but without the right to state on the ballot that they are pledged to the former governor, a right which they could obtain only from Chain which they could obtain only from Chairman Donahue who has the Smith power of attorney.

Ely Moves for Withdrawals

Concern whether the presence of extra Smith candidates on the ballot might keep down the vote of Donahue's instructed group in certain congressional districts prompted the governor to appeal to each of the additional candidates to withdraw in favor of the approved candidates.

Agreement to abide by this request was mailed by Hyman Pill of Cambridge, and mailed by Hyman Pill of Cambridge, and others may fall into line. However, in the Eleventh district, an offer will be made to withdraw any two of the outside slate if two of the Donahue slate will withdraw. In this district the pledged-to-Smith slate comprises Vincent Brogna of Boston, one of the recognized leaders among the Italian voters. nized leaders among the Italian voters, and Mayor Lawrence F. Quigley of Chelsea as delegates, and John Dowd and William H. Hearn of Boston as alternates. The unpledged group, which might make a serious battle against the pledged candidates, is made up of John J. Curran, Jr., and Charles H. McMaster,

both of Boston, delegates, and Edwin A. Further Withdrawals Kelly and Dennis F. Donovan, both of The following withdrawals Boston, alternates.

It is believed that Governor Ely may have had this district in mind in particular when, in New York, he stated that there was a possibility that the Roosevelt forces might capture three positions. It is assumed by the Smith camp that former Mayor Philip J. Gallagher of Wo-burn, who has withdrawn as a district delegate in the Fifth district, did so as result of the Ely letter.

Mayor Curley's reply to the Donahue statement contains renewed reference to the national committeeman and State chairman as "the owner of the Democratic party in Massachusetts," a designation which Donahue disclaims, although "so graciously" bestowed upon him and repeats the mayor's offer of compromise as made some time ago to Senator David I. Walsh, but rejected by both the senator and Governor Ely. The mayor again served an ultimatum that there is still time for "party unity" to complete negotiations by communicating with James Roosevelt.

Ignored Roosevelt Wire

The latter, in answer to the Donahue statement that at no time had any Roosevelt supporters who could show authority from the governor to speak for him made any concrete proposition to him (Donahue) as a basis of compromise, said that he had sent a telegram to Donahue last Saturday suggesting a conference, that he was "not even accord-courtesy of an acknowledgement." "not even accorded the

La Rue Brown, classmate of Governor Roosevelt at Harvard and one of the more temperate of the governor's supporters, who has, however, been declared out of consideration by the faction led by Mayor Curley and the younger Rocsevelt, also was drawn into the discussion by the Donahue statement. Mr. Brown, who, with Robert Jackson, New England director of the Roosevelt forces, was in conference over delegation slates nearly two weeks ago with Chairman Donahue and Senator Walsh at the Hotel Lenox, made the following statement in part:

"I think it is only fair to Governor Roosevelt to say that Robert Jackson and I submitted certain proposals with Mr. Roosevelt's full authority and that these proposals were so concrete that they were reduced by me to writing. They did not contain a demand that Roosevelt be declared to be the second choice of the Smith delegation. The discussions were supposed to be confidential and I do not feel warranted in going into further detail.

It is presumed that the Brown proposals were made at the Lenox Hotel conference which got nowhere upon receipt of information that former Governor Smith had wired Mayor Curley that he believed the mayor had attempted to present him in a false light in his series of assertions that Smith had established that he was not a candidate.

In gist, the goal of the Roosevelt followers has been to have the Smith slatemakers agree upon Roosevelt as the second choice. The Ely-Walsh-Donahue group refuses to enter into any such compromise, because, as stated by Don-The Ely-Walsh-Donahue ahue, the Smith delegation condidates "pledged themselves to Governor Smith, and I cannot deliver them to any other man.

A further consideration which enters into the position of the Smith leaders is that they decline to appear to weaken their first choice by being placed on rec-ord as admitting they have a second

The following withdrawal notices were received today at the offices of the Secretary of State:

Democratic-Daniel Carroll of South Boston, district delegate, 12th district, Independent; John B. Shay of Gardner, alternate district delegate, 3d district, pledged to Roosevelt.

Roosevelt headquarters announces a campaign broadcast for 2.30, Sunday afternoon, over Station WNAC.

IT'S ROOSEVELT'S TURN

To the Editor of the Transcript:

The attempt to foist racial prejudices upon the campaign in Massachusetts this year is just another of those unfair political blows. Surely the many thousands of fair-minded men and women who voted to elect the Happy Warrior in this State in 1928 did not discriminate against the former governor of New York, because of personalities.

He was running for It was his day. the presidency, and how proud we were to see Massachusetts rise to the heights and shine like a beacon star throughout

the na 'on.

I'w the men and women of liberal ten encies who held the balance of power, Men and women made of the same stuff that Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt is made of carried the State of Massachu-setts for ex-Governor Smith four years ago. It was the Happy Warrior's great chance. I Massachusetts—all honor to her name -voted on the candidate and not on personalities.

Now this is the year of 1932. There is another side to the picture. The Democratic party has as a candidate a man of great liberality, ability and statesman-ship. Franklin D. Roosevelt has shown his strength from coast to coast. parts of our country he is recognized as a leader. A leader—fearless and independent—everything points to his winning the Democratic nomination. It is his turn now.

Surely the serious-thinking people of Massachusetts will give Governor Roese velt the generous hearted support that

he deserves.

The mayor of Boston should be commended for his stand, by all lovers of fair play. He had the vision and the strength of character to support the mar who he thought could lead the people this year. No one can honestly question the fact that Mayor Curley gave his al for the Happy Warrior in 1928.

Newton Center, March 23.

J. Nys.

ELY TELLS SMITH HE **WILL GET EVERY VOTE**

Confers With Ex-Governor -Visit May Be Returned

By ROGER BATCHELDER

NEW YORK, March 25-Gov Joseph B. Ely of Massachusetts, regarded here as one of the few important mainstays in the "Smith-for-President" movement, conferred this afternoon on the 1932 campaign with Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith in the latter's office.

"Absolutely nothing was said that would be of news value," asserted Gov

Ely definitely.

"Always glad to see Gov Ely, an old friend of mine. We just talked things over," declared Gov Smith.

The meeting, despite its officially casual tenor, had been awaited with tremendous interest by Smith forces throughout the country since the arrival in New York Wednesday of the Massachusetts Governor and Smith leader. In fact, it was tacitly acknowledged that only such edged that only such a move on Gov Ely's part—it being understood here that he had the backing of United States Senators Coolidge and Walsh—could bring about sufficient pre-convention enthusiasm to give impetus to a definite plan of attack by Smith's friends on the pre-catalysis. friends on the present vantage of Gov Roosevelt.

Smith has sat broodingly in his magnificent office on the 30th floor of the Empire State Building, shaking his head and murmuring, "Nothing to say; no politics." No one else, his friends found to their astonishment, as a sturdy Roosevelt snowball started in the primaries downhill toward a potential avalanche, had anything to say for South except the Democrats of Massachusets.

Worried by Curley

The Smith contingent, while still firm in its belief that Smith could he his own, and not Gov Roosevelt's "Happy Warrior" this time, have been greatly worried by Mayor Curley's pro-Roosevelt campaign, coming as it did on the heels of unfavorable Smith reports from other parts of New Eng-

Gov Ely came here with the bland assurance that "Massachusetts is all for Smith," yet 48 hours elapsed before an appointment was made. There was little doubt in the mind of the New York political world that Gov Ely was not here alone for a holiday, including a ship launching.

There was a sigh of relief, therefore, when Gov Ely reported: "I said the same thing today to Gov Smith that I have said right along. I told him that the leaders of the Democratic party in Massachusetts were back of him, and that he would carry

every delegate in the State."
"What was the Governor's reaction?" he was asked. "He seemed greatly pleased," said

Gov Ely.

The Massachusetts Governor made it clear that he placed no significance whatsoever in the conference—so far as Massachusetts was concerned. The situation there is exactly the same as before, he repeated. Whatever application may be brought or sought by the rest of the country is not a Bay State affair. Ely's State is Smith's when and if he wants it, he declares.

Possible Smith Visit

Gov Ely's assertion that he and the ex-Governor had not considered the possibility of a Smith visit to Boston was considered significant. It is the move that the Smith backers would most welcome, and the last that the Governor would mention because of the cry of "campaigning" that would immediately be raised. But it is be-lieved that the "friendly call" of Gov neved that the "friendly call" of Gov Ely may well be returned before the primaries, in view of the possible effect that a mighty voluntary and un-planned demonstration would have on the rest of the country.

If Smith secured this, it is thought that he might break down what the Smith people here regard as the "City Hall" Roosevelt strength in the city of Boston without obviously appearing

as a candidate.

This, like every other important detail of a possible campaign, will be decided by Gov Smith himself. It will be a long time before he forgets the surging masses of Summer and Washington sts, and the help their demonstration gave to a cause that was then already lost.

MAINE REPORTED TO BE FOR ROOSEVELT, BUT RESENTFUL

PORTLAND, Me, March 25-Mayor James M. Curley of Boston is credited by party leaders here as sponsoring an effort to coerce the delegates in the Democratic State convention to instruct national convention delegates

for Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Maine Democrats favor the New York Governor almost to a man, but there is strong resentment at the invasion of nonresidents in a campaign to swing the convention to adopt instructions rather than leave the delegation unpledged. Both local and outof-State emissaries are alleged to have established contacts in different parts of the State where it is being represented that Gov Roosevelt is urgan instructed delegation.

Headquarters here, to be opened Sunday and continued until the end of the convention, Wednesday, form part of the scheme which Maine Democratic leaders intend to circumvent if such activities attain threatening propor-

HMEBICHN

BAGKERS H

for a Candidacy Statement and Are Disappointed

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY Alfred E. Smith's latest pronouncement that he will ne

take active part nor spend money in the primary battle being waged here for him by his friends was hailed yesterday with elation by Roosevelt supporters.

Although none of the Roosevelt leaders cared to comment on the statement publicly at this time, they let it be known that they regarded Gov. Smith is not a candidate.

On the other hand, Chairman
Frank J. Donahue of the state

committee, one of the three Smith chieftains, interpreted the state-ment as showing "absolute confi-dence in his friends in Massachu-

"Of course he wouldn't spend a dollar," said Donahue. "Who suggested it? His friends wouldn't insult him by putting forward such a suggestion."

Despite the Donahue view of the situation, there was a feeling among many local Smith subalterns of keen disappointment. Particularly in some of the nearby districts where Smith slate men face formidable opposition, the hope had been nursed that Smith would be prevailed upon to make at least one appearance in Boston prior to the primary on April 26.

WALSH IS SILENT

Senator David I. Walsh, home for Easter, when questioned over the telephone yesterday professed to be out of touch with the local situation because of his duties in Washington.

Asked if he planned to confer with Donahue over the naming of a delegate-at-large to take the place of Dr. Helen I. Doherty-McGillicuddy, who resigned from the Smith slate, the senator indicated that he had no such engagement. He returns to Washington tonicit.

While the Smith camp conti ues While the Smith camp contines to mark time, the Roosevelt campaign will get under way today with a radio address by Mayor Curley at 2:30 p. m. over St. tion WNAC. In the evening, the mayor and James Roosevelt, son at the New York Governor, will address a big gathering of women at the organization's headquarters for women in the Dutch room. Hotel organization's headquarters for women in the Dutch room, Hotel Touraine. A feature of the meeting will be the giving of a concert 3/27/32 by well-known artists.

20 SPEECHES SLATED.

Starting tomorrow, Mayor Cur-ley is scheduled to make some 20 speeches throughout the week in the Boston wards.

The forum at 333 Washington st. will reopen tomorrow with a demonstration for Roosevelt by a number of labor leaders.

Next Wednesday, at 10:30 a. m., drawings will take place for positions on the ballot at the State House. The various slates will be placed in a hat and the drawing Subalterns in Districts Hoped will be made personally by Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook.

POST 3/26/32

RETIRES AS SMITH DELEGATE

Dr. Doherty's Move Due to Her Fraternal Connection

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

The retirement of Dr. Helen I. Doherty from the slate of Smith delegates-at-large was the outstanding feature of the closing hours yesterday, when the time for withdrawals of delegate candidates expired at

LOYAL TO SMITH

Reports emanating from Roosevelt forces that Dr. Doherty's withdrawal was brought about as a repudiation of the Smith candidacy were quickly set at rest when she issued a statement declaring her leaving claring her loyal support of Smith, and giving as her reason that she did not wish to see "a fraternal organization with which she is prominently affili-ated" involved in any way in a political controversy.

Dr. Doherty is a past high ranger of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, and has been most active in the interest of the order for many years. While there is nothing in the by-laws of the order which prohibit an officer from participating in political contests, Dr. Doherty said last night that she did not wish to see the organization drawn into it in any way.

Mrs. Galvin to Stay

An interesting phase of the situation An interesting phase of the situation is that one of the delegates-at-large on the Roosevelt slate is Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, at present vice high chief ranger of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters. Mrs. Galvin's name will continue on the Roosevelt state. velt slate.

When the matter of Dr. Doherty's withdrawal was called to her attention last night, Mrs. Galvin said that she preferred to make no comment what-

It is known that there has been considerable discussion among members of the order ever since the names of the two women were announced on the op-posing slates of delegates, other M. C. O. F. officials expressing fear that the best interests of forestry might be injured with two such prominent women officials on opposing political slates.

Undecided on Substitute

Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State committee said last night that Dr. Doherty has made it known to him for some time that she preferred to take herself out of the situation as a can-didate, and that he filed her withdraw-al with full knowledge of her position

as a loyal supporter of Smith.

It is known that eight years ago, when Dr. Doherty was one of the high officers of the M. C. O. F., she declined to be a candidate for delegate to the Democratic National Convention.

At present she is vice-chairman of the State committee.

Chairman Donahue said that he has reached no decision as to whom he will designate to fill the vacancy on the Smith slate in place of Dr. Doherty, Substitutions may be made up to 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Donahue will confer with Governor Ely, Senator Walsh and other Smith delegates before announcing his choice. He was uncertain last night whether another woman or a man will be substituted. Chairman Donahue said that he ha

Roosevelt Slate Changes

When the time for withdrawals expired last night those names were withdrawn from the Roosevelt slate which had been anticipated, and their places were filled by Mayor Curley's commit-

were fined by Mayor Curiey's Commu-tee as provided by law. In place of J. C. Joseph Flamand, French consul, Prime Robichaud of Gardner was named. Joseph Hanken of Revere went on in place of Hale Power of Boston as a Roosevelt delegate-at-large. Arthur W. Heidke of Boston was named as a substitute for Julia Parker O'Connor as an alternate-at-large. Mabel R. Worthy of Malden will succeed Julian D. Rainey, assist-ant corporation counsel for Boston, as ant corporation counsel for Boston, as alternate-at-large. M. Grace Barry of Malden displaces City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan as a Roosevelt alternate-at-large, and Mathew P. Maney of Lawrence takes the place of Dr. Frederick L. Good of Brookline, also as a delegate-at-large for Roosevelt.

Governor Ely's requests to various persons who filed as independent Smith candidates that they withdraw in favor of the authorized Smith delegates in several of the districts brought favorable action from 12 able action from 12 delegate and alternate aspirants, but in some of the districts there are still independent candidates who, though declaring their pref-erence for Smith, will not be allowed to have the Smith pledge opposite their names on the primary ballot.

such were proposed, are here given:

DEMOCRATIC

Helen J. McGillicuddy of Boston. J. C. J. Flamand of Cambridge and Hale Power of Boston. Smith delegates-at-large: Prime Robinard of Gardner and Joseph H. Hanken of Revere substituted.

Julia P. O'Connor Parker of Boston. Julian D. Rainey of Boston. Edmund L. Dolan of Revere substituted.

Julia P. O'Connor Parker of Boston. Julian D. Rainey of Boston. Edmund L. Dolan of Boston and Frederick L. Good of Brockline. Smith alternate delegates-at-large: Arthur W. Heidke of Boston. Male R. Worthy of Roston. M. Grace Barry of Malden and Mathew P. Maney of Lawrence substituted.

John J. Caldon Jr. of Agawam. Roosevelt alternate delegate in the 2d Congressional district: Charles C. Lucey of Brockton substituted.

John B. Shay of Gardner. Roosevelt alternate delegate in the 2d Congressional district: Joseph P. Vincellette of Chicopee substituted.

John B. Shay of Gardner. Roosevelt alternate delegate in the 2d Congressional district: Joseph P. Vincellette of Chicopee substituted.

John B. Shay of Gardner. Roosevelt alternate of Woburn, district delegates 5th District.

Jalia Feeney. Lynn. alternate district delegates. 9th District.

Julia Feeney. Lynn. alternate district delegates. 9th District.

Charles M. Boyle, Peabody, district delegate. 7th District.

John J. Curran Jr and Charles H. MacMater, Boston, alternate district delegates. 11th District.

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John J. Caldon Jr of Agawam. Roosevelt alternate delegate of Charles alternate delegate in the 2d Congressional district: Joseph P. Vincellette of Chicopee substituted.

John B. Shay of Gardner. Roosevelt alternate delegate in the 2d Congressional district: Charles of Woburn, district delegates. 11th District.

Jalia Peeney Lynn, alternate district delegates. 11th District.

Charles M. Boyle, Peabody, district delegates. 11th District.

Having each sought to place the blame on the other for dissension in the party ranks, the Roosevelt-Curley group and the Walsh-Ely-Donahue faction rested on their arms, and prepared for a struggle which seems destined to rage furiously until pri-

mary day, April 26.

Specific talk of a compromise arrangement centered around the proposal that the Smith slate makers pledge their delegates to Roosevelt as a second choice, and this was a con-cession which Chairman Frank J. Donahue, holding power of attorney for Gov Smith, resolutely declined to make.

Mrs McGillicuddy Quits

The withdrawal of Mrs Helen I. Mc-Gillicuddy of Boston as a Democratic candidate for delegate-at-large on the candidate for delegate-at-large on the Smith ticket was the only unexpected one which took place at the office of the Secretary of State yesterday. Mrs McGillicuddy has been closely associated with Mayor James M. Curley in some of his political campaigns, and it is assumed that she did not care to be opposed to him in this one.

one.

There were several withdrawals from the Roosevelt slate of delegates and alternates at large, but most of them had been expected. Prime Robichard of Gardner was substituted for J. C. J. Flamond of Cambridge as a Roosevelt delegate at large. There were changes also in the Roosevelt alternates at large and district delegates and alternates.

Most of the unpledged Democratic delegates withdrew; they favored Smith, although they could not say so on the ballot, and were persuaded to withdraw, so that the Smith vote might not be divided.

The four withdrawals on the Republican side were the two unpledged

lican side were the two unpledged delegates and alternates who had filed papers in the 10th Congressional District.

Withdrawals, Substitutions

The full list of withdrawals, with the names of the substitutes where such were proposed, are here given:

DEMOCRATIC

REPUBLICAN

Charles H, Seales and Charles H, Knott. Boston, district delegates, 10th District. Charles Baglione and Janey E. Cisco, Bos-ton, alternate district delegates, 10th District.

Out of State Buyers Are Eager To Invest in Boston City Bonds

By JAMES GOGGIN

Discriminating buyers of City of Boston bonds, among whom are surprisingly few Massachusetts investors, are literally clamoring for an opportunity to add to their holdings of these giltedged municipal securities.

Strange as it may seem, at a period when other large American cities cannot hear even a whisp of response to their invitations, there is a constant demand for Boston bonds, which cannot be met because the city has none

The soundness of the financial structure of Boston appears to be a fact about which Bay State investors are unconcerned, but with which residents of almost every other state in the nation are intimately acquainted.

They cheerfully ignore chances to buy bonds issued by New York, Philadelphia, Los Angeles, Detroit and other heavily populated municipalities, but they want Boston bonds so keenly that they write to City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and ask to be listed as purchasers whenever any of the city's negotiable paper is available.

No more conclusive proof of the basic and actual solvency of Boston can be obtained.

The financial sheet of the city, revealing the payment of taxes, the percentage of debt to valuation, and the resources of the municipality, is far better known to investors in Montana than it is to those of Boston and the rest of Massachusetts.

For some reason which is a mystery, Massachusetts banks do not find City of Boston bonds attractive enough to buy them in large quantities. But outside of the commonwealth banks rate Boston bonds so highly that they prefer them to a great many other investments.

During the past week the mail of Treasurer Dolan has contained a dozen Treasurer Dolan has contained a dozen elsewhere come to realize that Boston inquiries from firms specializing in the is an excellent "risk" from their point purchase and sale of bonds. All desired of view.

to learn when new issues of municipal bonds would be offered for sale. "Not one of the requests came from Massachusetts and not one of the individual inquiries reported a residence in the

Incidentally the percentage of collection of 1931 taxes keeps slowly rising. Despite the calamity howlers who have been proclaiming for a year that property owners would be unable to pay their tax bills, no such crisis has occurred. The city received considerably more than \$1,000,000 in February from taxpayers and the collections during the current month indicated even heavier payments.

New York banks recently have been offering to lend cash to Boston on tax anticipation notes. This willingness is considered most unusual in a time of financial stringency when many cities are unable to obtain loans, and bankers are remarking on the fact that money for Boston is available in New York.

This financial competition between Boston and New York has already been of benefit to Boston tax payers in driving interest charges down to below 5 per cent., and probably will drive it lower than 4.90 per cent.

City Treasurer Dolan, reviewing the financial situation of the city and pointing to its excellent position among other cities when many of them are begging for money, expressed the utmost confidence in the future and said that "Boston taxpayers have little to worry about as far as their city's business is concerned."

Mayor Curley within the last several months has also expressed his great satisfaction with his city's financial position.

Confidence based on statistics is the keynote of sentiment at City Hall, and this confidence in Boston is becoming more and more contagious as investors

DONAHUE TO CONFER ON NEW CANDIDATE

Ely and Walsh to Aid in Choosing Successor to Dr. McGillicuddy

Frank J. Donahue will ask Gov. Ely and Senator Walsh to confer with him tomorrow in the selection of a candidate to replace Dr. Helen I. Doherty McGillicuddy as a delegate-at-large on the slate that will seek election in the presidential primary pledged to Alfred

Dr. McGillicuddy withdrew because of the desire to avoid entangling a fraternal organization in which she is a member, in a political quarrel. Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, candidate for a place as delegate on the slate pledged to Gov. Roosevelt, is a member of the same organization and Dr. McGillicuddy feared that the presence of both might create a situation embarrassing to their associates.

Although Donahue has a power of attorney from former Gov. Smith to fill vacancies on the slate, he said last night that he will seek the advice of his two chief associates in the Smith campaign before making any selection. The time for filling vacancies caused by withdrawals will expire at 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

If Mayor Curley is sufficiently re-If Mayor Curiey is sufficiently recovered from the heavy cold which has kept him at his Jamaicaway home the last few days, he will resume his activities in Gov. Roosevelt's behalf by delivering two speeches today, one this afternoon and the other this evening.

The Smith forces have no activities pries.

POST 3/27/82

MAYOR WILL STUMP STATE

Recovered from the effects of a severe cold in his chest during the last three days, Mayor Curley will test out his speaking organs tonight at the opening of the Roosevelt forum for women at the Hotel Touraine, starting at 7:30 p. m., with a sacred concert.

He was scheduled to deliver an appeal for the New York Governor over the radio at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, but it was considered probable last night that one of the other Roosevelt delegates-at-large would take the assign-

If his throat stands the strain the Mayor proposes to make a city-wide speaking tour of every section of Boston this week in behalf of Governor Roosevelt, and next week he plans to make several appearances throughout the State.

HERALD 3/27/32

Herald's Graveyard Gives up Ghosts

to Plague Popular Politicians

with Proofs of Inconsistency

By ROBERT CHOATE

The library, reference department, or whatever you choose to call the "morgue" of a newspaper office, has a convenient way of furnishing an amazing number of inconsistencies on the part of our more prominent citizens. The debutante who forces her way before the lens of the camera is apt to be surprised years later when the twins arrive by the unattractive poses with which the tabloid newspapers record the blessed event. So with the politician who is thundering in these dark days against bankers and all the instruments of predatory wealth. Somewhere in the newspaper files it may be found that he was not always such a close friend of the common people.

Inconsistencies of this kind are not brought forward at this time to damn any particular candidate. They are merely proof of the inevitable forgetfulness of the ordinary individual and the wholly human incapacity to remember, off-hand, the wanderings of the political mind,

This mind, however, is not likely to be soothed with such assurance. proves far more likely that it will find in any such mad chase after truth and printed fact the dark hand of a nefarious purpose. Such is not our intention. Our own individual outlook on politics,

especially of the local variety, is always accompanied with hilarity. We can rarely view these high-jinks without aching sides and a suppressed desire to throw our hat high in the air.

Our sleuths, however, have been on the job. We merely present what they have unearthed.

Back in January, following Gov. Ely's message to the Great and General Court, there was much talk of reducing the salaries of state and municipal employes. It met with small response at City Hall. Publicly and privately Mayor Curley insisted that no banker or group of bankers were powerful enough to force him to cut so much as a penny off the salary of a single city employe.

"Regarding salaries," the mayor remarked, "a group of bankers told me that it would be necessary to cut from 10 to 20 per cent., or the prospects of securing loans in anticipation of taxes would be remote. I refuse to do it. It has taken a century and a half to bring the American workingman out of serfdom. I would gladly retire from public life rather than sign any measure for the reduction of wages."

On Jan. 11, when Councilman Clement A. Norton of Hyde Park introduced an order cutting salaries \$2000 or more by 6 per cent., the mayor took this view:

"It has taken 150 years and a world war to get them where they are now and give the worker a chance for a little relaxation and a meagre taste of luxury now and then. When the time comes to cut them down, they'll have to get some one else to do it."

The point raised by our agents is that Mr. Curley did not hold identical views four months prior to the war to which he so graphically referred.

Under date of March 6, 1914, he received the following letter from one Charles H. Cole, then fire commissioner of the city of Boston:

"Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of March 6, 1914, directing me to reduce the salaries of certain persons in this department."

Commissioner Cole then proceeded to point out that the firemen were, in his opinion, underpaid in relation to other city departments and for many years had been struggling to obtain the increases, concluding:

"I therefore must decline to carry out your directions and ask you to accept my resignation at once and designate an acting fire commissioner if you desire these reductions to take effect March 7, 1914."

Mr. Cole was taken at his word. Clippings of March 8, 1914, record "the appointment of John M. Minton as fire commissioner and the wholesale reduction of the officers of the fire department took place within a period of 10 minutes yesterday at the mayor's office."

The salary reduction, we are informed, amounted to "approximately \$50,800."

This same Charles H. Cole, it seems, has an annoying way of upsetting the peacefulness of Democratic minds. At the moment when a very large part of the Democratic party is protesting its die-hard loyalty to Alfred E. Smith we find that Cole, in 1924, ran in opposition to the official slate as a Smith candidate in order "to smoke out the other eight candidates on the slate headed by Senator David I. Walsh, none of whom has yet declared for any of the presidential candidates."

When the votes were counted in the presidential primary Cole finished second in a field of nine and in the city ran neck and neck with Walsh.

Today Cole is on the Smith-for-President slate. If elected he will bear watching. How much swapping is to be done with a Smith delegation when the time for trading comes? To what man or to what section is it to be swung? To Baker? What will Gen. Cole say? Don't you think the original Smith-for-President man might voice some objection to being delivered to the man who was secretary of war when Cole and other members of Massachusetts Democracy were relieved from their brigades in France?

Cohose 3/27/32

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

By JOHN D. MERRILL

There can be no more withdrawals among the candidates for delegates to he coming national conventions of the political parties, and the voters in the State now know whom they can vote for in the primary on April 26, except for a few candidates who will be substituted before 5 o'clock next Tuesday for some who have withdrawn.

The Democrats have on hand a real fight, not only for delegates-at-large, but also for those to be chosen in each of the 15 Congressional Districts. All efforts to bring about a compromise have failed, and one of the leading issues of the campaign in that party will be the responsibility for the failure to stop a contest which cannot by any charace help the Democracy. The question "Who was responsible?" may become in Massachusetts almost as well known as "Who killed Cock Robin?"

The great majority of politicians who are not prejudiced in relation to the Democratic situation still believe that the Smith ticket at large and in most of the Congressional Districts will be successful in the primaries. The Smith leaders have presented a list of candidates for delegates-at-large made up of the best-known Democrats in the State; every one of them is prominent, although several have never before engaged in a State-wide contest. Moreover, as has been said so many times, the name Alfred E. Smith is perhaps the greatest asset a candidate for a Democratic election can have in Massachusetts at this particular time.

Something may be said on the other side, however. Mayor Curley, who heads the Roosevelt ticket, is as well known as anyone on the Smith slate, with the possible exception of Senator Walsh, and it is not easy to believe that, whatever the issue may be, there are 12 Democrats who can defeat the Mayor in a contest covering the whole State. James Roosevelt, a son of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt, has already become a popular political figure in spite of his youth and inexperience. There are those who think Curley and Roosevelt have an excellent chance of winning places in the delegation-at-large in spite of the advantages possessed by the members of the Smith slate.

Much will depend on the vote in Boston. Mayor Curley's friends, naturally, expect that he will have in this city a much larger vote than any other candidate on the Democratic primary ticket. His opponents express confidence that he will run behind every member of the Smith delegation. The truth probably lies somewhere between these two extreme statements.

Smith-Roosevelt

The Roosevelt leaders hope to profit in Massachusetts from the trend shown by the Democrats in other States which will have their primaries or State conventions earlier than April 26, when the Massachusetts voters will go to the polls. If it happens, and the indications at present are that it may happen, that before that date Gov Rooseveit has accumulated something more than 200 pledged delegates and no other candidate except a favorite

There can be no more withdrawals will the Roosevelt movement have accumulated so much momentum that it will be seriously felt in Massachuse coming national conventions of the

That question is based on the well-known tendency of politicians to "get on the band wagon," to be on the winning side. It would be unwise to predict at the moment that Roosevelt will be nominated in the Democratic national convention, but will Democrats in Massachusetts be influenced three weeks from now by the fact, if it is then a fact, that all of the signs point to his nomination? Under ordinary conditions the reply to that query would undoubtedly be "yes," but the enthusiasm which Massachusetts Democrats have towards Smith is so far different from the feeling roused by most candidates for public office that the answer in this case is not so easily found. That is to say, there are in this State many Democrats—no one knows how many—who will vote for Smith even if they know he will be beaten and even make a poor showing in the convention.

It seems likely, however, that a pronounced swing towards Roosevelt in other States will have some effect with Democratic voters in Massachusetts. And how will such a swing affect the Massachusetts leaders who are now backing Smith? If it becomes apparent by the middle of next month that the nomination of Roosevelt is practically assured, will the Smith leaders here stand firm or begin to slide over towards Roosevelt?

In the event of a Roosevelt victory in the convention, Mayor Curley, alone among the leaders of the party, will be almost the only beneficiary so far as prestige and influence in the State are concerned. Of course, if Gov Roosevelt is subsequently elected President he will not wholly neglect the counsel and advice of the two Democratic Senators from Massachusetts, but in many matters even they will have to defer to the Mayor of Boston, whether or not the State has gone for Roosevelt in the primary.

Political Prestige

On the other hand, Curley will suffer immensely in prestige if Roosevelt falls in win the party nomination for President. So far as the Mayor is concerned, the result in the national convention will be far more important than the result of the Massachusetts primary. A defeat in the State will be more than counteracted by success at Chicago.

It begins to look, indeed, as though the fight in Massachusetts has more to do with the political fortunes of Goy Ely, Senators Walsh and Coolidge, Ex-Mayor Fitzgerald and Chairman Donahue of the State committee on one side, and of Mayor Curley on the other, than with the Presidential nomination. It is unlikely that the Massachusetts primary will determine who shall be the Democratic candidate for President, but it will have important bearing on the future of the leaders of the opposing sides.

bearing on the future of the leaders of the opposing sides.

In this particular, Ex-Mayor John F, Fitzgerald seems to be better off than most of his associates on the Smith group of candidates for delegates-at-large. He is not especially concerned about his political future, and as soon as the political simas.

ex-Mayor went to Florida, where conditions are more to his liking at the present time. His idea was that the list of candidates for delegates-at-large should include the names of representatives of several racial groups in the community, but that plan was dropped when it seemed wise to nominate the strongest possible list of delegates so that Curley could not break through; the other groups have representatives among the candidates for alternates-

Until now the Roosevelt supporters have had almost a monopoly in the publicity of the campaign, but that condition will not last long. It is expected that Senator Walsh will appear on the scene a week or 10 days before the primary and that he and Gov Ely will then take the stump for their candidate. No public man in Massachusetts is more winning than Senator Walsh on the platform, and when he goes up and down the State pleading for Alfred E. Smith the latter's cause will profit. Perhaps some of the Democratic Congressmen also will take part, but, according to rumor, two or three of them are friendly to Roosevelt and will not grieve if he is nominated.

The Roosevelt people are doing their best to take advantage of the early days of the campaign, hoping to make up the minds of the voters before the big guns of the opposition are brought into action.

On the Republican Side

The Republicans have only one or two fights for delegates. In the First Congressional District, William F. Whiting of Holyoke, who refused to be pledged to Hoover, is running against Harry O. Putnam of Westfield, who is pledged the President, and Dennis T. Noonan of Pittsfield, who also will be pledged to Hoover if the Ballot Law Commission decides he has the legal right to be so pledged. Most observers will be surprised if Mr Whiting is not elected, in spite of his independent attitude—possibly, indeed, because of it.

In the 8th District, Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton and Representative Albert F. Bigelow of Brookline, wets, are running against Representative Clarence S. Luitwieler of Newton and Prof T. N. Carver of Cambridge, drys. Both sets are pledged to Hoover, and the contest will be interesting chiefly because of the light it will throw on the opinions of the Republican voters in regard to prohibition. If the well candidates win, and it is said they are likely to do so, a wet candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress from that district will doubtless enter the field against Congressman Luce, who will probably run for another term.

Somebody has set in motion a story to the effect that certain prominent Republicans will bring pressure to bear on Lieut Gov Youngman for the purpose of bringing about his withdrawal from the Gubernatorial field. It is safe to say that such efforts, if they are made, will be fruitless. The Lieutenant Governor intends to be a candidate to succeed Gov Ely, and nothing now in sight, or likely to appear, will change the former's mind.

nothing now in sight, or likely to appear, will change the former's mind.

Perhaps some other candidate might defeat Youngman in the Republican primary, but that result also seems improbable. To be sure, Ex-Gov Fuller said something a week ago which led people to think he was disposed to run against Youngman, but most of the politicians believe the Ex-Governor was merely having a little fun. There is little in the existing circumstances to tempt him back into the political arena, unless it might be his sincere belief that this is the time for advocating economy and practicing economy. That issue may, or may not, he sound, but it seldom elects candidates to office. They usually succeed better when they account in sending seconomy that succeed in the when they account in the second in the second.

John R. Murphy Comes to Bat, Giving His Reasons for Feuds In Boston Municipal Frays

Says Curley Supported Him in Fight Against Collins — Recalls Later Campaign

By W. E. MULLINS

Any time James M. Curley takes a leading part in a political contest you may depend on John R. Murphy making a contribution to the same. The name of Boston's mayor still serves to tighten the Murphy jaw, rekindle the fighting light in his eyes, for a militant battler of his type never forgets an opponent to whom he charges the use of foul tactics to win the decision.

Certain references were made here a week ago to the Curley-Murphy feud. Mr. Murphy has made a statement offering several corrections and at the same time severely criticising the present executive who defeated Mr. Murphy in 1921 for mayor, after a memorable and bitter contest. Mr. Murphy's statement is published herewith in fairness to him and not with any attempt to indicate any judgment as to the issues involved.

Our own idea is that Mr. Murphy is not the only candidate who has had to take considerable punishment in a political campaign. Mr. Curley has had to assimilate a few beatings himself. We would like to see these two positive gentlemen shake hands before they get too old. However, here is Mr. Murphy's case:

Fermit me to correct certain statements made in an article which appeared in The Sunday Herald March 20. It is an admirable political article, but certain statements about myself are not warranted by the facts.

The article in question is headed "Smith-Roosevelt fight here is war to death bettween two state Democratic factions." "'Curley must be destroyed,' say Ely-Walsh forces; recalls Collins-Murphy feud."

In the article it states that Murphy's fight against Collins in 1899 cost him the mayoralty in 1921, and his political hatred of Curley continues unabated.

In the campaign of 1921 the question of Collins's defeat for mayor in 1899 had no weight whatsoever in causing my defeat. Mr. Curley in that campaign against Collins had been a supporter of mine, and anything he said had no influence upon the voters. The issues which beat me (in 1921) were those issues which Mr. Curley and his supporters raised against me of a racial and religious nature.

"Falsehood is the crime of cowards." Mr. Curley and his followers made these false statements about me as their campaign policy in 1921, just as they did in 1928 during the last campaign for the governorship about His Excellency Gov. Ely, when he charged that Ely had made certain statements against the Irish, which charges were false and which he knew were false.

One of the methods pursued in attacking me from a religious standpoint was that supporters of Mr. Curley, at meetings of societies of a semi-private nature, during the course of the proceedings would attack me as a renegade Catholic. Outside his supporters would say: "If he isn't a renegade Catholic why doesn't he come out and deny it?" The facts connected with this propaganda were such that I could not, without proper investigation, make a public issue of the charges. At that time I was governed in my action by the decision given by his eminence Cardinal Hayes of New York a year before in a case somewhat s'- 'ar to mine.

One the strongest props for this campaign against me on race and religious prejudice was the fact that Mr. Charles Baxter, former representative of ex-Gov. McCall. ran as a candidate for mayor, and we had in the campaign Mr. Baxter attacking me because of my loyalty to my creed, and the secret propaganda of the Curley supporters claiming that I was a renegade to race and creed. Mr. Baxter was a friend of Mr. Curley's, and in the

campaign showed that that friendship between Mr. Curley and himself still lived. He was kept in the campaign to catch Republican votes and to assist in the election of Mr. Curley.

The people of Irish blood have always resented attacks against their race and their religious beliefs. If a man is accused of prejudice against the Irish he earns the enmity of some who, very often without investigation, especially at the height of a political campaign, believe what is said and show their resentment by voting against him. They strike first and then later regret it when they find that they have done him an injustice. My opponents used this method and as a result brought about my defeat for mayor.

I note with particular interest what is said with reference to Mr. Purcell and know of the dinner aluded to because I was present. At that dinner Mr. Purcell made a statement about this religious propaganda which would make very interesting reading. I hope that it will at some time see the light.

The article in question says that my political hatred of Mr. Curley continues unabated. If it is meant that I hate the man, I object to such a statement. I have always followed the golden rule that "men's persons should not be hated, their practices justly may." I hate Curley's practices. Politically, he doesn't know what the truth is. I would not believe him no matter what promises he made.

I note that he states that he is not a candidate for Governor. That may be another one of those public promises such as he has made in the past, only to break them. For example, the solemn pledge that he would resign from the office of mayor if he did not obtain a 5-cent fare for the citizens of Boston on the elevated railway. He is still mayor and we have not received the 5-cent fare, and when he made the promise he knew that it could not be fulfilled.

It is said "Hell is paved with good intentions." Mr. Curley is well represented in that pavement. I hate the practices of the man because they do not stand for good government. He and his practices are, in my opinion, a constant menace to the future glory and prosperity of Boston.

IRAVELER

3/28/02

Backers of Al Smith in Bay State Will Mark Time

Elect to Adopt Strategy of Senator Walsh and Stake Success on Short and Intensive Campaign; Curley Declares for Victory or Retirement

By DONALD R. WAUGH

This is the paper stage of the Massachusetts presidential primary

Campaign plans, based on the now definite lineups between the rival factions, are drafted in detail by the political generals and lance corporals.

DRAWINGS WEDNESDAY

It is the period of reconnoitring; of trial balloons; of jockeying for posi-

Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic state committee said today he has not decided on whom he will place on his Smith slate in place of Dr. Helen I. Donerty McGillicuddy. He does not expect to fill the place until tomorrow, but he must file the new appointment with the secretary of state's office by 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Donahue talked the matter over with Senator Walsh in Boston yesterday, before the senator returned to Washing-

Senator Walsh in Boston yesterday, before the senator returned to Washington. Donahue had nothing to say today on his conference with Walsh and was notably silent on the part, if any, which Walsh will play in the local campaign activities. A conference between Donahue and Gov. Ely will be held on the vacancy on the slate before Donahue fills it.

Drawings for places on the ballot will be made at the secretary of state's office

be made at the secretary of state's office Wednesday.

At 333 Washington street, Boston, Mayor Curley's "Roosevelt forums" reopened today, there to hold forth each weekday until the primary, April 26 This was termed "organized labor day with James T. Moriarity, president of the Massachusetts State Branch, A. F. of L., and a Curley?Roosevelt delegate at large, in charge. Other special days will follow from time to time. The mayor has been requested to have an "Armenian day," among others, and nas the request under considerationo.

Smith followers are still withholding their heavy artillery, on the belief that a short, intensive campaign is most effective. This strategy has always been followed by Senator Walsh.

CURLEY'S THREAT

Mayor Curley was the only one to campaign actively over the week-end. Leaving a sick bed, against the advice of his physician, the mayor spoke over the radio and then addressed the opening gathering of the Roosevelt women's committee headquarters in the Dutch room of the Hotel Touraine. He arraigned Al Smith and his supporters, including Gov. Ely, as tools of Wall street who are trying to defeat the only

anti-Wall street candidate-Franklin D.

He attacked J. P. Morgan as "the Roosevelt. million-dollar baby in the 5 and 10 cent store," because of Morgan's recent radio store," because of Morgan's recent radio speech urging 10-cent welfare contributions; said Roosevelt has done more than Ely to relieve distress, and alleged that Gov. Ely has been promised (by whom he didn't say) the Democratic nomination for Vice-President.

"If you dispose of Roosevelt you will also dispose of Curley, because if Roosevelt loses I will refuse to play any longer with the Democratic politicians of this state," Mayor Curley said.

this state," Mayor Curley said.

this state," Mayor Curley said.

The mayor's forces plan to open their rallies in various sections of the city other than down-town Boston tonight. Meetings are scheduled for 28 Central square, East Boston; Lexington street ward room, Charlestown, and Vine street municipal building, Roxbury. If his recovery from the grippe is sufficiantly advanced the mayor will speak in person at these gatherings. speak in person at these gatherings.

"Organized labor in Massachu-"Organized labor in Massachusetts stands squarely behind Franklin D. Roosevelt for the presidency of the United States," it was declared today at Mayor Curley's "Roosevelt Forum," 333 Washington st., by James T. Moriarty, president of the Massachusetts branch, American Federation of Labor. tion of Labor.

In placing organized labor firmly in the Roosevelt trenches, the Bay State labor head pointed out that four years ago Alfred E. Smith was supported by the majority of the A. F. of L. throughout the nation.

"Unquestionably," said Moriarty, "were he a sincerely honest candidate at the present time, we would again be found advocating his candidacy.

"We accept his statement to the press on Feb. 8 that he was not a candidate and did not propose to make a pre-convention light, as expressing exactly his position.

HAS AIDED WORKERS

"No man ever occupied the po-sition of Chief Executive of a State of this Union that labored more zealously or whole-heartedly for the welfare of the individual worker and for the welfare of or-ganized labor than the present Governor of the great State of

New York.
"I am firmly of the opinion that in view of what he has done for the welfare of the entire American people, not only organized labor, but the American nation will be found supporting his candidacy on April 26 in Massachusetts, and in November throughout the entire nation."

throughout the entire nation."
With the address of the labor leader, the big Roosevelt push in Massachusetts got into its stride

In addition to holding the demonstration by labor leaders, headed by Moriarty, at the Washington st. forum, Mayor Curley will open up in three Boston wards tonight.

He will take the stump in East Boston, Charles own and in Ward 8, Roxbury. A circuit of the other 19 wards is scheduled for the balance of the week.

In a telephone conversation to-day from Boston to his father's headquarters in New York, James Roosevelt declared that Massachusetts Democratic leaders outside cf Boston are "developing a surpris-ing independence and expressing their willingness" to spport Roosevelt.

A threat by the mayor to reveal difficulties encountered in getting difficulties encountered in getting some of the present "Smith company" on the line for Smith in 1928 today was causing lively speculation in political circles.

From the platform at an enthusi-

astic overflow meeting in the Dutch astic overflow meeting in the Ditch Room, Hotel Touraine, headquarters of the Women's Roosevelt League, the mayor said he would not go into the "chicanery or crookedness" which delayed the start of the Smith campaign four years APO.

RIDICULES ELY

After stating that he would have been found again, giving his time and money to the cause of Smith, if he had not removed himself from the contest, the mayor charged that it was unfair to the former New York governor and "an injustice to the submerged millions in America the submerged millions in America who have been traveling hopelessly in the deths of depression without prospect of relief, to ask that Alfred E. Smith permit the use of his name in order to block the nomination of the one man that Wall Street fears and in whom the public have faith and stand ready to elect, Franklin D. Roosevelt."

The mayor declared that he was amused at the "new found devotion" of Governor Ely to Smith.

3/28/32

CURLEY IN THREAT OF **EXPOSURE**

Bitterly Assails Ely and Others Opposed to Roosevelt

Contrary to the orders of his physician, Mayor Curley left his house say now that our economic policy as last night, to deliver a ringing attack announced at the inauguration was on Governor Ely and the opposition out advocating that the wages of every to the Roosevelt-for-President campaign, before more than 800 women State. paign, before more than 800 women "And these are what we call Demo-jammed into the Dutch Room of the crats! These are the men who now Hotel Touraine. Although few in profess fealty and loyalty to Alfred E. the hall knew it, his personal physician, Dr. Martin J. English, was in constant attendance, accompanying Launching the bitterest part of his attack on the opponents of Roosevelt for their alleged tampering of delegates,

aid of the unemployed.

"Here is the international banker, the ing.

"Here is the international banker, the super-captain of captains of industry, asking that every householder chip in a dime to help those out of work—what a farce! He certainly is the million dollar baby of the 10-cent store."

Earlier in the day he delivered an address over Station WEEI in the Roosevelt campaign, likewise disobeying the orders of his physician not to leave his home, because of an attack of influenza from which he is recovering.

In his speech, last night, he assailed he sincerity of Governor Ely as a

men who have combined together to oppose Roosevelt see a great opportun-ity to play upon your sympathy, to play upon the loyalty shown Al Smith he wanted to be a candidate. If there in 1928. They see a chance to dispose of Franklin D. Rooseveit and to eliminate from the political life of Massar mind. No single delegate in New York in the political life of Massar with the political l

in it has to be opened up, I'll be there.
"These men on the ticket opposed to
Roosevelt want to take your votes to the convention and trade them blindly, for what? I understand somebody has promised Governor Ely a Vice-Presidency nomination for his part in the

"What has our own Governor been ioing? Listening to the advice of bankers. In his inaugural address he said it was necessary to expand, to aunch public works, to employ work-

Worst Situation Yet

"Now that the number of unemployed increasing, he feels it is time to eco-nomize. He thinks there is only one thing to do, and that is to stop spending and save. We are to complacently

add to the unemployed now.
"I'm telling you, this is the worst situation that has yet faced this coun-What are you going to do

While Franklin D. Roosevelt, in New York State, was providing work for the unemployed with a public works programme, what are we doing in this State? Here in this State we are to wrong, was unsound. Not only that, worker be cut who is employed by the

Charges Tampering

from the Mayor during his address, Mayor Curley declared that 60,000 members of the Massachusetts Catholic and escorting him home.

The Mayor caused a sensation when he attacked J. Pierpont Morgan, international banker, and termed him "The million dollar baby of the 10-cent store." He called attention to the statement of Morgan asking that every household in the country chip in 10 cents for the aid of the unemployed.

Smith Not a Candidate

In his speech, last night, he assailed the sincerity of Governor Ely as a Smith supporter, asking the Governor to explain why he failed to go to the Texas convention in 1928, after he had been elected a delegate to support Smith.

"I am not going into the chicanery and crookedness surrounding the failure four years ago to earlier inaugurate a four years ago to earlier inaugurate a campaign for Smith unless I am forced to. If it arises, however, I am going into it in detail, and it will be unusually surprising to certain complacent, smug politicians opposing Roosevelt," declared the Mayor.

Smith Not a Candidate

"There is no reason why any citizen of Massachusetts should vote in the primaries for a single delegate pledged for the presidency of the United States, in 1928, he publicly arrounded he had given the best years of his life to politics, that he was through, that he would never again be candidate for any public office.

"On Feb. 8 he publicly declared over his own signature that as the titular head of the Democratic party, that first head of the Democratic party, that first head of the Democratic party and crosself and the sum of the sum of the primaries for a single delegate pledged for the presidency of the United States, in 1928, he publicly arrounded he had given the best years of his life to politics, that he was through, that he would never again be candidate for any public office.

Charges Trading

"Oh, this is going to be a very interding ampaign when it opens up. The have, combined together to

"What Is the Game?"

of it all is the same influence that has dominated since the close of the Civil war—the monied interests who have nominated every candidate since that time. What is going to happen here if Roosevelt should fail to be the nominee of the party? The party goes into a deadlock, and some individual is selected as the nominee of the party, and the next morning the nation awakes to find he is simply an agent of Wall street."

3/28/32 IRAVELER **CURLEY GOING ON**

STUMP TONIGHT

To Speak for Roosevelt at Three Rallies

Mayor Curley will take the stump tonight for Gov. Roosevelt. He will be the principal speaker at rallies in East Boston, Charlestown and the Vine street municipal building.

He plans to speak nightly until April 25 and his schedule will be arranged to permit him to devote considerable time to campaigning outside of Boston.

He will make his first address at 8:15 tonight at 28 Central square, East Boston. He is due at the ward room, Lexington street, Charlestown, at 9 and at the Vine street building at 10. Other speakers will be James D. Roosevelt, James H. Brennan, Thomas H. Green and William H. Barker, all candidates for delegates upon the Roosevelt ticket.

TOSSED OFF Chairman Goodwin declared, pointing out that Milwaukee city maintained out that Milwaukee city maintained out that Milwaukee city maintained out a small emergency relief station. In making comparisons, he protested, the Socialist Mayor boasted about his city and neglected to include the county costs which other cities are obliged to meet. In the light of the total charges, Boston stood far and above Milwaukee, according to the farm ships seek. MILWAUKEE HIGH PERCH

for Financing Are Unfounded

Milwaukee was blasted from its ton's \$66,189,876.
Milwaukee co newly-carved pedestal in the hall of budget system, pension system, pay-as-fame last night by Chairman Frank nicipal government, but while Boston

sion in a detailed survey.

He charged that Milwaukee's prestige for financial soundness was a myth, trumped up by its Socialist chief executive, Mayor D. W. Hoan, whom he branded as a "high-pressure salesman of bunk, bluff and boast-ing."

Milwaukee takes care only of the police and firemen in their old age.

Milwaukee's amortization plan was brought under the fire of Chairman Goodwin, who claimed that the city walked up one step on the ladder and fell back 10. He explained that although Milwaukee started a fund to wipe out its debt, the debt which it was to wipe out increased 16 times faster than the fund.

FIGURES FICTITIOUS

tious figures, he said, was seized by Boston bankers as a cover to charge their home city exorbitant interest rates for municipal bonds.

"If the bankers rate Milwaukee 100 per cent perfect," he stated, "they will have to rate Boston 200 per cent" on the basis of facts brought to light by Secretary Robert Cunniff of the Finance Commission in a recent searching investigation of "the city that beer made famous until the arrival of Andy Volstead." Andy Volstead."

In stripping Milwaukee of its late glory for administrative purity, Chairman Goodwin took from the mouths of den on the taxpa Milwaukee officials statements that the Wisconsin city in the last two years spent \$2,000,000 for a sewer that proved worthless, that the incompetent superintendent was discharged, the inspection of the contractors and the contractors. ors were dishonest and the contractors rascals.

Mayor Hoan's tax adjustment plan of doing city business on a cash bass was a "pretty piece of political chlor-oforming," his cash surplus at the end of the year was on borrow "and his fanciful scheme on borrowed money of debt amortization is a mirage," according to the Finance Commission investigator.

Let's County Pay Bills

Comparing the two cities, Chairman Goodwin contended that Boston could penny. Goodwin contended that Boston could "be more than \$40,000,000 more in debt and still be in as good condition as Milwaukee." He explained that on every \$1000 worth of property owned by Milwaukee taxpayers there is a debt for city and county purposes amount-ing to \$55.60, as compared with only

\$33.81 in Boston. spent \$15,000,000 in cash on its public welfare, soldiers' re-lief, hospitals, sanatoriums and institu-tions, while the city of Milwaukee let the country meet these obligations, Boston last year

according to the flery chief of the Finance Commission, who presented a dozen comparatiteriables in support of his claims.

cent of its valuation, as compared with Goodwin Finds Claims only 3.3 per cent in Boston. Milwaukee's Boston's in the last 10 years. In the same period Milwaukee's tax levy increased 69 per cent, as against 50 per cent here. Milwaukee's 1931 tax rate was \$33.66, or \$2.16 higher than Boston's.

Although Boston is twice as wealthy in realty and personal property tax-able values, Milwaukee's debt amount-ed to \$54,217,072, as compared with Bos-

Milwaukee copied Boston's segregated A. Goodwin of the Finance Commis-has a pension for its 20,000 employees, Milwaukee takes care only of the police

Burden on Taxpayers

On the other hand, he pointed out, Hoan's propaganda, based on ficti- Boston's debt has advanced to no such extent, amounting to \$90,000,000 in 1910 and only \$95,000,000 in 1930, a record not matched by any other large city in the country, "certainly not b" Milwaukee," scoffed Chairman Goodwin.

For this, Boston has miles of parkplaygrounds, health buildings, ways, piaygrounds, neath buildings, hospitals, schools, bathing beaches and other facilities demanded by its taxpayers, while "a three-minute train ride from Milwaukee's centre of activities." ity brings one to a region of primitive accommodations," claimed the Finance

He likewise found nothing but a burden on the taxpayers in Milwaukee's system of collecting taxes in the December before they are due. Milwaukee citizens who fail to pay their taxes in advance are penalized 6 per cent in-terest for the first haif of the year and 12 per cent for the remaining half. Boston usually borrows the money at 3 per cent to carry the city over until the tax oills are due in September.

rowing by the city in anticipa-ion of axes in Boston is cheaper to its taxpayers than taxing in anticipa-tion in Milwaukee is for its citizens," asserted Chairman Goodwin. Besides, he said, Milwaukee County had to bor-row \$2,000,000 late last year to provide for its poor, while Boston paid out \$7,000,000 in cash without borrowing a

Goodwin's statement closes as fol-

Where Credit Is Due

"To whom should the credit for this improved condition of affairs in Boston be given? First of all, to an intelligent electorate who, as taxpayers, demand economy and efficiency in municipal government and find ways to obtain it. Then, to e State Legislature

which keeps a watchful eye on Boston a needs and exerts an authority over its finances that no other large city in the country is subjected to.

"To its real estate exchanges whose members are vitally interested in the city's problems, and are constantly studying and checking, and advising the city fathers and the State solons in regard to them. To its Chamber of Commerce which maintains an exceed-Commerce which maintains an exceed-ingly active and capable civic bureau constantly searching for new methods of efficiency and progress.
"To its improvement associations,

Debt Increase Rates

which are almost as plentiful as its

Milwaukee's debt represented 5.56 per highways, and whose officers and agents are forever questioning the need for this and the demand for that. To its Good Government Association which is eternally ready to throw the spotlight of publicity on anything that savors of mal-administration or mis-administra-

"To those pioneers in municipal re-search, the first Finance Commission, which delved into the ways of municipal departments and political contractors as such activities had never before been turned up in any city in the land. And to its successor, the permanent Finance Commission, which has now been func-tioning for 22 years, under statutory authority, with the power of a court and grand jury combined in ceaseless questioning of men and motives in matters relating to municipal government."

PEOORD 3/28/02

Curley Flays Morgan Over 10 Ct. Family Aid

Attacking J. Pierpont Morgan's advocacy of a 10 per cent assessment on each family for unemployed aid Mayor Curley said over the radio yesterday:

"It was an admission that what we have long regarded as the repository of brains was simply a vacuum. And yet it does not differ from the feeble and futile recommendations and proclamations with which the nation has been flooded during the past three years by President Hoover."

He said that Governor Ely's 'new found devotion" to Alfred E. Smith was "most amusing" because Ely, although elected a delegate to the 1928 Democratic national convention failed to go to it to prove his loyalty and devotion

to Smith by his presence. Declaring that Smith had defi-nitely removed himself from the 1932 contest, the Mayor declared it was unfair to Smith and an injustice to the people for him to permit his name to be used merely to block the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

RAUSCRIDT Walsh, Coolidge Are Targets at Curley's Forum

Scored by Roosevelt Labor Opposing Leaders for La Follette-Costigan Bill

By William F. Furbush

United States Senators David I. Walsh and Marcus A. Coolidge were the chief objects of attack by speakers representing organized labor when Mayor Curley resumed his Roosevelt-for-President forum activities at 333 Washington street today. Both of the Massachusetts Democratic senators were assailed for voting against the LaFollette-Costigan \$3,000,000,000 Federal relief bill as the labor leaders urged success of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt in his campaign for the Democratic presidential nomination.

All speakers declared that they yielded nothing to anyone in the respect for and loyalty to Alfred E. Smith, but that, like Mayor Curley, they did not consider Smith

a candidate for nomination.

The chief speaker and presiding officer at the forum was James T. Moriarty, president of the Massachusetts Branch of the American Federation of Labor. He declared that, in allowing the use of his name in the primaries here on April 26, Smith was "permitting himself April 26, Smith was "permitting himself to be used to prevent the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt," whom Mayor Curley previously had called the "sincere, loyal, devoted and highly intelligent friend of labor."

Referring to Senators Walsh and Coolidge, who are candidates for delegates-at-large on the all-Smith slate entered by Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State Committee, Mr. Moriarty declared that they "had voted as President Hoover wanted them to vote against the La Follette-Costigan bill. He then went on to serve notice on the two senators that "we (organized labor) will have something to say about the so-called 'People's canditate in the future." The mayor with several of the property to say about the so-called 'People's candidate' in the future," the reference being directed pointedly at Sena or Walsh whose campaign posters always have him as the "People's" candiaate and do not identify him with the Democratic

considered his adverse action on a recent and later the mayor intends to stump the bill before the Legislature supported by State.

Maney Also Hits Senators

Other speakers included Harry Grages, secretary treasurer of the Boston Central Labor Union; Rose Sullivan and again insisted that Smith is not a candidate P. Maney, president of the Lawnerice Central Labor Union, who said that support him because of "friendship and affection" were "unthinkable."

The mayor declared that Governor Rosevelt is "the one man that Wall street fears" and criticized Governor Ely, against the big relief bill. Central Labor Union; Rose Sullivan and against the big relief bill.

Mayor Curiey aroused entertain as a after the banks, the international closing feature when he said that the ciers, the railroads, but not the closing feature when he said that the clers, the raintodus, but not the pie out of work." out of work." "I'm not working for Roosevelt or for obtain 500,000 pledges in this State, an objective which he said he did not believe objective which he said he did not believe for posterity," the mayor asserted.

3/28/22

Attacks Curley's Street Program

City Councillor Dowd Opposes \$20,000,000 for Widenings — Criticizes Goodwin

Declaring that the city of Boston during the past year has paid excessive amounts for property taken in connection. tion with improvements, City Councillor John F. Dowd of Boston appeared today before the legislative committee on municipal finance and opposed that section of Mayor Curley's building program calling the expenditure of \$20,000,000 for street widenings.

Councillor Dowd said that the city purchased a piece of land in East Boston at cost of \$107,000, whereas the assessed valuation was \$26,000. In the South End, he said, the city paid \$125,000 for propertv assessed on \$78,000, while the price paid for the Dunbar avenue playground site in Dorchester was 200 per cent above the assessed valuation. He contended also that the amount paid for the site of Fallon Field in Roslindale was excessive.

The speaker criticized Chairman Frank A. Goodwin of the Boston Finance Commission because of what he characterized the "silence of the latter in connection with city land takings." He registered his approval of the mayor's request for approval of borrowing for the construction of schoolhouses, streets and sewers and the City Hospital program which the mayor has outlined. All of the money, however, should be raised within the debt limit, he felt.

Henry J. Dixon, counsel for the Massachusetts Real Estate Owners Association, declared that his organization has asked Governor Ely to remove Mr. Goodwin, adding that his organization would like to ask the Legislature to "investigate the conduct of the city's administration.

party.

Mr. Moriarty paid organized labor's street municipal building, Roxbury, at respects to State Senator Joseph W. ten o'clock. It is planned to hold three Monahan of Belmont also, for what is rallies for Roosevelt each night this week

In a radio offensive yesterday after-noon and in an address before an audi-ence of nearly 600 women gathered at the Roosevelt women's headquarters at the Hotel Touraine last night, Mayor Curley again insisted that Smith is not a candi-

There was the usual musical program leader of the Smith forces in the State There was the usual ring, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering reduced to for his switch to economy in the State to entertain the gathering reduced to for his switch to economy in the state to entertain the gathering reduced to entertain the gathering redu to entertain the gathering, reduced to for his switch to economy in the Sfate about 300 because of inclement weather, administration, declaring, "Ely looks Mayor Curley aroused enthusiasm as a after the banks, the international inan-

GhoBE 3/28/32

SAYS LABUR FOR ROOSEVELT

Pres Moriarty of Mass A. F. of L. Rally Speaker

Organized labor in Massachusetts stands behind the candidacy of Gov Roosevelt for the Democratic Presidential nomination; Pres James T. Moriarty of the State Branch, A. F. of L. told an audience which thronged Roosevelt headquarters, 333 Washington st, at today's rally there in the series conducted by Mayor Curley. "Four years ago," Pres Moriarty said, "the majority of the A. F. of L. membership in the Nation supported Alfred E. Smith, and were he a sincerely honest candidate at present, we would again be found advocating Mr Smith's candidacy. We accept Gov Smith's Feb 8 statement that he is not a candidate. Organized labor in Massachusetts

not a candidate.

"Labor has suffered in common with all other groups of the Nation during the past three years of general indus-trial depression. But labor has tight-ened up its belt, held its membership ened up its belt, held its membership wherever possible waiting and working for a change nationally and new when there is a prospect of that change in view, we do not propose to be led afield or fooled or buncoed or, as Mr Smith himself would put it, 'bolograged' into supporting to delay as Mr Smith himself would put it, 'bolognaed' into supporting to delegates pledged to a man who is not a candidate and has no possible chance of even being considered as a nominee. 'One of the greatest difficulties that has confronted organized labor during its entire history has been that of securing a hearing with an employer who is arbitrary or opposed to organizations of workers.

"In certain sections of the country

"In certain sections of the country it was a very simple matter, where the judges were appointed by the cap-italists, to have a judge upon the bench who wiuld issue a restraining order prohibiting picketing where a strike was in progress, and the granting of this injunction, either temporary or permanent, threatened the destruction

of our organization.
"Gov Roosevelt, as Governor of New York, not only recommended the adoption of legislation prohibiting granting of temporary injunctions in industrial disputes without notice of hearings, but also recommended the adoption of a law making provision for trial before a jury of any alleged vio-lation of injunctions. Enactment of this legislation has done more to hearten and encourage organized labor throughout the country than any sin-gle measure considered in many years. "No man ever occupied the position

of Chief Executive of a State of this union who labored more zealously or wholeheartedly for the welfare of the individual worker and for the welfare of organized labor than the present Governor of the great State of New

"I am not concerned with the personal animus of Mr Donahue, Gov Ely or anybody else—neither am I con-cerned with the apparent endeavor of certain political leaders to perma-nently efface from the political life of this Commonwealth the present Mayor of Boston. I am satisfied that they cannot accomplish their object. I am likewise confident that the intelligence of Masssachusetts will make itseli

3/28/32

AND I WILL QUIT.' CURLEY ASSERTS four days later to find that the nominee is only an agent of Wall street."

Warns He Will Not 'Play Any Longer' If Governor Loses State Fight

MORGAN IS ASSAILED FOR 10-CT. 'TAX PLAN'

Mayor Charges Wall Street Interests Are Fighting N. Y. Executive

"If you dispose of Roosevelt you will longer with the Democratic politicians of this state."

when he arose from a sick bed yesterday to carry on his fight for the election of Roosevelt delegates from this state at welt. a meeting last night of the Roosevelt League of Women at its headquarters at the Hotel Touraine.

In a fiery speech the mayor denounced Gov. Ely and other Democratic leaders for their support of Alfred E. Smith. He charged that Wall street is behind the movement to block Roosevelt, recalled that Boston carried the state for Smith in 1928 and can carry it for Roosevelt now and warned that the "political heavyweights wh are going on the stump for Smith, who is not a candidate, will have to answer to me."

MORGAN DENOUNCED

his denunciation of Wall street, the mayor described J. Pierpont Morgan as "The million-dollar baby in the five and-ten-cent store" for Morgan's advocacy of a minimum 10-cent contrioution monthly from each family, as a solution for unemployment.

The mayor twitted Ely for his failure o attend the 1928 Democratic national convention to support Smith actively ter being elected a delegate. He also grid he would have "interesting" displosures in the near future regarding why the last Smith presidential campaign was held up until the last possible moment here by "chicanery and lark methods." This revelation, he aid, "will be a surprise for the smugly complacent politicians who are now so strong for Smith and so opposed to

In charging financial interests with opposing Roosevelt, Mayor Curley declared, "Every presidential candidate of

convention will go into a long deadlock the mayor. and the nation will wake up three or

ELY ATTACKED

his stand, said:

"I understand that the Governor has been promised a vice-presidential nomination for his part in the Smith program." The campaign for Roosevelt was characterized by Curley as "a crusade of the people."

In maintaining that Smith is not a candidate, Curley recalled an interview after Smith's defeat in 1928 in which the former New York Govenor said, "I will never lose my interest in public affairs but as far as running for office candidate.

affairs but as far as running for office each day, again is concerned, that's finished." The mayor also brought forward again the Smith statements of Feb. 8 and 9 in which he quoted Smith as saying in effect: "I am not a candidate, I will not seek delegates. I will make no preconvention fight, and as leader of my party I will keep my hands off."

After summing up many reasons why also dispose of Curley because if Roose-velt loses I will refuse to play any zen in America, with the exception of a group of politicians in Massachusette. This was the warning of Mayor Curley that the immediate hope for a change nationally through which prosperity may be restored and maintained rests in the nomination of Franklin D. Roose-

ROOSEVELT WORK CITED

The mayor cited a long list of moves made by Gov. Roosevelt to relieve unemployment and suffering and contrasted it with what has been accomplished by Gov. Ely during the same time. He charged that Gov. Ely recommended state work for the unemployed at the beginning of his administration because he thought unemployment would have passed before the assistance would be needed, and then switched to an economy program "at the dictation of the bankers." hen depressed conditions continued. he thought unemployment would have

In assailing Morgan the mayor also said. "The advocacy by him whom we in America have been taught from childhood to regard as the super-captain of the captains of industry of a 10-cent assessment on each family for the support of the unemployed in the block in which they live was an admission that what we have long regarded as the repository of brains was simply a vacuum.

a vacuum.
"And yet it does not differ from the feeble and futile recommendations and proclamations with which the nation has been flooded during the last three years by President Hoover.

Someone in the audience called "He's

The mayor answered quickly, "I'm not so sure that he is done if the forces within the Democratic party risk its unity by supporting a man who hasn' a chance of being elected and opposing a man who can be elected."
"In 1928 when Alfred E. Smith was a

candidate for the Presidency, I gave until it hurt of time and money to pro mote his election and if he had no removed himself from the contest this year I would be found doing the same

"It is unfair to Alfred E. Smith an injustice to the submerged millions in America who have been travelling hopelessly in the depths of contraction

BEAT ROOSEVELT both parties since 1865, with the exception of three, has been dictated by Wall Alfred E. Smith permit the use of his name in order to block the nomination of the one man that Wall street fears and in whom the public at large have national convention, Curley said, the faith and stand ready to elect," said

BRENNAN JOINS FIGHT

James H. Brennan, the only Democratic member of the Governor's council described the Governor and other sup-The mayor, in attacking Gov. Ely for porters of Smith as political prima donnas."

Brennan said that while he would be

POST 3/28/32

BETTER BOSTON

The prestige of the perfectly governed city of Milwaukee is emphatically smirched by Chairman Frank A. Goodwin of the Boston Finance Commission, a transcript of whose article appears in the Post this morning. For years now we have read of the Wisconsin city as being a model for the bigger communities of the country. But, following an investigation by a representative of the "Fin. Com.," Mr. Goodwin convincingly protests that Boston is in much better shape financially and is in fact, a much better place to live in. That is very heartening. Nobody believes that our city is administered with the maximum of efficiency or any place near it. There are extravagance, looseness and waste of public funds. But, withal, the old Hub shines in comparison with the real condition of the Utopia of the Middle West, which, by clever propaganda, has earned a reputation that appears to be undeserved. Indignant denial may shortly be expected in reply to Mr. Goodwin's expose, but he is a gentleman who is generally quite sure of his facts.

He essays a role strange for one in his official position. Most Finance Commission chairmen have devoted the greater part of their energies to adverse criticism. All in all, his contribution today is pleasing to those who love this city and her institu-

second to pone in the world; an ocean aterfront development that ranks with the best in the country; a water and sewerage system that never becomes dry, or is overtaxed. Yet, three minutes' train ride from Milwaukee's center of activity brings one to a region of primitive accommodations.

"Milwaukee points to a \$40,000 and

"Milwaukee points to a \$40,000 annual saving by taking discounts on its miscellaneous bills and contracts in the last few years. Boston saves \$75,000 annually by taking discounts and has been doing it for more than 10 years

"Milwaukee talks of a scientific segregated budget. It happens to have come into existence after and is pacterned on Boston's segregated budge adopted 16 years ago."

TO DEDICATE **NEW LIBRARY**

Exercises Wednesday at Faneuil Branch

The new Faneuil branch of the Boston Public Library, at Faneuil and Bigelow sts, in the Oak Square district of Brighton, will be formally dedicated at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening. Mayor James M. Curley, who laid the corner stone of the building last October, will be one of the principal speakers.

The chairman will be City Councilor Edward M. Gallagher of Brighton, who has on numerous occasions served as

Acting Mayor.

Milton E. Lord, director of the Boston Public Library; Miss Edith Guerrier, supervisor of branch libraries; headmaster of Bright Herbert T. Rich, headmaster of Brighton High School; Rev James Murphy, restor of the Church of Our Lady of ms Presentation, Oak sq; Rev Andrew Mulnix, pastor of the Faneuil Congregational Church, and Mrs Thomas McMahon, chairman of the Brighton Better Homes Group, will contribute re-marks and music will be provided by pupils of Brighton High School.

The Faneuil branch staff, under direction of the librarian, Miss Ger-trude L. Cornell, has been busy several days moving from the old building, which was formerly the first church erected by the Faneuil Congregational

Society on Brooks st.

The new building is of limestone. It stands opposite an historic site, the great oak, under which John Eliot preached to the Indians. Close by is the famous Faneuil estate, where George Washington is said to have

been entertained.

The new library has a 70-foot front-The new library has a located that age on Oak sq. An assembly hall extends along Bigelow st. In the rear of the main building are lower-studded extension houses, for the offices and main bookstacks. There are accommomain bookstacks. dations for 6500 books. reading rooms for adults and children have been provided.

The main entrance is approached by wide granite steps, the front vestibule being wainscoted with black Belgian The vestibule opens directly marble. into the main public office and the delivery counter.

BOSTON CALLED BEST GOVERNED: MILWAUKEE HI'

Cunniff, in Report to the Finance Commission, Attacks Municipal Rating

CITES GROWING DEBT OF WISCONSIN CITY

Mayor Hoan Denounced-Taxation Figures Prove Local Advantage

Boston, and not Milwaukee, has 32,197.50 in Milwaukee and \$4,437,-298.78 in Boston.

In 10 years the percentage of increase of Milwaukee's debt has been the judgment of the members of the finance commission, for whom Secregovernment, has completed an intensive personal investigation of the com
**The Milwaukee tax rate in 1931 was sive personal investigation of the com
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**The Milwaukee tax rate in 1931 was sive personal investigation of the com
**The Milwaukee tax rate in 1931 was sive personal investigation of the com
**The Milwaukee tax r parative financial statistics of the two municipalities.

The result of Cunniff's investigation was made public, last night, in a long report signed by Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the finance commission.

In connection with the comparison, devoted principally to taxation and public debt, and purporting to reveal such marked advantage favorable to Boston, that no doubt exists of the unquestioned governmental supremacy of Boston, the commission attributes the unofficial award of the highest municipal financial rating to Milwaukee to the misrepresentations and exaggerations of its Socialist mayor, Daniel W.

MAYOR HOAN DENOUNCED

bunk, bluff and boasting" who is cred-bunk, bluff and boasting" who is cred-bunk with having "humbugged" the East and particularly the bankers and Milwaukee which can be fairly com-newspaper editors for accepting at face pared with the governing methods of value the recent flamboyant claims of Boston,

top of American cities, Milwaukee, ac-story of a daring graft in connection with an outlay of \$2,000,000 for sewers which are practically worthless. tary Cunniff, is staggering under a rapidly increasing debt, suffering from burdensome taxation, and is employing a system of tax collection which is twice as costly to the taxpayers as is the Boston method of financing in anticipation of taxes.

As Milwaukee does not maintain public welfare, soldiers' relief, hospital or institutions department, all of which are functions of the county, comparative

financial statistics are somewhat confusing because Boston not only appropriates millions for such municipal service, but assumes the entire cost of Suffolk county functions.

BOSTON HAS ADVANTAGE

Aside from detailed criticisms and comparisons of the statistics of the two cities, with marked advantage to Boston in every instance, the summation of the debt and tax problems offer conclusive proof to Boston taxpayers that they are fortunate that they do not reside in Milwaukee.

A composite comparative analysis reveals these facts: Milwaukee, with a taxable valuation of \$973,843,950, or less than one-half that of Boston, \$1,958,-010,000, has a municipal debt of \$46,-380,000 against Boston's debt of \$65,-

071,369.12

City debt and Milwaukee's share of the county indebtedness are \$54,217.072, while the combined Boston and county debt is \$66,189,876.14.

Figured upon the percentage of debt to \$1000 of valuation, Milwaukee's figures are \$47.90 for city debt and \$55.60 for combined city and county, against \$33.23 for Boston debt and \$33.81 for city and Suffelk county cutstanding of city and Suffolk county outstanding obligations.

Borrowing capacity Jan. 1 was \$2,-

115 against 40 per cent. in Boston; the increase in valuation has been 43 per cent. in Milwaukee and 23 per cent. in

The tax levy has jumped 69 per cent. in Milwaukee in nine years against an increase of 50 per cent. in Boston.

SYSTEM LONG IN USE HERE

The much publicized "amortization fund" in Milwaukee, which Mayor Hoan misrepresented as a remarkable financial system which would amortize the debt with surprising rapidity, was found by Secretary Cunniff to be nothing more than the "sinking funds" plan which Massachusetts has utilized for generations.

In contrast to the enthusiastic representations of Mayor Hoan, the Boston investigator discovered that instead of amortization, the financing scheme is plunging Milwaukee into debt about 10 times as fast as money is accumulating in the fund.

Other claims of Mayor Hoan, such as In denouncing Hoan, the commission a huge surplus, a remarkable system of calls him "a high pressure salesman of collecting taxes a year in advance, and

As the finance commission is always on.

As the finance commission is always interested in detecting graft in BosInstead of occupying a post at the ton, Secretary Cunniff brought back the

Choose 3/28/32

MILWAUKEE THRIFT GIVES WAY TO HUB

Goodwin Shows How Boston Leads in Every Department of Economy and in Solvency

Is Milwaukee the best-governed ment appropriations. American city?

Frank Goodwin, chairman of the Boston Finance Commission, says Boston beats Milwaukee in every department of economy and in every aspect

Goodwin sent an investigator to check up on the claims that Milwaukee is the only city in America to rate 100 percent as a financial risk. He now reports in detail on the find-

Comparing Boston with Milwaukee, Goodwin insists that Boston is a better financial risk and gets more for its money than Milwaukee. He finds that Boston has a lower net debt per capita than Milwaukee. Boston's bud-get policy is the model that Milwaukee copied, and Boston had a pay-as-you-go policy before Milwaukee, according to Goodwin's findings.

Comparing the Record

"The net debt of Milwaukee, ex-clusive of self-supporting debt, 1s 4.79 percent of its valuation. Boston's on the same basis is only 3.3 percent," Goodwin declares.

"Boston's debt is made up of issues in large part for hospitals and insti-tutions. Milwaukee, as a city, has no hospitals, except a small emergency hospital, and no institutions. The county of which Milwaukee is a part provides these multiples occasions. provides these municipal necessities. Boston's 3.3 percent, therefore, compares with Milwaukee's 5.56 percent of city and city's share of county debt, so that Boston could be more than in millions more in debt and still be in as good condition as Milwaukee. Not only that, but so far as debt is concerned, in Milwaukee on every \$1000 worth of property owned by its taxpayers, for city and county purposes, there is a lien of \$55.60, while in Bos-ton for city and county debt there is

"Can it be possible that any banker would rather loan money to Milwaukea han to Boston?

Boston's Reserve

"Milwaukee boasted it had \$3,400,000 cash in the treasury Jan 1. Boston at he same time and on the same basis and \$11,500,000. Milwaukee had unxpended balances of appropriations of \$1,234,000; but \$525,000 of it was money aised by taxation before the city had he right to spend it. The remaining \$700,000 of department balances is matched by \$712,000 in Boston from unexpended balances of regular depart. "Milwaukee boasted it had \$3,400,000

Yet, Boston's regular departments include the Public Welfare, the Soldiers' Relief, the hospital, the institutions and the tubercular sanatorium, for which appropriations sanatorium, for which appropriations of \$15,000,000 were raised in 1931. These departments in Milwaukee were paid out of county appropriations and not the city. Department for department, Boston had more than \$1,500,000 unexpended balances to Milwaukee's 1200,000

"Cities are measured today by the speed with which they pile up debt. in a 10-year period Milwaukee's net lebt has gone up three times as fast

s Boston's.'

How Debts Increased

Milwaukee increased her net debt in he last 10 years from \$22,000,000 to \$46,380,000, or 115 percent, Goodwin reports, while Boston increased her net lebt from \$46,548,000 to \$65,000,000, or only 40 percent.

He finds that no great increase in valuation justified Milwaukee's higher increase in debt. Her valuation increased only 43 percent. Boston's valuation increased 23 percent. Thus Milwaukee's 45th increased three times. waukee's debt increased three times as much as her valuation, while Boston's debt increased twice as fast as her valuation.

"Boston has no such prospect in the immediate future as a debtless city, but it is worthy of note that Boston's gross debt on city account was \$90. pross debt on city account was \$90,-000,000 in 1910 and only \$95,000,000 in 1930, 20 years later, an increase which, for conservatism is not matched by ny other large city in the country, and certainly not by Milwaukee.

"Twelve millions dollars of the city of Boston budget go to maintain departments that the city of Milwaukee is relieved of by leaving them to the county to take care of them. Boston's total tax rate for all purposes—city, county and State—is less than Milwaukee's, and Boston for city and county is less than Milwaukee city and county.

The Interest Myth

Discussing Milwaukee's system of collecting taxes before the first of the fiscal year, so saving the cost of interest of loans in anticipation of taxes, Goodwin says that the way this works out is that the city saves the interest on tax loans but that most citizens have to pay interest because they are

or 3½ percent that Hoston citizens ordinarily pay for loans in anticipation of taxes, because Boston taxes are not collectible until September of the year for which they are pald. Milwaukee taxpayers are not saved this 3 percent, however, but actually pay 6 percent and higher because a large part of the Milwaukee taxpayers take advantage of the privilege given to defer payment for six months from Jan 1 and pay 6 percent or it and 12 percent thereafter. Milwaukee citizens collectively could get credit ordinarily for the 3 percent Boston citizens ordinarily pay. It is far better for the city to pay this 3 percent than it is for the taxpayers individually to pay 6 to 12 percent, or lose that rate for the use of their money. Borrowing by the city in anticipation of taxes in Boston is cheaper to its taxpayers than taxing in anticipation of taxes in Boston is cheaper to its taxpayers than taxing in anticipation in Milwaukee is to

Only a Book Surplus

The Milwaukee surplus was a surplus in the taxation accounts of the city and it was only a book surplus. It amounted to \$1,524,000, including the \$525,000 taken from the taxpayers, but could not by law be spent. The departments that contributed to this zur. partments that contributed to this zur-plus are the ordinary City Hall de-partments. There were no public wel-fare and soldiers' relief departments in Milwaukee city to grab up the dollars saved in the assessing, citdollars saved in the assessing, city clerk, or other not-hurt-by-the-depres sion departments. There was no city hospital or city institution demandin more funds for additional beds, of food, or supplies for a population in the creased by the privation caused by the depression. For the city of Milwarkee turned these over to the county and, while the city was piling up it balance of \$700,000 in book surplus, the county was issuing \$22,000,000 in book to raise more money for current positions. to raise more money for current poprelief. To borrow money in Bosts for welfare disbursement would be u thinkable.

Pay-As-You-Go Policy

"Milwaukee has a pay-as-you-policy, and has been much advertis for it. But it was not stated that M waukee resorted to it when its rig to borrow was used up. Boston, the other hand, voluntarily has fe lowed a pay-as-you-go policy of great dimensions, and for 16 years built its schools and repaved most of streets from current taxes. Milwauk can issue debt up to 5 percent of i streets from enrrent taxes. Milwauk can issue debt up to 5 percent of i current year's valuation. Boston limited to 2½ percent on its thre year average, invariably a lower bas Yet, on Jan 1, Milwaukee had but \$12,000 unused borrowing capaci against Boston's \$4,437,000.

"In variety of service Milwauke annot approach Boston. Milwaukee now building her first health un Boston has eight in operation. M

Boston has eight in operation. M waukee's park system could rema almost unnoticed in a section of Bo ton's park system. In fire station police stations, public buildings, et Eoston taxpayers demand and obta much more service than Milwauk taxpayers. Milwaukee spends abo \$700,000 yearly for a pension syste that takes are only of the police a firemen. Boston's pension syste takes care of all its 20,000 employes

"Boston has shrines in great numb that the people of the whole wor asset and require much to keep a Boston has scenic beauty in number on tax loans but that most citizens have to pay interest because they are unable to pay their taxes at the first of the year.

"On its face it appears that the taxpayers of Milwankee are saved the 3 payers of Milwankee are saved the 3 development of them pays a little taxpayers. Boston has scenic beauty in number of them pays a little taxpayers. Seashore and right parks, seashore and right parks, seashore and right parks, seashore and right parks. We will be aches, all of which are kept under the number of them pays a little taxpayers. Boston has scenic beauty in number of them pays a little taxpayers.

the Roosevelt slate.

Turns Guns on Hoover

He next discussed unemployment conditions and took President Hoover to task. At mention of Mr Hoover's name, a man in the audience exclaimed, "He's done." The Mayor replied that he was not so sure that Mr Hoover was done for, with the Democratic party split as it is, with large numbers opposing the only man able to lead the country out of its present fix.

to lead the country out of its present fix.

"What's the game?" Mayor Curley asked. "I'll tell you. It's the same influence that has dictated control since the Civil War—the moneyed interests who have named every candidate for both parties, with three exceptions, since 1865.

"Do you want four more years of Hoover? Do you want four more years of wandering around in circles with no hope for anyone except Wall Street?"

Blames Great Bankers

Mayor Curley accused the international bankers of bringing on the depression. He said the bankers had loaned so much money that they became apprehensive and began restrictive measures. He said that manufacturers and tradesmen found they could not get money and that a panic ensued.

He claimed that the international bankers started unloading securities on smaller banks. Next, he said, the desmaller banks. Next, he said, the de-positors in these banks began to lose their jobs and went to the banks to get their savings which they had laid by for just such an emergency. This, he claimed, caused the banks to fail and the jobless found their savings

one.

"After having looted everything else, Mr Morgan advocates that every person in every block chip in 10 cents for the relief of the unemployed," Mayor Curley charged. "What a ridiculous proposition!"

The Mayor discussed the Hearst plan for the expenditure by the Government of \$5,000,000,000 on public works, the La Follette plan, and other plans. He found all preferable to Mr Morgan's

plan.
"There's only one answer for uneniployment," he said. "That's a job.
And the only way you provide jobs is
by spending money."

Says Ely Seeks Nomination

He rapped Gov Ely for his switch to economy and said he understood

to economy and said he understood that Gov Ely has been tendered the Vice Presidential nomination for his part in the Smith campaign.

"It is to be regretted that the use of Ex-Gov Smith's name is permitted in Massachusetts solely for the purpose of aiding in the election of delegates headed by Gov Ely, whose newfound devotion to Alfred E. Smith is, to me, most amusing, since in 1923, when Alfred E. Smith was a candidate at Texas, although Mr Ely had been elected a delegate to the convention, he was so much interested in Al Smith that he never went there.

"Ely looks after the banks, the international financiers, the railroads—but not of the people out of work.

-but not of the people out of work.
"I'm not working for Roosevelt or for Curley; I'm working for America's future, for posterity."

MAYOR CURLEY'S DAUGHTER AND SON IN EASTER PARADE



MISS MARY CURLEY, PAUL CURLEY AND THEIR DOG, VIGO

3/28/32 PARVELER DOWD OPPOSES **CURLEY BILLS**

Fights Street Improvement Loans at Legislative Hearing

Charging that the city of Boston, during the past year, has paid excessive sums for property taken, City Councilman John F. Dowd appeared today before the legislative committee on municipal nance in opposition to Mayor Curiey's bills asking permission to borrow \$20,000,000 for street improvements.

Dowd criticized Chairman Frank A.

Goodwin of the Boston finance commis-

Dowd criticized Chairman Frank A. Goodwin of the Boston finance commission for having maintained silence on the city land takings.

As examples of overpayments, Dowd cited purchase of land in East Boston for \$107,000, which was assessed at \$26,000; in the South end for \$125,000, which was assessed at \$78,000; and for the Dunbar avenue playground site in Dorchester, where the price, he said, was 200 per cent, above the assessed valuation. He also charged excessive payment for the Fallon and site, Roslindale.

PATERICAN 3/28/22

City Councillor Dowd of Roxbury continued his "war" on Mayor Curley today when he appeared before the legislative committee on municipal finance to oppose the mayor's program for borrowing \$20,000,000 outside the debt limit for street widenings.

Dowd also criticized Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of Boston Finance Commission, for his "silence in connection with city land takings." He approved of the borrowing, but within the debt limit, of money for school houses, City Hospital program and construction of streets and sewers. of streets and sewers.

Cho3E 3/28/32

CURLEY ATTACKS MORGAN SPEECH

Again Assails Foes Here of His Candidate

Mrs Galvin Speaks in Defense of Mrs F. D. Roosevelt

Mayor James M. Curley, having vanquished an attack of grip in three days, yesterday started a new offensive on the radio, before an audience of 600 women gathered at the Roosevelt's women's headquarters at the Hotel Touraine last evening, against the various and sundry political foes of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

With brush strokes of sarcasm, invective and just plain defiance, he painted a picture of Gov Roosevelt contending against the moneyed interests and those who had been misled into believing that Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith was a Presidential candidate with a chance of winning.

Aims Attack at Morgan

Flanking the portrait of the struggle of "the one man Wall Street fears" against his political enemies were two other pictures-one was Mayor Curley combating attempts to make the ra-cial leaders on the Roosevelt slate-the French, Negro, and Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters—withdraw, the other was Mayor Curley daring "the political heavyweights" on the Smith slate to make campaign Smith slate to make campaign speeches for Mr Smith.

These three pictures were shown

against a background of the Mayor's economic philosophy that the solution of present onditions is the expendiof present onditions is the expenditure of public funds to provide work. Under this general heading, he found much to criticize Gov Joseph B. Ely, President Hoover, and last, but not

least, Wall Street,
In both his radio addresses over station WNAC and his speech before the women's organization, he took J. P. Morgan especially to task for Mr Mor-gan's recent radio address on the block

Simply Vacuum, He Says

"The advocacy by him whom we in America have been taught from childhood to regard as the captain of the captains of industry, J. Pierpont Morgan, of a 10-cent assessment on each gan, of a 10-cent assessment on each family for the support of the unemployed in the block in which they live was an admission that what we have long regarded as the repository of brains was simply a vacuum.

"You've heard of the popular song, "I Found a \$1,000,000 Baby in a 5-and-10-Cent Store'? Well, that's Morgan—

a \$1,000,000 baby in a 5-and-10-cent store!" the Mayor said.
Discussing the local political situation, Mayor Curley bristled with charges. They included the accusation that not content with having eliminated the French consul, J. C. J. Flamand, from the Roosevelt slate, "the enemy" had succeeded also in making Julian Rainey, a Negro leader, "the enemy" had succeeded also in making Julian Rainey, a Negro leader, withdraw from the slate because he was a city employe.

"They even asked Mrs Helen Galvin, the chairman of the Women's Division of the Massachusetts Roosevelt campaign organization to withdraw the

of the Massachusetts Roosevelt campaign organization, to withdraw on the grounds that she was doing unemployment work for the city. She refused. She is the wife of the second highest officer of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters. I call this an insult to the organization and feel sure that all the 50 000 members will vote that all the 50,000 members will vote for Roosevelt as a result," Mayor Curley said.

Mrs Roosevelt Defended

Mrs Galvin was on the platform at the time, having preceded Mayor Cur-ley as presiding officer of the meeting and having created one of the excit-

and having created one of the exciting moments of the evening with a denial that Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt was an advocate of birth control.

"As a mother I have made it my business to become familiar with the life of the wife of the candidate for President, Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt, against whom the malicious tengue of President, Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt, against whom the malicious tongue of slander is now being directed," Mrs Galvin said. "During the past week the poison pen whispering squad has been busy circulating a rumor that Mrs Roosevelt is an advocate of birth control. I have ascertained the facts. "It is customary to award annually in New York to the American woman

in New York to the American woman who has, in the opinion of a group of the city's leading educators, made the greatest contribution in the field of service. The rule that has been followed has been to designate the wife

of the Governor of New York to make

of the Governor of New York to make the presentation.

"Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt received an invitation to present the award of the judges at a meeting in Carnegie Hall early in the year. She had no means of determining the decision of the judges, as their decision was known to the judges alone, and greatly to her astonishment she found it necessary, in conformity with custom, to make the presentation and to learn for the first time that the award had been made to Margaret Sangster. had been made to Margaret Sangster, leading advocate of birth control. Her duty was purely perfunctory, there was no way to avoid it, it was identical with the lot that falls to any public

Ignored in New York

Ignored in New York

"The circulation of a story that Mrs
Franklin, D. Roosevelt was an advocate of birth control would not receive
any attention in New York State
where her work and worth are known,
and I do not propose that it shall receive any attention here.

"Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt is the
mother of six children and has been a
mother in every sense that the term
implies, not only acting as nurse to
her children, but supervising their education and developing in them the
highest and holiest instincts that the
words mother and home mean.

words mother and home mean.

"We have been privileged here in
Boston to see much of one of her progeny during the last three years. He
has taken unto himself a Boston girl,
the daughter of the eminent specialist,
Harvey Cushing, for a wife, and God
has blessed their union within the last
10 days with a daughter.

"The mother by her life and mother-hood, and the son by following in the footsteps of the mother are complete answer to the malicious slanderers who apparently are determined to stop at nothing in order to promote the reelection of Herbert Hoover," Mrs. Galvin said.

Brennan Hits "Prima Donnas"

Other speakers included James H. Brennan, the Democratic member of the Governor's Council, who declared that his opposition on the Ceuncil were "a lot of political prima donnas": Mrs Mary Gallagher, secretary of the women's division, and Mrs Agnes H. Parker, Roosevelt slate alternate.

Mayor Curley was introduced by Mrs Galvin, also a Roosevelt alternate, with the remark that the issue was not whether Mayor Curley should be crushed and pushed out of public life because he will not pay political tribute to Alfred E. Smith, but that the issue was the well being of the American people. Other speakers included James H.

Mayor Curley began his speech by declaring that the Democratic party was in the most unusual situation in its history and that the coming Presidential election was the most important one in the Nation's history. He said that if he had followed the steps of the other politicians he would have abandoned his principles and stopped the nomination "of the one man that Wall Street fears.'

Wall Street fears."

He said he was tendered a place on "the politicians' slate," as he dubbed the Smith slate. He insisted that in 1928 he did more than any other man in Massachusetts to carry Massachusetts for Smith. He told how he conducted the compaign for registration. ducted the campaign for registration in Boston and how Boston swept Smith into the lead in Massachusetts.

Tells Compromise Offer

Mayor Curley said he realized the danger of a split among the Massachusetts Democrats and offered to join the 100-percent Smith slate with the provision that if Smith failed to be nominated, that the slate would go unanimously for Roosevelt.

"I don't believe a fairer offer could be made." the Mayor said.

He said he discussed the matter with Senator Walsh and claimed that Walsh told him that he would consult with Gov Ely and let him know the answer in 24 hours. He said he waited for 48 hours without receiving any answer. He said he went to Washington to locate Senator Walsh and that he could not fird him.

ington to locate Senator Waish and that he could not find him.

"After a week had elapsed, there was no other alternative, no other course open for me, but to come out for Roosevelt," he said.

Then he discussed the attacks made upon him for his stand.

upon him for his stand.

He Charges Crookedness

"I won't go into the chicanery or crookedness in back of the failure to start the campaign for Smith until forced to," he said. "I may be forced to go into that later. If not, it will be kept a secret.

be kept a secret.

"If I do not go into it, it will be a big surprise to certain smugly complacent politicians who are opposing Roosevelt in this campaign.

"If anyone thinks those so-called political heavyweights on the Smith slate are going to stump the State for Smith, they're mistaken. I'm not going to let them get away with it!" he exclaimed.

He hinted at having many sense.

POST 3/28/32



3/28/32 HERALD F. A, GOODWIN'S REPORT

Frank A. Goodwin says that if Milwaukee is rated 100 per cent. as a community, Boston should have 200. We'd like to hear again from the western metropolis and Messrs. Waddell and Fenton at the State House before lining up with the doughty chairman of the finance commission. If the figures in his report of this morning are accurate and the facts are stated correctly. Boston is certainly in far better condition than the Wisconsin city, which has been held up as a model community.

We simply can't understand the last sheet of Mr. Goodwin's document, though. He speaks warmly of the civic bureau of the Chamber of Commerce. Our improvement associations come in for some kind words. He says that the Good Government Association is "eternally ready to throw the spotlight of publicity on anything that savors of maladministration or misadministration." He commends the Legislature.

(That distinguished-looking gentleman with the imperial beard who swooned is George R. Nutter, president of the Good Government Association. That ecstatic man rushing to Fin Com headquarters at 24 School street is F. S. Snyder, president of the Chamber of Commerce. That whoop of wild delight from the umbrageous avenues of Jamaica Plain and the rapturous exclamations from placid Chestnut Hill are emitted by Gaspar Bacon and Leverett Saltonstall, respectively, they being a large part of the Massachusetts Legislature. The gentleman who is so anxious to get to Mr. Goodwin's office that he can't wait for the elevator is Walter Channing, president of the Boston Real Estate Exchange. The man who has linked arms with him is John T. Burns, head of the Massachusetts Real Estate organization. The gentleman who is running after them, calling, "Wait for me, wait for me," is Alexander Whiteside. None of the gentlemen seems himself this morning. Bouquets from Frank Goodwin! Bouquets for such fellows! Is it possible that Frank himcolf is himself?)

3/28/34 RANSCRIPT A BOOSEVELT SUPPORTE

To the Editor of the Transcript:

I had not intended, after my letter of farch 18, in reply to Mr. O'Brien of Canon, to say more through your columns concerning the Roosevelt-Smith controversy in Massachusetts. Mr. O'Brien however, in today's Transcript, has gone so far afield and digressed so far from the points at issue that I feel compelled to ask your courtesy while I call his attention to the fact.

All thinking Democrats in the State agree that clear vision is the one neces sity of the moment and clear thinking will commend Franklin D. Roosevelt to the Democracy of the State as will nothing else. Passing over the verbiage of the first three or four paragraphs of Mr. O'Brien's letter we come to a single phrase which appears to me to be, by his application, very close to "high-sounding clap-trap." This phrase is, "the fundamental constitutional rights of an American citizen."

If any group, in the present controversy, has sought to abridge, abuse or usurp those rights, it appears to me and the other clear-thinking Democrats that it is the group Mr. O'Brien defends and whose acts he so ardently endorses. Those who stand behind Franklin D. Roosevelt have a "fundamental right" to representation upon the slate of delegates. I would ask

mr. O'Brien, whose group has denied them that "fundamental right"?

Granted that Alfred E. Smith has not changed since 1928; also that his principles have not changed. The situation however, has very much changed. Espousing the cause of Franklin D. Roose welt is not described the stronger of Al velt is not deserting the standard of Al fred E. Smith. Rather is it more sure of successful advancement by making it possible for Roosevelt to be elected. That is, if Smith's standard is as it should be, the standard of Democracy. The very the standard of Democracy. The very fact that there is a Roosevelt slate in the field is a declaration that Alfred E. Smith is not entitled to the nomination in 1932. And I do not admit that such a declara-tion, per se, is a rebuke to Alfred E. Smith, or a repudiation.

Were the Demogratic party indulging in mere hero-worship Mr. O'Brien's attitudes and statements might be approved. We are trying to make certain the election of a Democratic President as the most crying need of the time.

I do mean, "the stone wall of intolerance and bigotry," as referred to in Mr. O'Brien's letter, but would remind the writer that this campaign is not for the purpose of razing a stone wall, but for the purpose of Democratic success in November. If Mr. O'Brien wishes to break his idealist lance against the stone wall there is none to hinder, but we who are seeking to make sure the nomination and election of Franklin D. Roosevelt, under the leadership of Mayor James M. Curley, have very clearly and definitely in mind the past three years of misery and wretchedness, depression and unemployment, brought about by reason of that very stone wall over which Herbert C. Hoover was lifted into the presidency. If we fight the stone wall behind the leadership of Alfred E. Smith instead of bearing the banner of Democracy to success under the able and sure leadership of the only man who can and will win, then we shall be responsible for four more years, that from this prospect beckon only to chaos, ruin and destruction to our free government.

I am confident the Deaccracy of Massachusetts is and will be eternally on the job, together with the Democratic host which is everlastingly and surely sweeping Franklin D. Roosewelt into the nomination and the presidence of these United States. cess under the able and sure leadership



B'nai B'rith head visits Boston. Richard E. Gudstadt is welcomed by Mayor Curley, whose autograph book he is shown signing. He was met by a delegation from the Boston lodge, B'nai B'rith, at the South Station yesterday. In the rear row are shown B. Shoolman, O. Kadis, L. J. Lyons, Q. I. Abrams, president of the lodge; I. Ruby, city councillor, and Judge A. K. Cohen. Last night Mr. Gudstadt was the guest of the Amos Lodge meeting, held at Beacon Hall. Brookline.

AMERICAN

3/29/32

ROOSEVELT., ASKS PLFNI

Will Make Personal Appeal to Democratic State Convention for Father's Candidacy

(INS)-Announcing he was tonians. here to seek a pledged delegation for his father, James Roosevelt, son of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, Democratic presidential candidate. ocratic presidential candidate, arrived here today and immediately went into conference with State Democratic leaders.

He will make a personal appeal

at the state convention tonight.
Thomas J. Heslin, of Lowell,
Mass., also talked with the Maine
Democratic leaders in behalf of a pledged Roosevelt slate. It was be-lieved here that Heslin was work-ing for Mayor James M. Curley of Boston in the interest of Governor Roosevelt.

Roosevelt.

Edward C. Moran, Democratic candidate for Governor in Maine in 1928 and 1930 has publicly declared for ex-Governor Alfred E. Smith. Smith easily won a state-wide newspaper poll, running better than two to one ahead of Roosevelt.

United States Senator Clarence C. Dill, of Washington, will be the keynote speaker at the convention. Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, former governor of Wyoming, also will speak. Fred H. Lancaster, of Auburn, will be chairman.

The Republican state convention will convene Thursday of this week in City Hall. It is expected that it will pledge delegates to Presi-

ELY AND CURLEY GIVEN "NEW MOON" TICKETS

Gov. Ely and Mayor Curley were presented tickets yesterday for the Boston premiere of "The New Moon," which tion for Father's Candidacy will open at the Boston Opera House to-morrow night. The production, featured by the number of local artists in the cast, will be presented by the Boston Opera House to-morrow night. The production, featured by the number of local artists in the cast, will be presented by the Boston Opera House to-morrow night.

CahoBE 3/30/32 MAYOR CURLEY PUTS B' / ME ON HOOVER

Failed to Use Debts to Force Disarmament

In his address at Roosevelt head-quarters, 333 Washington st, at the noor rally today, Mayor Curiey blamed Fresident Hoover for failing to use Europe's debts to America as a weapon to force exetensive world disarmament.

"Proposals made to Mr Hoover

"Proposals made to Mr Heover de this line fell on a dumb had an deaf ears!" Mr Curley exclaimed "The election of Frenklin Roos alone can return work and wages. Mayor continued. "Right at this ment, I cannot see economic important ment anywhere except in the Republican newspapers. The Municipal Scidiers' Relief Department had to payout \$1.000,000 in January, the some amount in February, and it now look as though in March we will have pay out more than \$1,000,000-fit breaking all records." breaking all records."

The Mayor said that, beginning April 7, he plans visits to Wester Massachusetts cities, in behalf of Roosevelt campaign. He intends to make a series of speeches in Worcester. Springfield, Pittsfield, New Bedford and Fall River.

Mrs Mary Galvin, secretary of the Roosevelt Women's League, described its activities

HEIRALD 3/29/32

ROOSEVELT'S SON In the Boston area representatives of organized labor supported the Roosevelt campaign yesterday: The Raps Smith For ampaign by unleashing sharp attacks campaign by unleashing sharp attacks on senators Walsh and Coolidge at the Roosevelt forum on Washington street for their opposition to the La Follette-for their opposition to the La Follette-for their opposition to the La Follette-for their opposition to the La Follette-fors in the council, wrote to the mayor's bitterest chester, one of the mayor's bitterest foes in the council, wrote to the mayor foes in the council, wrote to the mayor foes in the council, wrote to the mayor foes in the Roosevelt forum. He for Smith at the Roosevelt forum. He asked the mayor to assign him any date that would be convenient. Relly chided the labor leaders who have attacked Gov. Ely's proposal for a "Four years ago." he said. "the Roosevelt."

Young Roosevelt spoke at meetings in East Boston, Charlestown Roxbury and Salem. The background of hit address was the traditional friendshap over a period of years between Smith and Roosevelt which reached a point at which Mrs. Roosevelt seconded Smith's renomination at a subsequent Democratic convention.

BIG CAMPAIGN OPENS

The Roosevelt activity last night marked the beginning of a intensive campaign outlined by Ma r Curley. It will extend throughout the state and will be continued without interruption until April 26 when the Democrats to the polls to elect their delegates to the convention at Chicago in June.

How long Gove that Smith that those prolations as candidate and that those prolations in the champions in the acadidate and that those prolations as candidate and that those prolations as candidate and that those prolations are candidate and that those prolations as his champions in Massachusetts are doing so only to advance their own political fortunes. With Mayor Curley recently charged which may be marked toward his benefactor, young Roosevelt's veiled harges of thanklessness last night has brought the two former friends into the first time with any basis of authority. With the primary election four weeks from today, the rift between Smith and the primary election four weeks from today, the rift between Smith and the two former friends into the first time with any basis of authority. With the primary election four weeks from today, the rift between Smith and the first hard as political fores for the first friends into the first friends into the first friends

to the polls to elect their delegates to the convention at Chicago in June.

The mayor was unable to speak at the various rallies last night, having again been ordered to bed by his physician. He is still suffering from a tivities for another fortnight.

SEES SMITH ATDER

have attacked Gov. Ely's proposal for a wage reduction for state employes while advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the advocating the saccused Curley of the maiority of the membership of the advocating themselves a 15 per cent, wage reduction for employes in the accused Curley of the membership of the majority of the membership of the advocating the saccused Curley of Alfred E. Smith and unquestionably, were he a sincere, honest candidate at the persent time, we would again be the present time, we would advocating the condition that in the present and the family's close hat he family's close hat he family's close hat he wage reduction for the accused Curley of Alfred E. Smith and unquestionably, were he a sincere time, we would advocating the present time, we would advocating th

By W. E. MULLINS

Gov. Roosevelt is baffled by the fall separate of the nomination would nave separate of the Democratic presidential nomination. That statement was made last night by James Roosevelt, sor favor of the New York executive, at ralling of the New York executive, at ralling the statement was made last night by James Roosevelt, sor favor of the navious sections of the city in the service of the navious sections of the city in the service of the candidates for delegated drain on his health from the ardium to the Democratic convention pledger work of the Democratic convention pledger work of the name of the New York executive, at ralling the service of the candidates for delegated drain on his health from the ardium to the Democratic conventions at which he nominated his party's candidate for one of the navious became his party's candidate for of the companitation in New York to run, and public for the presidency and worner. "Work city.

He discussed He influence brought to be people, The public as a whole zero of the street of the proper of the service of the and declared that an effort would be made this year to defeat him because of his failure to vote for the "yellow dog" contract bill.

Other speakers were Mayor Curley, Herman Koster of Cambridge, Harry P. Grages of Boston and P. Harry Jennings and Miss Rose Sullivan.

The rallies were well attended and young Roosevelt was cordially received at each place. The biggest ovation was given him at Charlestown.

Mr. Scolponeti told his East Boston audience that Roosevelt's election to the presidency is imperative if the people are to succeed in escaping from the clutches of the bankers.

Illness prevented Mayor Curley from ioining the Roosevelt caravan which visited Salem and various sections of Boston. Among the speakers in the outlying Boston sections were Councillor James H. Brennan of Charlestown, Councilman Thomas Green of Charlestown, Joseph A. Scolponeti, who was appointed yesterday to a position in the city law department; Theodore A. Glynn John J. Whalen, former mayor of Chelsea; John McGee, Representative William H. Earker and George Murphy, former representative.

At the Tharlestown rally you had accrued to the many benefits the had accrued to the navy yard during his father's tenure as assistant sections that in the event of Gov. Roosevelt cated the many benefits the had accrued to the navy yard during his father's tenure as assistant sections of navy and the election of Gov. Roosevelt's election to the presidency its former activity would be resumed.

"Since the election of Gov. Ely." he said, "I have suffered certain disappointments because I do not believe that any individual or any group of individuals should voice the wants of the Democratic party."

Glynn directed a savage attack at President Hoover, declaring "If you want four more years of the meast

Ocratic party."

Glynn directed a savage attack at President Hoover, declaring "If you want four more years of the misfit President that sits in Washington now you can do no better than to follow Gov. Ely and 'Daisy' Donahue, who ask you to follow them blindly."

Murphy told the East Boston gathering that Gov. Ely, "the master mind who rules over Massachusetts, has put Boston in the same category as the hick towns in the western section of the state. Mayor Curley is a leader of international importance and the same category as the hick state.

LAST NAME GOES FOUR ROOSEVELT RALLIES TONIGHT IN BOST

come final today with the time for Shaw and Edward G. Morris.

The greatest interest centers in the ton, at 8:50; William E. Russell School candidate to be selected for the list of at 9:15 and Mary Hemenway School delegates-at-large pledged to Ex-Gov Mayor James M. Curley's schedule delegates-at-large pledged to Ex-Gov Mayor James M. Curley's schedule Michigan Smith to replace Helen McGillicuddy. Salls for 8:45 at the Teachers College, Salls for 8:45 at South Boston, 9:50 at the William E. Russell School and 10:15 at the Mary Hemenway School. the power of attorney of Ex-Gov Smith, said last night he had not decided on the new candidate, but would make a decision today and file the name pefore 5 o'clock. Although it is expected that a woman will be chosen to replace Mrs McGillicuddy, Mr Donahue did not say so.

"Labor" Day at Forum

Meanwhile the campaign conducted by Mayor Curley for his Roosevelt-pledged candidates is being waged strenuously and yesterday noon the Roosevelt Forum was reopened with a crowded meeting at Roosevelt head-quarters, 333 Washington st.

Yesterday was "Labor" day and the principal address was made by Pres James T. Moriarty of the State Branch, A. F. of L., who declared organized labor in Massachusetts stands behind the candidacy of Gov Roosevelt.

ganized labor in Massachusetts stands behind the candidacy of Gov Roosevelt, "Four years ago," he said, "the majority of the A. F. of L. membership in the Nation supported Alfred E. Smith and were he a sincerely honest candidate at present we would again the found advocating Mr. Smith's again be found advocating Mr Smith's candidacy. We accept Gov Smith's Feb 8 statement that he is not a candidate."

Mr Moriarty praised the attitude of Gov Roosevelt toward labor men and didate. said no Chief Executive of a State has labored more zealously or whole-heartedly for the welfare of the in-dividual worker and for the welfare of organized labor.

Promises of real fireworks at one of the daily meetings of the Roosevelt forces are contained in the acceptance of Mayor Curley's invitation to members of the Smith-pledged slate to speak at the Forum by City Councilor Francis E. Kelly of Dorchester. Kelly wrote the Mayor that he accepts the wrote the Mayor that he accepts the invitation to speak any day this week. He said he would discuss, "Why I am with Alfred E. Smith; Why you are with Alfred E. Smith; Why you are with Franklin D. Roosevelt and why you should stay with the Democratic you should stay with the Democratic as all of the leading Democrats of this as all of the leading Democrats of this state are doing."

TONIGHT IN BOSTON

The Roosevelt-for-President campaign will be carried tonight into paign will be carried tonight into wards in Roxbury, South Boston and Dorchester. Four rallies are scheduled Dorchester. Four rallies are scheduled College. Roxbury Municipal Building. College. Roxbury Municipal Building. College. Roxbury Hemenway Schools, Dorchester. Many Hemenway Schools, Dorchester. Roosevelt will head the list of speakers Roosevelt will head the list of speakers. Chairman Arthur Reilly and com-Substitute Before 5

Abor Speaks for Roosevelt, the Maurice Tobin of the Municipal Building, South Boston, Lamps T. Moriarty.

Mayor James H. Burke of Medford, Mayor James T. Moriarty.

Mayor James H. Burke of Medford, Mayor James H. Burke of Timothy Cronin of Representative Timothy Cronin of Timothy Cronin of Timothy Cronin of Representative Timothy Cronin of Timothy Cron

filling vacancies expiring at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the office of Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook.

The greatest interest centers in the top of \$2.50. William F. Bussell School.

MAYOR REMAINS HOME BATTLING SEVERE COLD

Mayor James M. Curley was again ordered by his physician to remain at home to fight off a severe cold yesterday, after makpublic appearances two Sunday.

The Mayor had planned to inqugurate a series of ward meetings in behalf of the Presidential candidacy of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt last night, but the Governor's son, James, was headline speaker at the rallies in the Mayor's place.

DOWD OPPOSES CURLEY'S STREET WIDENING BILL

City Councilor John F. Dowd appeared yesterday before the Legisative Committee on Municipal Finance in opposition to Mayor Curley's bill for street widenings, at an expense of \$2,000,000. Councilor Dowd stated that the city has paid more than the value of property taken in past years and ne cited several instances which he bonsidered examples of his contention. The Councilor, however, favored

The Councilor, however, favored the request of the Mayor to borrow for construction of schools, streets, sewers and hospital improvements. He sewers and hospital improvements.

let that the money should be raised within the debt limit.

Henry J. Dixon, counsel of the Massachusetts Real Estate Owners' Asosociation, agreed with Councilor Dowd's ideas, and added that how organization would like to "ask the Legislature to investigate the conduct of the city's administration."

REOURD 3/29/02

Rooseveli Is Puzzled by Al's Stand

Neither Gov. Roosevelt nor his plose friends can understand the failure of ex-Gov. Smith to support his candidacy, James Roosevelt, son of the candidate, told audiences in East Boston, Charlestown, Roxbury and Salem yesterday.

Young Roosevelt substituted as ppeaker for Mayor Curley, whose physician ordered him to remain at home. Curley plans to make a state-wide tour before the primary,

April 26. Although the forces behind Smith were inactive, Chairman Frank Donahue made caustic reference to

Curley's campaign, saying "they are campaigning for us by getting Smith voters all worked up."

Donahue said the Smith campaign will get underway in about two weeks, when Sen. David I. Walsh will come from Washington to deliver a series of radio addresses.

addresses. James T. Moriarty, president, of James T. Moriarty, president, of the State Federation of Labor, piedged support of organized labor to Gov. Roosevelt. Speaking at the moon forum he said labor would be supporting Smith "were he a sin-perely honest candidate at this

Young Roosevelt, in a sees, putlined the story of acher's long friendship for ex-Gov. Smith. "It is accepted by practically everyone that Alfred E. Smith is not a candidate." he said.

3/24/32 HERALD COUNCIL WILL PROBE AIRPORT LAND DEAL

Dowd Attacks Purchase-Tract Assessed for \$26,000 Brought \$107,000 An investigation of the recent purthase of land adjoining the East Boston

airport will be made by the city council. To determine why marsh land, assessed for \$26,000, was worth \$107,000 for airport purposes, Park Commissioner Long, John E. Beck and other real estate experts employed by the city, and officials of the assessing department, as well as a representative of the Boston Port Development Company, will be asked to confer with the council next

Councilman Dowd attacked the land Monday. deal yesterday and repeated the claims made a week ago by Councilman Curtis that the council had been imposed on by the diversion of funds made avail-able for other purposes connected with airport development to the purchase of land from the Boston Port Development Company.

ROOSEVELT DAY Francis E. Kelly of Dorchester, member of the Boston city council, who is Mayor Curley's general invitation to attend the forum and speak for Smith. He attacks the mayor vigorously.

Candidate's Son Mixes CUT APPROPRIATION with Delegates as Convention Opens

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Activities in behalf of the candidacy of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York for the Democratic presidential nomination shifted from the local arena today to Portland, Me., where the Democratic state convention was scheduled to open.

James Roosevelt, son of the Governor, who, with Mayor Curley, has been directing the campaign for his father in this section, went to Portland to be on hand for the assembling of the delegates and to look over the general situ-

He was scheduled to return later in the day to speak at several gatherings in this city.

Dispatches from Portland were to the Dispatches from Portland were to the effect that the visit of the son was at the request of certain leaders, and that it had the sanction of his father.

Asked if his presence might not be resented, Roosevelt is quoted as saying:

NOT FOR PLEDGED GROUP

NOT FOR PLEDGED GROUP

"I have no intention of asking a pledged delegation, so I do no feel they will resent my being here."

It was stated, however, that the son was willing to encourage a movement for a pledged delegation for his father. As matters shape up in Maine, the general belief is that the delegation to the Chicago convention will be an unpledged chicago convention will be an unpledged one. The Rossevelt visit is believed to be with the view of creating a sentiment for his father rather than an attempt to dictate.

To Maine Democratic leaders Roosevelt is quoted as declaring that his father will win a majority of the Massachusetts delegates at large and at least 10 of the 15 district delegations.

FINAL DAY FOR FILING

This was the final day for filling vacancies on slates of candidates for delegates at the office of the secretary of state, but with only one important berth to be filled, that on the Smith slate, the real interest in the secretary of state's office is in what will take of state's office is in what will take place there at 10:30 tomorrow morning. when the drawing is held for positions on the ballot. The groups of candid are placed first on the ball with posttion determined by lot, and the other candidates are listed in alphabetical order, not grouped.

order, not grouped.

Representative Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, who has filed nomination papers for Democratic delegate-at-large, requested Secretary of State Cook today to allow the use of the words "Independent Smith Delegate" after his name on the hallot.

on the ballot.

In his communication to the secretary he wrote that e is making his campaign on the great American principle of independence as a profest against dictatorship and bossism.

The "Roosevelt forums" at 333 Washington street were continued today with fresh speakers.

FOR CITY BUREAU

Employment Office Club, Says Dowd

Abolition of the municipal employment bureau, which has become a resort for morning luncheons and afternoon whist parties, according to the renoon whist parties, according to the report of an investigator assigned by Councilman John F. Dowd, was temporarily averted yesterday.

The city council refused to consider the city council refuse

granting Mayor Curley authority to expend not more than \$35,000 from the reserve fund for the maintenance of the bureau and after brief, but pungent attacks on the personnel, of whom 70 per cent, were characterized as "fa-kirs," the council approved an expendi-

ture of \$5000. Councilman Laurence Curtis, chairman of the committee on appropriations which is awaiting the 1932 budget in order to question department heads about financial needs, indicated yesterday that the committee would dely day that the committee would delve deeply into the employment bureau; but his plans were blocked when he was informed that the funds are not allocated in the budget but are drawn from the reserve funds.

In his attack upon the bureau Councilman Dowd declared that an investigator had reported to him that the regular routine of the personnel is:

Between 9 and 10 A. M.—Report at the bureau on Church street.

the bureau on Church street.

10 to 11—Enjoy coffee and doughnuts obtained at a nearby restaurant.

11 to 12—Meet and insult applicants for jobs, many of whom are inspired to spend 20 cents for car fares to reach asserted employers who tell them that they never asked the bureau to furnish they never asked the bureau to furnish

12 to 2-Lunch period. 2 to 5—Social period devoted to card games in isolated rooms.

games in isolated rooms.

Councilman David M. Brackman of Roxbury, in support of an order to reduce the appropriation to \$5000, recalled that a fund of \$7000 was voted by the council a few weeks ago. "I cannot understand, from my observation during my limited services in the council," said Brackman, "what purpose the bureau serves. I have found it impossible to place anybody at work through the bureau."

the bureau."

Councilman Hein offered an amendment, fixing the appropriation at \$20.000 but before action could be taken

PECONA 3/29/36 Council Slashes City Job Bureau's Budget

Mayor Curley's appropriation of \$35,000 for the municipal employ ment bureau was reduced to \$5000 by the city council yesterday. Their action followed an attack upon the action renowed an attack by Corn-employes of the bureau by Corn-cillor Dowd of Roxbury. He said cillor Dowd of Roxbury. they did no work and insulted poor applicants. He suggested card applicants. He suggested card tables be removed because employes play cards in business hours.

MAYOR CURLEY **BACK IN FORUM**

Hall Crowded, Several Hundred Gather Street for Address

Speakers at the Roosevelt forum today included Mayor Curley, Charles H. McGlue, Joseph H. Hanken of Revere, Joseph J. Hurley of the school committee, Alderman Benjamin L. Schwalb of Chelsea, and Assistant Corporation Counsel H. Murray Pakulski.

Henceforth each day candidates for delegates and every Roosevelt supporter in the state will be given opportunity to

Good weather brought Good weather prought attendance back to normal and in addition to a crowded hall, a sreet gathering of sev-eeral hundred listened to the amplification of the addresses.

tion of the addresses.

Mayor Curley is scheduled to speak at four Roosevelt rallies in Boston tonight. His first address wit'l be made at the Teachers' College, Roxbury at 8:45 and will be followed by brief speeches at the South Boston municipal building at 9:25, William E. Russell school, Dorchester, at 9:50 and Mary Hemenway school, Dorchester 10:15.

James Roosevelt will precede the mayor at the four gatherings. Other speakers will be Chairman Arthur W Reilly and Maurice J. Tobin of the school committee, Councilman Edward Englert, Charles H. McGlue, Joseph A. Scolpenti, Paul H. Hines, James H. Brennan, James T. Moriarty, Mayor John H. Burke of Medford, Representative Timothy Cronin of Cambridge and P. Nicholas Petrocelli. James Roosevelt will precede

SONS OF ITALY BALL APRIL 7

The Massachusetts grand lodge of the Order of the Sons of Italy in America will hold a ball in Mechanics building Thursday, April 7, the proceeds of which are to assist families of Italian stock in various communities throughout the state. Hundreds of families were assisted last year. The honorary guests include Gov. Ely, the royal Italian consul-general, Commander Pio M. Margotti; Mayor Curley, supreme officers of the organization, Judge Joseph T. Zottoli, Judge Felix Forte and Asst.-Dist.-Atty. Frank G. Volpe.

POST

ATTACKS CITY JOB BUREAU

Council Cuts \$30,000 From Appropriation Order Authority to restore the colonial building was granted to the city last year by the Legislature, but the Council for the purpose of obtaining further information regarding the project. Purchase by the city of land costing \$107,000 for the extension of the East Boston airport will be examined by the Council next Monday as the result of the protest of Councillor Dowd, who complained that the property was assessed for but \$25,000. Officials of the park and assessing departments as well

Branding the staff of the city unemployment bureau as a "bunch of The afternoons playing cards instead of seeking jobs for the jobless," Councillor John F. Dowd of Roxbury yesterday appealed to the City Council

CUT \$30,000 OFF

But the Council voted to allow the bureau \$5000 for expenses at this time, the taxpavers after Councillor David M. Brackman, explaining that he had been unable to get his constituents work through the bureau, offered an amendment to the

appropriation.

Referring to the bureau as the Church street "bull pen," Dowd charged that its activities cost the city \$42,000 last his activities cost the chy \$12,000 last year, although 70 per cent of the staff 'never lifted a hand." He said that a reliable woman reported that the workers arrive at the bureau between 9 and ors arrive at the bureau between 3 and 10 in the morning, send a boy out for coffee and doughnuts, which they eat between 10 and 11, then meet and insult the applicants for work between 11 and 12, we have a large transfer to the contract of the contract the applicants for work between 11 and 12; go out to lunch between 12 and 1, and from 2 to 5 enjoy a social afternoon playing cards instead of digging up jobs for the unemployed.

Remove Card Tables

In placing a high officer of the M. C. O. F. on the ticket, Dowd charged that the Mayor, rather than himself, had injected religion into the campaign. He explained that he had not named Mrs. Galvin in his order, calling upon the

Mayor to observe the Burrage ordinance, which prescribed appointed city employees from participating in political

caucuses or conventions.

The Council tabled Mayor Curley's appropriation order seeking to provide \$25,000 for the restoration of the historivashington's artillery officers maintained their headquarters during the Revolutionary war.

\$107,000 for Land Assessed \$26,000

park and assessing departments as well as of the Boston Port Development Company, which sold the land to the city, will be invited to attend the ses-

The Council adopted a resolution prefakirs who spend their mornings eat-ing coffee and doughnuts and their Dorchester calling upon the school coming coffee and doughnuts and their mittee to open the school yards of the

terday appealed to the City Council to defeat the \$35,000 appropriation order for the bureau this year.

School custodians had protested that supervisors were necessary to prevent the children from damaging school property, but Councillor McGrath insisted that supervision was not necessary and that supervision was not necessary and that supervision was not necessary. School custodians had protested that sary and that such a subterfuge should not be sufficient to bar the smaller children from the enjoyment of hundreds of acres of city school yards owned by

original order, cutting \$30,000 from the MAYOR SENT TO appropriation. BED WITH COLD

James Roosevelt Takes Place at Ward Meetings

Because of a heavy grippe cold, Mayor Curley called off his evening meetings in various Bos in wards last Removal of alleged card tables from the bureau offices was demanded by Dowd, who insisted that the bureau should be closed up and no money allowed for the staff. The staff, he said, comprised political workers that the Mayor placed at the bureau in readiness for election campaigns.

Referring to the six weeks' leave of absence granted from her post in the bureau to Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, vice high chief ranger of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, to become a candidate for Democratic delegate on the Roosevelt for President slate, Dowd protested that she would be back on the job after the campaign.

Table Dillaway House Matter

In placing a high officer of the M. C.

The Mayor was confined with the cold over the week-end, but appeared before a meeting Sunday night in defiance of his distor's orders. night on behalf of the election of Roosevelt delegates. The Mayor care

CAN'T MAKE OUT SMITH ATTITUDE

Roosevelt and Aides Mystified, Son Declares

Taking the front line in the battle for Bay State delegates to the Democratic convention, James Roosevelt, energetic son of Governor Roosevelt, declared last night, in a series of pro-Roosevelt rallies in different sections of the city, that his father and his ather's friends weren't able to understand just why Al Smith was not imong the lists of the New York Governor's supporters.

FILLS IN FOR CURLEY

Young Roosevelt filled the place re-served for Mayor Curley at the sched-iled rallies because doctor's orders led railles because doctor's orders orced the Mayor to remain at home.

Touching briefly on Smith's and his lather's careers, he said that Governor Roosevelt supported Smith in the latter's fight for the New York governor-ship. He said his father declined support for the office and recommended Smith for the nomination previous to the latter's first election as Chief Executive of their State.

Cites Aid for Smith

Young Roosevelt also discussed the influence his father brought to bea. our President Wilson to issue a public state ment indorsing Smith for Govern thus aiding in the election of Smith and his entrance into the national political arena.

political arena.

He also cited Roosevelt's sacril ce in attending the 1924 and 1928 conventions, at which he nominated Smith for the presidency and crowned him with the title "Happy Warrior."

"Two days after his defeat for the presidency," said young Roosevelt, "Mr Smith declared he would not again be a candidate for public office. The public

candidate for public office. The public as a whole accepted this statement, and subsequent statements made by him furnishe additional proof would not seer a nomination."

ChOBE 3/29/30

ROOSEVELT FAMILY PUZZLED BY SMITH

James Recalls That Father Gave Other Start on Career

That the break in the friendship between Alfred E. Smith and Franklin D. Roosevelt is real and not a political subterfuge, as has been suggested, was definitely asserted last night by James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor. Speaking at Roosevelt rallies at East Boston, Charlestown, Roxbury and Salem, the young man declared: "Neither my father nor his close friends can

Since the announcement of a split between the two New York leaders there has been much speculation as to whet er or not the was any real foundation for the statement. It had been said in many quarters, supposedly well informed, that Smith was keeping clear of the Roosevelt campaign in order to allow the New York Governor to build up strength in the South and West, where Smith was weak, and that when the proper time came the ex-Governor would climb aboard the Roosevelt bandwagon.

Started Smith on Career

Young Roosevelt's speech last night, in which he dwelt at length upon the friendship of his father and Ex-Gov Smith, left no doubt as to his view that the old friends have separated. Young Roosevelt went so far as to announce that his father made it posof New York, recommending Smith, then sheriff of New York County, when he, as Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was obliged himself to refuse the tender of the Democratic names. the tender of the Democratic nomina-

Roosevelt addressed an overflow meeting at the Salem Y. M. H. A., and also rallies at 28 Central sq. East Boston; Lexington-st Ward Rooms, Charlestown, and the Vine-st Municipal Building, Roxbury.

"Since childhood almost the friend-ship hetween Ex-Core Alfred Ex-Core Ex-Core Alfred Ex-Core Ex

ship between Ex-Gov Alfred E. Smith and my father has been one of the treasured memories of the Roysevelt

treasured memories of the Rossevelt family," he said,
"Prior to America's entrance into the World War, but during the period of the war, the Democratic organization in New York State waited upon my father and asked him to the candidate of the Democratic party for Governor of New York. My father at that time was obliged to refuse this

tender because his dus as Assistant Secretary of the Navy, with the possi-bilities of America entering the war, required him to defer to the call of country in preference to any other call that might be made.

Suggested Sheriff Smith

"They waited on him later and asked him if he could suggest some one. My father's answer was that in his opinion the sheriff of New York city, who had served with him in the New York State my father nor his close friends can understand at this time the failure to the people of New York, could be elected, and that he would do everything he could to secure the assistance of President Wilson in furthering the election of his friend, Alfred E. Smith.

"The organization leaders in New York were elated with this announcement, and at the convention assembled Alfred E. Smith was nominated, and my father not only campaigned for him in New York but induced President Wilson to send a letter to Gov Smith. the purpose of which were to mold public opinion in his lavor as a candidate for the Governorship, with the result that he was elected Governor.

"As a candidate for Gov Smith's re-election, I recall very vividly the part played not only by my father but the part played by my mother in Gov. Smith's candidacy. My mother, being a delegate to the convention, took great pride in, and it is one of the treasured recollections of the Roosevelt family that my mother seconded the nomination of Gov Alfred E. Smith.

Each Worked for Other

"The friendship between my father and Ex-Gov Smith was further cemented when, at San Francisco, Gov Smith nominated my father for the Vice Presidency of the United States, and the result of the hard work in the campaign, which incidentally was disastrous for the entire Demo-cratic ticket, was a drain on my father's health, so much so that he developed a severe cold with chills, bringing about the illness with which he been afflicted up to the present time, but which he is so bravely fighting and which the doctors, his friends and our family are sure he is going to overcome.
"At the Madison Square Garden

convention in 1924, father, against the advice of doctors, family and friends, went to the convention to nominate his friend, Alfred E. Smith, and upon crutches went from one delegation to another pleading and begging support for Gov Smith. In 1928, he again re-sponded to the bond of friendship and loyalty and made that long, trying journey to Texas, where he labored incessantly for the nomination of Alfred E. Smith. In both conventions

he crowned Afred E. Smith with the title, "The Happy Warrior," which won for him the admiration of the American people in the last Presidential contest.

"Two days after he was defeated, Alfred E. Smith stated that he would not again be a candidate for public office; that he had given the best years of his life to the service of the people. The public as a whole accepted this statement as made by Gov Smith and subsequent statements made him furnished additional proof that he would not seek a nomination. In consequence of the announcement of Gov Smith that he would not be a candidate, father was urged to be a candidate, and neither father nor his close friends can understand at this time the failure of Gov Smith to support his candidacy.

Smith Not a Candidate

"It is accepted by practically every one that Alfred E. Smith is not a candidate for the nomination for President and his own announcements on Feb 8 and 9 of the present year, are sufficient proof that when candidates use his name they are doing so only to advance their own political fortunes. That Mr Smith is not a candidate is most forcefully indicated by the result in the neighboring State of New Hampshire where, despite an over-whelming vote in his favor at the 1928 election, Gov Roosevelt recently car-ried 230 out of the 236 cities and towns in the State, thereby winning every delegate.

"Here in the State of Massachusetts although a contest is being waged for Alfred E. Smith, up to the present time not one valid reason has been presented by any of his so-called friends as to why any delegate pledged to him should receive the support of a single Massachusetts citizen.

"The record established by my father as Governor of New York, which involved the widest field of legislative action in the largest State of the Union and during the most distressing period in the Nation's life since the Civil War, will, in the belief by my York. since the Civil War, will, in the belief of right thinking people, win for him the support of the De nocracy in the coming convention. As his son, familiar as I am with the sacrifices that he has a de during a lifetime for the common good of the people of the American Nation, I can pledge in him me, to the good people of Massachusett that if he is nominated and elected as President of the United States he will enter into the work as States he will enter into the work as energetically as he has into every serv ice to which he has been called and his service as President of the United States will redound to the benefit of the country and the people that he

Ghobe 3/29/32

CITY'S JOB BUREAU ASSAILED IN COUNCIL

to face the situation now and deprive the bureau of future funds. The amendment passed with a vote of 17 to 1; Dowd voting against. The Council voted also to have play-

The Council voted also to have play-grounds kept open after school hours and on Saturdays and Sundays. Coun-cilor McGrath introduced the order and declared that it would assist in keeping down the automobile accident hazard to children by giving them a place to get off the streets.

\$35,000 Curley Asked Slashed to \$5,000 as Dowd Calls Office "Bull Pen" and "Joke"

City Employment Bureau asked by Mayor Curley of the City Council was lunch and from 2 until 5 they spend a slashed to \$5000 after a scathing criti-cism of the bureau, its head and personnel, by Councilor John F. Dowd at the y Council meeting yesterday afterno .

Down ha acterized the employment bureau as "that bull pen on Church st, where, he charged, a group of city employes "live in luxury at the expense of the city, playing cards, eating

of the city, playing cards, eating dough luts and coffee, and sending the unfort late unemployed on wild goose chases for jobs which do not exist." Throughout the year in ail of his public statements, Councilor Dowd declared, the Mayor has preached economy in all departments. The Mayor, said Councilor Dowd, has told the Police Department that its members would not get the step-up \$100 salary increase, although Commissioner Hultman had told the Council that the raise would require but \$22,000.

Had Bureau Watched

"Now," said Councilor Dowd, "the Mayor wants \$35,000. And for what? Is there any member of the City Council who can stand on his feet here today and say truthfully that the ampleyment hursey has been of any employment bureau has been of any

here today and say truthfully that the here today and say truthfully that the employment bureau has been of any material benefit to the unemployed or to the citizens of the city of Boston? "Knowing that this order was coming in, I purposely placed an intelligent woman in the employment bureau last week to find out the routine of the employes working there; and this is what she found out: "The routine of the employes of the employment bureau is to arrive at the Church-st office between 9 and 10 in the morning. When they get there, they send out immediately for doughnuts and coffee. From 10 to 11, they sit in the office listening to the clamor of the unemployed until they get good and ready to talk to them. From 11 to 12, they meet the unemployed citizens of the city of Boston and citizens of the city of Boston and insult them either by telling them that there are no jobs or by making them spend 20 cents to go to addresses only to find that the people to whom they have been sent have never asked for help and have no jobs to offer.

Cards From 2 to 5, He Says

"During the last snow storm, how many of the councilors here got men at work? There were two members of the Council who were successful in placing between 75 and 100 men at

The appropriation of \$35,000 for the work. From 12 to 1, the personnel of the take the card tables out of the employment bureau, so that they cannot play cards when they should be out looking for jobs for the unemployed citizens of Poston

citizens of Boston.
"I can't see the sense in giving \$35,000 to that employment bureau now, when \$35,000 is enough money to take care of about 500 families and] think it is absolutely disgraceful for the Council to endorse such a plan at

this time. Councilor Dowd went on to say that \$75,000 had been appropriated some months ago and he charged that two married women were working at the bureau, one the wife of a Fire Depart. ment employe who was receiving \$2000 a year, while she receives \$1500 and another, the wife of a truck operator who owned 15 trucks. The bureau he characterized as "a joke."

Says Curley Insults Catholics

Turning his attention to the Burrage ordinance, which Dowd asked be invoked last week, he answered the Mayor by saying that he had not mentioned any Catholic order before the Council.

The Mayor, said Dowd, had accused him of insulting 60,000 members of the Catholic Order of Foresters because he had criticized a woman employe of the bureau, and Dowd answered that the Mayor was the one who insulted them by bringing the name of that order into any contest at the present time.

He charged that the Mayor wanted

He charged that the Mayor wanted the \$35,000 only to put more political workers on the pa. II. Most of the workers at the bureau, he declared were "worthless," and the Mayor, he said, is insulting the Council and the taxpayers of Boston by asking for the appropriation.

appropriation.
Councilor David M. Brackman de-clared that he agreed in part with Councilor Dowd, asserted that he, per-sonally, had had no success in placing people at work through the employment bureau and he submitted ar amendment cutting down the appropriation to \$5000.

\$5000 Voted, 17 to 1

Councilor Hein offered another amendment asking for \$20,000, withdrew it, and the Brackman amendment was passed over the objection of Dowd, who asserted that the bureau would ask for \$5000 this month and \$5000 next, and that the Council ought

JAMES M. CURLEY CLUB CONDUCTS ANNUAL BALL

More than 1800 persons attended the More than 1800 persons attended the annual ball of the James M. Curley Club held last evening in Intercolonial Hall, Roxbury. Mayor Curley was unable to attend because of a cold he contracted over the weekend. He was represented by his secretary, William

Mr Anderson urged the members of the club to work in behalf of Frank-lin D. Roosevelt for the Presidency. Ex-Representative James M. Brennan Ex-Representative James M. Brennan of Roxbury introduced the speakers. Among the speakers were lerk William M. Prendible of the Suffolk Superior Criminal Court; Asst Clerk John Patrick onnolly of Suffolk Superior Criminal Court; City Councilor John F. Dowd, Ex-Fire Commissioner Theodore A. Glynn, Ex-Representative Thomas H. Carr, City Cognicilor Leo F. Power, Representative James W. Hennigan and Ex-Pres James V. McCloskey of the St Alphonsus Association.

Mr and Mrs Frank Schorle led the grand march. John J. Doherty was

Mr and Mrs Frank Schorle led the grand march. John J. Doherty was chairman of the dance committee Arthur English was floor marshal. The committee included John O'Toole Joseph Sheriock, Gerald Kearney, Joseph Horgan, Ruth Lane, Florence Welch, Mary Peterson and Margare

HURLEY CALLS DONAHUE

"A LITTLE NAPOLEON"

Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State committee was held ap to ridicule as "a little Napoleon, a little 'Little General, " before a throng which packed the Roosevelt rally at 333 Washington st this noon by School Committeeman Joseph H. Hurley.

Hurley remarked that a vacancy on the Superior Court bench has not been the Superior Court bench has not seek filled in the six weeks since it oc-curred, and predicted that Gov Ely, associated with Donahue in seeking a Smith-pledged delegation from Massa-chusetts, "will not have the effrontery chusetts, "will not have the effrontery now to name Donahue to this va-

United States Senator Marcus A. Coolidge also was scored by Hurley as "Marcus McAdoo Coolidge."

Ex-Chairman C. H. McGlue of the State committee said it is "important from the patronage viewpoint that a Roosevelt-pledged delegation be elected

from Massachusetts, since Roosevelt is quit certain to be nominated." Announcing the decision not to hold daily meetings for the different racial groups, inasmuch as all are supposed to be Americans, Mayor Curley, opening the meeting, declared that the rallies for the next two weeks will be addressed by delegates and alternates of the nro-Boose, it ticket.

McGlue Warns Democrats as to Patronage

Urges Upon Rooseveltians at Curley Forum Necessity of Unity at Convention

By William F. Furbush

As the chief speaker and presiding officer at today's session of Mayor Curley's Roosevelt-for-President forum at 333 Washington street, Charles H. Mc-Glue, former chairman of the Democratic State Committee, gave a temperate address with practical politics as his man theme, leaving personal references and other more applause provoking remarks to his companions on the rostrum. Me-Glue frankly told his auditors that "patronage," in other words, the spoils of victory, must be considered in the selection of delegates, that Massachusetts must see to it that her delegates are not discredited at the June convention in

It is up to the voters, Mr. McGlue asserted, "to decide whether they go to the convention united or disorganized" the result of the existing battle among the Roosevelt forces led by Mayor Curley and the supporters of the presidential candidacy here of Alfred E. Smith, under the leadership of Governor Ely, Senator Walsh and Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State committee.

"It is very important that the voters is to emerge from the convention as the presidential nominee "continued Mr. Mc-Glue. "It is very important to the Demccrats of the State, from the patronage standpoint, not to have the delegates discredited at the convention: . The Democrats of Massachusetts ought to have the right to say who they desire for President and not give their votes in care of a nominee to be thrown to somebody who is to be a stalking horse to block the romination of Franklin D. Roosevelt."

McGlue's remarks were pacific in contrast with those of Joseph J. Hurley, one of the other speakers in a program given over to the delegates-at-large on the Roosevelt slate. Hurley took several flings at Chairman Donahue in criticism of what he termed the "Daisy Dozen" Smith delegates-at-large, and predicted that Donahue as the "Little Little General" would feel more like Napoleon after Waterloo than Napoleon at Austerlitz.

Calls for Second Choice

Hurlet called upon Donahue to name his "second choice" for the presidential nomination after Smith. "Come on and tel' us," he said. "We have no second choice. We are for Roosevelt to the end. We are not traders. We are going to Chicago and we are going to bring back Roosevelt."

He went on to ask whether Garner of Texas, Byrd of Virginia or Baker of Ohio was the second choice of the Smith sup-porters and concluded by saying, "If they bring back Garner, they may as well

the vice presidency."

Hurley declared that in a talk yesterday with former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald one of the stales of the st gerald, one of the at-large delegates on the all-Smith slate, the "Little General" told him that he had requested Donahue not to include him in the Smith slate. This statement, incidentally bears out he former mayor's pre-slate announcement that he preferred not to go as a delegate. urging that some representative of a racial group have his place.

Mayor Curley made brief announce-ment of forum plans and predicted that Roosevelt, if Massachusetts and Pennsyl vania Democrats vote loyally for him. will have more than one-half the delegates when the convention starts. Other speakers included Alderman Benjamin L. Schwalb of Chelsea and H. Murray Palkulski, assistant corporation counsel of

Chairman Donahue is keeping the sup porters of Governor Roosevelt guessing as to his selection of a substitute Smith delegate-at-large for Dr. Helen I. Doherty Mc-Gillicuddy of Boston, who withdrew last week. There has been much speculation over the selection, but Mr. Donahue indicated that he would not record the sub-stitution with Secretary of State Frad-eric W. Cook until a few minutes before closing time at five o'clock this after-

Present indications are that the Smith forces will not start any campaign program as an offset to the Roosevelt activities until the last two weeks of the primary period ending April 26. It is expected that Senator David I. Walsh who was in conference with Chairman Donahue on Sunday to discuss campaign details, will hold himself in readiness to come to Massachusetts for a series of radio broadcasts in the last two weeks of the campaign.

The drawings for places on the ballots of the candidates for delegates to both the Republican and Democratic conven-tions will be held at the State House at send delegates pledged to the man who 10.30 tomorrow morning under the personal direction of Secretary Cook as prescribed by the election laws.

3/29/32 FIERHLD OPPOSES CURLEY PLAN TO BORROW \$20,000,000

Councilman Dowd Airs Views Before Committee

Mayor Curley's legislative proposals for authority to borrow \$20,000,000 for street widening projects were opposed resterday by Councilman John F. Dowd of Roxbury at a hearing before the egislative committee on municipal

He charged that the city has paid excessive amounts for property takings, citing purchases in East Boston, the South end, Dorchester and Roslindale. In each instance he stated that the purchase price was greatly in excess of the assessed valuation.

of the assessed valuation.

Supporting Dowd's position was Henry J. Dixon, counsel for the Massachusetts Real Estate Cwners' Association. He said that his organization has asked Gov. Ely to remove Frank A. Goodwin from his position as chairman of the finance commission.

The Boston bills before the committee will be considered in executive session by the committee Thursday.

Would Bind Maine Group to Roosevelt

Governor's Son Reported Try ing to Upset Uninstructed **Delegation Plan**

lowa Democrats Also in Convention

Roosevelt Has Edge, but Mur ray Fights Against Pledging Delegates

Portland, Me., March 29 (A.P.)-As the Democratic State convention assembled here for its sessions today and tomor row, there were prospects of a contro versy over whether a pledged or un pledged delegation would be sent to the national convention. As late as last night party leaders believed a delegation un pledged but favorable to the candidacy of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York would be approved, but this belief was shaken after they learned that James Roosevelt, son of the governor, would attend the convention ostensibly for the purpose of seeking an in-

structed delegation for his father.
Young Roosevelt has been associated with Mayor James M. Curley of Boston in forwarding the Roosevelt presidential campaign in Massachusetts. Previous reports that out-of-State Democrats, working with a State group were seeking Roosevelt-pledged delegation Maine had brought an unofficial declaration from State leaders that interference would not be tolerated. Jam's A. ley, one of those heading the national campaign for Roosevelt, conferred with leaders here eight days ago and declared an instructed delegation would not be sought. State leaders feared defections in the ranks might result from a pledged The delegation question delegation. comes before the convention tomorrow.

An informal platform meeting, ad-dresses, county caucuses and organiza-tion matters occupied the delegates to day. The meeting this afternoon wil permit the rank and file of the delegates to do their talking and thus speed the row morning.

ROOSEVELT MEN TOP DRAWINGS

Delegates-at-Large in First Place on Ballot

In the drawing for position at the Secretary of State's office today the delegates-at-large pledged to Franklin D. Roosevelt won the first place on the Democratic ballot for the Presidential primaries, Tuesday, April 26. In the 15 districts the delegates

Secretary of State Cook used a kelly pool bottle with two numbered balls and on the first shake of the Demo-

cratic delegates-at-large group the Roosevelt delegation won top place.
There were about 20 on hand at the drawings Charles F. Riordan, treasurer of the Democratic State committee represented the Smith interest. tee, represented the Smith interests, and Charles H. McGlue, ex-chairman

of the Democratic State committee, the Roosevelt interests.

The Drawings:

The drawings were as follows:

DEMOCRATIC Delegates-at-Large
No. 1—Group pledged to Franklin D.
Roosevelt.
No. 2—Group pledged to Alfred E. Smith
No. 3—Roland D. Sawyer of Ware. independent.

DISTRICT 1

Holyoke
No. 1—Group pledged to Smith.
No. 2—Group pledged to Roosevelt. DISTRICT 2

No. 1—Group pledged to Smith. No. 2—Group pledged to Roosevelt. DISTRICT 3

Fitchburg No. 1—Group pledged to Smith. No. 2—Group pledged to Roosevelt. DISTRICT 4

No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt.
No. 2—Group pledged to Smith.

DISTRICT 5

No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt.
No. 2—Group pledged to Smith.
DISTRICT 6

Haverhill-Salem
No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt.
No. 2—Group pledged to Smith.
DISTRICT 7

Lawrence-Lynn
No. 1.—Group pledged to Roosevelt.
No. 2.—Group pledged to Smith.
DISTRICT 8

Cambridge-Somerville
No. 1—Group pledged to Smith.
No. 2—Group pledged to Roosevelt.
DISTRICT 9

No. 1—Group pledged to Smith.
No. 2—Group pledged to Roosevelt. DISTRICT 10

No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt. No. 2—Group pledged to Smith. DISTRICT 11

No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt.
No. 2—Group pledged to Smith.
DISTRICT 12

No. 1—Group pledsed to Smith.
No. 2—Group pledsed to Roosevelt.
DISTRICT 13
Brockton-Quincy
No. 1—Group pledsed to Smith.
No. 2—Group pledsed to Smith.
DISTRICT 14
DISTRICT 14

Mayor Curley Awards Trophies Won By Bowlers in Herald Tournament

By RALPH WHEELER

New England duckpin bowling championship tournament was brought to a fitting close yesterday when Mayor James M. Curley presented the two beautiful cups to Louise Hamilton of Jamaica Prin, winner of the ladies' division, and roseph Bonigli of Boston, winner of the men's division.

The 20 medals in both the ladies' and men's division were presented by Jack Stafford, chairman of the tournament committee and manager of the

Jack Stafford, chairman of the tournament committee, and manager of the Huntington Club, where the three tournaments were held.

Mayor Curley complimented the winners on their fine performances. He expressed his sympathy for the husbands of some of the winners of the ladies' division if they were as pro-

The Boston Herald's third annual ficient with the rolling pin as they are with the duckpin.

Among the winners on hand to re-Among the winners on hand to receive their medals were Yvonne Ricard of Derry, N. H., Mrs. E. Padelford of Taunton, Yvonne Labrie of New Bedford, Lottie Travers of Lowell and C Van Asshe of Woonsocket, R. I. I to the enthusiasm of such fine bowlers at this group that has made The Heral tournament such a tremendous succes for the past three years.

No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt. No. 2—Group pledged to Smith. No. 3—Group unpledged. DISTRICT 15 New Bedford No. 1—Group pledged to Roosevelt. No. 2—Group pledged to Smith.

Republican Drawings

On the Republican side of the ticket the drawings in the two districts in which there are contests follow:

DISTRICT 9 No. 1—Clarence S Luitweiler, Newton, Herbert Hoover; Thomas N. Carver, Cambridge, Herbert Hoover, No. 2—Sinclair Weeks, Newton, pledged to Herbert Hoover, Albert Foschine, pledged to Herbert Hoover.

DISTRICT 11

No. 1—Edward L. Donnelly, Boston: Albert L. Sutton, Boston.
No. 2—Charles Alpert, Chelsea; Joseph Lopresti Jr. Chelsea.
No. 3—Harold A. Budreau: Boston.
to Hoover; Saverio R. Romano. Boston.
pledged to Hoover.

MAYOR CURLEY MAKING EIGHT ADDRESSES TODAY

Mayor James M. Curley favors a five-day week and shorter working day, but he does not practice what he preaches-at least during his campaign for Roosevelt for President. In addition to a busy morning at his desk in City Hall and another spell at the same desk late this afternoon, the following was his speaking program for today:

12:30-Roosevelt Forum, 333 Wash-

2-Engineers' Club, 2 Commonwealth av 3-Employes of Ford Plant at Som-

3:30-Boston Opera House employes and members of New Moon Company. 7:30-St Alphonsus A. A., Roxbury, annual banquet.

8-Dedication of New Faneuil Li-

brary, Brighton.

8:30—Rally at John J. Williams
Municipal Building. South End.

9—Rally at Theodore Roosevelt
School, Egleston sq.

) BAVELER 3/30/32

Mrs. Bacigalupo Enters Race For Delegate on Smith Slate

Replaces Dr. Helen I. McGillicuddy Who Withdraws—Curley Tours City in Rallies For Roosevelt

By W. E. MULLINS

Mrs. Mary L. Bacigalupo, prominent Mrs. Mary L. Bacigalupo, prominent Italian Democrat, yesterday replaced Dr. Helen I. McGillicuddy as one of the 12 candidates for delegate-at-large to the Democratic national convention pledged to vote for the nomination of Alfred E. Smith as the party's candidate for President.

Dr. McGillicuddy, originally named for the Smith slate by Frank J. Donahue, recently withdrew her name lest her participation in the political campaign produce an embarrassing situation in the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters of which she is a member. member

Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, an officer in the fraternal order, is an alternate on the slate pledged to vote for the nomination of Gov. Roosevelt. Mrs. McGillicuddy concluded that their presence on opposing tickets might create dissension in the order.

Donahue, authorized by Smith to ap prove candidates pledged to vote for him at the convention, certified the ap-

him at the convention, certified the approval of Mrs. Bacigalupo as a substitute candidate. With the filing of Mrs. Bacigalupo's nomination papers all vacancies created as a result of last week's withdrawals have been filled.

That was the only activity yesterday in the Smith camp, members of which are committed to a policy of watchful waiting as the Roosevelt campaign progresses along its militant route in arousing sentiment in anticipation of the presidential primary election on the presidential primary election on April 26.

CURLEY BACK TO STUMP

Mayor Curley again left his sick bed yesterday to return to the stump in the interest of the Roosevelt campaign. He

interest of the Roosevelt campaign. He opened the daily forum at the Roosevelt headquarters at Washington street and toured the city last night.

His speeches were largely a review of the situation as he has discussed it in his previous appearances before the Democrats. Accompanied by a group of his associates he visited rallies in Roxbury, South Boston and Dorchester.

He predicted that Roosevelt will be the Democratic candidate, bolstering up his view of the situation with the results of the primaries thus far conducted.

He charged that William G. McAdoo, Smith's bitterest opponent in the 1924 convention, had joined in the "stop Roosevelt" movement by his participation in the recent Georgia primary.

"Eight years ago," he said, "it was the same McAdoo who labored industriously and invoked every un-American agency for the purpose of preventing the nomination of Smith. His opposition to Roosevelt at this time is based, not on personal animus to Roosevelt, nor on his lack of belief in Roosevelt, nor on his lack of belief in Roosevelt, oune than any other individual, was responsible for the nomination of Smith in 1928."

Roosevelt, Curley declared, ended McAdoo's hopes of being nominated in 1924 when he christened Smith the "happy warrior."

ESTIMATES 400 DELEGATES

The mayor estimated that Roosevelt will have more than 400 delegates, nearly two-thirds of the number required to nominate, by May 1, and that Smith will not have delegates pledged to him from a single state, not even in his own state of New York.

"The recent announcement," he said, "by Gov. Ely that the 36 electoral votes of Massachusetts would be delivered in bulk under the direction of Chairman Donahue to Smith is, to say the least, in view of the intelligence of the Massachusetts electorate, a most brazen and

in view of the intelligence of the Massachusetts electorate, a most brazen and unwarranted assertion."

He held that Massachusetts had been repeatedly told for more than three years that Smith was not a candidate and he said that these statements had been accepted at face value.

The use of Smith's name, he charged, was only made to confuse and deceive Massachusetts Democrats so that Donahue might be equipped with a blank check to transfer the votes to whom he pleased at the convention.

check to transfer the votes to whom he pleased at the convention.

In summing up his conclusion, the mayor said "The issue then resolves itself into the simple proposition, namely, the pecuniary and material benefits that may flow to Donahue and his combination or the economic welfare of the 122,000,000 persons living in America."

America."
Other speakers at the rallies were James Roosevelt, Councillor James H. Brennan, James T. Moriarty, Edward G. Morris, Dr. Joseph Santosuosso, Prime Robicheaud, Gen. John H. Dunn, James H. Powers, Dr. Charles E. Mackey, Charles H. McGlue and Maurica L. Tohin. E. Mackey, Charles H. McGlue and Maurice J. Tobin. James Roosevelt attended the rallies

after a hurried return to this city from Portland where he was attending the Maine Democratic convention. He left for Portland again on an early morning train.

ing train.

At the South Boston rally Mayor Curley charged that those now supporting Smith were not engaged so much in their attempt to defeat Roosevelt as they were in their expressed purpose to drive him out of politics.

Henry Hendricks accepted the mayor's invitation to ask questions, seeking to be told how he could reconcile Mrs. Roosevelt's position as a rigid dry to the Governor's alleged position as a wet.

as a wet.

The mayor chided his cross-examiner
the name of a woman" The mayor chided his cross-examiner for "dragging the name of a woman" into the fight and after sending Hendricks from the platform whither he had been invited, the mayor declared that Roosevelt stands for the Raskob-Smith plan of states control of workhitten. prohibition.

Former Councillor Powers declared that "Senator Walsh has put a sick baby in 'Daisy' Donahue's lap and now last is running around with a milk bottle."

Powers has been antagonistic to Donahue since the state chairman charged him with treachery to the

the 1930 campaign when Powers issued a statement supporting Gov. Allen for re-election.

TWO RALLIES TONIGHT

Mayor Curley Scheduled to Speak Twice

Two Roosevelt rallies are scheduled tonight in addition to the usual noonday meeting at the Forum at 333 Washington street. Mayor Curley will head the list of candidates for delegates who

the list of candidates for delegates who will speak at the South end municipal building at Brookline street and Shawmut avenue and at the Roosevelt school, Jamaica Plain.

He will be accompanied by James Roosevelt, James H. Brennan, James T. Moriarty, Edward G. Morris, Edward A. McLaughlin, Jr., Dr. Joseph A. Santosuosso, Mrs. Nellie L. Sullivan, Grace Barry, Prime Robichaud, Joseph H. Hanken, Joseph J. Hurley, Arthur Reilly and Maurice J. Tobin.

At 6:30 tonight Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin will speak over WBZ in behalf of the Roosevelt campaign.

of the Roosevelt campaign.

HERALD BOWLING TOURNEY WINNERS RECEIVE



office yesterday as Mayor Curley presented the trophies and medals to the leaders in the recent New England duck pin championship Louise Hamilton and Joe Boulgli, the champions, are shown with their trophies on each side of the mayor.

ANIERICAN 3/30/32

Roosevelt Delegates to Be First on Ballot

Picture on Page 12

velt was chalked up today in Mass- Make 8 Speeches Today achusetts-even if it was only a minor victory.

In the drawing for positions of delegates-at-large on the ballot, the Roosevelt slates won first place, with the Smith slate relegated to

second place.
Secretary of State Cook used a little leather bottle, such as is used in "Kelly pool" games, to throw out the markers which decided the po-

sitions.
The Roosevelt forces also won the "edge" in the drawing for positions of candidates for district delegates. In eight of the 15 congres-sional districts Roosevelt candidates will be in first places on the ballots.

These districts are the fifth, sixth, seventh, tenth, eleventh, fourteenth and fifteenth.

Representing Chairman Donahue of the Democratic state committee, Smith leader, at the drawing, were Vice-Chairman Charles F. Riordan of Sharon and James A. Galvin of Jamaica Plain.

Representing Mayor Curley, the Roosevelt leader, were Charles H. McGlue, former chairman of the state committee; Edward A. McLaughlin, Jr., William H. McMasters and John H. Backus of New Bedford.

A victory for Franklin D. Roose. Mayor, Despite Cold, to

Despite the handicap of a linger-ing throat ailment, Mayor Curley has outlined a program of eight speeches for today.

In addition to his noon speech at the Roosevelt-for-President Forum at 333 Washington st., the mayor's public appearances for today are before the members of the Engineers' Club in their clubrooms in Commonwealth ave. at 2 p. m.; employes of the Ford Co. at their plant in Somerville at 3 p. m.; employes of the Boston Opera House and members of the New Moon company at 3:30 o'clock in the Opera House; members of the St. Alphonsus A. A. at their annual banquet in their quarters in Smith st., Roxbury, at 7:30, and the dedi-cation of the new Faneuil Library in Brighton at 8 p. m.

The mayor then starts the most The mayor then starts the most strenuous part of his program. At 8:30 o'clock he will speak at a Roosevelt rally in the John J. Williams Municipal Building, Brookline st, and Shawmut ave., South End, and at 9 p. m. will address another group of Roosevelt supporters in the Theodore Roosevelt school. Except sq.

MRS BACIGALUPO

Last Names Are Filed-**Drawings Today**

in Letter Hitting Donahue

Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, filed a the office of the Secretary of State yesterday the name of Mary L. Bacigalupo of Boston as a Democratic candidate for delegate-at-large pledged to Alfred E. Smith, in place of Helen I. McGillicuddy of this city. The latter's name was on the original list of Smith delegates, but she subsequently withdrew. Mrs Bacigalupo is the wife of James J. Bacigalupo, a lawyer, who has offices at 18 Tremont st, and lives at 211 Salem st. Mr Donahue acted as the accredited representative of Ex-Gov Smith.

At 10:30 this morning, in the office of the Secretary of State, lots will be drawn to determine the places which the various groups of delegates will have on the primary ballot.

Three Columns for Democrats

The Democratic ballot for the primary will have three columns. At the top of the first column will be the group of delegates-at-large fortunate enough to draw first place today, and the group of corresponding alternate delegates-at-large will be at the top of the second column. Further down of the second column. Further down in the first and second columns, respectively, will be the groups of delegates and alternates-at-large who do not draw first place. There will be only one drawing for these places; if the Smith candidates for delegates-atlarge draw first place, the Smith alternates will take the corresponding place, namely, at the head of the second column.

There will be one drawing also for each Congressional district. The group which wins will have the top of the third column on the ballot; immediately below them will be the other group of candidates for delegates. Further down in the column will be the groups of candidates for district alternates, arranged in the same order as the groups of delegates.

All candidates who have not filed in groups, whether at-large or in districts, will be arranged alphabetically in each column under the groups. Thus Representative Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, the only individual candidate for delegate-at-large on the whole pri-mary ticket, will be placed on the Democratic ballot below the two groups.

Few G. O. P. Contests

The Republicans have no contests for delegatos-at-large and only one or two for district delegates. On the other hand, Democratic groups for

Smith and for Roosevelt, respectively, have been filed at-large and in each Congressional district.

It is believed that first place on the ballot will be a considerable asset on the Democratic side. on smith slate the ballot will be a considerable asset on the Democratic side. Although on the Democratic side on the Democratic candidates for delegates, both at-large and in the districts, the voters in the primary must place a mark against p to support. Thus he may split his vote as he pleases so long as he does not mark his ballot for a larger number of delegates than are to be elected.

Representative Sawyer has sent the

Sawyer Asks Smith Designation

Secretary of State a letter requesting that he be designated on the buslot as "independent" Smith delegate.

Mr. Sawyer and in his letter. "I am a sent the secretary of State a letter requesting that he be designated on the buslot as "independent".



MRS MARY L. BACIGALUPO

running because I protest against a bossism, because I protest against a chairman of a State committee of my political party, or any political party whatsoever, to dictate to the free voters for whom they shall vote.

"My use of the name 'Smith' is not

a use of the name which requires his consent to have it printed as I have used it. I have used the name 'Smith' because the chairman of the Democratic party in this State has selected, by an outrageous rule of bossism, an official Alfred E. Smith slate.

"Had he selected an official Franklin D. Roosevelt slate or an official Newton D. Baker slate my designation would have been independent Roosevelt delegate or independent Baker delegate, as the case might be."

Hurley and McGlue Speak

School Committeeman Joseph J. Hurley, speaking in behalf of the delegates pledged to support Gov Frank-lin D. Roosevelt for the Democratic nomination for President yesterday at the Roosevelt rally at 333 Washington the Roosevelt rally at 333 Washington st, centered his attack on Chairman Donahue, whom he called "a little Napoleon, a little 'Little General.'" Mr Hurley predicted that Gov Joseph B. Ely "will not have the effrontery now to name Donahue to the vacancy on the Superior Court bench."

Ex-Chairman Charles H. McGlue of the State committee said it is "important from the patronage viewpoint

portant from the patronage viewpoint that a Roosevelt-pledged delegation be elected from Massachusetts, since Roosevelt is quite certain to be nominated."

Mayor Curley announced that it was decided not to hold daily meetings for the afterent racial groups, as all

the rallies for the next two weeks will be addressed by delegates and alternates of the pro-Roosevelt slate. Roosevelt rallies scheduled for today include the noon affair at 33 Washington st and two this evening, one in the South End at 8 o'clock in the Municipal Building, Brookline st and Shawmut av. City Councilor Edward L. Englert will preside at the other, in Theodore Roosevelt School, School and Dixwell sts, Jamaica Plain, for the residents of the Egleston-sq section.

section. The speakers at the two rallies will The speakers at the two railies will be Mayor Curley, James Roosevelt, Executive Councilor James H. Bren-nan, James T. Moriarty, Edward G. Morris, Edward A. McLaughlin Jr, Dr Joseph Santosuosso, Mrs Nellie L. Sullivan, Grace Barry, Prime Robi-chaud, Joseph H. Hanken, Joseph J. Hurley, Arthur Reilly and Maurice J. Tobin.

3/30/32 I RAMSCRIDT AN OLD CRY

[From the Springfield Union]

Mayor Curley has no patent on the idea that the progress, prosperity and safety of the country demands the election of a Democratic President and that the people are crying to the Democratic party for relief. In fact no man living has a patent on it, for everybody living was born long after Democratic spokesmen, forerunners of such as Mayor Curley, Jouett Shouse and others, were saying the same thing.

Except in rare instances it was discovered at election time that the people were not crying for the Democratic party at all. In those rare instances in which a Democratic President was elected not many moons passed before the people were crying for relief. In fact, no Demo-cratic President since Franklin Pierce has ever had a majority of the popular vote for presidential candidates. They have obtained their pluralities only because of third party candidates when they happened to hurt the Republican party more than their own. Nevertheless, Democratic spokesmen of

their day and generation have always consoled themselves with the pre-e'ection claim that the people were crying for them and their party. It is easy enough to claim it provided the party is not in a place of responsibility. For that reason it was unfortunate for the party that it had to organize the House in this Congress and thereby exhibit to the nation the inability of Speaker Garner and its other chosen leaders to prevent their party colleagues from running amuck.

nrst place on the ballot "represents a most decided advantage."

Mr. Curley declared that the usual Democratic primary vote in Massachusetts is not in excess of 82,000 votes but that the probability is that the vote in the 1932 primary may be four or five times as large as that in any previous primary in the history of the State. First place on the ballot, he said, would represent an advantage of not less would represent an advantage of not less

than 25,000 in a poll of 400,000 votes. Supporting the stand of Governor Roosevelt with relation to the League of Nations, the mayor said that the League was a "beautiful theory" as advanced by the late President Woodrow Wilson but that "we overlooked the important fact hat we were dealing with skilled, slick, smooth diplomats who forgot idealism when the hour of peril for Europe had passed.'

"Japan scrapped the League of Na-tions when she entered Manchuria," the mayor declared, "and when Franklin D. Roosevelt said he was opposed to the United States participating in the League he took a stand in keeping with the position now held generally by the people of this country." He added that "the "the sooner we become more interested in America than we are in other countries, the better for America."

Other speakers at the meeting, enlivened as usual by musical numbers and attracting large gatherings in the forum and in the street, included Whitfield Tuck, Arthur Reilly, chairman of the Boston School Committee, and Mrs. Mary E. Gallagher. Charles H. McGlue, for-mer chairman of the Democratic State Committee, presided.

Mrs. Gallagher, as secretary of the Franklin D. Roosevelt League for Women, urged the women to join the league, including in her appeal Republican women who she said should change their party enrollment. Reilly protested against what he termed the dictatorship of Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the State Committee in drafting the slate of delegates pledged to Alfred E. Smith, declaring that Smith is not a candidate.

The mayor stated that he would start his State-wide campaign for Roosevelt next Monday night in the auditorium in Springfield and will conduct rallies other centers in the western part of the State during the week. He will be accompanied by Thomas F. Cassidy of Cheshire, Daniel J. Gillen, assistant district attorney of Suffolk County, and Joseph J. Hurley of the Boston Schoo

Committee.

LEY RENEWS FIRE ON ELY FROM STUMP

Resumes Rally Speeches for Roosevelt Here

After one day's rest on orders of his physician, Mayor James M. Curley last night resumed active campaigning in behalf of the slate of delegates pledged to support Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York for the Democratic nomination for President at rallies in Roxbury. South Boston and Dorchester.

The Mayor appeared somewhat tired during the evening, but warmed up aggressively as he centered his attack on Gov Joseph B. Ely and United States Senator Marcus A. Coolidge, who he claimed did not think enough of Ex-Gov Smith to vote for him at the Houston Democratic convention.

800 at South Boston

At South Boston, nearly 800 persons crowded into Municipal Building Auditorium to hear the Mayor, Before starting, on his prepared address Mayor Curley said that he was on the defensive and said that he had been informed that there were "plants" in the audience. He invited questions from his listen.

He invited questions from his listeners and when one man arose in the rear of the hall, he was brought to the platform and asked the Mayor: "Why did Mrs Roosevelt address a meeting on prohibition when her husband claims to be a wet."

Mayor Curley parried by declaring that the name of a mother should not

that the name of a mother should not be drawn into a political gathering.

The Mayor openly charged the opposition with being more concerned with driving him out of politics.

"Gov Ely thinks a lot of Smith now but not enough in the last convention to go to Texas," he said. "The recent announcement by Gov Ely that the 36 delegate votes of Massachusetts would be delivered in bulk under the direction. be delivered in bulk under the direction of Chairman Donahue to Alfred E. Smith is, to say the least, in view of the intelligence of the Massachusetts electorate, a most brazen and unwarranted assertion."

No Doubt Over Roosevelt

The Mayor said that there is no doubt Roosevelt will be nominated President and said that by May 1, or five days after the Massachusetts primaries, Gov Roosevelt will have more than 400 delegates, nearly two-thirds of the number necessary.

Mayor Curley spoke at Teachers' Coilege, Huntington av, Roxbury, at William E. Russell School, Dorchester, and at South Bosten. He was accompanied by Theodore A. Glynn, School Committeeman Maurice Tobin, Charles H. McGlus and Ex-Councillar Lenge H. H. McGlue and Ex-Councilor James H. Powers.

James Roosevelt also spoke at the rallies and declared that there is no animosity and can be none in the Roosevelt family for Smith. He came from Maine to attend the meetings and plans to return there today.

Other speakers at South Boston were Brig Gen John H. Dunn and Dr Charles E. Mackey of the Boston School Com-mittee. Another meeting was held at Mary Hemenway School, Dorchester,

TRAUSCRIPT 3/50/32

Audubon Circle's Case Presented

Audubon Circle's appeal for an underground subway station on the extension now being completed between Kenmore square and St. Mary's street, Brookline, was presented in public hearing at City Hall this afternoon before a large audience of property owners and tenants in the neighborhood, all of whom had signed a petition for relief which was presented

to Mayor Curley last week.

The hearing was conducted for the petitioners by J. Weston Allen under the sponsorship of the newly formed organization of citizens living in the vicinity, who claim that a grievous mistake was made in the plans for the extension without provision for a station for their ac-commodation. Mr. Allen, in laying the basis for his case today, declared it to be a shame if those living between the bridge on Beacon street and the station at the terminus of the line should be obliged to walk about 1675 feet in either direction to board a car and also suffer the danger in being required to tross main streets filled with traffic.

Mr. Allen announced that an estimate had been made of the cost of the underground station as not more than \$250,000 if the area is limited to three-car trains, instead of six. It has, been the contention of the Transit Commission that the station could not be built for less than \$500,000, inasmuch as that part of the subway extension is now completed. Mr. Allen also presented much testimony to indicate the damage to properties by the abandonment of two stops, one at Mount-fort street and the other at Audubon Circle, when the subway is in operation, and no underground station to take their places. He expressed the fear that such inconvenience will force tenants to seek homes elsewhere, perhaps over the perhaps over boundary in Brookline, with much more accessible transportation facilities.

Others who spoke for the station were W. Franklin Burnham, president of the Audubon-Beacon Improvement Association; William Minot, Mr. Williams, man-ager of the Sears, Roebuck Company's store, and Charles A. Newhall, vice presi-

dent of the new organization.

Roosevelt Men to Top Ballot in Primaries

Win First Place in Drawing by Secretary of State, Smith's Slate Second

By William F. Furbush

The first skirmish in the Smith-Roosevelt battle for supremacy in this State was won today by the Roosevelt camp under the leadership of Mayor James M. Curley, when candidates for delegates pledged to Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt for the Democratic presidential nomination in Chicago were accorded first place on the ballot for the primaries on April 26. This was determined by a drawing for positions at the State House at 10.30 this morning under the supervision of Secretary of State Frederic W.

First place on the ballot is considered an asso, on the Democratic side.

Under the ballot arrangement, the slate of Roosevelt at-large delegates, with Mayor Curley's name heading the list, will appear at the top of the first column and the group of corresponding alternates-at-large will be at the top of the second column Further down in the first and second columns, respectively, the slate pledged to Alfred E. Smith and headed by Governor Ely will be listed, or in second position.

Lawyer Draws Third Position

Third position on the Democratic ballot was drawn for Representative Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, independent, but favornomination of former Governor

In the drawings for district delegates and alternates in the fifteen Congressional divisions, the Roosevelt candidates won eight first positions and the Smith candidates seven. First position goes to the Roosevelt camp in the following sections identified by the principal cities of the distacts: Worcester, Lowell, Haverhill-Salem, Lawrence, Lynn, districts 10 and 11 of Boston, Fall River and New Bedford. The Smith candidates drew

Committee, and one of the Smith alter, at 6.30 tonight in behalf of the Roosenates on the at-large slate, and Charles velt candidacy.

F. McGlue, at-large Roosevelt delegate In rallies la and former chairman of the State com and Dorchester, Mayor Curley again premittee, represented the Roosevelt camp.

Leaders of the Smith camp declined to State, who selected numbered players who more concerned with driving him out of as used by "Kelly" pool players who as used by "Kelly" pool players who more concerned with driving him out of as used by "Kelly" pool players who more concerned with driving him out of as used by "Governed with driving him out of as used to help the property policies than with the presidential nomination. He said that the recent declaration by Governor Ely in New York that the Massachusetts Democracy was all"Yories." The presidential nomination of the presidential nomina

top of the ballot, the smith men yield nothing of their confidence. They per-sist that there is "no real contest," that Massachusetts Democracy still is solid for the party's champion of 1928 and that the electorate will carefully search on the ballot for the names of candidates pledged to Smith.

Rooseveltians were elated, on the other hand, and pointed to the drawing as another indication of future events casting their shadows before There is a theory among old-time politicians, frequently exploded, however, that first place on the bal ot in many contests gives the holder thereof an advantage sometimes as great as 10 to 15 per cent of the vote cast.

No Major G. O. P. Contest

While the ballot for the Democratic will contain a multiplicity names for consideration the Republican ballot will be simple as there are no contests for delegates at large and only There will few for district delegates. be only one list of at-large delegates and alternates as selected by National Committeeman Louis K. Liggett and pledged to the renomination of President Herbert Hoover by virtue of the President's power of attorney issued to Mr. Liggett.

There is a Republican contest in the first district, with William F. Whiting, who succeeded Mr. Hoover as secretary of commerce under the administration of Calvin Coolidge, running as an indepenfor district delegate against the pledged-to-Hoover selection of Mr. Liggett. In the ninth district there are opposing groups, but each has the approval of the designation pledged-to-There also is a Hoover from Liggett contest in the eleventh district, the pledged-to-Hoover slate being opposed by two groups unpledged

Two Roosevelt Rallies Scheduled for Tonight

Continuing his program of Roosevelt-President night rallies in Boston, to be extended next week into State-wide activities, Mayor Curley will hold two meetings tonight, at which he is sched-uled to head a list of candidates for delegates as speakers. One rally will be at the South End municipal building, at Brookline street and Shawmut avenue, and the other at the Roosevelt School,

Jamaica Plain. The mayor will be accompanied by James Roosevelt, son of Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt, Executive Councilor James H. Brennan, James T. Moriarty, president of the State branch of the Amer can Federation of Labor, Edward Amer can Federation of Labor, Edward Amer position in the districts of Holyake, A. McLaughlin, Jr., Dr. Joseph A. Santry Prime Robichaud, Joseph H. Hanker, Cambridge-Boston (No. 9), Boston (No. 12) and Brockton-Quincy.

A group of about twenty persons witnessed the drawings. The Smith group was represented by Charles F. Riordan, vice chairman of the Democratic State Hotel Touraine, will speak over WEZ. vice chairman of the Democratic State Hotel Touraine, will speak over WBZ

In rallies last night in South Boston dicted the nomination and election of Roosevelt and charged that the all-Smith

made personally by the Secretary of David I. Walsh and Chairman Frank J. State, who selected numbered pills such Donahue of the State Committee, was used by "Kelly" pool players who more concerned with driving him out of

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tical advantage in having a place at the
brazen and unwacranted assertion."

Mrs. Bacigalupo Selected for Place on Smith Slate

Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State Committee has completed his slate of delegates pledged to Alfred E. Smith by the selection as a delegate at large of Mrs. Mary L. Bacigalupo of Boston, to fill the vacancy created by the withdrawal of Dr. Helen I. Doherty-McGillicuddy. The substitution was recorded by Chairman Donahue & the office of the secretary of State shortly before the expiration of the time limit at five o'clock yesterday afternoon:

Mrs. Bacigalupo is one of the most active Massachusetts Democratic women of Italian extraction and is a member of the State Committee. Her husband, James J. Bacigalupo, is a former State representative and is a practising Bos-

ton attorney

Dr. McGillicuddy withdrew from the Smith slate to prevent the possibility of a fraternal organization of which she is a member becoming involved in a political controversy.

Hoover Leads in Harvard Straw Vote, Baker Second

Tabulation of the results of the polling by Harvard students in the first day of the Harvard Crimson's presidential pref-

erence straw ballot yesterday showed President Herbert Hoover, Republican, topping the list with 430 out of a total 1050 votes. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War in the Wilson Cabinet, received 190 votes, and Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt was third with 180, as Democrats. On a party basis, the ballots gave the Democrats a victory with a total of 575 votes, as against 471 for the Republicans. Four other votes were for mer not listed on the Crimson's ballot. The polls are open again today to complete

the straw balloting.
Former President Calvin Coolidge was the only Republican in the Crimson's list in addition to President Hoover and received 41 votes in the first day's tabu-lation. The other returns were:

Alfred E. Smith 75, Governor Albert C. Ritchie of Maryland 45, Speaker John N. Garner of the National House of Representatives 31, Governor William H. Murray of Oklahoma 24, Samuel Sea. bury. New York city investigator, former Senator James A. Reed of Missouri 4, Norman Thomas 2, Go rnor Henry F. Byrd of Virginia 2, Will. a Z. Foster 2

question designed to disclose the shifts in political allegiance during the past four years disclosed that 168 Republicans have switched to the Democratic fold, and that 21 Democrats have changed to the Republican ranks. Three Socialists turned Democratic and one Democrat turned Socialist.

Curley "Greatly Gratified" by Drawing for Roosevelt

Mayor Curley declared today that he was "greatly gratified" by the result of the drawing at the State House which gives candidates for delegates pledged to Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt first place on the Democratic ballot for the primaries on April 26. Addressing his noon-day Roosevelt forum at 333 Washington street, the mayor said that "the usual luck accompan ed the ticket pleased to Roosessit" in the drawing and

MAYOR BUYS **BOX FOR SHOW**

Children's Sunlight Hospital to Benefit by Wrestling Card

Mayor James M. Curley today bought wrestling bout to be staged at the Garden April 6, a major portion of the proceeds of which will be turned over to the Children's Sunlight Hospital.

The feature match will be between Jim Londos, claimant of the world heavyweight title and the winner of tonight's weekly wrestling event at the Garden, "Gentleman Jack" Washburn and Sandor Szabo of Hungary. Hans Steinke, known as the "German Oak." also will appear in a bout with the "Masked Marvel."

MAYOR ASSISTS

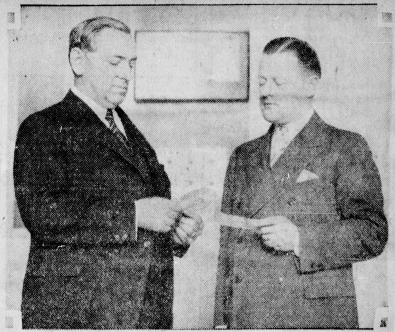
MAYOR ASSISTS

The mayor declared he was happy to lend his aid to making the affair a success in view of the worthiness of the project and instead of buying the customary two or four tickets, demanded a whole box, which Frank Prescott, of the publicity committee of the hospital produced in a jiffy.

In addition to the sport provided by the meeting of the champion and an outstanding challenger, the hospital

outstanding challenger, the hospital committee announced that they would donate valuable prizes to ticket-holders and during the intervals between matche; on the program a number of prominent vaudeville and radio stars would contribute their services to enter-

MAYOR PURCHASES BOX FOR SH



Mayor James M. Curley purchasing a box from Frank Prescott for the charity wrestling show to be held at the Boston Garden, April 6, between Jim Londos and the winner of tonight's bout, the proceeds of which will be turned over to the Sunlight Hospital.

taining the spectators. Prominent arrangements in which all the among the assisting artists will be Miss of the hospital are co-operating Prominent | arrangements in which all the director; Polly Wilkins, favorite radio performer.

Philip S. Comstock is chairman of the committee arranging the present affair and William J. Davidson, president of the hospital; Daniel Tyler, Jr., of the National Shawmut Bank, treasurer, and Frank Prescott are in charge of the

Mrs. Nellie Sullivan, Fall River. Joseph J. Hurley, Boston. Maj. Paul H. Hines, Boston. Joseph H. Hanken, Revere.

Hoover Delegates at Large

George F. Booth, Worcester. William M. Butler, Boston. Ex-Gov. Alvan T. Fuller, Boston. Mary Pratt Potter, Greenfield.

Smith Delegates at Large

United States Senator David Walsh, Clinton.

Gov. Joseph B. Ely, Westfield.

United States Senator Marcus A. Coolidge, Fitchburg.

Dist.-Atty. William J. Foley, Boston. Congressman William P. Connery, Lynn.

Congressman John J. Douglass, Boston.

Congressman John W. McCormack, Boston.

Congressman William J. Granfield, Springfield. Mr.: Mary L. Bacigalupe, Boston, Helen G. Roich, Laboville.

Gen, Charles G. C

CURLEY GOING

Opens Roosevelt There on Monday Night

campaign in western Massachusetts Monday night with a meeting in the municipal auditorium in Springfield.

The corps of speakers accompanying The corps of speakers accompanying the mayor, among whom will be Exsenator Thomas F. Cassidy, Asst. Dist. Alty. Daniel J. Gillen and Joseph J. Hurley of the school committee, will spend the entire week in the western section of the state, and noon and evening meetings will be arranged. Today the mayor, speaking at the forum on Washington street, predicted that Gov. Ely's score of 36 to 0 in favor of Smith will be transposed on primary day with Roosevelt whitewashing Smith.

Smith.

Anticipating renewal of the drive started in South Boston last night to credit Mrs. Roosevelt with being the "dryest of the drys," the mayor took

occasion today to place Roosevelt in ac-cord with the Raskob plan of state's rights and credited him with liberal

TO SPRINGFIELD rights and credited him with liberal views on this issue.

He also praised Roosevelt's shift upon the League of Nations and assailed President Hoover, whom he termed "dumb in the head and deaf in the ears" for not grasping the opportunity to force permanent world peace by offering cancellation of the debts of

Drive European nations to the United States.

He charged Hoover with bowing to het prohibitionists upon whom he relies for re-election.

for re-election.

Mrs. Mary E. Gallagher, secretary of the Women's Roosevelt League, spoke and announced that noonday and Sunday night meetings for women will be Mayor Curley will open the Roosevelt held in the Hotel Touraine.

Roosevelt Delegates at Large

Mayor James M. Curley, Boston. James Roosevelt, Cambridge. Councillor James H. Brennan, Charlestown.

Thomas F. Cassidy, Cheshire. James T. Mortarty, Botton.
Edward A. McLaughlin, Jr., Newton.
Prime Roblehaud, Gardner.
Dr. J. A. Zarana

Roosevelt's Pledged Slate Wins First Position on Ballot

Governor of New York Also Takes Eight Out of the Fifteen Congressional Districts—Drawings Made by Secretary of State

presidential nomination submission of the 18th Amendment. Democratic presidential nomination campaign, that of the drawing of places Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, independent of the rival delegations on the ballot candidate for delegate-at-large, Demo-for the primary on April 26, was won cratic ballot, to carry after his name by the forces of Gov Franklin D, the words, "Independent Smith deleby the forces of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt today.

cupy the first place on the ballot.

ANOTHER ADVANTAGE

and 15.

The delegations pledged to ex-Gov. Alfred E. Smith will appear first on the ballot in districts 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 12

and 13.

On the Democratic ballot the name of Representative Roland D. Sawyer, of Ware. independent candidate. will an-ear in third place following the Rooseelt and Smith slates.

On the Democratic ballot, in the 14th district, following the Roosevelt and 3mith slates of district delegates will ippear the names of John J. Smith and James M. Moran, both of Fall River. They are independent candidates but friendly to Ex-Gov. Smith. They wanted to carry the Smith-pledged banner but were not selected by Chairman Frank J. Donahue and others who made up the slates

Chief interest was in the Democratic drawing but there were several features of note in connection with the Republican drawing.

ON REPUBLICAN SIDE

names of 1st district the

In the 1st district the names of Dennis T. Noonan of Pittsfield, cx-May "Harvey B. Putnam, of Westfield, and William F. Whiting, of Holyoke, will appear in that alphabetical order.

In the 9th district the Iarver-Lutweiler combination, consisting of Prof. Thomas N. Carver, of Cambridge, and Rep. Clarence S. Lutweiler, of Newton, won first place, over Mayor Sinclair Weeks, of Newton, and Rep. Albert F. Bigelow, of Brookline. The former combination bears the designation "Herbert Hoover"; the latter "Pledged to Herbert Hoover." Both combinations have the approval of the Republican organization.

In the 11th district Edward L. Don-nelly and Albert S. Sutton, both of Bosnelly and Albert S. Sutton, both of Beston, independent candidates, drew first place; Charles Alpert and Joseph Lo-Presto, Jr., both of Chelsea, independent candidates, drew second place; Harold A. Budreau and Saverio R. Romano both of Boston, the regular approved Republican slate, drew third place; William F. McDonald, of Boston, independent, fourth place.

PENDING DECISIONS

The ballot law commission met immediately after the drawing to pass on the following questions:

1—As to allowing William F. Mc-Donald, independent Republican candi-By DONALD R. WAUGH
The preliminary skirmish in the have after his name the words, "Re-

Roosevelt today.

The slate of Roosevelt-pledged candidates for delegates-at-large will occurry the first place on the ballot.

3—As to allowing Dennis T. Noonan
of Pittsfield, Republican candidate, 1st
district, the right to have after his
name the words, "Pledged to Hoover." Noonan did not have the Hoover

In addition, the Roosevelt forces scored in eight of the 15 congressional districts and the slate of Roosevelt-pledged candidates will occupy first place in districts 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 14 lican national committeeman from and 15. Massachusetts, who was in charge of making up the slate.

The commission voted against all three petitioners.

The drawing for places was witnessed. The drawing for places was witnessed by a dozen or more political leaders. It war held in the election room of the scretary of state's department. An oid-time leather bottle, such as is used in "Kelly pool" games, with numbered pills, was used, Secretary Cook shaking the bottle and allowing the numbers to come out. Clerk John Kelley marked the numbers as against the names.

AT THE DRAWING

Noticed in the group of spectators were: Charles F. Riordan, vice-chairman of the Democratic state committee; Representative Roland D. Sawyer, Edward A. McLaughlin, Jr., a Roosevelt candidate for delegate-at-large; John H. Backus of New Bedford, Roosevelt candidate in the 15th district; Charles Nichols, secretary of the Republican state committee; Edward L. Donnelly, A. L. Sutton and James A. Galvin.

Included in the list of delegates, Republican and Democratic, not previously mentioned, whose names will appear

ly mentioned, whose names will appear on the ballots of the two parties are the following:

REPUBLICAN

Alternate, 1st district, Mrs. Fred-erick O. Judd, Easthampton, in place of Harvey A. Gallup, North Adams.

DEMOCRATIC

(Roosevelt candidates) First district, alternate delegates, Louis H. Prevost, Holyoke.

Second district delegates, John Hall and Lawrence F. O'Brien, Springfield; alternates, Maurice F.

Springheid; alternates, Madrice F.
Lyons, Svringfield, and Joseph P.
Vinceleta, Chicopee.
Third district, alternate delegate, Raymond M. Fabreau, South-

Thirteenth district delegate, Charles C. Lucy, Brockton, in place of John H. O'Connell, Brockton.

WOMEN'S DAY AT FORUM
Within a few days Secretary of State
Frederic W. Cook will have ready the
sample ballots for the Massachusetts
primate. April 26. In one important

respect the ballots will differ this year from those used at the last presidential primary, / pril. 1928.

In that year the then Gov. Alvan T. Fuller, being interested in the candidacy of Herbert Hoover, then secretary of commerce, got the Legislature to put a law through having a space provided on law through having a space provided on the ballot where the voters could write in the name of their favorite candidate. The law held for one year only and no such arrangement prevails this time.

Reports from western Massachusetts indicate that the Republican furore over the elimination from the hand-picked slate of William F. Whiting of Holyoke, because he didn't pledge himself to President Hoover, is becoming more and more intense, and Whiting is going ahead with a vigorous campaign.

more and more intense, and Whiting is going ahead with a vigorous campaign.

The prohibition question has also been injected because of the fact that the replacements on the slate in place of Whiting and former Senator Harvey A. Gallup, namely Mrs. Frederick E. Judd and former Mayor Putnam of Westfield, are strong drys.

It was "women's day" at the Curley-Roosevelt daytime rallies today with the forum at 333 Washington street and another gathering in the Dutch room of

another gathering in the Dutch room of the Hotel Touraine.

Tonight the mayor and his crew of spellbinders will speak at the South End municipal building, Brookline street and Shawmut avenue, and at the Theodore Roosevelt school, Dixwell and School streets, Egleston Square. City Councilman Edward L. Englert will preside at the latter function.

ANIERICAN 3/30/32

Standish Willcox, private social secretary to Mayor Curley, is in the City Hospital for treatment and a probable operation on his ear. The infection is said to be a minor one, and it is expected he will be able to return to his duties within a few days.

Willcox has been a patient at the South End institution six times before, three of them being in 1924, when he suffered two attacks of diabetes and a minor ear infection. In 1925 he was taken ill with pneumonia, and in 1928 he was once more a patient, this time with a broken arm. His last confinement was in April, 1929, when he was again treated for diabetes.

Today, he was reported to be comfortable.

3/30/32

CURLEY ILL BUT MAKES

to Open Campaign for Roosevelt

In defiance of his doctor's orders, words for Smith.

Mayor Curley last night left his sick

"It's an insult to ask you to vote for bed, where he had been confined with a group of politicians which were handa severe chest cold, and made a tour of the city until nearly midnight to make three speeches, opening his State-wide campaign to obtain the nomination of delegates pledged to Donahue," the Mayor charged.

Claims Trankle Donahue, Claims Trankle Donahue," They are using Smith's name not for loyalty but as a subterfuge for the pecuniary benefit of little Frankle Donahue," the Mayor charged. Franklin D. Roosevelt for President.

ASSAILS DONAHUE

Democratic State committee, and his alieged "hand-picked slate" of seeking to drive him from Massachusetts polilast night.

ed, "are not in this campaign to promote the interests of Alfred E. Smith or to prevent Franklin D. Roosevelt from winning the nomination, but they are in the fight expressly for the purpose of dragging from the political life of Massachusetts, James Michael Cur-

The Mayor was given a big ovation by the crowds at South Boston municipal building and the William E. Russell School at Dorchester, as well as at the Teachers' College at Roxbury, James Roosevelt, son of the Presidential candidate, was similarly received by the enthusiastic meetings.

Charges Insincerity

Loyal to Smith was not the object of the Donahue slate, the Mayor charged, recalling that Governor Ely was not sufficiently interested in Smith four years ago to make the trip to Texas after the Massachusetts voters had years ago to make the trip to Texas after the Massachusetts voters had chusetts Democracy will not be dictated to by this small group of politicians on the other side."

That Senator Walsh a few months costing 163 votes against Smith in the 1924 convention.

The Mayor was interrupted at his South Boston rally by a man in the back of the hall. "I know the other side has 'planted' hecklers in the audience," he scoffed, inviting the questioner to come to the stage.

the man demanded: "Why is Mrs. Roosevelt addressing prohibition meetings when her husband, the Governor, is supposed to be a wet?"

Explains Roosevelt's Position

Hasing his voice to a high pitch, the Mayor shouted: "Any person who brings the sacred name of a mother into a political meeting does not deserve an answer. Get off the stage." As the questioner returned to the rear of the hall the Mayor shaped his mind and hall, the Mayor shanged his mind and agreed to answer.

SPEECHES "Governor Roosevelt is not pussyfooting on the wet question like a lot of other candidates," stated the Mayor. "He has come out openly and declared himself in favor of the States rights plan recommended by Chairman John Leaves His Sick Bed Bed Chairman John J. Raskob of the Democratic national committee. States that want liquor should have it, and liquor should not be forced upon the States that do not desire it. That's Rooseveit's position and the position of every sane man in America."

Raps Ely's Statement

Predicting that Roosevelt would have 400 delegates before May I ready to clinch his nomination, the Mayor charged that it was an insult to the intelligence of Massachusetts voters for

Claims Trend to Roosevelt

The Mayor declared that United States Senator King of Utah, on his way to Portland, yesterday questioned Into the heart of South Boston and Dorchester, where it was reported he would meet with little success, the Mayor belligerently faced his audiences and for the first time openly accused Chairman Frank J. Donahue of the Democratic State committee, and his Maydr bertrand, yesterday questioned thim that 12 stated their preference for Roosevelt, while three were for Smith. A Springfield poll showed 72 for Roosevelt out of 100 interrogated, the Mayor belligerently faced his audiences and his Maydr bertrand, yesterday questioned the state of the south that 12 stated their preference for Roosevelt, while three were for Smith. Springfield poll showed 72 for Roosevelt out of 100 interrogated, the Mayor belligerently faced his suddences and for the first time openly accused the suddence and last night.

"Daisy Donahue's group," he shout- ton audience that he was getting a lot of fun out of the campaign. He stated that he was in Portland, Me., last night at 6:30 and skipped down to the Boston rallies, although he was due back at Portland at 2:30 o'clock this morning.

Stirring Tribute to Smith

Referring to the long friendship between his father and former Governor Smith, young Roosevelt said: can be no animosity and will be none in the Roosevelt family against Alfred E. Smith. But here in this, my home State of Massachusetts, I am now sorry to find after our Democratic victories of 1928 and 1930, that an attempt is being made by a small group of men for their own political purposes to trade on their own political purposes to trade on the friendship of Smith, whom I regard as one of the greatest Americans that have ever lived. But I feel confident that I can assure you that the Massa-chusetts Democracy will not be dictated

Roosevelt Now Has 111 of 162 Delegates

Including 26 delegates for lowe and 28 from Georgia, Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt has a total of 111 pledged delegates out of 162. Yesterday the Iowa delegates were instructed to vote for Roosevelt, and he already has the assurance of the Georgia delegation, to be chosen April 6.

The above total does not include the 12 Maine delegates, who are to be chosen today at the Democratic State convention in Portland.

leaders would "string along with Smith for a while and then go to Roosevelt," was the statement made last night at the South Boston rally by former Gov-ernor's Councillor James E. Powers of the Roosevelt ticket.

"Since then, however," laughed Powers, "Smith dropped a sick baby in Walsh's lap and the Senator has got Daisy Donahue running round with a nursing bottle. But we have a healthy baby in Governor Roosevelt and South Boston is going to stand behind him to a man."

TWO ROOSEVELT RALLIES TONIGHT

Two Roosevelt rallies are scheduled tonight by Mayor Curley, in addition to the usual noonday forum at 333 Washington street, and the women's forum which will swing into action this noon at the Hotel Touraine.

The night meetings will start at 8 o'clock at the Roosevelt School at Egleston square, and also at the South End municipal building, Brookline street and Shawmut avenue.

An appeal to the Democratic voters of the State to units behind Research

of the State to unite behind Roosevelt was voiced in the noonday forum yesterday by Charles H. McGlue, former chairman of the Democratic State com-

WILLCOX IS IN CITY HOSPITAL

Mayor's Secretary Has Infection of the Ear

Standish Willcox, private social secretary to Mayor Curley, was admitted to the City Hospital yesterday noon to undergo treatment and a probable opera-tion on his ear. The infection is said to a minor one, and it is expected he will be able to return to his duties within a few days.

Mr. Willcox has been a patient at the South End institution six times before, South End institution six times belove, three of them being in 1921, when he suffered two attacks of diabetes and a minor ear infection. In 1925 he was taken ill with pneumonia, and in 1928 he was once more a patient, this time with a broken arm. His last confinement was in April, 1939, when he was again tracted for diabetes.

Testerday he was admitted to the was accorded to the way.

3/30/32

BATTLE OF THE BUDGETS"

It all seems quite uncalled for. There should be no occasion for any "battle of the budgets." Anyhow no such "battle" ever will settle anything. Municipal finance is so complicated a thing and budget making is so expert a process that for the charges brought by one city against another there always will be a comeback avail-

Our finance commission had a perfect right to send an agent to Milwaukee to study and report upon the administration of that city's finances. There was no reason for a report to be rendered which reads like a declaration of war. Such documents usually carry conviction according to the sobriety and dignity of their

Our people are not much interested in the tone. technique of the Milwaukee amortization fund. What they want to know is why a private bureau which specializes in state and municipal ratings gave Milwaukee a grade of 100 per cent. and Boston a ranking a little lower. The Milwaukee mayor naturally seized on that rating to advertise his city. He may have indulged to a considerable degree in hyperbole, but that is beside the mark. The simple fact is that Boston's credit is not impaired and we ought to remember that a study of the way Milwaukee does things is one thing and an attack on Milwaukee

The municipal securities bureau to which is quite another. the finance commission pays its respects gave both Maryland and Milwaukee a 100 per cent. rating, and Massachusetts and Boston 96 per cent. There was a reason: We do not guarantee bank deposits of public funds. If when Massachusetts and Boston place public moneys in a bank that bank were required to post a surety company bond for the amount of the deposit or to put in escrew an equal amount of government bonds, so that in case of any "trouble" these deposits would be instantly available, then our rating also would be 100 per cent. That is the one thing which accounts for the difference between the ratings of the two cities and of the two states.

The findings of the finance commission report must be scrutinized with care. As in all such cases, perfect comparisons are impossible because perfect municipal parallels never exist. Says the report: "Milwaukee is now building her first health unit. Boston has eight in operation." Well, where did the money come from to build them? Mainly from the munificent gift of the late George R. White.

The report states that the net debt of the tion should be considered. Between 1921 and New England branch manager and T. D. Corcoran, assistant branch manager 1931, Milwaukee grew six times as fast as Boston, the rates being 26.5 per cent. and 4.4 per cent. That means, of course, that the western city had to multiply its services and enlarge them rapidly. In 1921 Milwaukee had proportionately a much lower debt than Boston. The increase per capita in the ten years following was 65 per cent. for Milwaukee and 33 per cent. for Boston. But the present per capita debts of the two cities, using the commission's own figures, are \$79.50 for Milwaukee and \$83 for

As to taxes: The report gives Milwaukee's Boston. 1931 rate as \$33.66. Boston's was \$31.50. But

that of the adjusted rates? C. E. Rightor, of the Detroit bureau of governmental research, for years has made annual tabulations of tax rates adjusted on the basis of assessed values to true values, and other important factors. These figures are generally accepted as authoritative. He gives Milwaukee an adjusted tax rate of \$24.03 and Boston \$28.35.

Something is said also, but without tabulations, as to the variety of services furnished by Boston as compared with Milwaukee. Doubtless Boston is getting a large excess of service. But it is cost that is in question, and the financial statistics of cities issued last for 1928 by the census bureau shows that the maintenance of all our departments cost Boston \$66.24 per capita as against \$48.29 for Milwaukee. In per capita expenditures, department by department comparisons show Milwaukee spending more for recreation only, \$3.50 per capita against \$3.25

Our purpose is not to belittle Boston and for Boston. glorify Milwaukee. We simply state that we have serious doubts of the value of this report. And when all is said and done, the city of Boston needs no array of figures for defensive use. There is nothing the matter with her credit. If Milwaukee really deserves a slightly higher rating, let her have it.

TRAVELER 3/31/32

Mayor Inspects New Ford



Mayor James M. Curley at the pre-showing of the new Ford V-8 cars respectively 115 per cent, and 40 per cent. In at the plant of the Ford Motor Company in Cambridge yesterday afternoon. any such comparisons, it is plain that popula- He is standing beside a Victorian model. With him are C. A. Esslinger,

7 MERICAN 3/31/32 NEW FORD OFFERING MAKES



The new Ford automobile, with all its new features, in eight and four cylinder models, is on display today for the first time, in the Ford plant in Cambridge. Mayor James M. Curley is shown inspecting the new car. The mayor is shown with C. A. Esslinger, New England manager for the Ford Motor Co., and T. J. Corcoran, assistant New England manager. "The New Ford will be shown all day and evening Friday and Saturday at the Cambridge plant,'

MAYOR WARNS for 1932.

Under the Retirement

Ely's Action on City Retirement Fund Bill

Members of the legislature were warned by Mayor Curley today that if they sustain Governor Ely's veto of House bill last week. In his communication to the legislators the mayor stated to the legislators the mayor stated that on two occasions Corp. Country and the amount paid into the city retirement fund by municipal authorities by approximately soon,000 this year, they will be responsible for an increase of 25 cents in the Boston tax rate

Under the terms of the Boston Retirement Act, accepted in 1922. the city assumed the obligation of raising \$20,000,000 in the 30-year period beginning in 1923 to provide pensions based on the service of employes prior to acceptance of the act.

BACKED BY EXCHANGE.

The contribution by the city for Urges Legislature to Override this year would amount to \$1,339. this amount would be reduced by \$500,000 and the city would be permitted to extend the period of accumulation from 30 to 40 years. The mayor explained that this change would take 25 cents off the

The bill was vetoed by Gov. Ely tax rate. last week. In his communication audience with the governor with a

GLOBE 3/31/32

DISAPPROVES ADVANCE TAX PAYMENT ORDER

Mayor Curiey today refused his approval to the order for the acceptance of Chapter 94 of the Acts of 1932, which permits taxpayers to pay 90 percent of their taxes in advance and obligates the city to pay 6 percent interest on any money thus paid.

terest on any money thus paid.
The Mayor in his communication to the City Council announcing his atti-tude, said that the necessity of the act apparently had passed and that the was now borrowing money for city was now borrowing included in less than 6 percent in anticipation of

Mayor Curley, "to prevent the City Council and the Mayor from accepting this act on short notice if conditions during the next few months warrant it." "There is nothing, however," said tayor Curley, "to prevent the City

CURLEY SAYS TRUST IS ROOSEVELT'S FOE

Mayor Lays "Stop" Drive to Power Interests

Enthusiastic audiences greeted Mayor James M. Curley at crowded rallies in the interests of the candidacy of Gov Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York for the Presidential nomination last night at the Municipal Building, West Brookline st and Shawmut av, and Theodore Roosevelt School, Egleston sq.

Mayor Curley was the principal speaker at both meetings and also addressed gatherings at the opening of the new Faneuil Branch Library, and the St Alphonsus banquet at Roxbury. He appeared improved in health, although he was acting against orders of his physician, Dr Martin English, who accompanied him on his tour.

Mayor Curley attacked the "power interests" in his addresses and said they want to stop Roosevelt because "Roosevelt wants to stop the power trust."

Points to Other States

"In New Hampshire," he said, "the "In New Hampshire," he said, "the power trust bought up all the water rights and thought they had politics bottled up but the returns show that Roosevelt had the upper hand. Then they turned to Maine and appeared on the scene with little black bags that we heard about in the oil scandal. They were against Roosevelt, and again Roosevelt won out. again Roosevelt won out.

The Mayor repeated the charge that his enemies are trying to "crush Jim

Curley."

"They have been trying to crush me for 30 years," he said. "They are crying to do it now but they never will. They've always had me licked until They've always had me licked until they got through voting and then they

Mayor Curley declared Ex-Gov Smith woke up.

is not a candidate.

He said Roosevelt is the most able and most capable man who has aspired to Democratic office in the past

pired to Democratic office in the past quarter century.

"We can't afford to let the country go back into the hands of those who have looted it in the past three years," the Mayor said, "because only God knows how long the depression is going to last; but one thing is certain—the depression will last as long as the Republicans are in power."

City Councilor Richard Gleason presided at the South End meeting and W. Arthur Reilly presided at Egleston sq. James Roosevelt, son of the New York Governor, and Theodore A.

York Governor, and Theodore A.

Glynn also spoke.

Praise of Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt
was voiced by Mrs Helen Countie
was voiced by Mrs Helen Countie
Galvin, candidate for delegate-at-large
Galvin, candidate for Gov Roosevelt, on the slate pledged to Gov Roosevelt, last night in a radio talk over Station WNAC.

The Roosevelt Loyalty League, formed last night at a meeting of independent workers for the nomination of Goy Roosevelt, adopted resolutions deploring "attempts to impede and stop his progress for no other reason than politics."

Richard Noian, president; Henry A. Gray, vice president; S. A. White, treasurer, and Mrs Theresa L. Chisholm, secretary.

The league went on record as declaring "the refusal to name him as second choice of the Massachusetts delegation was a grave mistake." The resolution also said that "the placing of shateles in his path, despite his

resolution also said that "the placing of obstacles in his path, despite his ability in leadership, is an ill return for loyal services rendered."

Rallies in the interests of Roosevelt will be held tonight in Henry Pierce School, Codman sq; Aperion Hall, 5% Warren st, Grove Hall; Wellington Auditorium, Mattapan; and Municipal Building, River and Central sts, Hyde Park. Mayor Curley will speak at Grove Hall at 8:30, Codman sq at 9:10, Mattapan at 9:40, and Hyde Park at 10:10. James Roosevelt and other Democrats will speak at all of the Democrats will speak at all of the

CURLEY APPEAL FROM ELY VETO

Asks House Pass Boston Retirement Extension Bill

Members of the House of Representatives were appealed to today by MAYOR CURLEY BUYS BOX Mayor Curley to pass House Bill 391, relating to annuity and pension contributions for employes of the city of success of the wrestling carnival to Boston or the County of Suffolk. This be conducted for the benefit of the bill was vetoed by Gov Ely. Mayor Children's Sunlight Hospital at the Curley said today, "If the Governor's Boston Garden Wednesday, April 6, by veto of the bill is sustained, the effect buying vesterday a box for the show. will be an increase of 25 cents on every \$1000 of valuation imposed upon

The Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange in a communication signed by Elbridge R. Anderson, chairman of the Legislative Committee, also favors passage of the bill. The memorandum of the Exchange in part said, "Because of existing conditions, it seems desirable to take advantage of any proper measure that will assist in keeping down the tax rate, and from keeping down the tax rate, and from investigation and the opinions experised by reliable experts on the subject, we are satisfied that the system would not be impaired by extending the liability over a longer period, and the alternates.

The Massachusetts Real Estate Experised by FOUR ROOSEVELT

RALLIES TONIGHT

In his city-wide campaign for the election of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the healt tonight, starting at 8 o'clock, in the new 12th congressional district, where Francis X. Sheehan and Dr. Charles E. Mackey are running and the liability over a longer period, and the alternates.

The Massachusetts Real Estate Experisor by the Massachusetts Real Estate Experisor by the sample of the course of the presidency.

The Massachusetts Real Estate Experisor by the libration of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the labelity of the presidency of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the labelity of the presidency of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the labelity of the presidency of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the labelity of the presidency of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the labelity of the presidency of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt for the presidency, the labelity of the labe the taxpayers of the city."
The Massachusetts Real Estate Exthe taxpayers would secure a measure the alternates.
of relief by putting this bill into ef-

ton Retirement Act, passed in 1922, the city assumed the obligation of raising in the 30 years beginning with 1923, the sum of approximately \$20,000,000 which represented the average of providing represented the expense of providing pensions based on the service of employes prior to the passage of the act.
"The annual contributions, as activarially computed have been forth."

tuarially computed, have been faithfully made and the funds are now somewhat in excess of the amount or total and the funds are now to the funds are now to

somewhat in excess of the amount or-iginally anticipated.

"The contribution by the city for this particular purpose in 1931 was \$1.300,000 and the amount required for 1932 must be at least 3 percent more, or \$1,339,000.

"The bill before the Legislature ex-tends the period in which this \$20,000, 000 must be accumulated 10 years, or from 30 years to 40 years.

"Its effect will be to reduce the amount required for 1932 by \$500,000, and possibly by a like sum in 1933.

"The 30-year period was arbitrarily fixed originally and could have just as well have been fixed at 40 years. The fixed originally and could have just as well have been fixed at 40 years. The proposition has been carefully examined in detail by the Retirement Board, the financial officers of the city and by the actuary of the board, George B. Buck, who is admittedly the foremost actuary in this country in pension matters, and all agree that it will have no detrimental effect upon the financial structure of the system.

the financial structure of the system.
"Mr Buck, who is actuary of the
New York City Retirement System, of
the New York State Retirement Sys. tem, of the New Jersey State Retiremen System, of the United States General Retirement System and of several private retirement systems, such as the Western Union and the Federal Reserve Bank, says of House bill No.

391:
"To my mind the bill is reasonable
and fair and entirely safe from the
viewpoint of the retirement system.
The bill was drafted to protect the The bill was drafted to protect the system first and then to give relief to the tax payers for a period of years. If a reduction in taxes at this time will be of lasting benefit to the tax payers, I know of no reason why the measure would not be of advantage to all concerned."

FOR BENEFIT MAT CARNIVAL

Mayor Curley added his bit to the

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the taxpayers would secure a measure the alternates.

The Mayor is scheduled to speak first at Aperion Hall, 575 Warren street, and considering the security of the Bosmand Welles avenue, Dorchester, a block from the home of former Mayor Fitzers and Welles avenue, Dorchester, a block from the home of former Mayor Fitzers.

Later the Mayor will appear at the Wellington auditorium, at 156 Wellington Hill street, Mattapan, and finally at the Hyde Park municipal building at River and Central streets.

SAYS INTERESTS ROOSEVELT FOES

Curley Charges 'Power Trust' with Opposing N. Y. Governor

AND IN DORCHESTER

Power trust interests were charged last night by Mayor Curley with responsibility for the "under cover" campaign that is being waged against the candidacy of Gov. Roosevelt for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Speaking at rallies in the South end and Dorchester the mayor declared that the opposition to Roosevelt has been drawn up by them because he "has stood in the pathway of vicious big business as represented by the power trust in America when its increasing growth was becoming a menace not only to the rights of the citizens but to the welfare of the entire people."

While the mayor was continuing his activity in Roosevelt's interests Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, candidate for a place as alternate delegate-at-large on the Roosevelt slate, was rushing to the defence of Mrs. Roosevelt.

In an extensive statement she deplored the character of the campaign that she alleges has made Mrs. Roosevel; a target. In denying that the wife of the New York Governor is an advocate of birth control, Mrs. Galvin ex cate of birth control, Mrs. Galvin explained the circumstances by which Mrs. Roosevelt presented Margaret Sanger, leading advocate of the birth control 4 ovement, a medal for being the American woman to make the greatest contribution in the field of service.

vice.

Meanwhile the advocates of Alfred E. Smith maintained their policy of silence in spite of the information that Mayor Curley is planning to extend the Roose-Curley is planning to extend the Roose-velt campaign into other sections of the state. He has arranged to conduct a rally in the Springfield auditorium Monday night and meetings will be conducted in other cities in the western section of the state early next week.

In declining an invitation to serve as honorary vice-president of the Waltham Roosevelt club, Mayor Patrick J. Duane of Waltham assailed Mayor Curley for the tactics he has employed in

ley for the tactics he has employed in directing bitter attacks on members of his own party. This method of campaigning he contrasted with Senator Walsh's.

Mayor Curley was accompanied around the Boston circuit by Dr. Martin J. English, his physician. At the South end municipal building, where the meeting was presided over by Courcilman Richard D. Gleason, the mayor was cordially greeted by a gathering of

The mayor was greeted at Roosevelt school in Egleston square by about 500 at a raily at which Councilman Edward L. Englert presided. Here he charged that a large group of Masser.

hide benind the said, "needed a Lincoln in civil war times. It needed a Lincoln in civil war times. It needed a Teddy Roosevelt in another generation. Today the nation needs another Roosevelt and we are behind that man." He told his audience that it would be a highly interesting tale when Smith finally consents to tell why he is opposed to Roosevelt. He charged the stupid political leadership in Massachusetts and in Washington with the responsibility for the heavy taxes being imposed.

SPEAKS IN SOUTH END AUDUBON CIRCLE STOP REFUSED

Transit Commission Says Expense Would Exceed \$1,000,000

By JAMES GOGGIN

Unless specific instructions are imposed upon the metropolitan transit commission to expend more than \$1,-000,000 for a subway station at Audubon circle and Beacon street, no chance exists of any material altering of the plans of the Beacon street extension from Kenmore square to St. Mary's street.

The prohibitive cost, and the added fact that a station at Audubon circle would be impractical, if not impossible, nullify the arguments favorable to such a station, advanced yesterday by representatives of 300 property owners to the transit commission and trustees of

Because there is a somewhat sharp grade in the subway at the circle and the Elevated. because of a reverse curve which forms a serious engineering problem, construction of a station at the circle would force not only a modification of the existing grade, but an extension of the terminus well beyond St. Mary's street in Brookline.

In Brookline.

An alternative plan, which the transit commission has considered, concerns a station at Maitland street which can be built for not more than \$450,000, but as this location is not regarded as a solution of the problem created by the lack of a station at Audubon circle, there is little likelihood of any addition to the original plans.

Yesterday's hearing in the city coun-

W. Franklin Burnham, president of the Audubon-Beacon Improvement Association; William S. Minot, Chauncy S. Williams and C. M. Henry of Sears, Roebuck Company; Charles A. Newhall, William M. McDonnell, Mrs. Mary E. McLeod, T. Robert Sullivan, Clarence W. Rowley, John W. Lindsee, Mrs. Evangeline Riley, Dr. Seth Arnold and Samuel Fuller. Among the banks which Samuel Fuller. Among the banks which the president of the petition were the Home Savings, Boston Safety Deposit & Trust Company and Charlestown Savings Bank, Councilment James Hein elicited 1990.

than to Boston.

men:

an made this statement to newspaper and the continuous and a station at Audubon circle do not understand that to locate a station there would not only force the destruction of the completed subway but would compel an extension of its terminus far beyond St. Mary's street in Brookline. There is a sharp grade at that point, due to the necessity of going beneath the railroad tracks, and there is also a reverse curve which is an important factor in the problem. It would cost well over \$1,000,000 to build the station at the point desired. The commission has studied the matter and it is our judgment that a station at Mattland street might not cost more than \$450,000, but we cannot perceive that such a station would serve the purpose which is desired.

which can be built between square and St. Mary's street will cost about \$500,000 and it will not be at Audubon circle."

Objection to compelling residents of Boston to walk 1800 feet to Brookline to board cars was coupled with the claim that the subway extension will be of more practical benefit to Brookline than to Boston.

At the end of the hearing Col. Sullivan made this statement to newspaper

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CURLEY FLAYS POWER TRUST

Direct charges that the "power trust" rushed campaign money into New England during the last couple of months in an effort to block the nomination of Roosevelt for President were hurled by Mayor Curley last night in a series of rallies in various sections of the city, seeking the election of the Roose-well delegates here in the Presidential

"Suspicious-looking gentlemen carry-ing the little black came so notorious in charged the Mayor, "went into New Hampshire and then risious campaign to block Roosevelt vicious campaign to block Roosevelt with their gold."

with their gold."

But despite the fact, he said, that the "power trust" had gobbled up the bulk of the water power of both States, it was defeated in its efforts to ruin Roosevelt, whom he characterized as the only man feared by the big trusts in the Presidential campaign. the Presidential campaign.

Yesterday's hearing in the city council chamber was held by Col. Sullivan and his associates, Arthur B. Corbett and Nathan Heller, and by Trustees and Nathan Heller, and by Trustees Henry I. Harriman, Edward E. Whiting and E. A. Johnson of the Elevated.

J. Weston Allen was the spokesman of the petitioners, and speakers included W. Franklin Burnham, president of the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, in a Roosevelt radio address last night.

"As a mother, as a Christian woman, where is to me no charge more return to the presidental Campaign.

3/31/32

UTAMUS FOR STATION AT AUDUBON

Transit Commission Is Against Project as Too Costly

Possibility of the construction of a new subway station at Audubon circle on the Beacon street extension of the Kenmore square line, faded yesterday following a public hearing at City Hall, when the Transit Commission reported the project as impractical and exorbitant.

COST \$1,000,000

After hearing the demands for the station voiced by representatives of 300 property owners of the district, including banks, improvement associations and civic societies, Colonel Thomas F. Sullivan, head of the Transit Commission, contended that the station would cost \$1,000,000 instead of \$200,000, the estimate figured by the sponsors of the

In addition, he claimed that it would be necessary to rip out the subway cently completed at that point and then carry the line beyond St. Mary's street, Brookline, the terminus fixed by the Legislature.

In order to construct the station at Audubon circle the engineers would also be obliged to overcome the obstacles of a steep grade and rever curve in that section of the subway.

Possible at Maitland St.

It would be possible, the Transit Commission revealed, to build a station at Maitland street, but this would provide little satisfaction for the property owners at Audubon circle, he said. A Maitland street station, Colonel Sullivan estimated, would cost about \$450,000.

Former Attorney-General J. Weston Allen, whose request for the public hearing was granted by Mayor Curley, served as spokesman for the petitioners, who included many of the leading residents of the Back Bay and Brookline. Following the hearing, Colonel Sullivan said: "These people who are clam-

van said: "These people who are clamoring for a station at Audubon Circle do not understand that to locate a station there would not only force the destruction of the completed subway, but would compel an extension of its terminus beyond St. Mary's street in Brookline.

Many appropriation which is used to develop the body or the mind is money develop the body or the mind is money well known as an entertainer over Station WBZ.

Ticket headquarters at 248 Washingston street have been a scene of great activity with a substantial advance activity with a substantial advance activity with a substantial advance to the develop the body or the mind is money well spent, Mayor Curley stated last night at the new Faneuil branch of the new building to attend the

factor in the problem.

build the station at Audubon Circle.
The commission has studied this matter, and it is our judgment that a station at Maitland street might not cost more than \$450,000, but we cannot perceive that such a station would serve the purpose which is desired."

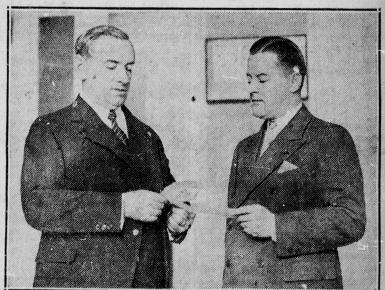
Unless the sponsors of the station can induce the Legislature and the Elevated directors to order the commission to build the station and extend the line beyond St. Mary's street, there is little possibility of the engineers going ahead with the project, lacking the necessary

STANDISH WILLCOX HAS EAR INFECTION

The condition of Standish Willcox, private social secretary to Mayor Curley, was reported at City Hospital as rather poor, last night, after a day in which he suffered great pain from an ear infection.

Willcox was admitted to the hospital Tuesday.

Big Sale for Society Wrestling Carnival



MAYOR BUYS MAT TICKETS

Mayor Curley is shown purchasing tickets from Frank W. Prescott for the wrestling carnival at Boston Garden, April 6, for the benefit of the Children's Sunlight Hospital at Egypt.

Mayor Curley added his bit to the success of the Society Wrestling Carnival, to be held for the benefit of the Children's Suniight Hospital, at the Boston Garden, Wednesday, April 6, with the purchase yesterday of a box

for the show. The hospital committees announced, yesterday, that in addition to the fea-tures which will supplement the regular wrestling programme, arrange-ments have been made for the presen-tation of valuable gifts to lucky seat holders to be determined by drawing at the ringside just previous to the main bout. A Frigidaire, radios, and other awards are included.

Funds Not Available activity with a substantial advance sale of tickets in all three price groups.

"There is a sharp grade at that point, The demand for tickets is heavy, and the railroad tracks, and there is also a reverse curve, which is an important wrestling in Boston.

IS DEDICATED

Mayor Speaker Faneuil Branch

um of the new building to attend the exercises

The Mayor called attention to the large sums of money which are spent in welfare work, saying that the trai of these funds amounted to \$7,500,000 in 1621, and with 13,000,000 spent this mounts.

ROOSEVELT LIST TO TOP BALLOT

Backers Claim Drawing the 18th Amendment." Means 25,000 Votes

Smith Name Barred to Sawyer -Noonan Loses His Appeal

The Roosevelt delegates-at-large and also the Roosevelt delegates in eight of the 15 Congressional Districts in Massachusetts will have first place on the Democratic ballot in the primary April 26. The drawings for positions took place yesterday at the office of the Secretary of State. The Roosevelt delegates will have first place in Districts 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 14 and 15, The Smith delegates will be first in Districts 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 12 and 13.

Thus everywhere in the State the Roosevelt candidates for delegates-atlarge and alternates-at-large will be at the top of the Democratic ballot, and in those Congressional districts in which the district delegates drew first place the whole top of the ballot will be taken by the Rooseveit candi-

Worth 25,000 Votes

Worth 25,000 Votes

The Roosevelt supporters were greatly elated at their good fortune. Mayor Curley said last night that in his opinion first place on the ballot will be worth 25,000 votes for the delegates-at-large and a proportional number in the eight Congressional districts drawn by Roosevelt, most of which happen to be the ones in which the contests appear to be the closest. The Ballot Law Commission ruled yesterday that Representative Roland

yesterday that Representative Roland yesterday that Representative Roland D. Sawyer, a Democratic candidate for delegate-at-large, cannot use the words "Independent Smith Delegate" after his name on the primary ballot, The Representative from Ware, consequent-ly, will run without any descriptive phrase. The commission held that Ex-Gov Smith's power of attorney, given by Frank J. Donahue, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, gave the latter the exclusive right to designate those candidates for delegates who can use Smith's name on the ballot.

One Hoover Man in 1st

The Ballot Law Commission ruled also that Dennis T. Noonan of Pitts-field, a Republican candidate for district delegate in the 1st Congressional District, can tuse the phrase "Pledged to Herbert Hoover" on the ballot. Noonan's papers, when signed, did not contain that declaration, and the commission decided that he had no the commission decided that he had no right afterward to pledge himself to Hoover, although he desired to do so. The result is that Harry B. Putnam of Westfield will be the only Republican candidate pledged to Hoever in that district. Noonan walls were the state of the control of the contro

to be pledged, but cannot be, and Wil-liam F. Whiting of Holyoke, former-ly Secretary of Commerce, refused to be pledged.

The commission refused the request of William F. McDonald, Republican candidate for district delegate in the 11th Congressional District, that he be allowed to print on the ballot after his name the words, "Resubmission of

In the other two Congressional districts where there are contests on the Republican side the delegates will be arranged in the following order:

DISTRICT 9 No. 1—Clarence S. Luitweiler, Newton. Herbert Hoover; Thomas N. Carver, Cambridge, Herbert Hoover, No. 2—Sinclair Weeks, Newton, pledged to Herbert Hoover; Albert F. Bigelow, Brookline, pledged to Herbert Hoover. DISTRICT 11

No. 1—Edward L. Donnelly, Boston;
Albert L. Sutton, Boston,
No. 2—Charles Alpert, Chelsea; Joseph
Lopresti Jr. Chelsea.
No. 3—Harold A. Boudreau, Boston,
pledged to Hoover; Saverio R. Romano, Boston, pledged to Hoover

MAYUR CONGRATUEATES NEW OPERA COMPAN

The dress rehearsal of "The New Moon," which opened last night at the Boston Opera House under the auspices of The Bostonians, was interrupted for a few moments yesterday when Mayor James M. Curlev visited the theatre to offer his best wishes for a successful season to everyone con-cerned with the project.

He congratulated Frank W. Shea, director of the company, and A. G. Munro, one of the sponsors of The Bostonians, for their enterprise which is giv-ing sorely needed employment to many Bostonians. He was especially pleased to learn that the professional singing and dancing ensembles of the production have been largely augmented by talent recruited here in Boston. After he had posed for photographs

with the singers, dancers, musicians, stage hands, ushers and house employes—a group numbering well over 200—Mayor Curley spoke briefly, touching on his deep interest in the revival series and expressing the conviction that The Bostonians would quickly find a firm place in the amusement world.

FANEUIL BRANCH OF BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY DEDICATED AT OAK SQ



BRANCH OF BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY AT FANEUIL

The Faneuil Branch Library, fourth the proposed 22 branch libraries to rovide for each ward of the city, as dedicated last night at Oak sq. librarian of the new branch. of the proposed 22 branch libraries to of the proposed 22 branch floraries to provide for each ward of the city, was dedicated last night at Oak sq. More than 400 persons were present in the auditorium and Mayor James M. Curley appeared as the principal speaker. He spoke briefly on the subject of arousing and sustaining the

ject of arousing and sustaining the interest of young people in education by means of libraries.

Pres Edward M. Gallagher of the Boston City Council presided. The other speakers were Milton E. Lord, director of the Public Library: Mrs

ChoBE 3/31/32.

GOVERNOR, THREE MAYORS WELCOME NEW FORD V-8 TO MASSACHUSETTS



LEFT TO RIGHT-GOV JOSEPH B. ELY, MANAGER C. A. ESSLINGER AND ASSISTANT MANAGER T. J. CORCORAN OF THE FORD MOTOR COMPANY BRANCH IN CAMBRIDGE.

Gov Joseph B. Ely, members of his ouncil and other State executives, lawer James M. Curley of Boston. Council and other State executives, Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, Mayor Richard M. Russell of Cambridge, Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville and other executives officially welcomed the new V-8 Ford to Massachusetts yesterday afternoon at the Ford branch in Cambridge.

Just before 4 o'clock Gov Ely and Just before 4 o'clock Gov Ely and his group arrived and were met at the entrance by Manager C. A. Esslinger and Asst Manager T. J. Corcoran. With Gov Ely leading the way the party first inspected the cut-away nickeled chassis of the V-8 and its features were explained as they watched the mechanism working. watched the mechanism working.

Then they went around to see the 14 body types open and closed, in their varied colors. After that a picture

cars were worth waiting for, and ne was greatly pleased that they were being announced because it meant stimu-

With Gov Ely were Lieut Gov Willating business. iam S. Youngman, Secretary of State Frederick W. Cook, Councilors Ches-ter I. Campbell, Edmund Cote, Mrs Esther M. Andrews, Walter E. Schues-

ter I. Candrews, Walter E. Schues-Esther M. Andrews, Walter E. Schues-ter, Eugene B. Fraser, State Auditor Francis X. Hurley and William L. Reed, executive secretary. All day throngs were visiting the building inspecting the new models and looking at a moving picture ex-plaining how Ford cars are built and tested. Thousands whispered to guides asking confidentially—"What's the asking confidentially—"What's the price?" That remained unanswered, Today tells that story.

Appear at Hearing Before Board and "L" Trustees

Resident, realty owners and men and women interested in the Audubon Circle section of Boston appeared in large numbers at the Boston City Council Chamber yesterday at a public hearing before the Transit Commission and Board of Trustees of the Boston Elevated Street Railway, seeking a subway station at Audubon Circle.

The showing was an excellent one but after the meeting, Col Thomas F. Sullivan, chairman of the Transit Commission, in as many words, de-

clared that the chances of a station at Audubon Circle were remote; that one would cost at least \$1,000,000 and mean that the terminus of the subway would have to be located at a point beyond the present terminus at St Mary's st, Brookline.

Ex-Atty Gen J. Weston Allen represented the petitioners, who included 300 members of the Audubon Beacon Improvement Association. The officers of the organization are W. Franklin Burnham, Mr Allen, J. I. Moskow, Charles A. Newhall and John W. Lindsee and the following directors; William T. A. Fitzgerald, William Minot. Myer Moskow, Elias Galasi, T. Robert Sullivan, Chauncy Williams, Benjamin Eastman and Dr Augustus Biley.

Object to 1600-Ft Walk

Mary's at. Under the old conditions, before the subway was extended, there were car stops between Kenmore sq and Audubon Circle, which, with the cars underground, will be eliminated. Without a subway station at Audubon Circle, every speaker declared that real estate values would shrink. Every speaker favored a tunnel station.

In addition to Col Sullivan, other Transit Commission members present were Arthur Corbett and Nathan Heller, Henry I. Harriman, Edward E. Whiting and E. A. Johnson represented the Elevated trustees.

Mr Allen, in opening his case, read a petition which he said

sented the Elevated trustees.

Mr Allen, in opening his case, read a petition which he said was signed by 300 residents or property owners of the section in the immediate vicinity of Audubon Circle. He thanked Mayor Curley for granting the Council Chamber for the public hearing and also thanked Col Sullivan. The ex-Attorney General also spoke highly of Councilor Hein, who represents the section.

Councilor Hein asked Col Sullivan what it would cost for a subway station and the latter replied "not less than \$500,000." It developed that the Transit Commission and Elevated trus-

Transit Commission and Elevated trustees were not of the opinion that a station was necessary.

Minot Sees Valuations Hurt

William Minot stated he was familiar with valuations in the section; that they would suffer if there was no provision for a station and that, purely as a business proposition, the Transit Commission should have a station at the Circle. Chauncy S. Williams and C. M. Henry of Sears, Roebuck Company declared that a station would be of great assistance to employes and customers of the concern.

Charles A. Newhall, representing the Second Unitarian Church, said that the construction work had been harmful to the interests of the church and that a station was a necessity. J. and that a station was a necessity. J. Robert Sullivan was the only person who quoted figures on a station and said that he believed that a platform 150 feet long and eight feet wide could be constructed for \$150,000. "The needs of the district," he said, "warrant the expenditure."

John Lindsee, architect, insisted that a year ago he applied to Col Sullivan and told the latter that a station was needed at Audubon Circle, but that Col

needed at Audubon Circle, but that Col Sullivan replied that the project was

unreasonable.

unreasonable.

Councilor Hein took the floor a second time and asked, "Have the Elevated Trustees any objection?" and Mr Harriman replied, "The trustees came here to listen and we will meet later and take cognizance of the matter."

Other speakers were Judge William

Other speakers were Judge William H. McDonnell, Mrs Evangeline Reilly. Ex-Councilor Seth Arnold and Samuel Fuller.

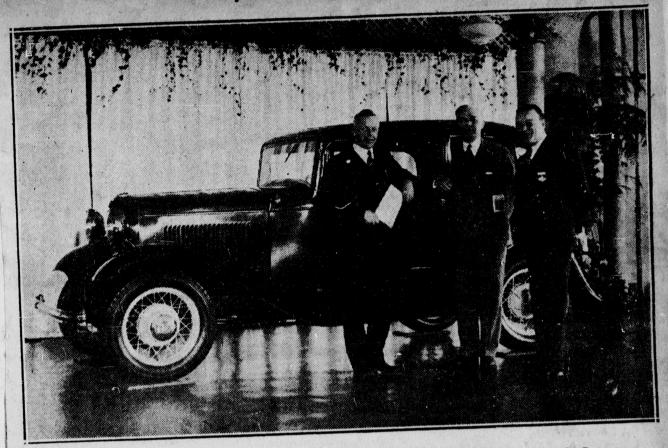
Col Sullivan's Statement

Col Sullivan, after the hearing, sald to newspapermen: "These people who are clamoring for a station at Audubor Circle do not understand that to locate a station there would not only force the destruction of the completed subway, but would compel an extension of its terminus far beyond St extension of its terminus far beyond St
Mary's st in Brookline. There is a
sharp grade at that point, due to
the necessity of going under the railroad tracks, and there is also a reverse
curve which is an important factor
in the problem.

"It would cost well over \$1,000,000
to build the station at the point desired. The commission has studied the
matter and it is our judgment that a
station at Maitland st might not cost
more than \$150,000, but we cannot perceive that auch a station would serve
the nurses whus

TRANSCRIPT 3/31/32

Governor Ely Examines the New Ford V-8



Chief Executive Is Shown Latest Product by C. A. Esslinger, Manager, and T. J. Corcoran, Assistant Manager, of the Ford New England Branch

HOUSANDS of people flocked to the Ford Building in Cambridge today to get their first glimpse of the new Ford V8 automobile, which was placed on public exhibition there and at the Home Beautiful Exposition for the first time in this part of the country. Within a few days samples of the new car will be displayed in dealer salesrooms as Manager C. A. Esslinger of the New England Ford C. A. Esslinger of the New England bell, Edmund Cote, Mrs. Esslier branch is making every effort to provide the dealer body with cars as rapidly as the dealer body with cars as rapidly as they are received from Detroit. It is likethey are received from Detroit. ly that the assembly line at the Somer-

ville plant will start within a short time. A private exhibition of the new models was held at the Cambridge building yesterday and was attended by a large number of guests including Governor Joseph B. Ely Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, Mayor Richard M. Russell of Cambridge and Mayor John J. Murphy of Somerville. Accompanying the governor were Lieutenant Governor William S. Youngman, Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook, Executive Councilors Chester I. Campbell, Edmund Cote, Mrs. Esther M. Andrews, Walter E. Schuester and Eugene

guests were received by New England Manager Esslinger and T. J. Corcoran, assistant manager.

The exhibition includes a stripped and polished chassis showing all the new me-chanical features of the V8, also about a dozen cars with different body types, including the sedans, coupes, victorias, phaeton and others. There are also on view several models of Ford commercial cars. A motion picture show gave the visitors close-up views of different parts of the new car, and also showed Henry Ford putting No. 1 on the first V8 off the as-sembly line. There were also pictures of the new car in action.

RAVELER

MAYOR CURLEY

Refuses to Accept Legislation Permitting Prepayment of Taxes

Mayor Curley surprised the council today when he refused to approve an order accepting a legislative and which

3/31/32

cities may permit taxpayers to pay their CHANGES MIND tax before receipt of tax bills. The city is allowed to accept 90 per cent. of the amount paid the previous year, but in

amount paid the previous year, but in doing so would pay taxpayers 6 per cent. for the use of the money.

Mayor Curley hurriedly submitted the act to the council March 21, but after he had done so it was pointed out to him that acceptance of such an order would cost the city a large sum of money, as it could borrow money at a rate cheaper than 6 per cent.

Mayor Curley today refused to ap-

ne had formerly asked the council to prove the order, explaining that if conditions arise to make it necessary to ditions arise to make it necessary to take advantage of the law, the council can accept it very quickly.

Curley Disapproves **Advance Tax Order**

Mayor Curley gave the supporters of the law providing for advance tax payments a surprise today when he vetoed the City Council's acceptance of the legislation, which is Chapter 94 of the Acts of this year, and which provides that taxpayers may pay 90 per cent of their taxes in advance and obligates the city to pay 6 per cent interest on any money so paid.

The mayor said to the Council:

"I submitted the acceptance of this act to the City Council with two objects in view. The lending of millions of dollars by the banks to municipal corporations in anticipation of tax receipts has, in the past, been a transaction in the normal course of business, and with a normal profit to the lender. This year, for reasons which may or may not have been founded on logic and common sense, the situation between August, 1931, and January, 1932, took a sudden change.

"Loans to municipalities whose financial condition was perfectly sound have been refused in many cases, and in others attempts have been made to substitute government by the lenders for government by the duly elected representa-

tives of the people.

"Such loans were made at a rate of interest ranging from 51/2 to over 6 per cent. If such profits are to be made on the people's money deposited in the banks, one of the objects which would be accomplished by the acceptance of the act would be to permit the taxpayer, who was willing to lend his money to the city, to get his share of these profits.
"The other object in mind was that the

prospect of obtaining money from the taxpayers direct might serve not only to lessen the dependency of the city upon the good will of the financial interests but also tend to reduce the high rate of

"I am satisfied from recent developments that the prospect of the adoption of the act has accomplished this purpose and in view of the probability that the city can obtain temporary money during the rest of the year at such rates that the payment of 6 per cent interest on advance tax payments would be an unjustifiable burden from a financial standpoint, I om constrained to withhold my approval of the order.
"There is nothing, however, to pre-

vent the city council and the mayor from accepting this act on short notice if conditions during the next few months

warrant it."

Curley Wants **Bill Despite** Ely's Veto

Writes Legislators on Change in Law on Retirement of Employees

Mayor Curley today wrote to all members of the House of Representatives urging them to pass, despite the objections of Governor Ely, House Bill 391, entitled: "An act relative to the retirement allowances based on annuity and pension contributions for the employees of the city of Boston and the county of Suffolk." He submitted an indorsement of the measure by the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange.

The mayor tells the legislators that if the Governor's veto is sustained, the effect will be an increase of twenty-five cents in every \$1000 of valuation imposed

upon the taxpayers of the city.

Retirement Act, passed in 1922, the city veltian cohorts, assumed the obligation of raising in the assumed the obligation of taising in the thirty years beginning with 1923, the sum of approximately \$20,000,000 which direct effect on the outcome in Massasum of approximately \$20,000,000 which represented the expense of providing represented the expense of providing chusetts. But an accumulation of these rensions based on the service of employ-the things running toward Roose-velt.

"The annual contributions, as actuarially computed, have been faithfully made and the funds are now somewhat in excess of the amount originally anticipated. The contribution by the city for this particular purpose in 1931 was \$1,300,000, and the amount required for 1932 must be at least three per cent more, or \$1,339,000.

"The bill before the Legislature extends the period in which this \$20,000,000 must be accumulated ten years, or from thirty years to forty years. Its effect workers say these meetings are attended will be to reduce the amount required by the same people each day.

"The thirty-year period was arbitrawrote.
"The annual contributions, as actuari-

"The thirty-year period was arbitra- Tonight Mayor Curiey will carry his rily fixed originally and could have justrallies to Codman square, Grove Hall, rily fixed originally and could have justrallies to Codman square, Grove Hall, as, well have been fixed at forty years. Mattapan and Hyde Park. He will The proposition has been carefully ex-speak at the Henry L. Pierce school, amined in detail by the Retirement Aperion hall, Wellington auditorium and Board, the financial officers of the city and by the actuary of the board, George these respective sections.

B. Buck, who is admittedly the foremost these respective sections.

The Republican groups who are in actuary in this country in pension matcontests have opened state campaign ters, and all agree that it will have now firm full force. William F. Whiteletinental effect upon the financial structure of the system."

DRIVE GAINS

Smith Camp, However, Refuses to Switch Its Strategy

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Strategy of silence employed by the backers of Alfred E. Smith in Massachusetts may have to be abandoned in the near future if the Franklin D. Roosevelt followers succeed in pushing their campaign to the momentum which they hope to attain.

While the Smith group has planned a short, intense campaign it cannot afford to allow a swing of definite propor-tions to start toward the opposition candidate.

STAMPEDE POSSIBILITY

Events of the past 48 hours, wherein Gov. Roosevelt won a pledged delegation in Maine and drew first place on the ballot in Massachusetts, have brought By reason of the terms of the Boston joy to Mayor Curley and his Roose-

The Smith people pass these things

Hoover slate, was at a dinner in his honor attended by 13 of 16 members of the Legislature from western Massachusetts and they pledged him support.

BEHIND VETS. SAYS SON

Against Prohibition and for a Living Wage, James T. Declares at Forum

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

Placing his father solidly behind the war veterans, against prohibition and for a living wage for unemployed, James T. Roosevelt, son of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, today was principal speaker at Mayor Curley's "Roosevelt Forum," 333 Washington st.

Young Roosevelt returned from Maine this morning, where he saw his father gather 12 pledged delegates.

"AS MAINE GOES."

"As goes Maine, so goes the nation, is what the Republicans say. I guess we can say the same thing," he said in opening

when Governor Roosevelt's record is placed before the people here there is no question the citizens will vote. as to how the citizens will vote.

"He is solidly behind the ex-service men in their efforts to get what is owed them.

"He is solidly against pro-hibition and solidly for a living wage for unemployed.

"I had a telephone talk with my father and he said: You cannot fool the people of Massachusetts."

SEES TRUST'S HAND

Archer H. Cohen of Boston College, another speaker, charged opposition to Roosevelt may traced of the power trust, whose avaricious desires they know Roosevelt will check."

At the close of the meeting Mayor Curley announced that forum head-quarters would move Monday to the Tomforde building, Court st. The quarters on Washington st. will be retained for office work.

Curley will invade Hyde Park, bailiwick of Franw J. Donahue, in a series of rallies tonight.

Of four speeches to be delivered, the address in the municipal building, River and Central sts., will see the greatest concentration on the

part of the mayor.

Donahue, slate maker for the Smith forces, has been the special target for the mayor's artillery since the breakdown of compromise negotiations between the Smith and Roosevelt supporters.

WALL ST., SAYS

Mayor Curley's Campaign for Roosevelt Is Praised by Woman Publisher

"Al Smith, Newton D. Baker, Governor Ritchie, et al., are all tied up to Wall Street and the regime," Elizabeth present Towne, head of the Elizabeth Towne Co., Inc., Holyoke publishers, charged today in a letter to Mayor Curley.

"We are watching develop-ments with , reat interest," the woman publisher said. "I am so glad you are doing something effective for Franklin D. Roosevelt for president. He is the only man I have any hope of at all toward changing the present

regime in Washington.

"More power to that golden tongue of yours."

LETTER TO SMITH

With her letter to Curley, she enclosed a copy of a letter she said she wrote in January to Alfred E. Smith. The letter said, in part:

"Greetings to you from one who has been interested in you and your doings and sayings ever since you were first elected governor of New York, and who electioneered for you and voted for you in the last presidential elec-

"But now I must urgently protest against your actions and words, or lack of words, which are giving to the public the idea that 'Al Smith aims to block Roosevelt as standard bearer,' as headlined in the papers. "WRONG AND RIGHT SIDES"

"In all of the happenings in New York state in the last three years or so I find Franklin Roosevelt on the right side and Roosevelt on the right side and you lining up on the wrong side—the big bankers' side—just as in 1928 I found you lining up on the side of all of us instead of with the big bankers—Wall Street.

"Oh, my dear Al Smith, you were great in 1928. And the opportunity faces you to be still greater in 1932. Can you measure up to that greatness?"

up to that greatness?
"I am writing you this letter, still hoping that you are the same great man that you were in 1928, and that you can still see the light and make the right choice for the Democratic party and for all of us whose assets and incomes are frozen solid in the hands of the bankers."

GOV. ROOSEVELT 'AL' SMITH FOR GURLEY VETUES

Mayor Curley today vetoed an order of the city council calling for approval of Chapter 94, Acts of 1932, which would permit taxpayers to pay 90 per cent of their municipal assessments in advance and would obligate the city to pay them 6 per cent interest on the money.

The mayor explained that when the originally presented the act to the council, banks were seeking in-terest rates of 5½ to 6 per cent on money loaned the city. The recent decrease in such rates now makes it inadvisable to adopt the act and would place an unjustifiable burden on the city.

Should conditions during the next few months warrant accep-tance of the act on short notice there is nothing to prevent such action, the mayor said.

3/31/32 RAVELER

COLLEGE BOYS FOR ROOSEVELT

Speak at Mayor Curley's Forum - Ovation for Candidate's Son

It was "college day" at the Roosevelt forum today. Though the political spellbinders representing Boston colleges were novitiates, Mayor Curley atoned for their inability to attract the interest of a capacity crowd, by staging the best entertainment which has yet been offered at the forum.
Professional talent provided vocal and

instrumental entrtainment, which won

The mayor refused to become collegiate, and his brief speech was based upon the slegan, "Roosevelt can't be stopped."

Stopped."
Samuel A. Bithoney, chairman of the
Boston University Roosevelt Club, presided. Among the speakers were Frank
McDonald of Boston University, Malcolm Hartman of Harvard and Archer
H. Cohen, John J. C. Grigalus, Bartholomew Colligi and Salvatore Russo
of Boston College

of Boston College.

An added speaker was David Hawkins, who beasted of no collegiate attachment, while James Roosevelt, enthused over the victory in Maine Tuesday, received an ovation as he entered the ball He stoke briefly.

Roosevelt for Paying What Is Due to Veteran

Son Declares Governor Solidly Behind Ex-Service Man . Forum to Be Shifted

By William F. Furbush

Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt, candidate for the Democratic presidential nomitoday was placed by his son, James Roosevelt, solidly behind the for-mer service men in their efforts to obtain what the Government owes them. The younger Roosevelt registered his father's position during a brief address at the Roosevelt-for-President forum conducted by Mayor James M. Curley at 333 Washington street, which, incidental-ly, is to be shifted to the Tomfohrde Bullding, 39 Court street next Monday.

James Roosevelt explained after the session that his remarks meant that his father favors payment of the soldiers' bonus, in contrast with the position taken at this time by President Hoover, and he added that the New York governor's position is in keeping with his administrative record as chief executive of the Empire State.

Loudly greeted when introduced by Mayor Curley as having just returned from Maine from which State the Democrats have decided to send their delegates to the national convention instructed for Roosevelt, the governor's son gave a pitny review of a conversation he had with his father in Albany over the telephone last night.

He declared that his father said in effect that, from his knowledge of the people of this State where he and his family had lived, "you cannot feel the people of the Commonwealth of Massa-chusetts." This was in reference to the movement to send a slate pledged to Alfred E. Smith to the convention from the Bay State.

For Pay to Veterans

"You can have no doubt," said the younger Roosevelt in his address, "that my father is solidly against the Eighteenth Amendment, that he is solidly for work and wages for the unemployed and the hungry and solidly behind the ex-service man in his efforts to achieve what is owed him. by the Government.'

In announcing that the forum headquarters would be changed next Monday, Mayor Curley said that the shift was due to the increasing attendance at the present location. The present suite on the second floor of 333 Washington street will, however, he said, be continued as a Roosevelt business headquarters.

This was "College Day" at the forum,

several students from Boston University, Boston College and one from Harvard speaking in advocacy of the nomination of Roosevelt. Samuel A. Bithoney of Boston University, presided and introduced the speakers, who included Frank McDonald and John Lock of Boston University; Malcolm Hartman of Harvard, Archer H. Cohen, John J. Grigalus and Salvatore Russo, all of Boaton Cellege,

rallies tonight in his city wide dampaign for the election of delegates pledged to Governor Roosevelt. He is scheduled to start at eight o'clock in the new 12th congressional district, where Francis X. Sheehan and Dr. Charles E. Mackey are running as Roosevelt delegates, and James F. Powers and Daniel J. Chapman are the alternates.

Mr. Curley will speak first at Aperion Hall, 575 Warren street, Grove Hall, and then at the Henry L. Pierce School, at Washington street and Welles avenue, Dorchester, about a block from the home of former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald who is a candidate for delegate-at-large on the slate for Alfred E. Smith, selected by Chairman Frank J. Donahue, of the State committee.

The program calls for the mayor's appearance later at the Wellington auditorium, 156 Wellington Hin street, Mattapan, and finally at the Hyde Park mu-nicipal building at River and Central streets.

The mayor addressed rallies last night at the municipal building, West Brook-line street and Shawmut avenue, the Theodore Roosevelt School, Egleston square, and gatherings at the opening of the new Faneuil Branch Library and at the St. Alphonsus banquet at Rox-bury. He attacked the "power interests," declaring they want to stop Roosevelt because "Roosevelt wants to stop the power trust." He repeated the charge that his enemies are endeavoring to "crush Jim Curley," and again insisted

that Smith is not a candidate.

Praise of Mrs. Roosevelt, wife of the governor, was expressed in a radio talk over Station WNAC by Mrs. Helen Countie Galvin, candidate for Roosevelt delegate-at-large and director of the Roosevelt forum for women which is being conducted daily at the Dutch Room, Hotel Touraine.

Mayor Patrick J. Duane of Waltham, in declining an invitation to serve as honorary vice president of the Waltham Roosevelt Club criticized Mayor Curley for directing bitter attacks on members of his own party, a method which, he said, contrasted with the campaign activities of Senator David I. Walsh, who is ex-pected to make several addresses in support of the all-Smith slate in the two weeks immediately preceding the primaries on April 26.

Approaches to **Tunnel Likely** to Be Favored

Meets Tonight to Decide Fate of Boston Bills

market square for the new East Boston vehicular tunnel.

The mayor has asked an appropriation for the purpose in excess of \$4,000,000 and it seems likely that the committee will approve giving him somewhat over half that amount, recognizing the need for a substantial beginning on the work in order to avoid traffic congestion in the downtown section when the tunnel is opened, two years hence, and to permit tolls to be collected in sufficient amount

to help pay for the tunnel.

The attitude of the committee members for the most part toward the mayor's street construction program, enlargement, of the facilities of the Boston City Hospital and the petitions for school building has undergone a negative change. Some were first disposed to favor reduced appropriations for the hospital and one or two other measures, financed on money borrowed outside the statutory limit of indebtedness, taking into consideration the unusually large expenditures which the city is required to make for public welfare and other related departmental activities. But, as a choice between these and the tunnel approaches, the ma jority appears to have swung toward the

"However, we can stop there," one of the members of the committee declared today, going on to explain that it would be possible for the city to get by for a least a year without incurring furthet obligations for any other improvements

He voiced the opinion that, in the case of the City Hospital, it would be possible in case of extreme necessity, for the city to rent additional hospital facilities to take care of the overflow of patients, the need for which the mayor's representative represented in graphic fashion at the hearing on the bill. Some of the commit tee have pointed out that economic con ditions have had the effect of greatly de creasing the normal patronage of private hospitals, which would be glad of the op portunity to derive income from such rental.

The line is to be drawn sharply in the matter of school appropriations, not only because of the failure of the school com mittee to keep its agreement with the Legislature last year in the construction of a new central girls' high school, but because the tendency among the legislators who comprise the Municipal Finance Committee is toward the belief that too much has been expended in this fleid already. When there is a serious question in many municipalities of meeting the school payroll, they believe it time to call a halt on enlargement of facilities and overhead.

Excluding the cost of the proposed new Suffolk County Courthouse, the total borrowings represented by bills filed by the mayor and others, representing the city of Boston, is \$24,250,000, or enough to cause a \$12 increase in the Boston tax Municipal Finance Committee rate. By whittling the program down to the single item of tunnel approaches, the committee will be administering the most drastic excision which a city administra-tion has encountered at its hands in

By Richard D. Grant

The tunnel, it was first expected, would not be completed before 1935, but present indications are that the work will be done by the spring of 1934. The tolls received for its use will eventually pay the cost of construction, so, in order that the city mance will decide how much money the city of Boston will be allowed to borrow outside the gebt limit this year for purposes outlined in numerous bills filed by Mayo. James M. Curley and others.